"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Snow or rain today; Sunday, fair and slightly warmer; increasing shifting winds.
For full weather report see Page 15.

VOL. LXIX...No. 22,701 NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1920. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

SENATE DEFEATS TREATY, VOTE 49 TO 35; ORDERS IT RETURNED TO THE PRESIDENT; GERMAN DISORDERS GROW, HUNDREDS SLAIN

RED ARMY CAPTURES ESSEN

City Surrenders After Violent Fighting with 300 Reported Slain.

HUNDREDS DEAD IN LEIPSIC

In Kiel the Losses Are Put at 1,000—Ruhr District Aflame With Bolshevism.

EBERT APPEALS TO ALLIES

Workers in Saxony Demand a Soviet Congress—Berlin Has Scores Killed in Clashes.

BERLIN, March 19.—Essen surrendered this afternoon to armed workmen after violent fighting in which it is estimated that 300 persons were killed.

The street fighting at Kiel only ended this evening, after great damage was caused by mortars. It is believed the number of victims in the disorders there was very great.

It is reported that Communists have occupied five railroad stations to the east of Berlin and that troops are being rushed thither in armored cars.

STUTTGART, March 19 (Associated Press).—The Ruhr district is aflame with Bolshevism, according to official reports.

Essen has been taken by a Red army and General von Water's local troops are awaiting reinforcements.

Thuringia is said now to be under control of Government troops.

HAMBURG, March 19.—Government troops in the station here were disarmed this morning without bloodshed and sailors hoisted the white flag over the cruisers Schwartzburg, Regensburg and Wittlesbach.

The captain of the Wittlesbach committed suicide by shooting.

LEIPSIC, March 19 (Associated Press).—Although an agreement had been reached on Wednesday night between leaders of the workmen and the military authorities for a peaceful settlement of the prevailing situation, the workers yesterday rejected the agreement and fighting was resumed.

Major Gen. Pilach, commanding the city, late yesterday brought a Reichswehr brigade into the city to relieve the hard-pressed volunteers, and proclaimed a reinforced state of siege. Fighting continued throughout the day and late into the night, workmen everywhere building barricades. In the course of the afternoon a military airplane dropped bombs on Johannisplatz; another airplane was shot down by the workmen.

The General Post Office, railroad station, Town Hall and other public buildings are still in the hands of the volunteer forces.

Losses in the fighting are said to be extremely heavy, and rumors of hundreds killed and wounded in various parts of the city are met on every hand.

1,000 Reported Killed in Kiel.

COBLENZ, March 19 (Associated Press).—Unconfirmed reports received here are to the effect that 1,000 persons have been killed at Kiel. It is said the situation there is grave.

The Communists are reported to be gaining headway in Saxony and Westphalia. A Soviet republic has been proclaimed at Chemnitz and Plauen.

In the Ruhr Basin the Majority Socialists have given an order to end the strike, but it is doubted if the order is obeyed by the Communists, who continue masters of the situation at Bochum, Dortmund and Gelsenkirchen. On the other hand the Communists have been badly beaten at Solingen and Elberfeld, where they put 5,000 men in line.

LONDON, March 19.—Private advices from Paris state that the Ebert Government has asked the Allies to permit it to send German troops to put down Bolshevism in parts of the neutral zone which was established by the Peace Treaty and in which the Germans were not to have troops.

There is no intimation what action the Allies will take in this matter.

President Ebert maintains that military action is necessary to save this section of the country from the Reds.

COPENHAGEN, March 19.—A dispatch from Munich, Bavaria, dated Thursday, says Premier von Kahn, in addressing the Landtag on events in Nuremberg, said detachments of some 1,500 revolutionary sailors fired on a detachment of regulars from windows of houses, wounding several pedestrians. In the afternoon a large crowd tried to storm the police station, and twenty-

Continued on Page Three.

Broadway Fashions in "Florodora" days. Read in Tomorrow's Sun-Herald Magazine Section how styles have changed since the "Johnnies" came on bicycles, smoking good five cent cigars, to see the original "Florodora" Sextet. Revival of this greatest of all plays at Century Theatre, Apr. 5.—Advt.

Police Trail Kaiser in Walks, Only a Few Steps Removed

AMERONGEN, March 19 (Associated Press).—Evidence that an extremely close guard has been placed by the Dutch Government on former Emperor William was obtained today.

Police officers were detailed to follow him, a few steps in the rear, as he walks about the garden of the Bentinck Castle here.

THE HAGUE, March 19 (Associated Press).—It is believed that the former Crown Prince Frederick William was asked today to give a pledge to his father not to mix in German politics and to consent to definite internment.

Secretary General Kan of the Dutch Government went to Wieringen today and conferred with Frederick William and Burgomaster Pereboom.

The anti-militarist and anarchist societies of Holland have arranged a demonstration in Amsterdam March 30 to protest against the continued residence of the Hohenzollern family in Holland.

JUNKER FAREWELL A BERLIN TRAGEDY

Terrible Scenes in Heart of the City When Baltic Troops Fired Into Crowds.

MOB STORMED THE ADLON

Handkerchief Waved from a Window to Departing Soldiers Caused Catastrophe.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, March 18.—As the Junker army evacuated Berlin this afternoon a tragic encounter took place at the corner of Wilhelmstrasse and Unter den Linden in front of the Adlon Hotel. A vast crowd had assembled in Unter den Linden to see Kapp's beaten force leave the city. At about 4:30 o'clock the masses of people who had been rather too articulate became somewhat threatening in their demeanor and numerous salvos were fired into the air by the soldiers. This sent the crowd rushing backward for a while, but it soon gathered again. In more subdued mood it watched the troops tramp out of Wilhelmstrasse across the Pariserplatz and through the Brandenburg Gate.

It was just a few minutes before 5 o'clock when the tragic incident occurred. Some one, it is said, senselessly enough, waved a handkerchief from an upper window of the hotel. This rather angered the crowd, a section of which rushed the entrance and made its way into the hall of the hotel. Some damage was done there but the people were persuaded to leave or were hustled out into the street. As they left the building some soldiers near at hand, evidently under the impression that the crowd was about to rush the outgoing troops, opened fire. Most of the shots went in the air but a number were fired into the crowd.

Panic Among the Masses.

The scene which followed was a terrible one. I witnessed it from a window overlooking Wilhelmstrasse and Unter den Linden. The people on Unter den Linden and thickly packed on both sides of the Pariserplatz either fled or fell face downwards on the muddy ground. It seemed that from all sides rifles and

Continued on Page Three.

FALL MALL ROUNDS, famous cigarettes—now in shape—a big idea.—Advt.

"ADAM AND EVA," Biggest Comedy Hit in New York. Longacre Theatre.—Advt.

INDICT A. D. PORTER, ENRIGHT'S DEPUTY, IN VICE INQUIRY

Grand Jurors Act on Sleuths' Story of Capture with Woman in Raid.

SAY HE FORBADE ARRESTS

Neglect of Duty Is the Formal Charge—Official Protests His Innocence.

TWO ACCUSERS SHIFTED

Sent to Uniformed Duty After Talking with Assistant District Attorney.

Third Deputy Police Commissioner Augustus Drum Porter was indicted yesterday by the regular Grand Jury for neglect of duty on the testimony of three detectives, who said that they arrested him and an unidentified woman in an apartment in West Ninety-sixth Street in a raid on March 12, 1919, but released them when the man produced credentials as Third Deputy Commissioner and ordered them to drop the matter.

Police Commissioner Enright promptly suspended Porter when notified of his indictment. A bench warrant issued for Porter did not reach him, but Frank Hendrick of 120 Broadway, his lawyer, promised to produce him in court at 10 o'clock this morning. Through his lawyer Porter said that he was entirely innocent and the victim of "a frame-up."

"You remember how Assistant District Attorney Smith was making wholesale raids during the war," Mr. Hendrick added. "He was ready then to arrest the whole town. Well, about the same kind of thing is going on today. All sorts of wild charges are being made for the purpose of making a sensation. Mr. Porter is absolutely innocent of the charge against him and will speedily prove it. He did not even know what he was accused of when I first talked to him today. If he was guilty of the things charged by these policemen he would be a lunatic, not a criminal. Commissioner Porter has been in charge of the police trials at Police Headquarters and that has made him a shining mark. He is not arrested as an individual but as a unit in a movement or drive in the District Attorney's office."

Neglect of duty by a public official is punishable by a maximum of three years in prison and a fine of $500. The specific charge against the Third Deputy is that in the circumstances in which he was alleged to have been found by the detectives it became his duty to order the detectives to arrest him and his alleged companion, and that he not only neglected to do this but gave orders of opposite tenor.

Accusers Recently Transferred.

The indictment was returned at 1:10 P. M., immediately after the Grand Jury had heard the three detectives making the charges—Detectives Hilbert Wheelwright, Frederick Sorger and Matthew J. Cushing, who were attached to the Special Service Squad of Inspector Thomas V. McDonald at the time the arrest was made. After working on Inspector McDonald's staff for two years Wheelwright and Sorger were suddenly reduced and transferred to patrol last Wednesday. These two policemen, according to a member of the District Attorney's staff, had

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Duchess of Marlborough Takes First Step Toward Divorce After Years of Separation

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 19.—A petition for restitution of conjugal rights brought by Consuelo Spencer Churchill, Duchess of Marlborough, against her husband, the Duke of Marlborough, will be heard by the President of the Divorce Division on Monday afternoon.

The suit for restitution of conjugal rights, in the case of a woman, is usually a preliminary to divorce proceedings. If the court grants her an order for such restitution and the husband refuses to obey, it is possible for the wife to establish technical desertion. This will entitle her to a judicial separation or, coupled with proof of misconduct, to a divorce.

During many years there has been much talk about matrimonial differences in this ducal household. In 1906 a private agreement to separate was arrived at by the Duke and Duchess, and it became known that this agreement was reached as a result of the intervention of King Edward.

When the Duchess, who was Consuelo Vanderbilt, came to England from New York twenty-five years ago, she was welcomed into English society with open arms, and soon earned the good graces of the royal family. At the christening of their elder son, the Marquess of Blandford, who was recently married to the Hon. Mary Cadogan, niece of the Earl of Cadogan, King Edward, then Prince of Wales, acted as godfather, and Queen Victoria sent a telegram of congratulation.

The second son of the Duke and Duchess is Lord Ivor Churchill.

The Duchess is probably one of the cleverest and most intelligent society women of the day. In 1918 she was elected to the London County Council as a progressive member for Southwark.

The Duke, whose family dates back to the reign of Edward IV., is the owner of more than 20,000 acres and the splendid old palace of Blenheim. In 1917 the Duke was appointed Parliamentary Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, a post which he resigned a year later.

FOR INDIGESTION—SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a little HOT water. Quick relief.—Advt.

When you think of writing think of WHITING.—Advt.

Japan Spurs Shantung Parley; Ready for Big Concessions

TOKIO, March 13 (Associated Press).—It is understood here that the Government has instructed Yukichi Obata, the Japanese Minister in Peking, to begin negotiations immediately for a speedy settlement of the Shantung question, as the views of the Japanese and Chinese Commissioners appointed to investigate have been found to concur in the main points, and Japan is ready to make large concessions toward an amicable solution.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.—The National Assembly of China, sitting in Peking, is reviewing a request from the Japanese Minister at Peking for opening negotiations for a settlement of the Shantung question, according to a dispatch dated March 17, to the Sai Oai Yet Bo, the Chinese World, a daily newspaper here.

STANDARD OIL GETS $25,000,000 LEASE

Welles Building Gives Company Control of Broadway Frontage of 528 Feet.

HOLDINGS NOW $12,000,000

Corporation Has Biggest Plot in Downtown District—E. E. Smathers the Seller.

In probably the largest leasing transaction ever closed in the history of New York the Standard Oil Company of New York acquired yesterday from E. E. Smathers the Welles Building at 14 to 20 Broadway for a term of ninety-nine years at a net rental of $250,000 a year, indicating a rental for the term of approximately $25,000,000. The lessee will pay the taxes and all other carrying charges. The magnitude of the transaction may even eclipse the recently reported lease by J. P. Morgan & Co. of the Mills Building, at 11 Broad Street, which was taken for a term of eighty-four years at a figure not yet announced.

The Welles Building is nine stories in height covering a plot with a Broadway frontage of 89.5 feet, running back 154.2 feet, with an "L" measuring 115.6 feet to 7 Beaver Street, where it has a frontage of 51.2 feet. The building entirely surrounds the northeast corner of Broadway and Beaver Street, occupied by the home of the New York Produce Exchange Bank, a twelve-story building, on a plot 73.7 by 32.8, and two five-story structures on Beaver Street, owned by George F. Lockwood.

Bank Property Sold.

The bank property was sold yesterday to an unnamed buyer, rumored to be the Standard Oil Company, official announcement being made that the Board of Directors of the bank had leased for a term of years quarters in the new Cunard Building, under construction at 25 Broadway. The bank will remain in its present quarters until May, 1921.

Last month the twenty-story office building at 42 Broadway was reported sold to the Standard Oil Company by the Lower Broadway Realty Company. The structure occupies a plot with a frontage of 116.3 feet on Broadway, running through to New Street, where the frontage is 115 feet. To the north of, this building is the low Standard Arcade Building, also owned by the Standard Oil Company and also having a New Street frontage. Negotiations are reported pending for the sale of the Hudson Building at 32 Broadway, 53.8 by 207 by irregular, located between the present Standard Oil Building at 26 and the big building at 42, and it is probable that the Standard Oil Company intends to add this property to its large holdings at this point.

Biggest Broadway Frontage.

Closing of these deals will give the oil company control of the largest Broadway frontage in the city, beginning at Beaver Street and running north 528.10 feet. The only properties in the block bounded by Broadway, Beaver, New and Exchange Place not owned by the purchasing company will be Exchange Court, a twelve-story structure at 52 Broadway, corner of Exchange Place, and the seven-story Lisbon Building at the northern corner of New and Beaver Streets. The Standard Oil Company holdings in the block will aggregate in value to $12,000,000.

No information was obtainable yesterday regarding the use to which this enormous site would be put. If a building project were undertaken it would make available for improvement the largest individual building plot in the entire downtown district.

Mr. Smathers, the seller, has figured within recent weeks in several of the biggest transactions of the year. Last week he paid $650,000 for the Lyric

Continued on Page Two.

Pinehurst, N. C. Great Dog Show. Apr. 7-8. Entries close Mar. 24. Address Geo. F. Foley, 1309 Sansom St., Phila.—Advt.

MAYOR OF CORK IS SHOT DEAD BY MASKED MEN

Assassins Escape in Automobile After Killing Executive in His Residence.

VICTIM A SINN FEINER

London Government Takes Special Precautions to Prevent an Easter Uprising.

MESSAGE BY DE VALERA

Cables Dublin Suggesting a "Te Deum" in All Irish Churches for Senate's Reservation.

LONDON, Saturday, March 20.—Thomas MacGurin, Lord Mayor of Cork, was shot dead at 1 o'clock this morning.

The revolver was fired by masked persons whose identity is unknown. They entered his residence, and after firing the shot, escaped in an automobile.

Half a dozen men knocked at the door of the home of the Lord Mayor. Mrs. MacGurin opened the door and the men rushed in.

Some of them held her while others ran upstairs to the Mayor's bedroom. They took him to the landing and shot him in the chest. They then fled in haste.

Mrs. MacGurin telephoned immediately for a doctor and a priest. The Mayor died soon after the arrival of the priest.

Mayor MacGurin, who was a prominent Sinn Feiner, was interned after the Easter rebellion.

The latest previous outrage in the Cork district was perpetrated on the night of March 11, when Constable Scully was shot at Glenmire. Two soldiers and several civilians were killed by gangs in the same vicinity the day before.

Twenty-seven police and Government employes had been assassinated in Ireland since Jan. 1, 1919, according to an announcement made in Commons on Thursday by the Chief Secretary for Ireland.

LONDON, Saturday, March 20.—The Government is taking special precautions against possible outbreaks in Ireland on Easter Monday, according to The Daily Mail, which asserts that the authorities have known for some time that the Sinn Fein has considered the possibility of armed risings and drawn up its plans.

"It is not believed, however," the newspaper adds, "that the movement is sufficiently supported to be really formidable, although it is possible there may be sporadic outbreaks in certain districts.

"Precautions also have been taken at Glasgow, where the Sinn Feiners boast the possession of arms and ammunition and threaten a disturbance on Easter Monday. It is rumored that the prospective trouble in Manchester and Liverpool is not expected to materialize."

Referring to the notification given by Allen Clement Edwards, Liberal, to The London Times of his intention to ask the Premier on Monday whether the Government is informed of risings planned for Easter Monday and whether the navy has seized a consignment of arms and ammunition from Germany, The Daily Mail declares that no arms from Germany have been seized and that the Government is convinced Germany is in no wise implicated in any Sinn Fein plot.

LONDON, March 19.—Serious statements regarding the continued operations of the republican army in Ireland were made in the Divisional Court here today when the question was raised as to the power to retain Irishmen in prison without trial under the Defense of the Realm act, which was a war measure.

The Attorney General, upholding the regulation, said that the Irish republican army had continued its preparations with the avowed object of establishing a republic, and he declared that the present state of Ireland was due to these

Continued on Page Two.

"APHRODITE," Last 2 Weeks. Biggest Sensation in New York. Mats. Wed., Sat., 50c to $2. Century Thea. Eve. 8:15.—Advt.

Lodge Is Willing to Take Treaty Into Campaign; Hitchcock Glad That Reservations Are Nullified

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—After the adjournment of the Senate tonight Senator Lodge, leader of the Republican majority, said:

"The treaty is gone. It has been rejected by the Senate and sent back to the President. If the President chooses to return it to the Senate it will have to go through the same process as before. If it goes to the Foreign Relations Committee it will be treated as new business. If the President desires to make a campaign issue on the treaty the Republicans are willing to meet that issue."

Senator Hitchcock, leader of the Democratic minority, said:

"I am glad that there was not a vote for ratification which carried the Lodge reservations, but the result was about what I expected. The treaty is now before the President and if there is to be further action he must take the initiative."

BRYAN SAYS PEOPLE WILL SAVE TREATY

Believes Public Sentiment Will Compel Senate to Accept League of Nations Also.

ATTACKS PARTY LEADERS

Unofficial State Convention Not Representative on Liquor Issue, He Says.

Belief that defeat of the Peace Treaty in the Senate is not final, and that the sentiment of the American people will force the Senate to ratify the compact and permit the entrance of the United States into the League of Nations, was expressed last night by William J. Bryan in a speech at a dinner in honor of his sixtieth birthday at the Aldine Club, 200 Fifth Avenue.

Before discussing the treaty Mr. Bryan had talked forcibly on prohibition and had approved the assertion of Samuel Seabury, the toastmaster, that the declaration of the recent Democratic State Convention favoring the repeal of the prohibition amendment misrepresented the Democratic Party. Mr. Bryan declared that prohibition was here to stay, and that no group of Eastern Democratic leaders would be able to commit the Democratic Party to a policy of opposition.

Mr. Bryan's assertion that the American people would see to it that the Peace Treaty was ratified came with rather dramatic suddenness at the end of his speech. He stated that he believed the constitutional provision, requiring the vote of two-thirds of the Senate to ratify a treaty, should be changed so that merely a majority was required.

"If a majority has a right to take this country into war a majority should have the right to take the country out of war," said Mr. Bryan. "I think that the controversy over the treaty that has lasted eight months is a disgrace to this nation."

"It has come out exactly right," called a voice in the audience.

Mr. Bryan attempted to continue by saying that the Senate had wasted time in needless debate while the nations of Europe were drifting toward war, when there came another interruption:

"The treaty is dead."

"I am not willing to believe that it is dead," replied Mr. Bryan.

"Read the morning newspaper," was the rejoinder.

Invokes Power of People.

"The treaty has been defeated—I know that," said Mr. Bryan, "but I believe that the people of the United States are greater than the United States Senators and can make them ratify.

"I believe that our boys can do more for peace by their influence now than 2,000,000 of them in arms can do a year from now. I think that the world needs us and that, if we refuse to do our duty and enter the League of Nations and if we are foolish enough to permit conditions in Europe to continue there will be a new war over there. Who can say whether the sparks kindled by such a conflagration might not cross the Atlantic?"

Mr. Bryan asserted that there had been unnecessary stress upon Article X., which he said would never be needed unless the moral force contained in the rest of the covenant of the League of Nations failed. He stated that he believed that the provisions for nine months of discussion before a declaration of war, the abolition of secret treaties and the encouragement to disarmament, contained in the covenant, were sufficient alone to justify the League. "The world's back is broken by war expenses," he said. "If we now go to work and build up great armies and navies, the result will be nothing but bankruptcy.

"The Senator who thinks that the American people will be willing to spend

Continued on Page Two.

D. W. Griffith's "The Idol Dancer" opens at STRAND Theatre tomorrow. Don't miss it.—Advt.

AMERICA ISOLATED WITHOUT TREATY

Its Defeat, Washington Feels, Will Add to Our Unpopularity Abroad.

STILL TECHNICALLY AT WAR

Hope Expressed That Wilson Will Take Steps to Re-establish Relations.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—In its international aspects the rejection of the Versailles Treaty by the Senate leaves the United States in an awkward position. America's isolation is now a reality. Not only is this Government not a member of the world league, designed to prevent future conflicts between nations, but it is also still at war with Germany.

A secondary effect of the Senate's action will be the withdrawal of the United States Government from participation in the arrangements now being discussed at Paris for the disposition of the Turkish Empire.

And this is not all. The feeling that has grown up in Europe on account of Senate opposition to the League of Nations is bound to be emphasized by today's action. President Wilson, who fought to have the League covenant accepted, is now in disfavor in France and Italy and is being criticised.

Recent expression in the European press has indicated that America itself was in disfavor. It might be going too far to say that the United States has lost the friendship of the world, but to say that the world's friendship has declined would not be far wrong.

Apparently nobody knows what course President Wilson will take now that the treaty has been rejected. If the Senate, as seems likely, follows its action of today by adopting Senator Knox's resolution declaring that a state of peace exists between the United States and Germany, the President is practically certain to ignore it. He holds that this is an act constitutionally vested in the Executive and that no action by Congress can compel him to follow any other course than that which he chooses.

There is a general opinion in administration circles that the President should act at once to end the anomalous condition of affairs that exist between the United States Government and the nations against which it declared war. He will be advised that negotiations for a peace should be entered into at once with Germany, Austria and Hungary, and at the same time the United States should begin exchanges with its late allies to obtain their assent to the protection of the rights guaranteed the United States in the treaties with the governments with which it was at war.

The United States has no diplomatic or consular officer, as such, in Germany, Austria or Hungary. It has "Commissioners," so called, at Berlin, Vienna and Budapest, but it can conduct no diplomatic relations or business relations with any of these countries until a treaty of peace has been formally ratified. In these circumstances American trade with the former Central Powers will be greatly handicapped. Great Britain, France, Italy, Japan and other allied powers are in a position to engage in the conduct of trade and commerce with Germany and Austria, but the United States is not.

It will take a long time to negotiate a treaty of peace with Germany. In the meantime American trade with that country must suffer to the extent that the former allies of the United States will be in position to build up trade relations.

The President has no power to proceed under the terms of the treaty, now that it is rejected. He must, if he takes any positive action, enter into new negotiations with Germany. To what extent the rejection of the treaty will affect the status of the American occupation of part of the Rhine provinces is something that only the future can determine. For the present the United

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a Little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt

LACK 7 VOTES TO RATIFY

28 Republicans and 21 Democrats Support Lodge Reservations.

23 DEMOCRATS OPPOSE

12 Republicans Also Against Resolution—Reconsideration Is Blocked.

PEACE DECLARATION URGED

Knox Move Waits Until Monday—Senators Look to Wilson for Next Step.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The Senate this evening, for a second time, refused to ratify the treaty of peace with Germany, and sent it back to President Wilson.

By a vote of 49 to 35, seven short of the necessary two-thirds of the members present, the Senate rejected the Lodge resolution of ratification.

It then adopted a resolution, proposed by Senator Lodge, to return the treaty to the President, advising him formally that the Senate had failed to advise and consent to its ratification.

The resolution reads:

"That the Secretary of the Senate be instructed to return to the President the Treaty of Peace with Germany signed at Versailles on the twenty-eighth day of June, 1919, and respectfully inform the President that the Senate has failed to ratify said treaty, being unable to obtain the constitutional majority required therefor."

Following this action, Senator Robinson of Arkansas, a Democrat, moved to reconsider the vote by which ratification failed. A lively parliamentary battle followed, in which the Republican mild reservationists joined the Democrats in an effort to keep the Senate from creating a condition which prevented further action on the treaty at this time. A ruling by Senator Cummins, who was in the chair, and refusal of the mild reservationists to co-operate further with the Democrats unless they were assured that the second vote on the treaty would be taken at once, cut short Mr. Robinson's efforts.

The Senate adjourned to meet again Monday, after the treaty had been ordered to be returned to the President. As that will have been done by Monday, the motion to reconsider cannot be made again, Senator Lodge said after the voting, because the Senate cannot reconsider action on a question over which, by its own vote, it has relinquished control.

What President Wilson will do now is problematical. No statement is obtainable at the White House concerning the rejection of the treaty.

On the resolution of ratification fourteen more Democrats voted to accept the treaty with the Lodge reservation than on the occasion of the former vote, just four months ago. On Nov. 19, when the Senate rejected the Lodge ratifying resolution by 41 to 51, but seven Democratic Senators voted to ratify: Gore, Myers, Owen, Pomerene, Shields, Smith of Georgia and Walsh of Massachusetts.

Today the following Democrats joined the seven: Ashurst, Beckham, Chamberlain, Fletcher, Henderson, Kendrick, King, Nugent, Phelan, Pittman, Ransdell, Smith, Thammell and Wolcott.

The roll call upon the Lodge resolution of ratification was as follows:

FOR THE RESOLUTION—49.

Republicans—28.

Ball,	Jones, Wash.,	Phipps,
Calder,	Kellogg,	Smoot,
Capper,	Kenyon,	Spencer,
Colt,	Keyes,	Sterling,
Curtis,	Lenroot,	Sutherland,
Dillingham,	Lodge,	Wadsworth,
Edge,	McLean,	Warren,
Elkins,	McNary,	Watson.
Frelinghuysen,	New,	
Hale,	Page,	

Democrats—21.

Ashurst,	King,	Ransdell
Beckham,	Myers,	Smith, Ga.,
Chamberlain,	Nugent,	Smith, Md.,
Fletcher,	Owen,	Trammell
Gore,	Phelan,	Walsh, Mass.,
Henderson,	Pittman,	Walsh, Mon.,
Kendrick,	Pomerene,	Wolcott.

AGAINST THE RESOLUTION—35.

Republicans—12.

Borah,	Gronna,	McCormick,
Brandegee,	Johnson, Cal.,	Moses,
Fernald,	Knox,	Norris,
France,	La Follette,	Sherman.

Democrats—23.

Comer,	Johnson, S.D.,	Simmons,
Culberson,	Kirby,	Smith, S. C.
Dial,	McKellar,	Stanley,
Gay,	Overman,	Swanson,
Glass,	Reed,	Thomas,
Harris,	Robinson,	Underwood,
Harrison,	Sheppard,	Williams.
Hitchcock,	Shields,	

Twelve Senators were absent or not voting. As a two-thirds vote was necessary to ratify, pairs were grouped in the ratio of two for ratification to one against. Senator Penrose, Republican, of Pennsylvania, was paired against ratification with Senators Harding, Republican, of Ohio and Nelson, Republican, of Minnesota, who were for ratification. Senator Fall, Republican, of New Mexico was paired against ratification with Senators Newberry, Repub-

lican, of Michigan and McCumber, Republican, of North Dakota, who were for ratification. Senator Poindexter, Republican, of Washington was paired against ratification with Senators Cummins, Republican, of Iowa and Townsend, Republican, of Michigan, who were for ratification. Senator Smith, Democrat, of Arizona was paired against ratification with Senators Gerry, Democrat, of Rhode Island and Jones, Democrat, of New Mexico, who were for ratification.

Interest in the vote on the resolution of ratification centred in the Democratic attitude, as it was clear that unless a considerable number of them refused longer to accept the views of President Wilson, there could be no ratification by the Senate. Long before the vote was taken today Senators knew that the Democrats would not bolt the President in sufficient numbers to provide the needed two-thirds.

Fight Over Reconsideration.

The Senate spent a listless day listening to speeches, but shortly after 6 P. M. a quorum call brought more than eighty Senators into the chamber, and the cry of "vote" was raised at once. The roll call on ratification was taken without more debate.

After Senator Cummins had announced from the chair that the resolution, having failed to receive the required two-thirds, was rejected, Senator Lodge at once presented his resolution to return the treaty to the President.

On this the vote was 47 to 37. Six Democratic Senators voted for it, Gore, Kirby, Reed, Shields, Walsh of Massachusetts and Williams.

Immediately after the adoption of this resolution Senator Robinson of Arkansas, under a prior arrangement with Republican mild reservationists, moved that the Senate reconsider the vote by which it had failed to adopt the resolution of ratification.

Senator Watson of Indiana moved to lay Mr. Robinson's motion on the table. This motion failed because mild reservationists voted with the Democrats to prevent the Robinson motion from being thus summarily disposed of. The vote was 34 to 43 against tabling the motion. The result in detail was:

FOR TABLING THE MOTION—34.

Republicans—31.

Borah,	Gronna,	Page,
Brandegee,	Johnson, Cal.,	Phipps,
Calder,	Jones, Wash.,	Smoot,
Capper,	Kenyon,	Spencer,
Cummins,	Knox,	Sterling,
Curtis,	Lodge,	Sutherland,
Dillingham,	La Follette,	Wadsworth,
Elkins,	McCormick,	Warren,
Fernald,	Moses,	Watson.
France,	New,	
Frelinghuysen,	Norris,	

Democrats—3.

Reed,	Shields,	Walsh, Mass.

AGAINST TABLING MOTION—43.

Republicans—7.

Colt,	Kellogg,	Lenroot,
Edge,	Keyes,	McNary.
Hale.		

Democrats—36.

Ashurst,	Johnson, S.D.,	Ransdell,
Beckham,	Jones, N. M.,	Robinson,
Chamberlain,	Kendrick,	Sheppard,
Comer,	King,	Simmons,
Dial,	Kirby,	Smith, Ga.,
Fletcher,	McKellar,	Smith, Md.,
Gay,	Ndgent,	Smith, S. C.,
Gerry,	Overman,	Stanley,
Harris,	Owen,	Swanson,
Harrison,	Phelan,	Trammell,
Henderson,	Pittman,	Walsh, Mon.,
Hitchcock,	Pomerene,	Wolcott.

Senator Robinson, having vanquished those who voted to prevent him from discussing the motion to reconsider, began to urge its adoption, when he was again halted by Senator Brandegee, who made a point of order against the motion.

He argued that the Senate had disposed of the matter by adopting the Lodge resolution to send the treaty to the President. After considerable parliamentary wrangling and the citing of precedents, Senator Cummins ruled, though he said he did so with some doubt in his mind as to the correctness of his opinion, that the Robinson motion was not in order.

An appeal from this decision was expected, but to the surprise of Republican Senators it was not taken.

Debate on Second Treaty Vote.

Senator Lodge said that if any Senators wished to vote again on the question of ratification, he did not wish to prevent them from doing so, provided the vote could be taken without any further debate. He said that he would ask unanimous consent that the vote be reconsidered if Senators would agree in turn that the vote not be taken at once.

That did not fit in with the plans of the Democratic Senators, who had hoped to leave the motion to reconsider pending until tomorrow or Monday.

The irreconcilables, who had won their victory and were not disposed to have it snatched from their grasp, also found the prospect of another vote not to their liking. Senators Borah and Brandegee pointed out that some Senators had left the chamber, and had even left Washington, as soon as possible after the vote on the resolution of ratification.

"I have no objection to voting on this question as long as the Secretary can call the roll," said Senator Borah. "But I do object to a vote now that will not permit one tonight, unless the Senators who thought they had settled something and left the Senate are protected in their absence."

Senator Brandegee observed that as it seemed to be necessary to take several votes in the Senate to decide when a matter was disposed of, he would not object to Mr. Lodge's request for unanimous consen to reconsider, provided that the absentees were covered by suitable pairs arranged on the spot.

Hitchcock Urged Cooling Off.

"I see nothing to be gained by voting again immediately upon a question which we have just voted upon once," said Senator Hitchcock. "My idea was for a day or two to let us cool off. Maybe in that time the matter could be arranged."

"I should think that after a year of debate we might ask for an end of this sort of thing," retorted Senator Lodge. "To keep this thing here just to fool with it for a day or two more is not to be thought of."

Senator Norris then suggested the absence of a quorum with a view to learning, he said, how many Senators had left the chamber. After the roll call Senator Curtis, the Republican whip, stated that the call disclosed that Senators Ball, Republican, of Delaware, Sherman, Republican, of Illinois; McLean, Republican, of Connecticut, and Thomas, Democrat, of Colorado, were absent and unpaired.

Senator Robinson then moved again that the Senate reconsider the vote of ratification, and at the same time to request the President to return to the Senate the Treaty and accompanying papers. This was a way of repealing the Lodge resolution adopted earlier, which was an obstacle to the motion to reconsider under Senator Cumming's ruling.

Senator Lodge made a point of order against the motion, but before the chair could rule Senator Robinson withdrew his motion. He did this on receipt of information from the mild reservationists that they would not support his motion unless he agreed that the second vote be taken immediately on ratification. The mild group's decision to stand by Senator Lodge's wish was reached at a hastily summoned conference just outside the door of the Senate chamber.

Senator Lodge once again asked unanimous consent that the Senate reconsider its vote, repeating his statement that he was unwilling to debar any Senator from voting again on ratification. But Senator Hitchcock observed that there was nothing to be gained and he objected.

The hope of the mild reservationists and of some Democrats was that when the Senate reconsidered the vote by which it had rejected the ratifying resolution some Democrats would change their votes and support ratification. A number of Democrats were urged to do this on the ground that having made a record of consistency on the first roll call they could afford for the sake of ratifying the treaty and bringing to an end the state of war to vote against the President.

Peace Declaration Move Waits.

Senator Knox then obtained the floor and moved that the Senate proceed to consider his resolution declaring the state of war between the United States and Germany at an end, by repealing the resolution declaring war, adopted in April, 1917.

Senator Lenroot said he agreed with Senator Knox that the Senate should soon consider that or some similar measure, but he urged that it be deferred.

Senator Lodge thereupon moved that the Senate adjourn until Monday, at which time, he said, the Knox resolution probably would be called up. This motion prevailed.

Before it reached the question of ratification the Senate adopted the Lodge amendment to the preamble of the resolution of ratification, providing that silent acquiescence in the Senate reservations by the European powers would signify their acceptance of them. It rejected, by a vote of 41 to 42, Senator Brandegee's amendment, providing that the President must deposit notice of ratification within ninety days after the Senate acted.

Lenroot Assails President.

Senator Lenroot delivered a speech in which he said that President Wilson on his Western tour called Article XI. of the League covenant his favorite and the heart of the instrument, while in his more recent pronouncements to Democratic Senators on reservations he has insisted that Article X. was the covenant's heart.

"The President's illness has affected either the President's recollection of his judgment," said Senator Lenroot. "Has President Wilson changed his mind, or has his mind changed him?"

Mr. Lenroot said that the President was willing to see the treaty defeated rather than remove from American boys the obligation to go into foreign wars. He assailed Senators who voted the Irish self-determination reservation into the ratifying resolution, declaring that they did it in an effort "to put somebody in a hole," and told the Democrats that if they insisted on taking the treaty into the political campaign they would "insure a tremendous Republican victory."

"The stubbornness of President Wilson is indefensible," he said. "We will meet you in the campaign as being for America first; you will meet us as being advocates of the surrender of Americanism. We will meet you as Americans; you will meet us as internationalists."

Senator Edge of New Jersey urged ratification of the treaty and said that today's vote would show how many of those who voted yesterday for the Irish reservation were really friends of Ireland.

Walsh of Montana Switches.

Senator Walsh of Montana, who previously voted against ratification with the Lodge reservations, and who through both fights on the treaty had stood consistently with President Wilson, announced that he would vote this time to ratify. Mr. Walsh said that he had come to believe that he and others had overestimated the importance of Article X. The peace of the world would, in his opinion, be safeguarded as well under Articles XI., XII., XV. and XVI. as under Article X.

In a carefully prepared analysis of the various reservations Mr. Walsh gave his opinion of each. His speech was received with the greatest attention by Democrats.

Some thought that his change might cause a stampede to the Lodge reservations. This impression was heightened in some quarters when Senator Ransdell of Louisiana, another staunch Administration Senator, arose immediately afterward and announced that he, too, had decided to vote for ratification.

Senator Myers of Montana, Senator Walsh's Democratic colleague, in stating that he would again vote for ratification with the Lodge reservations, as he did last November, declared that the Allies were trying to make a travesty of the Peace Treaty and the League covenant at the very outset by yielding to Germany on the question of the Kaiser's trial and the trials of other Germans held guilty of complicity in offenses against international law.

"As well try a horse thief before twelve other horse thieves or a bootlegger before a jury of bootleggers or bartenders as to make the grotesque and monstrous agreement that Germany shall try the war criminals," said Mr. Myers.

He declared also that the United States should not help Germany with money or food.

Senators Pomerene and Owen also spoke briefly, and then Senator Hoke Smith delivered a long set speech of which he had given notice yesterday.

Treaty "Gone," Lodge Declares.

After the session ended Senators of both parties united in declaring that in their opinion the treaty was now dead to stay dead. Senator Reed of Missouri, a Democrat, one of the irreconcilables whose fight helped kill the treaty, said many Democrats who favored the treaty had told him that they were through with it unless the President, in sending it back to the Senate, should express willingness to accept the Lodge reservations.

Senator Smith of Georgia said after the vote that he felt certain it would be impossible to get the Senate to give serious consideration to the treaty further as long as the same circumstances existed concerning reservations.

Senator Simmons of North Carolina, another Democrat, expressed a like view.

Senator Lodge said that the treaty was "gone." He declared that if the President should decide to send it once more to the Senate with another request that it be ratified, it would remain a long time in the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Senator Borah and the other irreconcilables were exceedingly well satisfied. They said that the Senate's action was but a forecast of what the country would do when the clear-cut issue of ratification unqualified by any reservations or rejection was presented to it.

Senator Johnson of California, one of the irreconcilables, left at once to resume his western speaking tour against the league and in behalf of his own candidacy for the Republican nomination for President. Senator Borah will go soon, and Senator Reed is also about to begin a speaking tour.

TAFT FOR TREATY RECALL.

Asserts It was Done Once and Can Be Done Again.

GREENSBORO, N. C., March 19.—Former President Taft, who arrived here tonight from Winston-Salem, when told the Senate had failed to ratify the Peace Treaty, said:

"I have nothing to say, except I am very sorry. That seems to be to be all there is to say. However, although the Senate has refused to ratify it, the treaty may be brought back. It was once, you know. It might be again. I hope so."

COMMENT OF PRESS ON TREATY DEFEAT

Says Our Dead Died in Vain.

NEW YORK WORLD—There have been humiliating episodes in the history of the United States, but nothing else that was quite so humiliating as this; nothing else that so sharply challenged the capacity of the American people for self-government; nothing else that so sweepingly indicated their national selfishness and their sense of responsibility. On the whole, the records of the Senate since the Treaty of Versailles was formally submitted by President Wilson, July 10, 1919, constitute the most mortifying chapter in American history. . . . The commanding prestige that the United States won in the war has been frittered away, and the country, after all its superb achievements, stands before the world today discredited and without a real friend. This is the penalty of that betrayal of faith which is all concentrated in the repeated refusal to ratify the treaty of peace. So far as the United States Senate is concerned, the dead of this war have died in vain.

Says We Cannot Remain Aloof.

New York Tribune.

The treaty defeat is a tragedy whose poignancy is intensified by the selfishness of the final scene. . . . But from the beginning there was little chance. The inefficiency, all-sufficiency and self-sufficiency of our self-named only negotiator created a bedevilment whose woes never could be quieted. In the final hour, completing his disservice, he was able to command enough Senators to drive a knife into the heart of his own work. The result must not be read as meaning that this country withdraws from the world in selfish isolation. Aloofness is impossible. This is more true now than when McKinley and Roosevelt first said it. Possibly—no one can foresee the future—the influence of this country for good will not be less because informally applied. But the wiser course seems to be so seize the first opportunity, likely to be offered in a little more than a year, to adhere to the League.

Hopes Wilson Can Meet Situation.

BALTIMORE SUN—What is now to be done? Are we to make a separate peace with Germany and thus incur the charge of acting dishonorably toward the Governments with which we were associated in the war? Are we to let the matter drag on until the Presidential election in the foolish hope of getting a mandate from the people when there can be no mandate?

The treaty will be formally returned to President Wilson with the notification that the Senate has been unable to ratify it, the idea being to put the next move in the situation up to the President. That is a confession of the Senate's incapacity which ought to be galling to the majority leader, whose plan it is, but perhaps it is the best thing that can be done. Maybe the ill President will show himself able to function if the Senate is not.

Says Concessions Came Too Late.

CLEVELAND PLAIN DEALER—Had the President been willing to leave to his friends in the Senate a larger measure of discretion as to when and how much to concede for the sake of getting the treaty through, it is possible that the Senate months ago would have ratified the instrument in a form acceptable to our Allies and the United States would have passed out of the twilight season between war and peace. The Democratic leadership in the Senate, doubtless responsive to the will of the White House, refused too long to entertain the idea of concession. The longer the friends of the treaty stood adamant, the firmer became its opponents.

Says Treaty Will Yet Triumph.

ST. LOUIS GLOBE-DEMOCRAT—Yet the treaty is not dead. It is beaten, but it is not destroyed. The thing which it embodies is greater than Woodrow Wilson, greater than the Republican Party or the Democratic Party, and somehow it yet will triumph.

Asserts Country Wants Treaty

PITTSBURGH DISPATCH—Popular pressure for decisive action one way or another may make itself felt and force the hands of all the politicians. The country is tired of the delay and wants the matter over and done with. It certainly does not want the uncertainty prolonged until after the elections.

"Turned Tail and Fled."

ATLANTA CONSTITUTION—"We are left in the attitude of having turned tail and fled from a situation which we more than any other nation involved were instrumental in bringing about. And the responsibility for it all rests with the United States Senate. . . . The Republican machine politicians and a few soured Democratic Senators have for the greater part of the last year been playing cheap politics with the Peace Treaty and the League of Nations covenant."

Calls Reservations Insulting.

NEW ORLEANS TIMES-PICAYUNE—"It is better to have no treaty than a treaty which carries with it reservations and expressions insulting to our former allies, a hodge-podge of pander to alien-minded vote-groups in America and of affront to the comrades in arms of a brief sixteen months ago. It is better to be out of a League of Nations than not to be whole-heartedly and sincerely in a League of Nations."

Blames the Democrats.

MINNEAPOLIS TRIBUNE—The onus of blame for the defeat of an Americanized treaty rests indisputably upon the man who signed the agreement in Paris and upon the worshippers at the shrine of Democratic partisanship.

'DEVIL WINNING THE PEACE.'

So Boston University's President Tells Historical Society.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, March 19.—"America and the Allies won the war, but it looks as if the devil was winning the peace," declared Dr. Lemuel H. Murlin, President of Boston University, today, addressing the New England Historical and Genealogical Society.

"Our job wasn't finished on armistice day; that was the day it began," Dr. Murlin continued. "We know who won the war all right, but who won the peace we haven't discovered yet. It is my general conclusion that the devil is winning it.

"We are responsible for the republics that have sprung up in Europe. We went to war 'to make the world safe for democracy,' and the people of those feeble republics are trying under great difficulties to capitalize our ideas.

"The world will have to deal with a republican Europe, a monarchical Europe, or a Bolshevik Europe. The wisest thing we can do is to stabilize these forty republics and save them from monarchy, on one hand, and Bolshevism on the other. For myself, I greatly fear Europe is drifting toward Bolshevism. I am afraid this pilgrim republic of ours, which was their inspiration, is giving them great disappointment."

VOTE SHOWS WILSON STILL PARTY LEADER

Majority of Democratic Senators Stood By President in Treaty Action.

WILL BE CAMPAIGN ISSUE

Party Leaders Look for No Further Effort to Ratify Before the Election.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—President Wilson apparently remains in control of the leadership of the Democratic Party as a result of the action taken today in the Senate, when the treaty of peace with the Lodge reservations to the League of Nations covenant, was rejected by a vote of 49 to 35.

While his position in demanding ratification without the Lodge reservations was openly and bitterly attacked by several of the Democratic Senators, including Hoke Smith of Georgia and Owen of Oklahoma, who expressed the opinion that such a stand would mean the ruin of the Democratic Party in the national election, the President held the support of Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, the minority leader, and Senators Underwood of Alabama, Glass of Virginia and Simmons of North Carolina.

This was a substantial victory for the Presidential prestige, as it had been broadly intimated during the last few weeks that when a final test was taken neither Glass nor Underwood would stand by him, and that the disintegration of the Wilson leadership would date from the moment the desertion of these Senators was publicly announced.

Hoped to Overturn White House Rule.

It was the hope of the opposition to President Wilson in the Senate that, as an effect of the attitude taken by W. J. Bryan and Herbert Hoover, the result in the Democratic ranks would overturn the rule of the White House.

There is no substantial reason for doubting that practically all of the Democratic Senators would have welcomed an opportunity today to vote for ratification with the Lodge reservations without facing the charge of having deserted the President and wrecking the party. But no such opportunity was offered, and in the emergency Hitchcock, Underwood and Glass stood pat and supported the Administration.

After the vote on ratification it is probable that the efforts of Democratic Senators to obtain another vote, as well as the stand taken by Senator Lodge in asserting that he was prepared to consent to another vote if it was taken immediately, were guided by political considerations, rather than by hope that another vote might change the result.

The opinion held generally tonight was that no future vote would result in ratification of the treaty, at least prior to the national election in November, and that the treaty and League of Nations were certain to loom up as a major issue in the campaign.

Knox Resolution Next.

There are few who believe that any action the Senate may take on Monday will alter the situation. It is felt that the next step will be a fight over the Knox resolution declaring that a state of peace exists between the United States and Germany.

In his letter read at the Jackson Day dinner here on Jan. 8 President Wilson asserted that ratification on a basis satisfactory to him was apparently impossible and that a great and solemn referendum to the people was essential to determine the treaty issue under the conditions which existed. It is the consensus that the President will make no further effort by returning the treaty to the Senate to obtain another result.

The situation leaves a remarkable lineup in the ranks of the Democratic Party so far as candidates for the nomination for President are concerned. On one side are W. J. Bryan, former Secretary of State; Senator Owen and Herbert Hoover, who have repudiated the stand taken by President Wilson and come out openly for ratification of the treaty with the Lodge reservations. On the other hand are A. Mitchell Palmer, Attorney General, who has said that he is in accord with the stand taken by the President, and W. G. McAdoo, former Secretary of the Treasury, who has stated that he believed the treaty should be adopted without reservations or, if there must be reservations, that they should be purely interpretative.

Hoke Smith and Owen of Oklahoma were the two Senators who were fearless in their opposition to the President today. Mr. Smith openly asserted his belief that the Democratic Party would go down to an overwhelming defeat in the election in November if it went before the people on the issue of absolute adherence of the United States to the conditions imposed by Article X. If the Democratic convention advocated Article X. as an issue to be put into the platform, he said, he believed it would be the duty of every good Democrat to express regret that such a convention had been held, and in his opinion every good Democrat ought to repudiate it.

Owen Refuses to be Bound.

Senator Owen was equally direct in his attack on the President. He went a bit further than Senator Smith by asserting that he refused to be bound by the request made by the White House, that Democratic Senators reject the Lodge reservations, he felt the Treaty should be adopted, with such reservations, despite any objections that might be made by President Wilson.

Senator Owen pointed out that sixty-five Senators had voted for the Lodge reservation before the test in regard to ratification came, but had been overruled by the President, and he believed the opinion of sixty-five Senators should receive the recognition and not the contemptuous disapproval of the President.

Senators Smith and Owen thus practically declared themselves outside of President Wilson's wing of the Democratic Party and served notice that they would not support a decision of the Democratic convention to put the adoption of Article X. without reservation before the people as a campaign issue.

That the convention would do just that if ratification of the treaty was defeated at this time was the opinion expressed by Senator Walsh of Montana, Democrat, who also voted for ratification with the Lodge reservations.

That an expression by the people could be given which would be decisive Mr. Walsh did not believe. It would be impossible, he said, to elect enough Democratic Senators to assure ratification, and he did not believe the Republican Senators who would be elected on a platform opposed to ratification without the Lodge amendments could be expected to accept the Wilson idea.

MAYOR OF CORK SHOT DEAD BY MASKED MEN

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

operations, which were still a menace to the Government of Ireland.

The Attorney General maintained that the regulation was still necessary, and the Court upheld this view.

DE VALERA URGES A TE DEUM.

Cables Dublin That Senate's Irish Reservation Merits It.

Eamonn de Valera, "President of the Republic of Ireland," announced last night that the adoption by the United States Senate of a reservation to the Peace Treaty approving the principle of self-determination for the Irish people had fulfilled his mission in this country.

"President" de Valera's announcement was made in a cablegram to Arthur Griffith, "Acting President of the Republic of Ireland," Mansion House, Dublin, which read:

"A Te Deum should be sung throughout all Ireland. We thank Almighty God, we thank the noble American nation, we thank all the friends of Ireland here who have worked so unselfishly for our cause. We thank the heroic dead whose sacrifices made victory possible.

"Our mission has been successful. The principle of self-determination has been formally adopted in an international instrument. Ireland has been given her place among the nations by the greatest nation of them all."

The cablegram was signed "Eamonn de Valera and Colleagues."

Mexico Holds Americans.

AGUA PRIETA, Sonora, Mexico, March 18.—Edward Filmore and Herman Sidway, alleged American draft evaders, have been ordered removed from Hermosillo to Mexico City to face charges of conspiring to furnish arms and ammunition to Yaqui Indians, according to official advices received today from Hermosillo. The men, who gave New York City as their home, were arrested last week near the State line of Chihuahua by Mexican Government secret service agents.

TELLS WILSON'S PLAN FOR WORLD FINANCE

Tardieu Says the President Wanted League to be Agent to Produce Stability.

OPPOSES REVISING TREATY

French Publicist Argues Against Giving Germany Relief Before France.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 19.—That President Wilson agreed to the principle that the League of Nations should be the agency for the establishment and maintenance of world financial stability as well as world political stability, and that the treaty once ratified he planned a campaign to advocate these conditions, is asserted by Andre Tardieu in an article he has written for L'Illustration.

M. Tardieu's declaration is interesting in view of the present financial situation. He argues that had it not been for the turn that political events took in America, and for the President's illness, France might today be in a better economic situation.

M. Tardieu's statement appears at the end of a long article arguing against revision of the treaty. He contends that the trouble is not with the treaty, but with lack of solidarity among the Allies.

"Here is the great gap, and it is not in the treaty itself," he writes. "The treaty regulates only relations between Germany and the Allies. But peace, like war, has to be organized. It is only too clear that responsibility for the present situation grows out of events in Washington. Already, in the month of February, M. Clemenceau and his collaborators posed this vital financial question. Not without difficulty they had accepted the principle of a financial League of Nations. In June President Wilson, with his counsellor, Mr. Lamont, studied a plan of solidarity for which, after the treaty was ratified, he intended to make a campaign through the United States. Political fights and his sickness have ruled otherwise. Nothing has been done, and France at the hour I write finds her only guarantees in the treaty itself."

M. Tardieu devotes the first part of his article to answering the arguments of Lord Robert Cecil that the treaty should be revised. All these arguments, he says, were discussed again and again by the Supreme Council before they were included in the treaty. The last attempt was made by Brockdorff-Rantzau in May, when the treaty was handed to Germany.

Claims for revision of the financial clauses, M. Tardieu states, were discussed at one hundred and seventeen meetings of commissions and twenty meetings of the Supreme Council.

"In the end, the letter drafted by Philip Kerr, Lloyd George's Private Secretary, was sent on June 16, which, after detailing practical factors accorded to Germany for the discharge of her debt, concluded: 'The principles of the treaty are unchangeable.'

"Since then, M. Tardieu argues, nothing has modified the situation or necessitated revision. Nor does he agree that Germany cannot pay. During the last six months she has shown inert and passive resistance, but that does not disprove her ability.

M. Tardieu continues: "In May last Germany made a stupid offer to pay as her total obligation 100,000,000,000 marks in gold without interest during fifty years. That is less than 40,000,000,000 in actual value. None of her actions since that date have corrected the impression conveyed by that offer. She has not even profited by the right afforded her in the protocol of June 28 to formulate in four months after the signature proposals for the simplification and hastening of the settlement.

"She has waited for us to weaken. In this she has succeeded, as what has passed in London is proof. But it does not add to our confidence in her.

"Can one say that Germany is manifestly and certainly incapable of paying? Let us get at the statistics of Helferrich. He valued German production before the war at 43,000,000,000 marks and consumption at 33,000,000,000. The war has brought down these figures to 31,000,000,000 and 22,000,000,000. There remains an excess production of 9,000,000,000, of which the present value is doubled.

"Germany has lost much. But she is also a country whose population increased 52 per cent. in thirty-five years; a country whose coal production in the same period rose from 24,000,000 tons to 208,000,000; a country whose productivity per acre was in 1914 one hundred and fifty times greater than France. Lord Robert Cecil says that Germany will perish if we do not run to aid her. His statement lacks proof.

Mr. Tardieu goes on:

"Now, having looked at Germany, let us look at France. My honorable friend thinks that Germany will perish if the treaty is executed. But if the treaty is not executed what I ask will become of France, whose foreign debt at the present rate of exchange is 257,000,000,000 francs; of France who paid 4,000,000,000 francs in taxation and this year must pay 18,000,000,000; of France which has lost the industrial region which formerly produced 94 per cent. of our wool, 90 per cent. of our minerals, 70 per cent. of our sugar, 55 per cent. of our coal, 42 per cent. of our electric power; of France which has lost one-third of her merchant fleet, has a deficit of over 2,000,000,000 francs on railways and 20,000,000,000 francs on trade; of France which has lost on the field of batitle 37 per cent. of her manhood between the ages of 19 and 34 years?

"That is why when one speaks of nations in danger as Lord Robert Cecil does one should think first of France, for France was not the aggressor. That is why in the work of consolidation France demands that she shall not by revision of the treaty be compelled to take second place behind Germany. We want Germany to work and to produce, but if to do so she must be aided, we ask (and it is our right) that she should not be aided at our expense. If to aid Germany there are appeals for economic solidarity we want to benefit by that solidarity before Germany does. Our ruins are her work. Her restoration ought not to come before ours.

"Lord Robert Cecil wishes to lighten the conditions created by the treaty. Will he permit me to tell him that the mehod he is taking is wrong and that others are open. The treaty is not perfect. On the other hand it is exactly in conformity with the basis of the armistice and with regard to Germany perfectly just, because (I quote from the letter of Philip Kerr) 'the heavy charges which it bears are imposed in the name of justice by the peoples whose welfare and prosperity have been gravely wronged by culpable acts which Germany can never completely repair.'

"But if with regard to Germany the financial clauses of the treaty were just, they were less so for the Allies. More exactly, (and Clemenceau twice declared it) they are incomplete. The unity of the nations maintained with regard to Germany by the Reparations Commission. The treaty safeguards nothing of the solidarity, so slowly and laboriously won, while the war lasted, with regard to raw materials, food supplies, credits and exchange.

It is at this point that Tardieu makes the statement with regard to President Wilson and the financial solidarity of the League of Nations. Then he goes on:

"Those who do not find it sufficient to adapt as time changes the circumstances of these organizations born of the Treaty of the League of Nations and the Reparation Commission, have a clear duty: it is that, before they concern themselves with Germany, they offer to France security in exchange for those which their suggestion seems to give away.

Changes in British Cabinet.

LONDON, March 19.—Official announcement is made of the appointment of Thomas J. McNamara, Parliamentary Secretary to the Admiralty, to the portfolio of Minister of Labor, in succession to Sir Robert Stevenson Horne. Sir Robert will become President of the Board of Trade, succeeding Sir Albert Stanley. Charles A. McCurdy, at present Secretary to the Ministry of Food, is appointed Minister of Food. Mr. McCurdy succeeds George H. Roberts, who resigned as Food Minister early in February.

Transport to Bring Poles Back.

DANZIG, March 17.—The United States transport Antigon has arrived here, having been sent by the United States Government to take back to America the 8,000 demobolized Polish-Americans who fought in France under command of General Haller. The men, brought to Poland after the armistice was signed, will sail for the United States before the end of March, unless unforeseen railway difficulties arise.

Denies British Pledge to Belgium.

LONDON, March 19.—The correspondent of The London Times in Paris says he is in a position to state that there is no truth in a report from Brussels that the British Government has guaranteed military support to Belgium for five years in case of an attack by Germany, and also that France and Belgium have signed unconditionally a treaty of alliance for an indefinite period.

Old Guard Elects Officers.

At the annual election of the Old Guard Veteran Battalion, held at its headquarters, 229 West Fifty-first Street, the commanding officer, Major Edward Havemeyer Snyder, was again re-elected. This will be Major Snyder's third consecutive year as head of the Old Guard. Other officers elected were: Company A, Captain, Frank H. Clement; First Lieutenant, Mark J. King; Second Lieutenant, Charles A. Du Bois; Company B, Captain, Daniel M. Woods; First Lieutenant, Benjamin D. Jacobs; Second Lieutenant, Robert T. Rasmussen; Company C, Captain, C. Russell Hurd; First Lieutenant, John Bene; Second Lieutenant, Phillip S. Tilden; Treasurer, George W. Abbott.

SAYS LUDENDORFF WAS THE WIREPULLER

Bernstein Accuses the Former War Lord of Being Back of the Kapp Coup.

By LEONARD SPRAY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, March 18.—The suspicion is merging into a certainty that Ludendorff once again has been the evil genius of Germany, that it was he who brought about what may prove its darkest hour. Startling corroboration was given to me today by Edward Bernstein, the veteran leader of German Socialism, who, despite his years, is still in active touch with political circles.

"It is Ludendorff," he said, "who is behind the whole thing, who was the real wirepuller. Certain facts are known already and others will probably come to light when Kapp and Lüttwitz are brought to trial. Partly the coup had a political motive, partly it was an act of desperation by military desperadoes. The officers of the Baltic troops who were on the point of disbandment were faced with ruin. In any event Lüttwitz, their leader, sought the co-operation of several other Generals, but all the best known refused to participate."

Helfferich, that brave and fire-eater, was offered an important post in the Kapp Ministry, but declined to take the risk.

Asked what the real objects of the revolt were, Bernstein said:

"That is very difficult to conclude. The first quality of these people is stupidity, and they are capable of believing in and hoping for any stupidity. As a matter of fact they had been cherishing an idea of a militarist move ever since last June, when only at the last moment they discarded the plan to prevent the signing of peace. In some such way they found the people were too tired and dispirited to take any interest. Apparently they believed that now the moment had come in consequence of a combination of political circumstances, of which the Erzberger trial was the chief, unfavorable to the Government."

When I suggested that the promoters of this conspiracy may have believed that in the event it failed and a Communist rising was the immediate result, the latter would itself produce a reaction in their favor, Bernstein replied: "To a mind like Ludendorff's even that is possible."

"One thing this business has achieved," he continued, "is to increase the German people's hate of militarism. If the difficulties just ahead are overcome good may come out of evil. Anti-militarist feeling is now so strong the whole military system of Germany will have to be revised. There will be still stronger democratic control of the army, perhaps even its reduction below the 100,000 allowed by the Peace Treaty. Even such a small army means a terrible financial burden compared with the cost of conscript forces. So that this criminal deed may produce good not only for Germany but for the whole world in leading toward a general disarmament.

"But in the meantime I am afraid there will be much bloodshed in Germany and the cost in money can already be estimated in billions of marks. The Communists may attempt to establish a Soviet Republic, but will fail in the long run. Germany is not Russia and the Soviet system cannot exist in Germany. The Majority Socialists will make concessions to the Independents in the further democratization of the Government and a greater share of labor in control of industries, but they will never agree to a Soviet system."

Concluding, Bernstein expressed strong suspicion of the real purposes of the Russian Bolshevist Government's agents in Berlin, especially as to the likelihood of their providing money for German Communists.

Warrant for Ludendorff?

COPENHAGEN, March 19.—Warrants have been issued for the arrest of General Ludendorff and Colonel Bauer, characterized as Ludendorff's "right-hand man," says a dispatch to the Social Demokraten today from Berlin.

The Berlin correspondent of the Politiken declares that General Ludendorff is compromised in the highest degree in connection with the revolt.

STANDARD OIL GETS $25,000,000 LEASE

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

Theatre on West Forty-second Street, near Broadway, and made a profit of $400,000 in a single day in a Fifth Avenue transaction by effecting a cancellation of the lease with Tiffin Products and making a new lease with I. Miller & Son for twenty-one years on the property at the northwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Forty-sixth Street. The old lease called for $80,000 a year, while the new lease was made on the basis of $80,000.

There has been a strong buying movement within recent months affecting skyscraper office buildings on Broadway, south of Fulton Street. About five weeks ago former Ambassador Henry Morgenthau, associated with Robert E. Dowling and Robert E. Simon, purchased the thirty-two-story Adams Express Building at 61 Broadway for a reported price of $5,250,000. More recently the Exchange Court Building at 52 Broadway was bought by a syndicate of members of the New York Stock Exchange headed by Edwin N. Chapman of the firm of Chisolm & Chapman.

Other recent deals involving million-dollar Broadway office building in the immediate neighborhood include the purchase by Gregori Benenson, Russian banker, of the City Investing Building, 165 Broadway, for about $9,000,000; the acquisition of the Empire Building at 71 Broadway by the United States Steel Corporation for $5,000,000 and the purchase by the International Mercantile Marine of 1 Broadway for $8,000,000. The Henry L. Doherty Company some months ago bought all the downtown Chesebrough holdings on Battery Place and State Street for a reported consideration of $6,000,000.

BRYAN SAYS PEOPLE WILL SAVE TREATY

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

a year in debating over a question of phraseology does not understand the American people or our pressing domestic problems. It may be that the Peace Treaty is down today. I refuse to disbelieve in the possibility of its resurrection."

Mr. Bryan, whose subject was "Beware the Dam," said that the failure to ratify the Peace Treaty was another obstruction which must be removed from the path of human progress. He compared civilization to a mighty stream, which would not be denied, but lifted all obstacles which were placed in its pathway.

Declares Democracy "Dry."

Adoption of the Federal prohibition amendment marked the removal of one of the greatest of these obstacles, said Mr. Bryan, adding that he was proud to feel that the Democratic Party finally had redeemed itself on this question after having been known for years as the party of the liquor interests. He said that a Democratic Senate and House of Representatives had passed the bill which made the District of Columbia "dry" and that it was a Democratic Senate and House that voted to submit the amendment. Eight Democratic States, he said, were the first to ratify, and now every Democratic State has ratified.

"Talk about New York asking the Democratic Party to insult the conscience of the nation by becoming the champion of an outlawed traffic," said Mr. Bryan. "If any of you want to know what will happen at the convention at San Francisco, I might venture a guess.

"One of the things they thought might happen was to write a 'wet' plank in the Democratic platform. They now know that it is not possible. You will find that long before the convention meets no Democrat will dare to ask for a 'wet' plank. There will not be a 'wet' Republican who will dare to ask it of the Republican Party. There will be no 'wet' planks in the platform adopted either at Chicago or at San Francisco.

"Next, they will want to straddle. That is the usual attitude of the 'wet' politician of either party. They will want to get a platform that says nothing and get a candidate who says nothing and then pledge him in secret.

"If you think that we are going to allow a bunch from New York to come out there and saddle us with a non-committal platform and a non-committal candidate you are mistaken. The Democratic Party is not a non-committal party."

Quotes Former Party Pledges.

Mr. Bryan read extracts from the Democratic national platforms of 1868, of the civil war. This, he said, had pledged support to the Constitution with the amendment ending slavery and with other amendments growing out of the Civil War. This, he said, had always been the Democratic Party's position, and must always be its position if it would be a party pledged to support the law.

Speedy ratification of the woman suffrage amendment was predicted by Mr. Bryan. "Women's influence is needed just now," he said, "to silence opposition to the prohibition amendment and to hasten the day of universal peace. Woman's influence is needed throughout the world to oppose universal military training and to provide for a referendum on war except in case of invasion."

The profiteer and private monopoly were listed by Mr. Bryan as the two obstacles to progress needing immediate attention. He predicted the enactment of drastic laws to curb the profiteers and suggested the limitation of the profits of merchants just as the banker's interest

NOSKE WON'T RESIGN; WILL PUNISH REBELS

His Correspondent Failure of the Junker Revolt Proves German Democracy.

ASKS ALLIES TO BE LENIENT

Says That Strong Measures Would Only Be Giving Reactionaries Material for Propaganda.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 19.—Noske, the German War Minister, has not resigned. He remains in the saddle pledged to punish the authors of the Berlin upheaval and to curb the Spartacides. The correspondent of Le Matin at Stuttgart telegraphs that he interviewed Noske at 1 o'clock this afternoon and that Noske denied any intention of resigning.

Noske gave the correspondent a strong statement declaring that the failure of the militaristic effort showed that love of democratic Government lay deep in the hearts of the German people. He said:

"The resolute resistance which the military and reactionary coup d'état has met with among the masses proves how deep are the roots of the democratic ideal in the great majority of the German people. The rascals of the reactionary coup have been swept away with force before they were able to establish themselves in the ministerial seats they coveted.

"The German Government has always felt clearly that successive manifestations of war and of revolution would not easily give place to a normal and peaceful situation. At the same time we have always felt that the social classes whose ambitions perished in the revolution would not accommodate themselves without resistance to the insignificant position to which German democracy condemns them.

"The passing success which their political intrigues have had can only be explained by the fact that the allied Governments have only slowly and with extreme difficulty understood the situation of the German people and of the new democratic Government. I have always drawn the attention of official representatives of the Entente and of members of the press to the great difficulties which the execution of the military demands of the Peace Treaty entailed. The destruction of the gigantic army of from six to seven million men and the creation of a tiny army could not be effected without disturbances. Ten thousand officers have been deprived of their livelihood and see themselves condemned to a future quite uncertain and full of privation.

"The economic life of Germany is paralyzed in many of its branches. In every occupation there is an excess of labor. It is therefore comprehensible that all those who ought, under the treaty terms, to be dismissed within a short time, should be filled with concern with regard to their future. Agitation by dismissed officers and by reactionary fools would not have had any success among the troops if they had not also felt themselves in danger of being without work.

"An allied note forced me to order the demobilization of two brigades of marines within ten days. Demobilization of these brigades ought to be followed within a few weeks by that of from 50,000 to 60,000 other men. These belong almost entirely to units in Brandenburg and the east of the empire. In Eastern Prussia alone I ought, according to the Entente demands, to dismiss about 12,000 men.

Only the Erkhardt Marine Brigade mutinied, knowing what it was doing. For the most part both officers and men were almost completely ignorant of political intent and obeyed orders of von Lüttwitz without considering exactly what would be the result. Fortunately one can state that the larger part of the troops of the Reichswehr and of West Prussia remained loyal.

"Officers and often non-commissioned officers and men without hesitation remained loyal to the Constitutional Government. That proves, in my opinion, that the Reichswehr was adapting itself more and more to democratic conditions, but was not too optimistic. It is certain also that a large part of the troops which obeyed, at the beginning, the orders of their officers and mutinied against the Constitutional Government were quick to right themselves, and had almost decided themselves to arrest their officers, in whom they had no more confidence.

"Naturally it will be some time before the damages caused in Berlin by this revolt against our economic life can be repaired. It is to be hoped that because of these regrettable events the allied Governments will understand that vigorous action against the German Republic would have no other result than to furnish arguments for reactionary propaganda in Germany."

ANTI-SEMITIC WAVE ACCOMPANIES REVOLT

Baltic Troops Accused of Part in Agitation Which Disturbs Berlin Jews.

BERLIN, March 18 (Associated Press).—A sudden and widespread revival of the anti-Semitic movement made itself felt today, when at intervals throughout the day leaflets were distributed protesting against the presence of Jews in public office and attempting to inflame the public mind by cartoons picturing the German people as starving in a cage while well-fed and prosperous Jewish merchants look on and are made to say: "Don't feed the animals." Prominent Jewish residents are outspoken in expressing their serious apprehension over the recurrence of the movement at this time.

The Baltic troops, which made such a sanguinary departure from the city, are accused of taking a leading part in the agitation, and numerous inciting handbills are attributed to them. Among the anti-Semitic street speakers were Baltic officers and enlisted men.

Since the first German revolution in November, 1918, it has been estimated that about 80,000 Jews from Russia, Poland, Galicia and East Prussia have come to Berlin. The Jewish population of the capital now is estimated at 210,000 persons. The great influx of Jews stirred up feeling because of the widespread circulation of reports that many of the Jews were speculating in foodstuffs and other necessities, and also operating as money lenders.

The Jews are generally keeping off the streets today. The recrudescence of the anti-Jewish movement is attributed by some to the attempts of the conservatives to combat the growing strength of the radical elements, many leaders of which are Jews.

GERMAN SOVIETS GROWING.

French Business Men, Motoring from Berlin, Report Reds Active.

PARIS, March 19.—French business men who have just come through from Berlin by automobile found armed groups at the entrances to all towns, the groups sometimes composed of very young men, questioning travelers and delivering passes in the name of some local workmen's association, says the Temps.

The business men are reported as asserting that the tendency toward Sovietism is undeniable. They say, however, there is a total lack of organization and that it is impossible to state whether the feeling will develop or die.

The travelers were also struck by the absence of a desire for work on the part of these workmen, declaring that German manufacturers with whom they talked had confirmed these observations.

BERLIN IN GRAVE STRAITS.

Strike Is Not Yet Ended and There Is Political Chaos.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, March 19.—The chaos in Berlin is greater than ever, says the Rotterdam Sche Courant's correspondent, in a long distance telephone message.

In Wilhelmstrasse a few officials of Ebert's Government resumed their duties, but Kapp's officers and soldiers guarded the entrances to buildings, refusing to allow many visitors to enter.

Kapp's troops maintained their insolent attitude of bravado until the last, their officers making incendiary speeches in the street. Commander Ehrhardt told his troops he was obliged to postpone his political plans, but would not consider allowing the troops to be disarmed.

On leaving, the soldiers scattered anti-Semitic leaflets from automobiles, urging pogroms and the murder of Oscar Cohn and other Jewish Socialists. Firing in the town continues and the disorder is indescribable.

In West Berlin and Charlottenburg there is great unrest.

Much more serious, however, is the political situation. No one knows what will happen as to the strike. Even the majority Socialists have made no decision but intend to impose conditions which must be granted before work will be resumed. These conditions will include changes in the Government's policy and important shifts in the Cabinet.

The Socialist groups refuse to hold a conference. It is reported that representatives of the international have arrived in Berlin to organize groups.

ALLIES WILL PRESS GERMANY TO DISARM

Firm Note Will Be Sent as Soon as Ebert Resumes Control.

APRIL 10 IS THE TIME LIMIT

Germans Suspected of Exaggerating Red Uprisings to Obtain More Delay.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.
Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 19.—While the Allies have followed a policy of non-interference in the German political situation, that does not mean that the recent occurrences there will be overlooked by the Entente. The resumption of active control by the Ebert Government, which is expected next week, will be the occasion of the sending of a very firm note by the Allies setting forth their determination to enforce the Treaty of Versailles and laying special emphasis on its disarmament provisions.

On April 10 the German Army should have been reduced to 200,000 men, and in view of the fact that Von Kapp's move was possible through the connivance of the Iron Division, which should long ago have been disbanded, the Allies will probably insist on strict measures to enforce the whittling down of German forces to the required proportions by the end of three weeks.

The French have a deeper interest than any other nation in the disarmament of Germany, and it is likely that Marshal Foch will recommend the occupation of the Ruhr Basin should Germany not fulfill the disarmament terms on schedule time.

The French Foreign Office blames the whole disturbance in Germany upon what it regards as the weakening of the Allies in treaty demands. Consequently it contends that the Allies should go no further in that direction. There is also the oft-voiced opinion in Paris that America's failure to ratify the treaty was partly responsible for the present troubles.

According to French information, President Ebert has not gone to Berlin, but remains in Stuttgart. He may go to the capital Monday, accompanied by the National Assembly, whose leaders hope to resume their sessions in Berlin next week.

Official French reports say that the Wolff Agency reports of Spartacide uprisings in Germany are exaggerated, for the purpose of furnishing arguments against the reduction of the German Army. The French say they have reports from the Ruhr district this morning saying that all is calm there and that the workers are going back to their jobs. Reports from Berlin this morning told of great disturbances in the Ruhr Valley.

French officials frankly doubt the existence of a Spartacide peril in Germany. They note outbursts in many places, but say these happenings are sporadic and have no great significance because of their disconnection. They do not share the English view of a Red danger across the Rhine. The French idea is summed by La Liberté, which says:

"We must not forget that it is to Germany's interest to exaggerate these incidents. She seeks a pretext to conserve her effectives. The Einwohnenwehr and the Sicherheitswehr, which played the capital rôle in von Kapp's efforts, exist, it is proclaimed, for the purpose of fighting Spartacism. Germany is probably seeking to keep these forces, which we are determined she shall not keep, to be used as the basis for a conquering army."

The French point to the declaration of Captain Erhardt to the Iron Division, in which he said that the division would never allow itself to be disbanded. They say they will insist that this division, which has given the Allies so much trouble since the days when von der Goltz led it into the Baltic provinces, be done away with. They also remark that the action of the Iron Division, in firing upon Berlin crowds yesterday, as it left the capital, shows that it is not of the sort of armed force that can be tolerated in Germany.

There is no confirmation of the report that Noske has resigned, and doubt is expressed of its truth.

It appears that there may be some friction between President Ebert and Herr Schiffer, his Minister of Justice, who holds power in Berlin for the moment. The report that Noske had resigned came from Berlin, and was accompanied by the report that General von Seeckt, who commands the Reichswehr in the Berlin district, would succeed him. Apparently that is all news to Stuttgart. Another report from Berlin, that Schiffer is to succeed Bauer as Chancellor, lacks confirmation.

Furthermore, the reports of the concessions which the Ebert Government was to make have all come from Berlin, and not from Stuttgart, which gives further ground for the suspicion that Schiffer and Ebert may not be in complete agreement.

Yesterday's session of the National Assembly at Stuttgart produced a favorable impression here. The declarations of the Majority Socialist leader, Philipp Scheidemann, arraigning the militarists were especially well received. All the Paris papers give prominence to his statement with regard to the authors of the Berlin coup: "What these people wanted was to re-establish the régime under which the Prussian Kings would dance to the music of the Junkers."

The Ebert Government before the Assembly yesterday made much capital of the fact that von Kapp demanded that the army should not be reduced as the treaty provided, and it is assumed that Ebert will do his best to meet the conditions laid down in the treaty.

ASSEMBLY FEARS TO GO TO BERLIN

Considers Continuing Sessions at Stuttgart Till Disorders Abate.

STUTTGART, March 18 (Associated Press).—The members of the National Assembly today discussed the advisability of remaining in Stuttgart for further sessions, instead of convening the Assembly in Berlin Tuesday, owing to the prevailing conditions in the capital.

The Government is still hoping that there will be some way to prevent being forced to accept the resignation of Gustav Noske as Minister of Defense. A Socialist Party caucus, with a few opposing voices, has decided to request Noske to remain in the Cabinet.

It was said today that Philipp Scheidemann's attack on Noske yesterday was not authorized by the Socialist Party.

Should Noske retire it seems probable he will be succeeded by General von Seeckt, now in command of the troops in Berlin. Dr. Schieffer, the Minister of Justice, is being mentioned for the Premiership in the proposed reorganized Cabinet. Herr Noske was present at the Assembly session today when Philipp Scheidemann, Majority Socialist leader and former Premier, attacked the Minister of Defense in a stirring speech and demanded a radical overhauling of the Cabinet. Herr Henke, leader of the Independent Socialists, asked Herr Noske where he was when the Kapp forces had their hands at the Government's throat and why he did not "break their bones," but Herr Noske by this time had disappeared from the chamber.

Representatives of all the principal parties at the session delivered speeches condemning the Kapp movement and urging the punishment of the guilty. The speechmaking lasted from 4 o'clock until nearly 9. Herr Scheidemann in the course of his address said:

"Any one who had eyes could see how anti-Republican sentiment had been growing in the security guards, the monarchist officers becoming more and more insolent."

He attributed Dr. Kapp's downfall to the response made by the workingmen to the call for a general strike.

The Government has instructed the court at Leipsic to draw warrants against nine of the principals in the revolt movement, but there is still discussion of how severely these men shall be punished. One element in the Government has suggested that only a single culprit be shot as an example. Efforts were being made tonight to have the Socialists agree to this program instead of insisting upon the execution of all those who should eventually be convicted of treason.

The Austrian Ambassador and the French Chargé d'Affaires, who are in Stuttgart, are residing at the same hotel as the German Ministers, and some conferences have been held with them.

The Government is maintaining a censorship upon the newspapers, but has let it be known that no restrictions will be placed on foreign correspondents.

BERLIN, March 18 (Associated Press).—While statements have been issued in Stuttgart by the Ebert Government that no negotiations of any nature had taken place with the Kapp régime in Berlin and that a compromise of any kind was out of the question, the developments here regarding the formation of a new Cabinet would make it appear that the chief demands which had been made by the Kapp interests had been virtually agreed to.

PARIS FEARS REDS MAY WIN IN BERLIN

But Thinks Ebert Has Compromised with Bourgeoisie to Fight Communists.

SEES THEIR HELP NEEDED

Believes Revolt May, if Things Go Well, Have Actually Strengthened the Government.

By WALTER DURANTY.
Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 19.—Through the fog of lies, rumors, propaganda, "news" and general confusion which obscures the situation in Germany it is felt here that something in the nature of a compromise between the Ebert Government and the German popular party or Democrats has been reached. The latter includes the higher bourgeoisie, big business and industrial interests, agrarians and the more moderate sections of the former supporters of the Kaiser and militarist régime.

They form the strongest party in the country outside the Communists, and if Ebert is to defeat the Communist movement it can only be, it is said, with their assistance. The Kapp-Lüttwitz group undoubtedly counted on their support and failed because it is not forthcoming.

Nothing, it is said here, is more certain than that Ebert will oppose the Communists to the utmost. In fact Germany, it is held, is now in the same position as Russia after the overthrow of the Czar. There has been a change of Government but no real revolution—the oligarchy of the governing class still maintains control. When Lenin set out to beat Kerensky his watchword was "full reolution; no compromise with the bourgeoisie."

He argued that to leave the oligarichy of the higher bourgeoisie in power meant simply a change of label without any real differences.

In Germany the original revolution in November, 1918, was a real revolution by the workers and soldiers, who held power for the first few days. Then the leaders of the oligarchy reasserted themselves and the power passed back to the governing class. A labor element tried to make th erevolution complete—as Lenin had done—by the Spartacist rising of January, 1919. They were defeated, and as a result of their attempt and its defeat the hold of the oligarchy on the country was still further strengthened.

During the last fifteen months, however, the sympathy of this governing class, which really ruled Germany, has been for various reasons gradually alienated from the Cabinet, which nominally held the reins of power. Von Kapp and Lüttwitz speculated erroneously on this alienation. They have disappeared, but the Cabinet has realized that unless it can win back the support of the leaders of the oligarchy its days are numbered.

The oligarchy has no less interest in reaching a compromise on account of their fear of the Communists and on the extent and genuineness of this compromise and on its working success as a practical factor depends victory or defeat of communism, it is thought here. If it works well it may be that instead of being weakened by the military upheaval as was Kerensky, the Ebert Government, it is said, may actually have been strengthened.

The French Socialist press points out that the events of the last week have resulted in the issue being clearly defined in Germany. Henceforth it is evident, it says, that there are two antagonists, the proletariat and the oligarchy, the higher bourgeoisie governing class or whatever it may be called.

Whether, as some French newspapers appear to think, the Ebert Government will make so many concessions as to become little more than a "puppet, "a prisoner of a plutocratic-military-bureaucratic-Agrarian oligarchy," one French writer terms it, or whether the latter's own fear of the Communists will cause the Government to be left with a fair degree of independence, really doesn't matter, it is said here. The point is that in the eyes of the Socialist the revolution is not complete, and they are out to make it so.

Their success or failure will hinge, it is said, on the degree of unity among their opponents and on the extent to which the latter can depend on the Reichswehr to meet the proletariat weapon of a general strike.

Judging by the paralyzing efficiency of proletariat methods against von Kapp and Lüttwitz, it is thought here that the odds are in the Communists' favor, providing, of course, thata they can duplicate the same performance against the bourgeoise oligarchy.

BAUER STARTS FOR BERLIN.

Chancellor, with Two Other Ministers, Leaves Stuttgart for Capital.

STUTTGART, March 19 (Associated Press).—Chancellor Bauer, Dr. Herman Müller, Minister of Foreign Affairs, and Herr Giesberts, Minister of Posts and Telegraphs, left Stuttgart for Berlin on a special Government train at 8:10 o'clock tonight.

SEE KAISER AFFAIR CLOSED.

Dutch Press Express Satisfaction at Government's Stand.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, March 19.—The Dutch press express great satisfaction at the decision taken by the Netherlands Government as regards the ex-Kaiser. The Rotterdamsche Courant says:

"Now that a definite decision has been taken in the matter of the extradition of the ex-Kaiser and his residence formally regulated according to the letter of the allens law, the incident can be closed, and it is hoped that we won't excite ourselves at every event in Germany as though we did not trust our Government to do its duty."

The paper hopes the Entente will not continue to interfere in this matter or to make difficulties, and further states that every visitor to Amerongen, including many American journalists, who spent weeks and months there in order to see the ex-Kaiser's nose and make "copy," must have remarked that the ex-Kaiser is not treated like an ordinary alien.

"Americans who tried to storm Amerongen Castle, [Luke Lee and his aids] saw how difficult it was," says the paper. "All this shows how carefully the ex-Kaiser is guarded. [No reference is made to the admittance of German visitors.] It may be the allied Powers business to see that the ex-Kaiser does not become the centre of political intrigues, but it is the Netherland's affair to guard him. Measures would, however, be useless if explained in detail and would give the Entente occasion to interfere in the Netherland's business, and the Socialist schaper need not get nervous."

The Nieuwe Courant points out that the royal decree merely formulates definitely what happened long ago, but throws a dam against the mud which has been thrown at Holland. The paper considers the measure of a very serious nature. "Similar confinement of an ex-Monarch is without precedent in history and if the ex-Kaiser has not conformed correctly to the rules and regulations of the agreement in connection with his presence here during the last fifteen months, the present prisoner at Amerongen would have had his movement to resort to such severe measures was a difficult task for the Government to resort tto such severe measures without giving the impression of yielding to pressure."

Reports Scheidemann to be Premier.

PARIS, March 19.—A dispatch from Cologne quotes the Kölaer Tageblat as saying that President Ebert has arrived in Berlin and requested Philipp Scheidemann, former Minister of Foreign Affairs, to form a Cabinet.

LOOK FOR KAISER'S HAND IN REVOLT

Prussian Finance Minister Says Report of Intrigue Is Being Investigated.

APPEALS FOR OUTSIDE AID

Government Faces Another Hard Test Next May and Must Be Strong, He Says.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, March 18.—Up to noon today none of the members of the Federal Government had returned, though they were hourly expected, some traveling by automobile, others by airplane. The Prussian Government, however, is fully reestablished and conducting business as usual, besides attending to the functions of the Federal Government.

The Prussian Minister of Finance, Dr. Südekum, never for one moment deserted his post during Kapp's occupation. Loyally supported by his whole staff, on Sunday morning Dr. Südekum ventured daringly into the lion's cage, facing Kapp and telling him that unless he evacuated Wilhelmstrasse within six hours all the trains throughout Germany would be stopped by 12 o'clock that night. That same night Kapp sent an officer and several men to the Prussian treasury to take possession, but Südekum simply refused to admit them. The next day another detachment appeared to search the house for "conspirators."

"I told them," Secretary Sudekum said, relating the story to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent, "for conspirators they must look in Wilhelmstrasse and banged the door in their faces."

THE TIMES correspondent mentioned a report circulating among officers that Wilhelm "II. had financed Kapp's "Putsch."

Looking for Kaiser Intrigue.

"We're trying to find out what there is in it," said Herr Südekum. "Of course we are convinced the Kapp 'putsch' was undertaken in the interest of the monarchy. If we find the Hohenzollerns are behind it, it will not go well with them, as Wilhelm's action as the heaed of the family must reflect on his whole family.

THE TIMES correspondent asked what would be Kapp's and his friends punishment.

"That will be left to a truly republican court of justice," was Südekum's answer, which implied that no old-time bureaucrat would be selected for this job.

Südekum once more referred to the exclusively monarchist character of Kapp's revolution, Kapp, with a large number of intimate friends and officers, mostly younger men, having fled to parts unknown and asked THE TIMES correspondent to explain to the American people that "such a revolt would have been impossible if the Entente had not imposed an inhuman peace upon us under the false pretense that it was based on Wilson's Fourteen Points."

"Germany is being badly abused by the whole world," he continued, "and prevented from getting on her feet again while at the same time unsettled affairs at home contribute to endanger her existence. It is impossible to maintain law and order with 100,000 men conceded by the Entente. You may say America is doing it with less, but remember in the United States you live in orderly conditions and nobody questions the republican form of the State. We have 100,000 retired officers who are desperate because they have no way to make a living, and among them are reactionaries who will commit any crime for the return of the old times.

"These were the ones who persuaded and fooled the common soldiers into rebellion, pretending they were for an honest republican government but not for monarchy. If we had raw products we could employ these ex-officers and they would forget the old times, but we can not offer them anything. If only America and the Entente would give us raw products everything would yet turn out well. We can pay with coal and nitrate acid but we need quick help.

Another Test in May.

"If by May things are not straightened out and in better shape the Republic will again face a grave crisis," continued Minister Südekum. "In May the new elections will take place, and we know the reactionaries will sacrifice tremendous treasure to swing it their way, knowing it is their last chance. By May, too, the Russian Government will be in position to afford the German Bolshevists military aid, and with radicals of both extremes against us we shall be unable to resist upless we can show the people material results of republican rule."

"You don't expect any repetition of Kapp's enterprise?"

"Indeed not. If you consider that within five days, and without firing one shot, we managed to conquer the monarchist rebellion merely by unanimous will of workmen, official employes and citizens generally, you must admit the republican faith has become deep-rooted in the people. They obeyed our strike order like one man. They simply paralyzed Kapp."

"How about the telegraph operators and telephonists?"

"The telephonists worked with our consent and the telegraphists also. Otherwise the strike orders could not be sent. Anyhow the telegraphists told Kapp's men that unless they were permitted to forward the old Government's messages they would refuse to work for the new Government. If Kapp had lasted one day longer the telephonists and telegraphists too would have struck."

"And are the masses obeying the order to return to work with equal enthusiasm?"

"The wheels of the commonwealth are quickly brought to a standstill but not so suddenly set in motion again. For four days no coal has arrived in Berlin. That means 32,000 railway carloads. Many factories cannot open before more fuel arrives, but tomorrow most people will be at work again."

"What about the Bolshevist danger?"

"That was mainly the invention of the officers and served them as an excuse to their misguided men. Only recently they swore allegiance to the republic, then they took up arms for the minarchist adventurers against the republic. Now that they find themselves deserted by these adventurers they may find some excuse to give their men who have lost faith in them, and so go 'fighting the common enemy.'"

"We are determined radically to reform the army, but I can't give you the details yet," continued Herr Südekum. "I may only say there was a large number of officers and men, even in Berlin, who absolutely refused to join Kapp's forces. These will form the nucleus of the reformed army. Of course, there will be some fighting yet with the anarchist elements, but that will not be serious, either in Berlin or any other part of Germany. The Baltic troops will be withdrawn from Berlin tonight, because the people hate them. They, and the rise in prices which is bound to follow this paralyzation of business, are our gravest care just now. If ever we needed America's and the Entente's aid and good-will it is now."

KAPP-RUSSIAN MEETING?

Delegates of "Black Hundred" at Conference, Moscow Wireless Says.

LONDON, March 19.—Two weeks before the revolt in Berlin, says a wireless dispatch from Moscow, a secret conference was held in Berlin between the supporters of Dr. Wolfgang Kapp and representatives of the Russian "Black Hundreds," the latter including Alexander J. Guchkoff and Prince Volconski.

ANOTHER GREAT D. W. GRIFFITH film, "The Idol Dancer," STRAND Theatre tomorrow.—Advt.

FACT

RECOGNITION OF THE FACT THAT THE CORRECTLY LAID-OUT BUSINESS SUIT IS RESERVED, BOTH IN FABRIC AND TREATMENT, WILL PROVE ADVANTAGEOUS WHEN ONE CARES TO MAKE A SELECTION.

CUSTOM FINISH WITHOUT THE ANNOYANCE OF A TRY-ON READY-TO-PUT-ON TAILORED AT FASHION PARK

FINCHLEY
5 West 46th Street
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HURLEY SHOES

"NONE SO GOOD."

Experience and skill in producing lasts that unite smart shaping and comfort, combined with superior workmanship, are reasons enough for the proven quality of Hurley Shoes.

HURLEY SHOES
1434 Broadway — 1357 Broadway
1177 Broadway — 215 Broadway
41 Cortlandt St. — 254 Fifth Ave.
Factory—Rockland, Mass.

JUNKER FAREWELL A BERLIN TRAGEDY

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

machine guns joined in making a terrific din. From the Brandenburg Gate, too, came firing and for a few minutes it appeared as though the retreating troops might hit back and cause something approaching a massacre.

The great column of troops halted. Those in Wilhelmstrasse ran back into the shelter of the nearest side street. People were yelling everywhere, running into doorways and climbing into low windows. The horses attached to the guns and wagons took fright and bolted, careering away down Wilhelmstrasse and Unter den Linden. Officers and men rushed about with revolvers and hand grenades in their hands. For minutes on end the utmost confusion reigned. Those who saw the terrible scene before their eyes scarcely dared breathe. They were minutes in which anything might have happened.

Meanwhile, the hall of the Adlon Hotel was transformed until it looked like a hospital ward. Two dead and half a dozen wounded were brought in and the latter, placed on sofas and on the floor, were at once attended to by doctors and nurses.

Then silence reigned again. The troops reformed and the march out continued and was completed in the tensest silence, only broken by the dull tramp of marching men and the rumble of wheels.

My colleague Leonard Spray gives me the following account of his afternoon adventure:

"I was driving into the Potsdamerplatz from the west when I met the first column of outgoing troops. The men were singing, and as the crowd was jeering, shouting and whistling some soldiers fired shots into the air. There was a stampede, naturally, though, as far as could see, no casualties occurred. I reached Unter den Linden by a roundabout way, hearing firing in the distance from the direction of the Pariserplatz. I got into a crowd watching the soldiers leave Wilhelmstrasse. Round about me the people were quite orderly and quiet, when suddenly volley after volley rang out.

"The people rushed in a panic down the street. Then mechanically everybody fell face downward or crushed against the wall. I found myself crawling forward. Then the weight of the crowd behind me burst open the door of the branch office of the Lokal-Anzeiger, and there we picked ourselves up.

"From the window I could see large numbers of people and numerous soldiers bolting down the street, panic-stricken. Ambulance wagons were on the spot immediately, but I saw only one man taken away. Then complete silence fell, and the soldiers slowly returned up the street again. Gradually the people left their shelters and returned sullenly to watch the resumption of the march out of the troops."

Junker Army Departs.

It had been arranged that troops which entered Berlin on Saturday morning had to leave by 4:30 o'clock this afternoon. Lined up in marching order, they occupied the whole length of the official part of the Wilhelmstrasse. In the side streets stood the artillery wagons, field kitchens, etc. The Erhardt marine division flew its flags and here and there were artillery and naval bands.

Shortly after 4 o'clock the first contingent began to move, swinging heavily out of Wilhelmstrasse through the Brandenburg gate and turning to the left it went across the Potsdam Paltz and westward out of the city. It was really a wonderful sight. There were marines dressed and helmeted like the soldiers who had a lot to do with the revolution more than a year ago. The guns rattled, the baggage wagons followed and trench mortars and machine guns were dragged along.

It took just about an hour for the forces to pass the Brandenburg Gate, where a little less than six days ago (or is it six months?) they entered to achieve, as they thought, the triumph of their cause. Their defeat had been complete and ignominious. You could see the anger and anxiety on every face. Their great gamble had failed. Was it the exit from the scene of so many Junker glories of the last Junker army which was taking place? It was very appropriate that it was in the Wilhelmstrasse, which has aspired to rule the world, that the last scene was staged. No one who saw it will forget it.

It was an hour of history. It was the passing of the final piece of the pageantry of power which but a few short years ago seemed so rock-firm. It passed in the rain out into the night. With the going of this mass the army of the desperadoes of junkerdom sinks with its dishonored flags into the dust.

By 5:30 o'clock the last troops had disappeared through the Brandenburg Gate and the crowds melted away. The force will march right out of Berlin and spend the night in small contingents in various outlying suburbs. General von Seeckt has taken precautions in the city to prevent disorder and the military police, which remained true to the Bauer government will be at the disposal of the authorities.

As for the general position, the strike is still maintained. The Independent Socialists take up the standpoint that it must continue as a weapon against the Bauer Government. The Majority Socialists have postponed their decision pending the reply to the demands which have been sent to Stuttgart. They demand the resignation of Noske and Heine, the Prussian Minister of the Interior, who are regarded as the two most culpable persons in the Government which permitted the Junker coup to take place. They also insist on no amnesty for those concerned in it and that there should be greater co-operation of workers in labor legislation and administration.

The Bauer Government will return on Saturday or Sunday.

The whereabouts of Kapp and his colleagues are unknown. I learn that Kapp cut a most miserable figure throughout the whole absurd drama. He could hardly be persuaded a general strike had really taken place. When a number of prominent Generals refused to side with him he lost his nerve completely and behaved like a frightened school boy. He broke down completely and wept when it was shown the whole desperate game had failed. He was under the impression the whole country was with him and throughout showed quite a childish political outlook and complete ignorance of the whole situation.

Undoubtedly he was the catspaw of the military clique, but that will not be regarded as lessening the seriousness of his criminal action. It is certain a great treason trial will take place, and a number of very prominent Generals will be haled before the bar. I think it is certain the Communists will not attempt a coup. Däumig, leader of the Left Wing of the Independent Socialists, has, I have heard, declared his faction was not strong enough to achieve power. Even if it did, he admits it could not hold it. Camille Huysmans, the Belgian Socialist leader, and other International Socialists at present here, have been endeavoring to bring about Socialist unity, but the Independents declare that it is only possible if the Majority part abandon its coalition with the bourgeois parties.

The situation in the country causes no little alarm here, especially the state of affairs in Westphalia. A large number of towns there, it is reported, are in the hands of workers who are organizing Red armies. Recruiting offices have been opened. A Red army, variously estimated as between 3,000 and 16,000 men, is reported to be marching on Munster. The ports and South Germany are quiet, with the exception of Thuringia, where armed workers are said to be in possession of authority in many places.

At Stettin the position is also critical, and in the Mecklenburg region the peasants are said to have risen and to have plundered several estates.

Rostock is in the hands of the workers.

Will the result of this mad coup be the disintegration of Germany?

CROWDED OUT

Today The New York Times is compelled to omit 18 columns of advertisements.

RED ARMY CAPTURES ESSEN

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

three persons were killed and eighty wounded.

The Premier added that the troops and the police were now masters of the situation.

Leaflets are being circulated in Hamburg in which the Independent Socialist Party contradicts the rumor that it intends to proclaim a Soviet republic there, according to a dispatch from Hamburg under today's date.

The dispatch adds that fighting is proceeding in the town of Schleswig, seventy miles northwest of Hamburg, between regulars and armed workmen, and, according to reports at hand in Hamburg, there seems to be no prospect of the troops surrendering.

DEMAND SOVIET IN SAXONY.

Workers' Councils Undertake an Extreme Radical Move.

BERLIN, March 19.—Reports have been received here of an extreme radical movement in Saxony and the adjacent parts of the Thuringia. A congress of workers' councils of those districts met at Chemnitz yesterday. Four hundred delegates were in attendance and a resolution was passed with only two dissenting votes, demanding the disarmament and disbandment of the regular troops, the security guard and the volunteers. The resolution also demanded the formation of workmen's guards under control of the workers' councils and the formation of revolutionary employes' and workers' councils.

The resolution further demanded the convocation of a Central Soviet Congress, the establishment of revolutionary courts to try Dr. Kapp, General von Lüttwitz and their supporters, the release of all political prisoners and payment for time lost during the general strike.

A general strike has been put into effect in all parts of Erzgebirge, Vogtland and North Saxony. Collisions have occurred at Gera and Plauen, in Vogtland and at Auerbach and Dorna in Saxony.

Work has been resumed at Düsseldorf, Gelvitz, Hanover, Bochum, Barmen and Duisburg, according to advices received today.

At Kottbus, Prussia, an agreement is reported to have been reached between the senior garrison officer and the leaders of the so-called Red Guard, formed of workmen of the Senftenberg lignite region. The officer promised not to have the Red Guards prosecuted if they immediately surrendered their arms and ammunition and released the prisoners they had taken, while at the same time the troops would release about a hundred workmen who had been made prisoners.

Collisions occurred between a large crowd and the troops at Cassel yesterday, in which several persons were killed or wounded.

The Saxon Government has declared the Leipsic region in a state of siege.

According to advices dated Thursday, Independents and Communists in Arnstadt, ten miles south of Erfurt, formed an executive committee under whose jurisdiction the Burgomaster placed himself. Quiet is reported in the city.

Persons arriving in Berlin yesterday by automobile from points in south Germany report that the radical labor elements are everywhere in charge in the important industrial centres. These travelers state that the workers are not only armed, but are beseiging the Government troops in their own barracks at many points in southwestern and central Germany and that Soviet Governments have been installed in several cities.

Rear Admiral Evers has been appointed station commander at Kiel, replacing Rear Admiral Levetzow. The former has been given an advisory council of four burgesses belonging to various parties.

SCORES ARE KILLED IN BERLIN CLASHES

Soldiers with Machine Guns Shoot Down 80—Officers Slain by Police and Mobs.

BERLIN, March 19 (Associated Press).—Berlin has not yet succeeded in emerging from the chaos into which it was thrown when Dr. Wolfgang Kapp and his associates by a coup d'état took over the Government a week ago. Although most all, if not all, of the troops which formed the backbone of the revolt have left the city proper, disorders continued spasmodically during Thursday night and Friday.

Many additional casualties, both in killed and wounded, occurred during this period.

A party of soldiers attempting to pass the Alexanderplatz this afternoon was stopped by a crowd, whereupon the soldiers fired machine guns, killing some people. The number killed is placed at about eighty.

Several persons were also killed in a clash at Potsdamerplatz.

The American Embassy has notified the American newspapermen that should the situation become dangerous tney and their families can find refuge at the Embassy.

In addition to further shooting, in which a number of persons were killed or maimed in front of the Hotel Adlon, three officers were shot dead and one officer was mortally wounded at 1 o'clock today by members of the security police stationed at the guard house at the Brandenburg gate. The police ordered an automobile bearing the officers, who were reported to have been members of the Baltic force which invaded Berlin, to halt. Thereupon a crowd surrounded the car and the officers opened fire with revolvers on the civilians. An armored motor car appeared upon the scene, and the soldiers in it threw hand grenades into the officers' car and simultaneously the police fired with their rifles upon it. The three officers fell dead and the other toppled over, wounded. Unter den Linden was crowded at the time, and the explosions of the grenades caused a panic. Six civilians were wounded by the bursting missiles and were taken for medical aid into the Hotel Adlon.

In the early morning two persons were killed and seven were wounded in disorders which ended in street fighting.

There was much disorder last night in the outlying sections of Berlin in the workmen's districts east and north of the city and even in the semi-fashionable Schönenberg section, where it is reported that twelve unarmed army officers leaving the city on a truck were dragged off the vehicle by a mob and severely beaten, and several of them were killed.

Reports from cities and towns in various parts of Germany tell of continued operations by radicals. But in some of the cities the radical movement seemingly is waning and workmen are returning to their jobs. This is especially true in South Germany.

The expectation had been that President Ebert and his faithful ministers would arrive in Berlin today to join Gustav Noske, Minister of Defense, and Dr. Schiffer, Minister of Justice, and aid them in their efforts to stabilize the situation. Information from Stuttgart, however, is to the effect that the departure of the Ebert Government to the capital has been postponed and that its appearance here cannot be expected before Sunday, and possibly not until next Tuesday.

According to present plans the National Assembly members will leave Stuttgart in time to attend a meeting of the Assembly in Berlin on Tuesday.

Hope had been entertained that with the overthrow of the short-lived Kapp régime conditions resembling, even in a small measure, those prevailing in normal times, might return, but most of the strikers in Berlin continued today to absent themselves from their posts. Consequently the population still was experiencing difficulty in obtaining supplies.

Until the disturbed railroad condition again is brought to normal the situation will remain acute. Some of the railroads have made attempts to resume service, but their efforts have not proved altogether successful. One train is reported to have arrived in Cologne from Berlin this morning, the journey having been made without incident, and one will leave Cologne for Berlin tomorrow morning. Another train reached Frankfort from Berlin during the day, but a train from Lignitz bound for Berlin found the track torn up at Erfurt and could not reach the capital.

The great feeling of uneasiness here was accentuated today by the non-appearance of the newspapers. The city thus was left prey to the wildest rumors. Everybody was asking his neighbor what next would happen.

The general strike situation in the city remains unchanged. The postal services and the railways and tramways were at a standstill, and the telephone and telegraph employes threatened to strike at any moment.

CANCELS SAILING OF THE IMPERATOR

Cunard Company Will Overhaul Liner, Which Made Southampton with a List.

ASH EJECTOR WON'T WORK

Said to Have Taken In Water—Sinister Predictions of German Engineers Recalled.

SOUTHAMPTON, March 18.—The steamship Imperator, which arrived this morning from New York, will have to be overhauled again, although this is only her second Atlantic trip under her new management. Her next sailing has been canceled.

It is stated the Imperator has not yet been relieved of the list which was observed on her last voyage. This list is said to be due to the fact that her ash ejectors have failed to work and instead of clearing out the ashes have taken in water. The list caused some alarm to those of her 2,000 passengers who did not know the reason for it.

Officials of the Cunard Line said yesterday that they had not received any word from Liverpool concerning the arrival of the Imperator at Southampton on Thursday with a bad list and a general condition of discomfort for the passengers. The dispatch which reached New York late on Thursday merely announced the arrival of the liner. A previous message from the head office, which arrived here Wednesday, stated that the sailing from New York of April 10 would have to be canceled and that the next departure of the Imperator from this port would be May 8.

This caused a great deal of work for the booking clerks in the Cunard office, as the liner had over 1,000 booked in the cabin and many of them tried to take passage on the White Star liner Cedric, which is due to sail on April 10 from New York for Liverpool.

It was admitted by her officers when the Imperator was in this port early in the month that she had made a bad eastward voyage, but they said she had behaved much better coming this way.

German engineers long ago circulated the rumor that neither the British nor the Americans would be able to operate the former German passenger liners properly, because they did not understand the mechanism, and had no plans specially constructed, and had no plans of the ships or their engine rooms.

Marine engineers said yesterday that the listing over of the Imperator was probably due to the coal being taken out of her bunkers on one side and the firemen not understanding how to trim her properly. The failure of the ash ejectors to work properly might also have had something to do with it, they said.

The Imperator was laid up near Cuxhaven at the mouth of the Elbe for more than four years, and her boilers were in bad condition when she was loaned to the United States Government to bring American troops back from France. On the three trips she made to this port with troops the liner had four German engineers and three deck officers to see that everything went right. The only fault found by the United States naval engineers was that the boilers were in such condition that she had to go at reduced speed.

When the Imperator got outside Sandy Hook on March 8 a heavy westerly gale was blowing, and the observers at Navesink noticed that she was flying signals as if her steering gear had broken down and she was not under control.

Since the armistice was signed all kinds of accidents have occurred to the former German steamships under their new flags, mostly with the machinery, and occasionally there have been fires and sinkings at the piers without any apparent cause.

WINITSKY TRIAL STARTS.

Communist Party Secretary Faces Criminal Anarchy Charge.

The trial of Harry Winitsky, Executive Secretary of the New York Communist Party, on a charge of criminal anarchy was begun yesterday before Justice Weeks and a jury in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court. Assistant District Attorney Bowers announced that the prosecution will try to prove that the Communist Party, by means of its manifesto, advocated the overthrow of organized government by force and violence and other unlawful means. Mr. Bowers told the court that Winitsky was present at the Chicago convention in 1919, where the program of the party was outlined, and that he had aided in its formulation and subscribed to it.

Charles E. Donnelly, a special agent for the Lusk Committee, testified to the purchase of copies of the manifesto, referred to by the prosecution, and other publications, at the headquarters of the Communist Party, at 207 East Tenth Street, on Oct. 31. The copies were admitted to the record.

The manifesto proposed a plan for ending capitalism and providing a "workers' republic." It declared the League of Nations to be reactionary. The Socialist Party was condemned and its attitude during the war was criticised on the ground of conservatism and approval accorded to the Soviet of Russia. The American Federation of Labor was declared to be reactionary and a bulwark of capitalism. Assistant District Attorney Rorke submitted to the court what he said was the constitution of the Communist Party.

Held for Profiteering in Sugar.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 19.—Victor Laurence, Amie Grenier and Alphonse Lanoir of the Phenix Public Market at Phenix were arrested by Department of Justice officials today on charges alleging profiteering in retail sales of sugar. They are said by department agents to have made sales of sugar at the rate of 23½ cents a pound. They pleaded not guilty and were held in $1,000 each for trial next Thursday.

EXHIBITIONS AND SALES
AT THE
ANDERSON GALLERIES
489 PARK AVENUE

SALE TO-DAY AT 2:30
"A STREET IN PEKIN"
BEING A NEW YORK COLLECTION OF THE ARTS OF DECORATION OF THE FAR EAST

NOW ON EXHIBITION
THE BEST BOOKS IN BIOGRAPHY, DRAMA, ART, POETRY, HISTORY, TRAVEL, etc., PUBLISHED DURING THE LAST TWENTY-FIVE YEARS, MANY OF WHICH ARE OUT OF PRINT. ABOUT 8000 VOLUMES, OFFERED IN BUNDLES, FROM THE LIBRARY OF THE LATE
GEORGE PEPPERDINE

¶ *To be sold Tuesday, Wednesday afternoons, March 23, 24, at 2:30.*

Sales conducted by Mr. F. A. Chapman.

SURFACE LINES NEED CASH.

Owe $6,625,000 to Deferred Maintenance Accounts.

Testimony given yesterday before the Public Service Commission in an inquiry concerning deferred maintenance accounts of the surface railroad lines disclosed that the various companies owe $6,625,000 to these accounts and that they have practically no money laid aside to pay for upkeep and safe operation.

R. H. Nexsen, the commission's electrical and equipment engineer, stated that needed repairs to pavements, tracks and cars of the New York Railways Company would cost $1,250,000. Some of this money, he explained, would have to be used in repairs to the Eighth and Ninth Avenue lines, which are now under independent management.

Other lines which require the expenditure of large sums in order to make them safe for operation and in good repair, and the amounts each would have to spend, are: Third Avenue Railroad Company, $1,010,000; Union Railway Company, $997,000; the surface lines of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company and the Brooklyn City Railroad Company, $1,091,000; New York and Queens County Railway Company, $410,000; Richmond Light & Railroad Company, $325,000.

The Staten Island Midland Railway Company and the New York & North Shore Traction Company, which have suspended operation, would have to spend $200,000 and $80,000, respectively, before they could resume operation under proper conditions.

The hearing will be continued on March 29.

BARS ARMY FROM PAY BILL.

House Rejects Senate Amendments to Naval Measure.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—After refusing to agree to Senate amendments by which pay increases also would be given officers and men of the army, coast guard and public health services, the House today sent the naval pay bill to conference.

Declaring that Republican leaders seemed opposed to increases for any service men except petty officers and enlisted men of the navy, Representative Crago, Republican, of Pennsylvania, attacked the rule by which the bill was sent to conference, contending that it would block consideration of the other services.

LENIN WARNS ALLIES OF HORVATH DEALS

Note Sent to Allies and United States Says Soviet Regards Anti-Bolshevist Leader as a Bandit.

LONDON, March 19.—According to a Russian wireless dispatch today M. Tchitcherin, the Bolshevist Commissioner for Foreign Affairs, has sent a note to the Governments of Japan, Great Britain, France, Italy and the United States saying he had received information to the effect that General Horvath, anti-Bolshevist commander in the territory of the Chinese Eastern Railway, has entered into negotiations with the Japanese Government, or Japanese companies, for the sale of the commercial fleet on the Amur River.

The Commissioner declares this fleet is a part of the nationalized property of the Russian Government, and his communication adds:

"The Soviet Government expresses its firm conviction that the carrying out of such a transaction will not be permitted by the interested Governments."

The note alludes to General Horvath as a "self-appointed personage" who is considered by the Soviet Government to be, "a bandit subject to a military criminal tribunal," and it gives warning that any relations with him "will be regarded as an encroachment upon the sovereign rights of the Soviet republic."

"Such a transaction will never be recognized by us," the note adds, "and can only hinder the resumption of our normal economic relations with the Japanese Government."

CIRCUS ARRIVES IN SNOW.

Crowd Watches Barnum and Bailey's Caravan Parade to Garden.

In the midst of a heavy snowstorm elephants, camels and other animals and the wagons of Barnum & Bailey's circus paraded down Fifth Avenue last night from the Port Morris station of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad to Madison Square Garden, where the circus opens next week.

A few minutes after the train came a crowd collected to watch the unloading and the start for the Garden, whither the cavalcade was preceded by three mounted policemen.

Small boys there to watch the annual event were few.

Building A Brevities

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BOSTON MASSACHUSETTS
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Tan, Gray, Kid, Buckskin
For Men and Women
The World's Greatest Leather Stores
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Boston—145 Tremont Street
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DELIVERY starts to-morrow. A request received by mail or telephone for "Knickerbocker Service" today, means that the first delivery will be made to-morrow, and from then on approximately at the same hour each day.

So uniform is the Service, that you can almost set your clocks by the arrival of the Knickerbocker wagon.

Telephone Bryant 3700

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Young American, 28, single, college graduate, 7 years' business experience, just returned from second European trip embracing France, England, Belgium and Germany, desires connection with manufacturer or exporter able to give 60 to 90 day credits to foreign concerns of known financial standing. The advertiser has an established office in Paris and is sailing on April 3. He can furnish unquestionable references as to his honesty, ability and integrity. Will also undertake special confidential missions in any of the aforementioned countries. L 177 Times.

AMBERT
EST. 1880
"BETTER APPAREL for MEN"

To-morrow

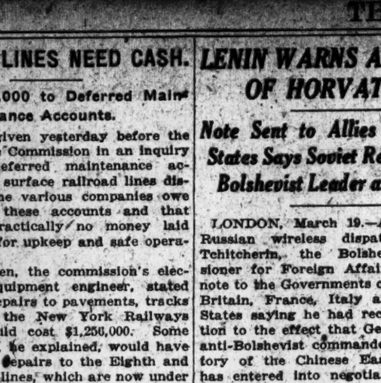
never comes to the man who has the waiting habit. To-day is better if you want to take advantage of our clearance sales soon to end.

Suits, Overcoats, Shoes, Hats and Haberdashery—Many are of color and weight suitable for Spring.

LAMBERT
254 FIFTH AVE. Bet. 28th & 29th Sts.
39 CORTLANDT Bet. 6th & 9th Av. "L"
124 NASSAU ST. and New Haven, Conn.

A 3,000-POUND CATCH.

Huge devilfish caught by the Miami Aquarium Association. Interesting sketch in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.



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In spite of sky-high costs of fur and silk, your Spring Mallory will be of the same high quality that has always distinguished it.

New Spring Styles now showing—see them

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BROOKLYN, N. Y.: F. H. Newcomb
YONKERS, N. Y.: Gideon H. Peck
NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.: I. B. Cohen
NEWBURGH, N. Y.: The Four
ELIZABETH, N. J.: J. P. Weber & Son
JERSEY CITY, N. J.: Julius Berger
HOBOKEN, N. J.: Wear-Best Clothing Co.
NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J.: Houghton & Strauss
NORWALK, CONN.: Rogers & Stevens
STAMFORD, CONN.: Hendrie & Lovatt
DANBURY, CONN.: Levy Bros.
NEW HAVEN, CONN.: C. E. Longley Co. J. L. Disbrow & Co. Farrell & Deakin
BRIDGEPORT, CONN.: Bill's Hat Store

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EXTRAORDINARY values in newest models of Suits and Overcoats—in weights suitable for Spring—at great reductions. Elegant fabrics, superbly tailored. Sizes for all men. Values unprecedented for quick disposal prior to our removal to S. E. corner B'way and 28th St.

Genuine Reductions on
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$30.00 to $35.00 Suits and Overcoats	$24.75
$37.50 to $42.50 Suits and Overcoats	$29.75
$45.00 to $50.00 Suits and Overcoats	$35.75
$55.00 to $65.00 Suits and Overcoats	$44.75
$67.50 to $75.00 Suits and Overcoats	$54.75

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TWEED SUITS FOR TOWN & COUNTRY

Three Smart Models in full color range of Spring Tweeds, Silk Lined
$42.00

WEATHER-DEFYING, sturdy weaves and simple, mannish styles for the Outdoor Woman. Finished with the characteristic care of custom tailoring.

The Norfolk
With its swagger youthful little touch of Sports effect, inverted pleats in back, notched collar, strap pockets and string belt.

The Town Suit
Strictly tailored, with slot seams and shapely cut, big stylish pockets for hip emphasis, string belts, shawl collar.

The Trotteur
Quite as charming in its clever cut—inverted pleats in back, notched collar, patch pockets, narrow belt with buckle.

Splendid values in superior fabrics, wanted colorings and styles. Sizes 14 to 20 and 36 to 44.

Third Floor

New Coats and Capes for Women
$39.50 $45 $49.50

Introducing the Accordion Pleated Capes
also
Polo Cloth Coats
Natural Shades of Tan
Three-Quarter Length Coats
Full-Length Coats

Bolivia
Poiret Twill
Silvertone
Polo Cloth
Velours
Imported Mixtures

Coat Illustrated—$45
Cape Illustrated—$45

Third Floor

Annual March Sale of
Women's Suits
Regular 59.50 and 65.00 Models Have Been Marked
42.50
Which Is the Actual Cost of Making!

We have had the Suits for this Sale copied from costly imported models in one of the most exclusive tailoring establishments in New York. Yet the price is no higher than one has to pay for a commonplace Suit!

Fine Tricotine, Men's Wear and Army Serge constitute the materials. Silk Braid adorns many models—others are of strictly tailored persuasion.

(Fourth Floor.)

James McCreery & Co.
5th Avenue *34th Street*

Mallory
FINE HATS
Sold in New York Exclusively by—
Saks & Company

Among the best-dressed men of the nation MALLORY means *quality* in fine headgear. And remember—only a quality hat can possibly give you service to-day in proportion to the increased prices now universally in effect.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street
Sole New York Distributors

RUMANIA'S NEW BOUNDARIES. A review of the settlements regarding Rumania—the treaty by which Rumania guarantees religious liberty to the minority peoples. A charter of religious liberty (full text). MARCH CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, news stands, 35 cents.—Advt.

TURK NATIONALISTS ORGANIZE TO RESIST

Preparing in All Parts of the Empire to Oppose Partition Plan.

BRITISH DEPORT AGITATORS

Several Deputies and a Prominent Woman Leader Banished to Malta.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 19.—Leaders of the Turkish Nationalists, from Azerbaijan to Palestine, seem to be cooperating in a movement to oppose allied proposals for a peace unfavorable to Turkey. Men closely associated with Mustapha Kemal, leader of the Nationalists, have been skillfully promoting opposition to all foreign interference, it is asserted, and the Arabs, Kurds and other tribes are said to be aligned with forces planning to checkmate any movement on the part of the Entente looking to the partitioning of the country.

The whole movement seems to be political rather than religious, being declared by many not to be Pan Islamic in any way. Whether Bolshevism enters into the situation has not as yet developed, but it may turn in that direction. Mesopotamia has so far held aloof from the Russian Bolsheviki.

Turkish newspapers frankly say the Allies cannot muster sufficient strength to force an unacceptable peace upon the country. They point to Captain Gabriele d'Annunzio's defiance of the Supreme Council of the Peace Conference and other instances in which the Allies have been powerless to enforce orders, and say it would be better, in any event, to risk humiliating defeat rather than have the country "turned into a group of European dependencies."

With the exception of the Marash incident there have been no massacres of Christians, although there are large numbers of Armenians and Greeks at the mercy of the Turks in Asia Minor. These people are living in terror lest they be attacked when the peace terms are made known by the Allies, and even in this city well-to-do Armenians and Greeks are moving into the embassy section, which is under better police protection than outlying parts of the city. In some sections of Asia Minor Christians have appealed to the Entente to send troops, while in other regions the Allies have been asked to withdraw their troops, the presence of the soldiers being regarded as adding to the danger.

French detachments are reported to be meeting stubborn resistance in their effort to occupy districts northeast of Aleppo, where British troops were formerly stationed.

Americans in Asia Minor have been requested to remain absolutely neutral in the event of disorders in districts occupied by foreign armies. Great reliance is placed in Mustapha Kemal's pledge that Americans are not to be harmed, and many Armenians are placing themselves under the protection of American missionaries and relief workers.

Turkish Woman Novelist Exiled.

Halide Edib, the most prominent woman leader among the Turkish Nationalists, and Reouf Bey, Deputy for Sivas and mouthpiece of Mustapha Kemal in this city; Cara Vassif Bey and several other members of the Chamber of Deputies have been deported, presumably to Malta, by the British. They were placed on board the cruiser Hibiscus yesterday a little while before that warship sailed.

After Mustapha Kemal and Reouf Bey, Halide Edib was probably the best-known speaker and organizer in the Nationalist movement. When the Greeks landed at Smyrna and some Turks were killed she cast aside all traditions of Turkish women. She organized and addressed mass meetings and so inflamed the Turks here against alleged plans for the disemberment of the country that the allied High Commissioners forbade further meetings. She has often been described in the British press as a "firebrand and a dangerous agitator."

She was graduated from the American Woman's College here and won recognition as a novelist and poet. She is a widely traveled, handsome woman, and distinguished herself during the war as an aid to her husband, who was head of the Turkish Red Crescent, which fills the place of the Red Cross in the Turkish armies.

Status of General Milne Explained.

PARIS, March 18.—An explanation of the designation of Lieut. Gen. Sir George F. Milne of the British Army as commander of the allied troops at Constantinople is furnished by the Temps today. It points out that although General Franchet d'Esperey, commander of the interallied forces on the Macedonian front, is the superior of General Milne in rank and Constantinople is his headquarters, the British Government insisted after the defeat of Bulgaria that troops sent to the Near East should be under the command of a British officer.

The Temps says that General Franchet d'Esperey is still Commander in Chief of the allied forces in European Turkey, but that General Milne heads the Constantinople garrison.

MISS COBB ASKS HEARING.

Bedford Reformatory Head Wants Chance to Fight Dismissal.

BEDFORD, N. Y., March 19.—Miss Helen Cobb, Superintendent of the State Reformatory in Bedford, whose dismissal was recommended by Commissioner John S. Kennedy after his investigation of alleged cruelties to inmates of the institution, telegraphed to Governor Smith yesterday asking for a chance to be heard and represented by counsel.

Miss Cobb issued a statement denying the charges of cruelty. She said that many of the recommendations of Mr. Kennedy for improved equipment and methods duplicated recommendations of the Board of Managers, but were prevented from realisation by insufficiency of appropriations. She said she was pleased with a paragraph in the report saying:

"The business and financial management seemed excellent, the buildings cleanly, orderly and well-kept, food and clothing ample and satisfactory" and that "excellent plans for education, industrial and domestic training are in operation."

Miss Cobb said that "when I took charge at Bedford I found the discipline at a very low ebb. The inmates were not properly fed or clothed, the buildings were in a bad state of repair and the general morale of the institution was very low."

MISS DEACON WINS LIBEL.

London Paper to Pay £500 for Naming Her with German Crown Prince.

LONDON, March 18.—Miss Gladys Deacon of Boston, Mass., sister of Princess Radziwill, was awarded today a verdict of £500 and costs against The Daily Graphic in court here, as damages for the publication of a libelous article by the newspaper on Jan. 1. The article complained of had asserted Miss Deacon was "banished from Germany, where her name was frequently coupled with that of the Crown Prince."

Owners of The Daily Graphic have apologized to Miss Deacon and made a formal statement that there was absolutely no foundation for the article. Miss Deacon's counsel declares the only time she ever met the German Crown Prince was while she was staying at Bleinheim with the Duchess of Marlborough.

Saks
CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

Ours exclusively in New York!

PADDINGTON TOP-COATS

Made in England!

We were first attracted to The Paddington because we saw it only in the better West End shops in London. It's a coat, you understand, that isn't advertised on every wall and fence; it's really too exclusive for any such boisterous boosting. . . . Well, to make short of a long story, we got the exclusive agency for it in New York and, as events have shown, it was *some* "catch"!

Paddingtons are on a par with Saks-tailoring; if they were not, we wouldn't sponsor them.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th St.

Today, Saturday — *on the Third Floor*

We Shall Hold a Most Unusual Exhibition and

Sale of 500
Hats Exquisite at $10.95

all Paris inspired, taking their cue from the newest creations by such eminent designers as Evelyne Varon, Maria Guy and Maison Lewis.

Almost as soon as a new style in distinctive chapeaux makes its bow in Paris it is mirrored in our Hats Exquisite Salon. Paris creates the styles—we introduce them to New York! And in reproducing the models it is our pride that none of the chic and daring of the original masterpiece is lost.

In this presentation today will be found—

Hats bedecked with gay colored flowers, others with dainty ostrich trimming, hair braid hats for dress wear, new tailored styles and snug fitting turbans. One as pictured. *Third Floor.*

For Saturday Only—

New Satin Baronette and Washable Satin Skirts at $15.95

The most beautiful skirts created for Spring, in styles for sports, street and dress wear, with new pockets—slash, patch, or with flap—and smart detachable belts. Not one skirt in the collection was intended for sale at this low price—and not one can be duplicated when these are gone. Colors:

Flesh, white, taupe, navy blue, and black. Sizes 24 to 36

Also—For Saturday Only

New Plaid and Serge Skirts at $18.95

Pretty box, side accordeon pleated and strictly tailored skirts, for wear with the new over-blouses. The quality of the material and the workmanship is of that standard which makes the best of service a certainty. Sizes 24 to 36 waistbands. *Fourth Floor.*

"Saks" in Your Boy's Clothes

is a positive assurance of quality

No better clothes for boys are made than those to be found at Saks—*and few are as good!* The styles are spirited and full of originality, the workmanship well done, and the materials chosen not alone for their smartness of pattern but also because of their serviceability.

For Saturday:

The following very attractive offerings are submitted

Boys' Highest Grade Suits at $25

With one or two pairs of knickers

You may pay more for a suit, but you cannot get more from a quality standpoint. They differ entirely from average suits, having more quality all the way through. Norfolk and semi-Norfolk styles, produced in woolens of excellent quality, in the latest Spring patterns. Sizes 8 to 18 years.

Boys' Suits with Extra Knickers, $19.75

Splendid for school and general wear. Quite different to suits usually seen at this price. Stoutly sewn where boys give their suits the hardest strain, and developed in a variety of woolens second to none! As different to most suits at this price as daylight is to dark. Sizes 8 to 18 years.

Boys' Serge Middy Suits, Saturday at $8.95

Consider the price of Serge and it will be very evident that these are exceptional values. Regulation model, made of *All Wool* Serge, with braided collar and emblem on sleeve. Sizes 3 to 10 years.

Junior Boys' Suits Special $10

Suits tailored expressly for the boy of 5 to 10 years, and with due regard to the wear and tear such suits receive. Quite original in their styling, buttoning snugly at neck, with detachable white collar. Excellent range of novelty mixtures to choose from—in real boyish colorings. *Second Floor.*

Exceptional Values

Women's Silk GLOVES

Saturday

At $1.89

The ideal glove for Spring wear, at a very, very low price. Elbow length, 16-button, made of silk of excellent quality. To be had in Black, White and colors. *Main Floor.*

For the Youthful Miss

Pretty Spring Hats

Special

$5.75

We are making a special feature of Hats at this price, the variety of styles and the values excelling anything before shown.

Fashioned of Girlish Braids prettily trimmed with flowers and ribbons.

Also—a large collection of tailored hats with ribbon bow or streamers. Ages 6 to 16 years. *Second Floor.*

As a Result of Special Planning, We Shall Offer Today, Saturday,

Junior Girls' Polo Coats Special $23.75

Nothing more youthful nor more fashionable than a Polo Coat. These are among the most delightful to be seen anywhere, in pleated back model with large pockets, leather or self belt. Made of tan Wool Polo Cloth, of excellent quality, half lined. Sizes 10 to 16 years. *Illustrated.*

Junior Girls' Spring Suits

of a very high order in tailoring

Saturday at $25.75

Stunning tailored model, the beauty of which lies in its youthful simplicity. The coat is in yoke effect with mannish pleats, fully lined. Fashioned of Wool Tweeds in rich shades of Brown and Grey. Sizes 12 to 16 years.

For the Girl of 6 to 10 years

Smart Polo Coats Special $19.75

Coats as practical as they are modish, in winsome full length model, of tan Wool Polo Cloth, with large pockets and full leather belt. Half lined. At $19.75 you get them at about their actual wholesale cost in the present market!

Girls' Spring Capes Special at $16.75

Capes that just teem with the vivacity of youth. Fashioned with the greatest of care in Wool Velour Checks, with draped collar in contrasting color, and leather belt. Unequaled at $16.75! Sizes 6 to 10 years. *Second Floor.*

10-CENT MILK PLAN OFFERED BY SWANN

Proposes to Have City Sell Surplus 2,500,000 Quarts Daily at Cost.

ASKS DAIRYMEN TO HELP

Company Defends Limit on Output — Prosecution Under Lever Act Urged.

After conferring with Edward J. O'Malley, Commissioner of Markets, and Dr. Royal S. Copeland, Health Commissioner, District Attorney Swann announced yesterday that a plan is on foot to use $300,000 which the city gained through the recent sales of army and navy foodstuffs for the establishment of stations in the city for the distribution of milk to consumers at about 10 cents a quart. He said that the city could establish such stations in food depots, public health stations and in 600 public schools at the beginning of the Summer, and in that manner the 2,500,000 surplus quarts of milk which Loton Horton, President of the Sheffield Farms Company, recently told him were going to waste every day could be shipped here and disposed of to the residents of the city.

"In my conferences with Mr. O'Malley and Dr. Copeland," explained the District Attorney, "I mentioned the fact that two years ago officials of the Dairymen's League, which represents the producers, offered to ship milk direct to the city during the then pending milk strike, and to distribute it to a chain of stores they proposed to establish here. I hope the Dairymen's League will join us now in our efforts to bring the 2,500,000 surplus quarts of milk to this city, which representatives of the Sheffield Farms Company apparently are trying to cut off."

Mr. Swann said Mr. O'Malley and Dr. Copeland were in favor of the plan. Mr. O'Malley informed him, the District Attorney said, that there are seventy-three public health stations in charge of nurses who could superintend the disposal of the milk, and that each station is fully equipped to handle the milk. Each station, O'Malley said, has a large ice box in which the milk could be stored in ice, and, the District Attorney said, O'Malley suggested that the milk be sold in paraffine containers when it was not possible to sell it in bottles.

City Has $300,000 Fund.

"Commissioner O'Malley said," continued Mr. Swann, "that the containers, as well as the large cans which will have to be used in transporting the milk from the farms can be purchased out of the $300,000 obtained as profit through the sale of Government foodstuffs, and he has promised to work out details for the handling of the milk if the scheme can be worked out.

"After my conference with Health Commissioner Copeland I received assurance that Mayor Hylan undoubtedly will approve of the scheme. I expect to have a conference next Monday with Roswell D. Cooper, President of the Dairymen's League, and several members of the Sales Committee of the league. I shall discuss with them arrangements whereby the Dairymen's League can contract to sell the 2,500,000 quarts of milk each day to the city.

The District Attorney said he was informed that the representatives of the Dairymen's League in this city held a meeting here yesterday, at which, he was given to understand, the proposal to bring the surplus milk to this city was discussed.

After his conference Monday with President Cooper of the Dairymen's League, the District Attorney said, he will arrange for a conference with Mayor Hylan, Commissioner O'Malley and Health Commissioner Copeland. He said a rough estimate of the cost of a quart of milk at the farm placed the figure between 7 and 8 cents, and he was of the belief that if the milk can be purchased from the farmer at that figure the city authorities will be in a position to sell it to the consumers at about 10 cents, which would be at cost price.

Prosecution Plans Laid.

District Attorney Swann said that during the day Henry A. Goller, Assistant United States Attorney, informed him that Francis G. Caffey, United States Attorney for this district, had assigned him to investigate the charge that officials of the Sheffield Farms Company had violated the Lever War-time Food Conservation act by urging farmers not to increase the size of their herds and to decrease their milk supply.

"I informed Mr. Goller I shall place before him all the evidence we have already collected, as well as evidence we expect to have in our possession soon," said the District Attorney. "I believe from the evidence we already have gathered a conviction can be obtained under the Lever act, which specifically prevents limiting the production of food supplies during the war. The Lever act still is in effect, because the President has not proclaimed the war to have come to an end. The act also provides for trials of violators, even though the President should have issued his proclamation ending the war before the trials begin."

Health Commissioner Copeland, commenting yesterday on the efforts of District Attorney Swann to find legal grounds on which to prosecute milk distributers, said:

"The members of the Milk Trust have been breaking the law and will continue to do so when the Milk Conference Board and the representatives of the Dairymen's League meet tomorrow to decide on the price of milk for April. The Federal laws, however, are not sufficient to handle the situation and our only chance for relief is in State legislation."

Defense of Curtailment Notice.

Irwin G. Jennings, head of the Good Will Department of the Sheffield Farms Company, yesterday issued a statement in defense of the order recently posted on the door of the company's milk receiving station at Franklinville, N. Y., ordering decrease in supplies of milk from farmers in the vicinity.

"There are only three ways that a producer may increase his production at will," he said; "by regulating the freshening period; by feeding rich protein foods; by buying more cows.

"The freshening period must be started at least nine months before the time when it is intended that more milk be produced. As the notice complained of was meant to take immediate effect it could have no reference to this method of restricting milk production except for future guidance.

"Rich protein foods are very high in price and subject to shortages and increasing higher prices. This method of increasing the supply should be regulated more or less according to the demand for it.

"Regarding the purchase of more cows, in a declining market for cows, and where a curtailment of a demand for milk is noted, this method of increasing the milk supply would be bad business policy, and those familiar with conditions, mainly the dealers, owe it as a duty to their producers to warn them.

"The demand for milk is not dependent as much as is popularly supposed on its cheapness. Several hundred thousands more quarts of milk were consumed when milk was selling at 18 cents a quart last January than when it was selling at 9 cents several years ago. There never was a time, even when more than half the New York milk supply was at 6 cents or less a quart, that the public consumed as milk all the supply in the months of May and June. Any of the supply, therefore, that is treated as surplus is handled at a loss, which eventually becomes a public loss.

"The following is a fundamental economic principle of the milk business: Furnishing all the milk the public will buy as milk tends to cheapen its price. But increasing the surplus over and above this demand tends to increase the price of milk. The only effect of dumping 2,500,000 quarts of surplus into New York City would be to glut the milk market, break down all the sanitary safeguards of the milk supply and cause tremendous losses both of product and of capital.

Under what rule of moral law and business policy should a milk dealer who has agreed to take all the milk produced by a sufficient number of dairies to cover his needs during the short months, and in order to do this loading himself up with a heavy surplus in flush times, be expected at the beginning of an unusual period of surplus to make his creameries the dumping ground for all the dairies which heretofore have gone to his competitors and these facilities for producing sanitary milk may be in grave doubt?

Loss of $50,000 a Day Figured.

"Thus, if a surplus condition and surplus demand warrant a five-cent price to the farmer, why should the Sheffield Farms Company, which has been ridiculously and unfairly charged with keeping 2,500,000 quarts out of the city, lose two cents a quart or $50,000 a day? On this basis there might be a loss of $1,500,000 per month.

"How would the farmers know conditions, especially the export market, if they were not advised? Were they not entitled under the circumstances to a notice and a warning? Why should they be allowed to buy more cows, to increase a glutted market and thus sell the milk at a loss and probably their cows as well? In as much as all magnanimously agree that the farmers should be allowed to make a profit, and in theory even the milk dealer, who would ultimately suffer these losses but the public itself?

"One thing that would contribute to a lowering of the cost of milk would be to have less surplus in May and June and more milk produced in July and August. The above notice was intended to prevent the regular Sheffield patrons from buying more cows and producing more milk under adverse conditions. It could have no other meaning, as the farmers at this time cannot prevent the freshening of their cows in the months of May or June."

District Attorney Swann yesterday expected to question Leroy A. Von Bomel, a director of the Sheffield Farms Company, about the order he is alleged to have sent to the receiving station at Franklinville, which the District Attorney asserts is a violation of the Lever act, but Von Bomel did not appear at the District Attorney's office. Mr. Swann said he received word from Von Bomel that he was very busy on matters connected with the business of the company, and asked if the District Attorney would not defer the matter until a later date. The District Attorney said he acceded to Von Bomel's request, but said he expected Von Bomel to appear at his office in a few days.

OFFICER SUES MORRIS PLAN.

A. E. F. Man Seeks $50,000, Charging Baseless Judgment.

Edwin H. Quinby, chief engineer of the Consolidated Telegraph and Electrical Subway Company, who served as an army officer abroad, sued the Morris Plan in the Supreme Court yesterday for $50,000 damages. He alleges that he borrowed money from the defendant and lived up to the terms of the agreement, but that through an error, which the defendant admitted, it took judgment against him for the amount of the loan and also against his two indorsers, who were associates in the corporation employing him, and executions were levied against the salaries of all three.

Mr. Quinby said the action of the defendant held him up to ridicule and contempt and caused the employer, who had promised him an increase in salary, to refuse it on the ground that he had brought disgrace upon himself, his associates and the corporation. He contends that the defendant acted wantonly and maliciously.

Discredit Mexican-Japanese Treaty Yarn.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The State Department it was learned today, does not believe any treaty exists which guarantees to Mexico immediate Japanese assistance if Mexico should be attacked by another nation. Alleged negotiations for such a treaty between Eliseo Arredondo, Mexican Minister to Spain, and a Japanese diplomat at Madrid, were reported in press dispatches today. According to the report an important series of letters, the majority of which were exchanged between Arredondo and President Carranza's Government, purporting to pertain to the negotiations for an offensive and defensive treaty between Mexico and Japan, have come into possession of the Senate sub-committee investigating the Mexican situation. The report states that whether or not the treaty involved was ever concluded is a matter of conjecture.

5½% Guaranteed

Years ago we sold Mortgage Certificates at 4%. Later at 4½% and recently at 5%.

We now have a First Mortgage Certificate guaranteed by the Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Company paying Interest at 5½%.

These Certificates are a special issue aggregating $1,500,000 on the great new pier and two large factories of the Bay Ridge Dock Co. at 57th Street, Bay Ridge.

We are selling about $1,000,000 a month in Mortgage Certificates and at the increased rate these will be disposed of quickly.

They are for sale in amounts of $200 or more at any of our offices.

TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST CO.

Capital $5,000,000
Surplus $11,000,000

176 Broadway, 137 W. 125th St., 370 E. 149th St.
175 Remsen Street, Brooklyn
350 Fulton St., Jamaica 67 Jackson Av., L. I. City
90 Bay Street, St. George, Staten Island

FASHIONS FOR WOMEN.

In addition to three pages of the latest fashions from Paris, American dress designs, smart and distinctive, will be given in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow. Order today.—Advt.

Best & Co.

Fifth Avenue at 35th Street
Established 1879

Announce

Spring Showings of Correct

CLOTHES *for* MEN

MADE IN OUR OWN SHOPS

READY-TO-PUT-ON Spring clothes that are different from the usual ready-to-wear clothes because—

Every Garment is All-wool and the best all-wool fabric to be had. The materials were selected and purchased by us direct from the best foreign and American mills.

The Styles are Correct. Designed by us for our own well-dressed clientele and made under our personal supervision in our own New York shops (within five minutes' walk of our store).

The Prices are Lower, though qualities are higher. We have eliminated the middleman's profits. Our clothes go direct from the man who tailors them to the man who wears them.

MEN'S SPRING SUITS
50.00 to 100.00

Tweeds, worsteds, cheviots, homespuns and serges in two or three button models.

MEN'S SPRING TOPCOATS
45.00 to 100.00

Tweeds, homespuns, vicunas and coverts in semi-box or semi-fitted models.

FIFTH FLOOR

McCREERY'S ANNUAL SPRING SALES
Embracing Every Department

EXTRAORDINARY!

One of the most amazing purchases we've ever made

Men's Spring Top-coats

Something very ultra!

$63.50

Regular $75, $85 and $95 Coats!

THEY'RE THE "FIND" OF THE SEASON!

These 200 coats (that's all we could get of them) are strictly high class propositions. Ultra is the word! Let us skim over the details and you can see for yourself what they are. About half of them are imported fabrics—Scotch Tweeds, Hurlingham Heathers and foreign-looking Cheviots. The rest of them are of the best American looms but of the same scope of textures. All of them are silk trimmed and scantily lined as the Spring Slipon Coat should be. There are Raglans, Box Coats and Single and Double Breasted Form-fitting models. Thoroughbreds—every one of them! And not buyable to-day for less than $75, $85 and $95. A most extraordinary offer at $63.50.

SIZES FROM 35 TO 42

Gentlemen:—

The Season calls for a Medium Weight Suit. We have aplenty at - - - - - $46.50

USUALLY $60 and $65

James McCreery & Co.

(Second Floor)

5th Avenue 35th Street

Use 5th Avenue Arcade

Contribute to the Visiting Nurse Service
administered by the Henry Street Settlement

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

Men's Hats

With the advent of the Spring season comes the desire for a change of headgear, this being of equal importance with the other articles of dress.

Discriminating men will find in the new assortments hats of a texture and finish that are especially designed to please the most exacting taste.

Soft Hats, in tan, brown, green or gray, are priced at
$6.00, 7.00, 8.00 & 10.00

Derby Hats, in black or brown, are priced at
$8.00 & 10.00

The Department for Men's Hats is conveniently located near the Fifth Avenue entrance to the Store.

3357—Pottery Fruit Bowl
$3.50 to $25.00

AS every double-sealed invitation comes through the post, mentally tag it "Ovington's," for there you can secure the most charming gifts at prices just as pleasing.

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"
314 Fifth Ave. nr. 32d St.

CADILLAC Model 57, 1918 Limousine Brougham, in very good condition, small mileage. No dealers need apply. Address "Peyser," P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station, N. Y.

Gordon & Dilworth
— REAL —
ORANGE MARMALADE

THE NATIONS OF THE WORLD.

A review of what important events occurred in the nations of the world in February. Each nation separately covered. MARCH CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, news stands, 25 cents.—Advt.

WILL KEEP UP FIGHT AGAINST CATHOLICS

W. H. Anderson Sees Recent Attack as "Working Out to Prohibition Advantage."

FOR A GILLETT INQUIRY

Dry Leader Asks Assembly Who Is Financing Campaign for Beer and Wine Bill.

William H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of New York, in a letter "to the pastors of New York State who intend to see the prohibition fight through," made public yesterday, declared that his attack on Catholics in a letter to Protestant ministers some two weeks ago is "working out to prohibition advantage."

"We knew exactly what we were doing when we started this Catholic proposition," writes Mr. Anderson. "We are surprised at the small number of people that have been alarmed by the Catholic fulminations. We have simply called an ancient bluff and have demonstrated that it is possible to blow the smoke screen away from those who attempt to use the name and prestige of a great Church to further unworthy ends. Catholics who are wet and dabbling in politics as Catholics to promote certain ends are no exception to the rule that turning on the light destroys most of their power for harm. We have been exceedingly careful to avoid starting this row, but now that it has been started by Cardinal Gibbons and the Archbishop of New York and others, we intend to see that it is finished on terms that are in harmony with Americanism." Mr. Anderson also attacked the newspapers in New York and "most of those up-State," calling them lying newspapers.

Would Investigate Gillett.

In a letter to the Assembly of the State of New York yesterday, the Anti-Saloon League chief said:

"While you are 'investigating,' why not do the job right? Everybody knows that the Anti-Saloon League is raising money in behalf of prohibition and spending it to advance that cause, but the situation is not so clear with respect to Colonel Gillett, whose remarks at the hearing foreshadowed and whose name is signed to a large display advertisement printed up-State, the heading of which is so worded that it can be used in every district without special change, setting out the alleged merits of 'his' beer and wine bill and urging support for it.

"Some pertinent questions are:

"Is Colonel Gillett paying for this advertisement personally out of what is left of his $1,500 salary as an Assemblyman, after paying his last Fall's wet campaign expenses?

"If not, who is furnishing the money and who is he a false front for?

"If he is taking money from somebody else to resurrect the breweries, is he working for the people of his district and the interests of the State, or is he working for those who furnish the money?

"Is a brewery booster and lobbyist any less a brewery booster and lobbyist merely because he belongs to the Assembly? What other Assemblyman ever spent money openly for the brewers?

French Wine Propaganda.

"Is Mr. Gillett doing this because of his thirst for beer, or because he loves the brewers? Or, is it in return for favors in the last election or favors expected in the future?

"What is Mr. Gillett's connection with the notorious propaganda of the French wine interests, frankly proposed to be carried on through the American Expeditionary Forces in France, to make them advocates of wine when they returned home?

"Is it not up to the Assembly to start into an investigation of the Anti-Saloon League with clean hands by cleaning up its own premises first? Colonel Gillett proposes to handle the letters of those in favor of beer and wine if they do not know just to whom to write. If there is a tenth as much sentiment for beer and wine as he claims, the correspondence will be enormous. Who is furnishing the clerical force to take care of it? Is Colonel Gillett paying for it? Are the brewers paying for it? Or is it being done by Assembly clerks, paid at the expense of the taxpayers of the State?"

A reply to Woodhaven Post 118, American Legion, was made yesterday by Mr. Anderson. The post resented the charge of Mr. Anderson that some service men are "brewery tools." Mr. Anderson said his statement reflects only upon those members to whom it applies, and not upon the American Legion as a whole. He declared he has no apology to offer, which was asked by the post. Mr. Anderson said that if anybody had discredited the American Legion it is the individual members "who have done discreditable things."

CAN REPEAL DRY LAW.

Father Blakely Counsels Obedience, but Asserts Right to Reconsider.

The Rev. Paul L. Blakely, S. J., delivered a lecture at the Fordham University School of Sociology and Social Service last night on the Eighteenth Amendment.

"The Eighteenth Amendment," the speaker said, "is part of the Constitution of the United States and is therefore the supreme law of the land, and it must be obeyed by every law-abiding citizen, and as good citizens and Catholics we are bound to abide by it, but we are not bound to acquiesce in it.

"There is no law in the American form of government that is immutable. There is no law or phrase of the law that cannot be changed. We formed this Government and we can repeal and destroy it. We accepted this amendment and we can repeal it. We accepted the Volstead act and we can repeal it."

MAY SUMMON ANDERSON.

Assemblymen Talk of Demanding Public Retraction of His Attacks.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 19.—Superintendent Anderson, of the Anti-Saloon League, may be brought before the Assembly to answer for attacks on legislators, which have been termed by them as "vilifying."

Asserting that some action must be taken to put a stop to Anderson's vilification, friends of Colonel Gillett stated tonight that action might be expected Monday night, demanding that Anderson publicly retract his abusive characterizations of Assemblymen who have indicated they will support beer and light wine legislation.

Says Legislators Get Liquors.

JACKSON, Miss., March 19.—Declaring he had reason to believe intoxicating liquors were being sold "openly and brazenly" to members of the Legislature, Major W. Calvin Wells, Federal Prohibition Commissioner for Mississippi appealed to the lawmakers today as a law-abiding citizen to reveal the source of their supply. The lower house voted down last week a bill to appropriate funds to aid the Federal authorities in running down moonshiners.

Calls Dry Referendum Illegal.

Rev. L. P. Tucker, Field Secretary of the New York State Anti-Saloon League, told of the activities of the league in connection with the Eighteenth Amendment to the Constitution last night at a meeting of the Men's Brotherhood of the Fourth Presbyterian Church. He said that the Eighteenth Amendment was adopted in as legal and constitutional a manner as any of the seventeen amendments which preceded it and that the Governor's proposal of a referendum is "absolutely illegal."

FULL TEXT CHARLES M. SCHWAB'S ADDRESS.
"What a Young Man Must Do to Succeed in Business," at Princeton this week, in The New York Times tomorrow (Sunday). Order in advance.—Advt.

TALK OF A HOOVER PARTY.

Move in New Hampshire to Break Old Alliances.

Special to The New York Times.

CONCORD, N. H., March 19.—A movement is under way in New Hampshire to form a third party, with Herbert Hoover as its candidate. Prominent Democrats are identified with the move. Conferences are being held almost daily.

Two days after Mr. Hoover's telegram refusing a Democratic nomination the first conference was held among National Committeeman Robert C. Murchie, former State Food Administrator; Huntley N. Spaulding, Robert Jackson of this city and Clarence E. Carr of Andover at the Eagle Hotel. Jackson, who will go to the Democratic Convention, says he will vote for Hoover "in the convention or out."

HOOVER IN CALIFORNIA RACE

Contests Republican Primary May 4 with Senator Johnson.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.—Delegates pledged to support Herbert C. Hoover and Senator Johnson for the Republican Presidential nomination will contest at the primary election on May 4 for the delegates to the National Convention at Chicago. Political leaders here said they considered it improbable that other candidates for the nomination would enter the State with a list of delegates.

The primary election will have only two other ballots, the Democratic ticket and the Prohibition ticket, and each of these will be uninstructed and unopposed.

NEWSPAPERS RAISE PRICE.

Five Westchester Journals Go to 3 Cents Because of Paper Shortage.

The scarcity and high cost of newsprint paper has forced five daily newspapers in Westchester County to increase their retail price to 3 cents within the last week.

The Yonkers Herald went to 3 cents on Monday. The Tarrytown News suspended publication for one day on Tuesday owing to its inability to obtain white paper at any cost. Next day it raised its rate to 3 cents. The Mount Vernon Argus, Port Chester Item and Ossining Citizen-Sentinel have followed the lead of the others in adopting the 3-cent rate.

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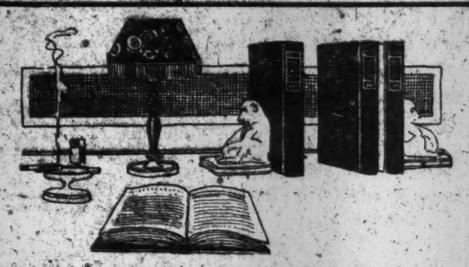

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WOOD'S PLATFORM IS 'SQUARE DEAL'

General Tells South Dakota Voters What He Stands For as Candidate.

DISCUSSES VITAL PROBLEMS

Cheered by Throngs in Section of State Supposed to Favor Another Aspirant.

Special to The New York Times.

BROOKINGS, S. D., March 19.—Major General Leonard Wood, campaigning for the South Dakota delegation to the National Convention, invaded today that part of the State which a few weeks ago was practically conceded to Governor Lowden, of Illinois. Starting at Howard, in Minor County, at 8:40 o'clock this morning, General Wood talked to the people of Lake, Kingsbury and Brookings Counties, all claimed by the managers of the opposition candidates as certain to go against the General in next Tuesday's primaries. That Lowden and Johnson are stronger in these counties than in others visited earlier in the week by General Wood may be true, but there there was no ocular evidence of the fact discoverable today.

At Howard General Wood found a large crowd of enthusiastic men and women, who met him with a brass band and cheered him time and again during the short time he was the guest of that town. At Madison, county seat of Lake County and one of the principal towns in this part of the State, he spoke to a crowd that packed to capacity the largest hall in the county, included in the audience being 300 ex-service men, a majority of whom had served under him at Camp Funston. Another bid crowd, and just as enthusiastic as the others, greeted the candidate at Lake Preston, county seat of Kingsbury County.

General Wood spoke tonight at Brookings, seat of the county of the same name. He was due here at 7 o'clock, but his train, owing to snow and other adverse weather conditions, did not arrive until 9:30 o'clock, and it was twenty minutes later when he appeared in the Brookings Auditorium, where he received an ovation from the men and women who crowded the place to its capacity.

At all of his meetings today General Wood discussed the problems of the farm, labor and capital, foreign relations and universal military training. Before the great audience in Madison he summarized the platform on which he seeks the Republican nomination for the Presidency.

Outlines His Platform.

"What we are working for in America today," he said, "is government of the people and by the people; absolute democracy; courts untouched by politics, independent of all outside influence; no class legislation; a square deal for everybody; a strong but not quarrelsome foreign policy; friendly relations with all nations; the building up of arbitration, and of the best possible conditions in this country; bringing women into politics whole-heartedly and without any reservations; doing everything we can to improve the general conditions under which those who work shall live.

"It is not enough to let people live; we must help them to live, and under conditions where those who work industriously may know that what they have will be their own. We must establish thrift and industry in this country. Industry means production, and production we must have.

"There is nothing to worry about if we pull together. Destructive criticism is useless. The things that are done are done and exist only as lessons for the future. There is no use whining about the expenses of the war. We regret them, but they, with a part of our losses of life, were the result of our unpreparedness. We must take the lesson to heart and not let such things occur again. The past is the past. Our great concern is with the future."

Urges Peace Treaty.

General Wood again urged, tonight, the prompt ratification of what he termed a properly amended treaty of peace. "We ought," he said, "to get rid of the treaty through action in Congress. The Senate ought to dispose of the treaty as provided by the Constitution. It should not be held over for the election. It is too vital. The world wants to settle down and the world will be a great deal better off when we decide what we are going to do. But whatever we do we want to remain a free people, free to act as we see fit."

Governor Norbeck, who is campaigning the State for General Wood, joined him last night at Mitchell. The Governor told THE TIMES correspondent that there was no question in his mind as to how South Dakota would go on Tuesday.

"It is simply a question of the size of General Wood's plurality," said Governor Norbeck.

General Wood will go tomorrow to Pierre, where at night he will debate the issues before the public with Senator Poindexter.

REPUBLICAN CHIEFS TO FIGHT JOHNSON

Leaders Here Resent Accusation of Use of 'Strong-Arm' Methods by the Old Guard.

Aroused by accusations of managers of Senator Hiram W. Johnson's campaign for the Republican Presidential nomination, that the Republican Old Guard is using the tactics of 1912 to defeat a free expression of the will of the people regarding the selection of a President at the National Convention in Chicago next June, Republican leaders in the city and State plan to put up a spirited fight against the Johnson candidates for delegates at the primaries on April 6.

Besides the dozen or more speeches Senator Johnson will make in Manhattan and Brooklyn during the two weeks preceding the primaries, another was added yesterday to his list. On Saturday, April 3, the Senator will discuss the Adriatic question at a meeting at Carnegie Hall under the auspices of the Order of the Sons of Italy. The invitation for the Senator to speak was extended through Stefalo Miele, National Master of the order. It is said to be an organization of nearly half a million members covering the entire country. The meeting will be non-political and members of all parties will be asked to attend. Other speakers will be present.

Chairman Will H. Hays of the Republican National Committee is said to feel alarmed over the bitterness that has developed among factions of the Republican organization as a result of the activities of the various candidacies, and especially over the fight that is to be made in New York. Friends of the Chairman said yesterday that he is taking no part in the contest, and is carefully refraining from exhibiting any interest in any one candidate. If the ill-feeling now being engendered among the Republicans is in evidence after the primaries the National Chairman will become exceedingly active in the work of patching up differences, so that the party will be entirely harmonious during the campaign this Fall.

Information concerning General Wood's candidacy, issued yesterday at the Wood headquarters here, included the following:

"The Fifth Tennessee District has just elected two delegates instructed to vote for Wood, making ten instructed Wood delegates thus far chosen in that State. Tennessee has twenty delegates, and all of them will be pledged to Wood.

"John S. Darst, State Auditor of West Virginia, has organized a big Wood Club in Huntington, W. Va.

"John W. Towle, Nebraska manager, wired William Cooper Procter, national manager, that 75 per cent. of the American Legion men in that State are for Wood, regardless of politics. Most of the business men in Nebraska—conservatives, progressives and so-called standpatters—are for Wood.

"Mrs. J. H. Arnold, wife of a former Lieutenant Governor of Ohio, has been named as Chairman of the Ohio Women's Wood organization.

"Two of the leading negro papers in Ohio strongly indorsed Wood and condemned the tactics of Harding and Harry Daugherty, his campaign manager, in attempting to hand-pick delegates, ignoring 150,000 colored voters on the delegate list. The negro voters have organized their own forces voluntarily for Wood. Three Cleveland Congressional districts are organized for active primary campaign. Carl B. Ford is Chairman. Other organizers were Federal Judge Day, D. R. Hanna, Jr., and George A. Reynolds, manager of three successful campaigns for Mayor Davis of Cleveland.

"The Indiana Wood headquarters has completed plans for a State-wide organization of women. Mrs. Curtis Hodges of Indianapolis is Chairman of the Women's Committee, and will appoint a manager in every county.

It was announced that Leonard Wood leagues are being formed in all sections of New Jersey, and meetings are taking place daily. Assemblyman Theodore Roosevelt is to be one of the principal Wood speakers in the various primary campaigns, it was announced.

John R. Davies, manager of the Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler campaign, said yesterday that enthusiastic reports regarding the progress of Dr. Butler's campaign had come from the Southern States, which the candidate recently visited.

TWELVE OF MINNESOTA DELEGATES FOR WOOD

Ten More Are Uninstructed and Others Will Be Selected Tomorrow and Wednesday.

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 19.—Five delegations of two each instructed to vote for General Leonard Wood for the Presidential nomination, four uninstructed delegations and the Tenth District delegation split into two factions, one for Wood and one uninstructed, will be sent to the Republican National Convention at Chicago next June. This lineup was determined today, when Republicans in eight of the State's ten Congressional districts held conventions to select delegates to the National and State Conventions. The Fourth (St. Paul) and Fifth (Minneapolis) Districts met Wednesday.

The Tenth District Convention, which met at Minneapolis, split at the opening of the meeting over the naming of a chairman. Part of the delegates left the floor and met in a convention of their own, naming two delegates to vote for Wood. The other convention then elected two uninstructed delegates.

The State Republican Convention will meet tomorrow to name four delegates at large.

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The practical man of business likes the patterns because he can find just the right one for business and just the right one for dress wear.

But whatever the reasons—They're buying! And they're buying with an eagerness that is particularly gratifying. You should come and get your suit now. Easter is quite near—and of course the choice is better when you come earlier.

SIZES 33 TO 46

Kingly Trousers
$8.50

Fish through that closet of yours and find an old coat that hangs neglected because its trousers are worn out. Perhaps you can match it up in this sale! Good patterns galore.

Waist Sizes 28 to 52

Youths' Suits
$25.00

First Long Trouser Suits—those most interesting garments! And mighty good-looking ones, too. Just the sort a fellow could be proud to appear in. And how modestly priced.

Sizes 31 to 35

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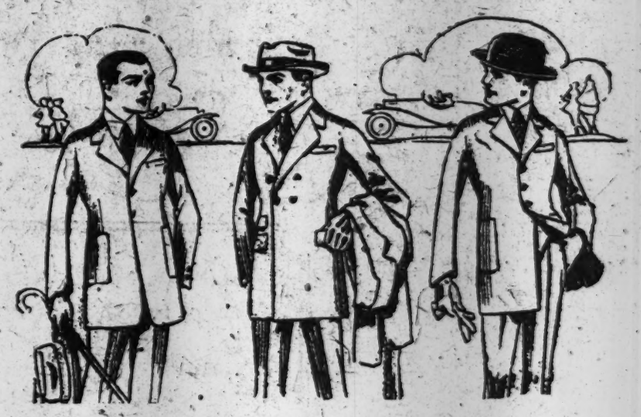

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Included are suits of wool fabrics, heather mixtures in browns and greens, stripes and other smart effects, as well as grey, green, brown, tan and other shades.

One, two and three-button, single or double-breasted models. Sizes 34 to 42 only.

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These are shirts of that popular shirt fabric, woven Madras, correct in detail, attractive in pattern, and at the price a real shirt value.

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A splendid assortment this, of firm, heavy, Moire silks—cravats that look well and keep on looking well.
$2.65

You will want several of these ties. Of an excellent quality silk, in plain and fancy patterns, and in good variety.
$1.45

Ground Floor

Spring Showing of
Men's Oxfords

The new Spring Oxfords are being shown—swagger Brogues, and the more subdued but no less smart models. In calf and Cordovan, black and tan.
$14.50

Another group at a lower price but with no lowering of standards. In black and tan. Splendid value at this price.
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$42.50 to $65

TOPCOATS FOR SPRING—$35 to $50

MEN'S SECTION THIRD FLOOR

'NICKY' SETS HOUR, FAILS TO APPEAR

Arnstein Changes Mind After Agreeing to Surrender in Court at 4:10 P. M.

FEARS A NIGHT IN TOMBS

Surety Co. Representative Ready with $100,000 Bail—Crowds Besiege Autos.

"Nicky" Arnstein revealed himself as a rather temperamental fugitive when in the space of fifteen minutes yesteday he announced he would surrender himself before Justice Weeks, in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court, and then changed his mind. William J. Fallon and Eugene F. McGee, counsel for Arnstein, were engaged in a trial before Justice Weeks at 3:30 o'clock when they received word that "Nicky" would step off a train in a few minutes and that he wanted Mr. McGee to meet him at a certain place in the city, so he could accompany the lawyer in an automobile to the Criminal Courts Building.

Mr. McGee hurried out of the courtroom to meet the elusive "Nicky," but he hardly had left the Criminal Courts Building when word was conveyed to District Attorney Swann and Assistant District Attorneys Dooling, Murphy and Unger that the much-sought Arnstein was in town and was about to surrender himself on an indictment charging him with being connected with the alleged plot to steal millions of dollars' worth of securities from brokerage houses in the financial district.

Feared Hitch Over Bond.

While Mr. Dooling was in conference with Mr. Fallon, it was declared that "Nicky" had every intention of surrendering himself up to about ten minutes of 4 o'clock, but that he had changed his mind because he feared there might be a slip-up in the arrangements for having him released on $100,000 bail, pending his trial on the indictment, which slip-up might result in his being committed to a cell in the Tombs over night.

A representative of a surety company, who seemed to be the most excited person in the Criminal Courts Building over the return of "Nicky" to the jurisdiction of the court, explained that arrangements had been made with his company by friends of the fugitive to provide the bail. He said Arnstein's friends had placed with the surety company collateral to back up the bail bond.

During a recess of the trial in which Mr. Fallon was engaged he said that he expected to receive a message from Mr. McGee, and soon after he received word from Mr. McGee that "Nicky" did not meet him at the rendesvous. Mr. Fallon urged his fellow-counsel to stay at the place until he received word from the fugitive. "I told him to tell Arnstein to come down to court right away," explained Mr. Fallon, "as everything had been carefully attended to and there was no chance of his being placed in a cell in the Tombs once he appeared before Justice Weeks."

News that Arnstein at last had condescended to surrender himself spread swiftly throughout the lower end of the city, and soon the corridor outside Justice Weeks's court on the second floor of the Criminal Court Building was packed with men and women. The representative of the surety company furnished the information that the automobile containing "Nicky" would "come right up to the front door of the Court House." Eventually a large touring automobile pulled up to the main entrance of the Criminal Court Building on Centre Street, and there was a wild rush down the stone steps leading to the sidewalk to greet "Nicky."

Four well-groomed young men got out of the automobile and immediately the men and women who lined the path to the courtroom began to greet the party with salutations such as: "Hello, Nicky!" "How'd you like the trip?" "Where's your mustache?"

The party proved to be composed of lawyers who had called at the Court House to meet Mr. Fallon. Later another automobile pulled up to the door and this time at least 500 men and women crowded around the vehicle. Two motion picture operators stepped out and blandly greeted the Arnstein "reception committee." By that time Mr. Fallon had received word that "Nicky" had delayed his appearance in court until Monday morning. Then the "reception committee" melted away.

CALLS JUSTICE SLOW.

Legal Aid Attorney Backs Findings of Carnegie Foundation.

Leonard McGee, attorney in chief of the Legal Aid Society, said yesterday that after an investigation he had reached the conclusion that the finding of the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching was right when it stated in a report that the poor had difficulty in obtaining justice in the courts. He found no fault with the administration of justice to the poor, but rather criticised the slow moving and complex machinery set up to grind out justice. New York City, he said, had gone further than any other jurisdiction in obtaining justice for the poor.

Mr. McGee described the procedure in the Municipal Courts and said that when litigation reaches the point where the clerk of the court made out an execution of judgment and handed it to a City Marshal the real trouble began, for, he said, a condition existed and has existed here for ten years that made for serious delay. Mr. McGee will deal with this subject in his annual report, soon to be issued.

"In a wage claim," he said, "speed is the essence of justice, for the suit is brought to obtain a means of livelihood. This serious delay can be placed, and properly so, at the doors of our city marshals. As an example, one of my branch offices turned over to certain marshals executions amounting to $1,852.63 and not more than $100 of this amount was collected. Supplementary proceedings were instituted and many of these judgments collected. I have found that some of the city marshals simply pigeon-hole executions that have been issued on free summonses because of the smallness of the amount involved and the inability of the marshals to collect substantial fees.

INDICT A. D. PORTER, ENRIGHT'S DEPUTY

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

made 165 arrests in the Fourth Inspection District in February.

The transfer of Wheelwright and Sorger occurred after they told their stories to Assistant District Attorney James E. Smith, according to the latter. They did not appear as accusers against Mr. Porter as the result of a grudge, according to Assistant District Attorney Smith, who said that he had sent for them and drawn the story from them after spending two months investigating rumors involving the Deputy Commissioner.

The facts surrounding the transfer of the two detectives, threats alleged to have been made against them and other measures alleged to have been taken to prevent a charge from being made against the Deputy Commissioner will be placed before the Grand Jury, and other indictments, it was said, may follow.

Assistant District Attorney Smith said that he had first heard of the story two months ago, but did not then learn the name of the police official implicated or the correct address of the apartment where the incident was said to have occurred. Mr. Smith said he checked up raids at various addresses in the West Nineties without results. Recently, he said, he investigated the raid in West Ninety-sixth Street and then sent for the detectives who made it. When questioned at his office they told him the whole story, declared Mr. Smith.

The transfer of the detectives, immediately after Mr. Smith got in touch with them, is attributed by members of the District Attorney's staff to the circumstance that detectives from Police Headquarters are constantly on watch in the Criminal Courts Building in order to keep posted on every move of the so-called vice and graft investigations now under way in the District Attorney's office and before the Grand Jury.

Describe Raid via Fire Escape.

The raid in West Ninety-sixth Street, according to the detectives, followed a complaint by neighbors. The telephone at the apartment was tapped and the conversations over the telephone convinced the detectives that the complaint was well founded. Accordingly, on the night of Nov. 12, they went to the building and stationed themselves on the fourth floor in order to watch visitors to the apartment under suspicion, which was on the third floor. After seeing two men visit it the detectives say they went out on the fire escape, descended to the third floor and came in through the window, shouting that everybody in the place was under arrest. Two men were surprised and captured, they said, one called "Brooklyn Jack" in the affidavit of Detective Sorger, while the other is alleged to have been Mr. Porter.

"Do you know who you are talking to?" the second man exclaimed, according to the story of the detectives.

"No," was the answer.

"I am the Third Deputy Police Commissioner."

"That is what they all say," replied one of the detectives.

The prisoner then produced the card of the Deputy Commissioner, it is asserted. While they were inspecting the card, the prisoner is alleged to have directed them to free him and his companion at once.

"All right, you are our boss," one of the detectives replied, according to their story. The detectives said that their superior promised to protect them against all ill results from the disappearance of their prisoners.

The detectives, however, arrested the lessee of the flat, known as Adele Goodell, 70 years of age. She was held in the Magistrate's Court on the charge of conducting a disorderly house. The three detectives testified against her, telling the same story which they later told Assistant District Attorney Smith, with the exception that they did not identify the police official. Adele Goodell was tried in Special Sessions on Jan. 12 of this year, but acquitted. At that trial the detectives again censored their testimony, saying nothing to involve any police official and gave the impression that they did not know the identity of the man they had released.

Testimony Valid, Says Swann Aid.

Assistant District Attorney Smith said the transcript of the testimony at the Goodell trial would not be available until today. He added that he was not afraid the evasions the detectives practiced in their testimony or any conflicts between their testimony at Special Sessions and their story before the Grand Jury, would impair their value as witnesses. He said:

"I don't know that there are any real discrepancies in their different stories. I think their testimony at the trial will rather tend to prove the truth of their present story and to prove the coercion used to compel them not to involve the police official."

When Mr. Smith was asked why the police official, if he had ordered the release of himself and his companion, had not also ordered the release of Adele Goodell, keeping the case from getting into court at all, he replied that the detectives would have been liable to prosecution if they broke into an apartment and failed to make an arrest or show justification for their conduct.

According to the detectives they were warned not to tell of the occurrence to any one, but they did tell the story, they said, to their commanding officer, Inspector McDonald. Later, according to the detective, the story got abroad and was circulated widely, finally coming to the ears of Deputy Commissioner Porter.

The detectives asserted that they were summoned before the Third Deputy and accused by him of tattling. He repeated a warning to them, the detectives added, and asserted that he had acquainted Commissioner Enright with his version of the case.

Text of the Charge.

The charge against the Deputy Commissioner is phrased as follows in the indictment:

"Well knowing his duty, and intending and contriving as such public duty as such public officer to prostitute and betray his said office, he did willfully and unlawfully wholly fail, neglect and omit to perform the said duty so enjoined him by the laws of the State of New York and the said rules and regulations of the said Police Department as aforesaid, in that he, the said defendant, did then and there willfully fail refuse and neglect to arrest and apprehend the said Jane Doe upon the charge of having committed the act and crime aforesaid, and failed, refused and neglected then and there to direct and command the said Hilbert Wheelwright and Fred Sorger, and each of them, so being such patrolmen aforesaid, to arrest and apprehend the said Jane Doe upon the charge of having committed the act and crime aforesaid, but, on the contrary, he, the said defendant, willfully and knowingly did then and there direct and command the said Hilbert Wheelwright and Fred Sorger, and each of them, so being such patrolmen aforesaid, in the violation of their said duty, not to arrest and apprehend the said Jane Doe upon the charge of having committed the said act and crime and to suffer and permit her to go free, against the form of the statute in such case made and provided and against the peace of the people of the State of New York and their nignity."

Third Deputy Commissioner Porter was acting head of the entire Police Department in August of last year when Commissioner Enright and the First and Second Deputies were on their vacations. Mr. Porter entered office with Police Commissioner Enright as his secretary, which office he had held under Commissioner McKay. He was a Lieutenant Colonel of the Twelfth Infantry, N. G. N. Y., in 1916, when he retired. He served first as a private in the Pennsylvania National Guard in 1885. He served in the Spanish War as a Battalion Adjutant and Regimental Commissary. He was later Captain on the First Brigade Staff of the Pennsylvania Guard. He is a nephew of the late General Richard C. Drum, Adjutant-General, U. S. A. He is a member of the Union Club, Society of Colonial Wars, Sons of the Revolution, Society of Foreign Wars, 1812 Society and others.

When reporters called at Police Headquarters in the afternoon, Commissioner Enright sent out word that he had nothing to say.

Prohibition Director for New Jersey.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—James A. Edgerton of Nutley was appointed today Federal Prohibition Director for New Jersey.

BRITISH LABOR AROUSED BY NEW PARTY MOVE

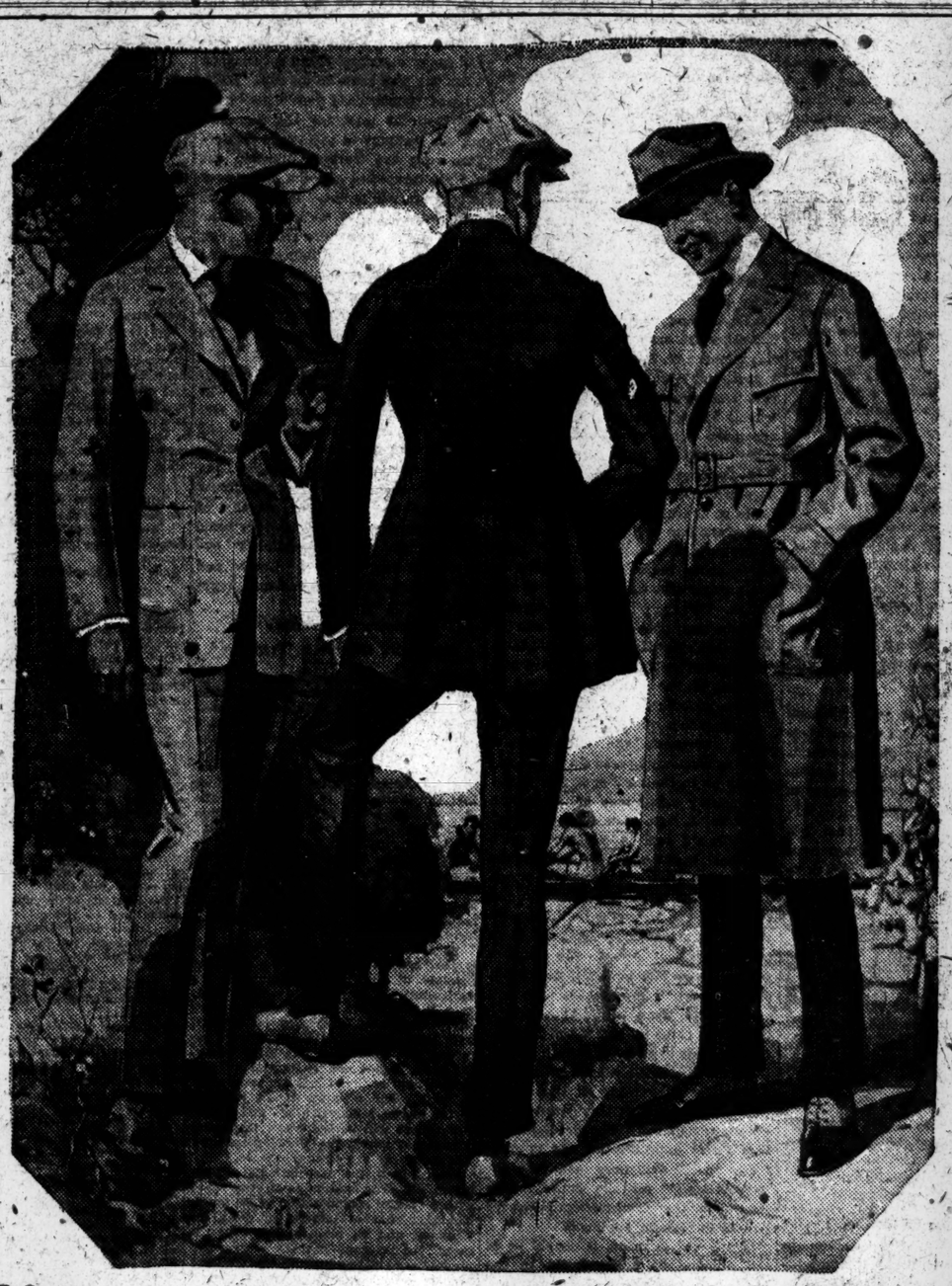
Promises Bitter Fight for Power —Churchill Again Attacks Them as a Menace.

LONDON, March 19.—Winston Spencer Churchill, the War Secretary, today added fuel to the political conflagration, started by the proposal of Premier Lloyd George that the Coalition Liberals and Unionists unite into a new party to oppose the Labor Party and the extremists.

In an article in The Evening News Mr. Churchill reiterates the Premier's call of yesterday and characterizes the Socialist Party as the darkest and most formidable menace with which British civilization is confronted.

In the meantime, Andrew Bonar Law, the Government leader, is making a speech also upholding the coalition.

Labor has been quick to accept the challenge and Labor statements today indicate that the Laborites are prepared to fight to the bitter finish to determine which party shall hold power in the Government.



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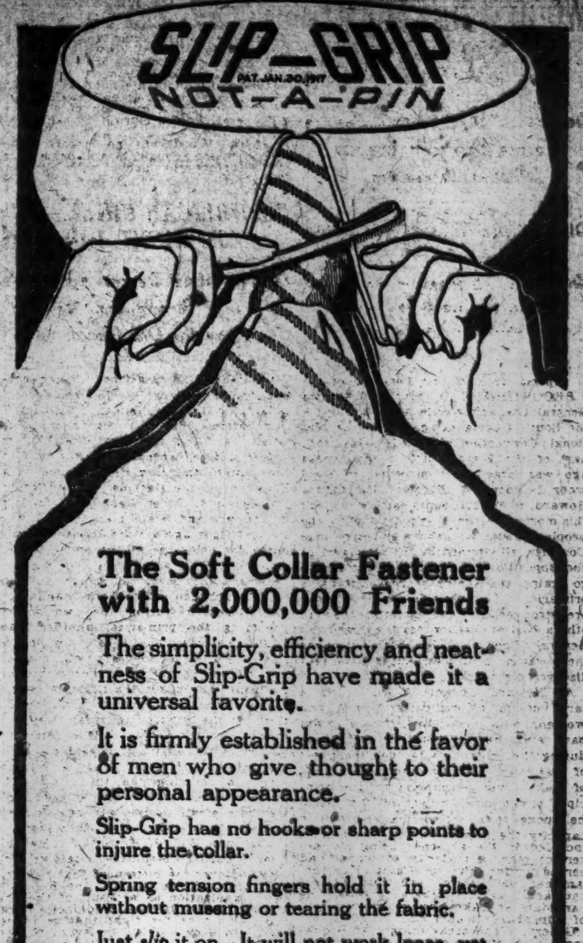

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THE SENATE KILLS THE TREATY.

The Senate's prolonged and disgraceful exhibition of mean-spirited partisanship and incompetence came to an appropriately miserable ending yesterday in the vote, 49 to 35, rejecting the Treaty, Senator LODGE has accomplished his purpose, but not in the way he had planned. He has never wavered in his resolve to destroy Mr. WILSON'S work, but he intended that the Senate should ratify, the President reject. It was not the Treaty of Versailles that he would have ratified, neither he nor his Republican associates would have assented to that; it was his purpose to ratify his own League covenant, the mangled remains of the compact after he and his packed Committee on Foreign Relations had worked their evil will upon it and shorn away those provisions which afforded a hopeful protection against war.

He was balked in that design by the offensive and impossible reservation respecting Ireland proposed by Mr. GERRY, a Democratic Senator from Rhode Island, and adopted by the Senate. As a retort to Mr. LODGE'S partisan tactics, the Gerry reservation is politically understandable. It cannot for one moment be defended or condoned, even on that ground. Mr. GERRY manoeuvred to force the Senate to reject the Treaty, which was not at all what Mr. LODGE wanted. The Senate is Republican, and there rests the responsibility for the rejection. Mr. LODGE might at any time have secured ratification with reservations sufficient for every reasonable purpose, reservations not obviously intended as dagger-thrusts. He has been beaten at his own game, a most despicable, deadly game, and upon him, as the leader of the Republican majority, the actual responsibility falls and will rest.

The end he sought to accomplish did not justify Senator GERRY'S reservation about Ireland. No merely political exigency could justify such an affront to a friendly nation. It is conceivable that the vote of the Senate to inject matter of this offensive nature into an instrument of international importance might disturb our relations with a Power with which we should always be on terms of friendship. Mr. GERRY has been little heard of in the Senate; he is now heard of to his serious disadvantage.

The wreck of the Treaty is so complete that the country may well despair of any salvage. But to say that this great instrument of liberty and peace cannot be saved would be, indeed, a counsel of despair, unworthy of the acceptance of a nation which only a few months ago cherished noble aspirations, the aspiration above all of ending the World War in a way to make the repetition of it impossible. Although the Treaty of Versailles was killed on Nov. 19—we have the high authority of Senator LODGE for the statement that it was then "dead"—although Mr. LODGE'S own treaty has now been killed, hope is not dead and hope should sustain the soul of every man and woman in the country who loves peace and abhors war. Now that the bloody work has been done in Washington there should be a revulsion of feeling there. Would it not be possible for President WILSON to take advantage of his present opportunity to address to the Senate and to the country a statement picturing forth, as he of all men knows best how to picture forth, the consequences of our failure to ratify the Treaty, of our refusal to become a member of the League of Nations?

Such a statement would be effective in proportion that it was not controversial. Let him portray the present condition of the world, the recently observed and lamentable tendencies toward a relapse into old ways and practices, in contrast with that condition of hopefulness and security dependent upon law and right and justice in the relation of peoples which would be established by our entry into the society of nations. We are the one remaining great Power that holds aloof. Such an attitude was not expected of us, a year ago the American people themselves would have said it was impossible. We cannot hold aloof, for neither we nor the world can afford to face the consequences, the certain disasters flowing from our abstention. Some men may talk of precedents, they may say that it is impossible that the Treaty should be revived and resubmitted. Let precedents be hanged. They are too often the plague of good men, of good resolution, of beneficent purposes. The Senate, we are sure, has learned much in these months of strife. Certainly, the President must have learned something. Confronting as we do at this hour a great peril, let animosities be laid aside, let both departments of the treaty-making power join in the effort to put the Treaty and the League covenant into effect. Reservations there may be and will be, but the country would demand and compel ratification if it understood what dangers failure to make peace and enter the League involves and invites.

LATEST FROM MR. EDWARDS.

Governor EDWARDS of New Jersey continues to be the Puck of politics. His talent for making other people uncomfortable is wonderful. After Vice President MARSHALL and Mr. MCADOO have entered into a gentlemen's agreement not to file petitions in Indiana, EDWARDS suddenly files one on the last day, and the Vice President has to gallop to get his own petition in. Mr. MCADOO also gallops, but does not arrive in time, the lists being closed. Then Mr. EDWARDS suddenly withdraws his petition, and the Vice President, with impaired dignity, withdraws his. What is one to do with such a man?

But Mr. EDWARDS withdraws not only in Indiana but everywhere. All the petitions filed for him in all States are withdrawn except in one State where the law provides no method of withdrawal. This greatly delights the soul of Mr. BRYAN, who takes it to mean that Mr. EDWARDS is out of the race, and delivers an edifying sermon thereon. Mr. EDWARDS, with what secret glee one can imagine, kindly sets the Commoner right. His withdrawal of petitions does not mean that he is out of the race, he explains; it means that he is in it more than ever. He withdrew the petitions so as to get into the now fashionable game of going after uninstructed delegations.

This development of the campaign is one of its most peculiar features. General WOOD, for instance, has less than a score of pledged delegates, yet his managers claim about 250 already roped, tied and branded. Nearly all of them, it will be seen, are uninstructed. The same game is being played industriously by the Old Guard, with a view to swinging those uninstructed delegates whom they control to LOWDEN, HARDING, or whoever may seem in June to have the best chance as against WOOD, HOOVER and JOHNSON. JOHNSON seems to be making a straight-out fight for pledged delegations, but he is an exception among the leading candidates. On the Democratic side MARSHALL and MCADOO are imploring the voters not to instruct a single delegate for them.

The great advantages of this scheme, which has never been exploited before on such a scale, struck Governor EDWARDS just in time. He therefore got all his petitions out of the way and joined in the new game. As he did not explain his reasons, however, he led Mr. BRYAN into a trap and leaves him there looking uncommonly foolish. At the same time, his ability to make trouble for BRYAN if the latter carries out his threats to make trouble for the convention is greatly increased.

THE DEMOCRATIC OPPORTUNITY.

What has become of the passionate Republican ardor for economy, reduced expenditure and reduced taxation? In 1916 "the increasing cost of the National Government, and the need for the greatest economy of its resources, in order to meet the growing demands of the people for Government service, call for the severest condemnation of the wasteful appropriations of this Democratic Administration, of its shameless raids on the Treasury," and so on. So stern was the Republican national platform for 1916. Since last Spring the Republican Congress has been in power. What has it done or tried to do for economy? Its leaders have deliberately resolved to do nothing for economy. Secretary HOUSTON'S suggestions of changes in the excess profit tax are snubbed by Mr. FORDNEY, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee; by Mr. MONDELL, Republican leader in the House; by Representative NICHOLAS LONGWORTH.

Mr. FORDNEY is afraid of "hasty action." It won't do to begin to revise the revenue laws. If one tax is altered, revised or taken away, there will be bills in multitudes proposing other revenue changes. Mr. FORDNEY shudders at the deluge of such bills. Besides, reductions in the taxes can't be made "unless expenditures are greatly reduced." The thought of reducing expenditures much or little is unintelligible to Mr. FORDNEY at present. His game, the Republican game, is beautifully clear. They want to make a campaign issue of "Democratic extravagance." It is much easier to squeak and gibber in campaign rhetoric, to point an accusing finger at the wastrels on the other side, than it is to do something positive in the way of economy.

The Democrats have no responsibility for the supply bills or any other bills of this Congress. In the war and for the purpose of winning the war they made great and necessary appropriations. The war is over, in effect, if not technically. Appropriations ought to be scaled down toward a peace basis. A multitude of Government employés, needed during the war, and now needless, should be sent back to increase production. Appropriations should be pared down. In that way, and only in that way, can taxation be essentially reduced. Ever since last Spring the Republicans have had the power, if they had the will, to lessen expenditure and taxation. They have done practically nothing. Now their leaders say that nothing will be done until the next session.

The Republicans are deliberately evading a cardinal duty and seeking to project a false issue upon the country. The Democrats should take advantage of the occasion offered them by the extreme and narrow partisanship of their opponents. They should work heartily and intelligently for the reduction of war taxation. They should make economy, smaller Government expenditures and lower taxes, the great issue of their campaign. In nothing else of domestic policy have the majority of the American people so keen an interest. In regard to taxation as in regard to the treaty of peace the Republicans have pursued and are pursuing a policy of false pretenses. It is for the Democrats to impress that fact upon the country, not merely in campaign speeches, but by continual efforts in Congress for the diminution of appropriations, the abolition of superfluous places, the lowering of taxes.

NEW YORK INCOME TAX AMENDMENT.

It has been necessary to recall from the Governor the bill which was passed to remove the discriminations against non-residents in the income tax law. It would seem unnecessary to point out that the way to remove discriminations was to remove them, but the proposal was to allow exemptions to non-residents only in proportion to their earnings within the State. When the bill is amended so as to make exemptions equal, there are other amendments worth consideration.

It cannot be hidden from the lawmakers that it was found too difficult for either taxpayers or tax collectors to make out returns and pay what they call for on the same date with the Federal taxes, without the privilege of payment in installments. A State with $20,000,000 in its Treasury has no instant need for all its income taxes in one payment, and it would not cost it a cent to allow taxpayers such privileges as the nation allows.

HOPE FOR GERMANY.

Now that the Kapp rebellion in Germany is dead, Socialist leaders—Independents presumably—have made demands on the Ebert Government which must be fulfilled before the general strike is called off. Labor legislation must be introduced into the Assembly; labor must have a greater share in the Government; there must be no amnesty for the Kapp - Luettwitz conspirators, and NOSKE must go. If this program is honestly intended, and is not a mere political stratagem to get the Ebert Government into difficulties, its acceptance would be an excellent thing for the world. The great objection to the Ebert Government, the reason why the Allies could not show much favor to it, was that too many of the men who made the old Germany were still in it, and those reactionaries who were outside of it were able to scare it now and then into doing something which suited their plans.

If the Government should drop most of the old bureaucrats and those leaders whose dissatisfaction with Kaiserism dates only from the time when Kaiserism was obviously beaten in the war, it would deserve, and receive, a good deal more confidence. HELFFERICH is doubtless as bad as ERZBERGER, but HELFFERICH did Germany a service in getting rid of ERZBERGER none the less. A few more Erzbergers out of the way and we can begin to trust the Ebert Government. So long as HUGO HAASE lived the Bolshevist faction in the Independent Socialist Party was never able to get the upper hand; it has prevailed since HAASE'S murder, but if the Government gets rid of the reactionary influences in or near it and takes in a certain element of the Independents, there is good reason to hope that the Bolshevist influence will never amount to very much. The Independents would become more moderate and the Government would become considerably more radical and more trustworthy. The danger of a Bolshevist revolution would be very considerably decreased.

The Independents, and a good many Majority Socialists, have never forgiven NOSKE for his severity in putting down the Spartacus rising of January, 1919, and his rigorous measures since. Whether NOSKE himself is really on the side of the reactionaries has never been established; he stood by, or rather ran with, the Government when KAPP and LUETTWITZ came in; what he would have done if it had been a more formidable movement, with all the forces of reaction frankly behind it, nobody can say. But at least NOSKE'S usefulness is over. His troops fought desperately and victoriously against the mobs of Spartacus; but when the Baltic troops of LUETTWITZ marched on the Government offices NOSKE'S garrison shouldered its rifles and moved out of the way. Perhaps NOSKE had nothing to do with it; perhaps the army which he nominally controlled was always really the servant of the reactionary officers and not of NOSKE; but in that case he can be of no more use to the Government. What is needed is a Minister of Defense whose army will shoot at the Right as readily as at the Left, and whatever NOSKE'S personal feelings his army will not do that.

The Ebert Government must find troops and a commander who will disarm and scatter the Baltic army, which is still intact, still a standing menace to Berlin. It may not be easy, but it is already evident that it cannot be done by the assistance of the reactionaries; EBERT may not like to lean too much on the Independents, but they are his last hope.

AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH.

The nature of the attack which Congress is making, in the name of economy, upon the research workers in the Department of Agriculture is illustrated by the remarks of Representative GILBERT N. HAUGEN of Iowa. The "specialist" is pictured as a highly paid emissary from Washington who travels by automobile and puts up at expensive hotels in order to "teach the farmer's wife how to make "cream cheese." There is no reference to discoveries made in the laboratories at Washington which have prevented the loss of hundreds of millions in crops and stock, and which have added other hundreds of millions to the present and future wealth of the nation. "If the purpose is to increase "production, give the surplus and inefficient specialist a job on the farm "instead of in Washington. Give him "a ride on the gang plow instead of "in an automobile."

When it is a question of the county agent, however, the Congressional sense of economy breaks down as completely as in the matter of free seeds. The county agent may be, and often is, of value. He knows the local soil and climate and is hail-fellow with the local population. While perhaps abstaining from lessons on cream cheese to the farmer's wife, he knows very well the farmer's limitations in the more scientific aspects of farm management. "What the farmer wants," says Mr. HAUGEN, in a burst of frankness, "is somebody who will come to the farm to enlighten him." Quite so. And he wants the Federal Government to advance a good half of the total expense—a matter of millions yearly. "They want all the money "they can get, but they want it for "county agents." The great idea is that "the appropriation for specialists be cut and more money be appropriated" for the home talent. Hereupon the Congressional Record pauses to register applause.

If any cut is made, it should be in the amount of national aid to the farmer's home schooling. Strict logic would do away with it altogether. Elementary instruction is essentially a local matter, and the farmer of today can amply pay for his business education out of the money it brings him. The specialist works for the nation as a whole, for all nations. The researchers at Washington have the enthusiasm of a great service and have long submitted to salaries pitifully inadequate. But the time has come when they can no longer retain their primitive self-respect, as men and husbands and fathers. They are quitting in large numbers, and their talents are eagerly employed by business men at twice and thrice their former pay.

The situation is well within the grasp of any ordinary intelligence. Members of Congress can be no more deceived as to the county agent than as to free seeds. What is more, the majority of intelligent farmers know as clearly the difference between local interest and public service.

CONSTANTINE.

Exiles of the Greek monarchist party are believed to have definite plans for a rising to restore the late monarch CONSTANTINE, variously noted as strategist and brother-in-law. There are elements of respectability in the group which supports him—men who served under him in the victorious campaigns of 1912 and 1913, and can think of him only as the General who defeated the hereditary enemy; men whose sympathies, undecided at first, were turned toward CONSTANTINE by the allied policy of pin-pricks in 1916; politicians who, like other politicians in other countries, are still living in the shadow of old animosities after the world has been turned upside down. But the great majority of the progressive and liberal forces in Greece, the men who have modernised the national spirit and have set it on the way to a great future, are with VENIZELOS. The Venizelists are confident of popular approval in the approaching elections, but a good many of CONSTANTINE'S supporters would override the popular verdict by an armed insurrection.

CONSTANTINE was the loyal servant of the Kaiser, and his followers did the Kaiser's work, though not always through preference for the Kaiser. VENIZELOS brought Greece into the war on the right side and did much to make possible FRANCHET D'ESPEREY'S victory in Macedonia, a victory which had a great effect on the course of the war, if we are to believe LUDENDORFF. CONSTANTINE'S policy of neutrality might or might not have been rewarded if the Germans had won, but, at any rate, it was a quiescent and negative policy. Participation in the fighting in Macedonia, the occupation of Thrace and Smyrna, have kept many Greek troops under arms and cost a good deal of money, yet Greek exchange is better today than that of any other country in Eastern Europe. Greece has made sacrifices, though not so great as those of her neighbors, and the partisans of CONSTANTINE have insisted that she will get nothing out of them.

More than half the Greek race was still under alien and hated sovereignty when the war came to an end. Hundreds of thousands of Greeks have been redeemed, at least for the moment, but the dealings of the Peace Conference with the Turkish question are not yet completed and the enemies of Greece are still active. It may not be practically possible to grant all the Greek claims which are morally just, but those who are dividing the Near East ought to remember that every decision made against Greece furnishes campaign arguments to the followers of CONSTANTINE, the enemies of the allied cause, the reactionaries whose policy would be ruinous for Greece and dangerous for her neighbors. The antagonism between the worse elements of the old statesmanship and the better tendencies of the new is nowhere more clearly pronounced than in Greece, and a heavy responsibility lies on those Americans, usually of liberal sympathies, who have for some unexplained reason steadfastly opposed the just claims of Greece and lent an ear to the manufactured arguments of our enemies.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

New York Could Do the Same.

About one-fifth of the land in the State of Massachusetts is at present unproductive and is assessed at the average of $5 an acre. This fact has been coupled by the Massachusetts Forestry Association with the other fact that the State debt is greater than the debt of any other State in the Union except one—a total of $91,500,000, or $23.50 per capita of population—and it hopefully figures out a way in which the land on which nothing, or what it calls "weed trees," is now growing can be made to pay off an obligation already burdensome and steadily becoming heavier.

What the foresters propose, naturally, is that as soon as possible as much as possible of the land not suitable for agriculture be turned into woods, and, as a beginning, they advocate the purchase of 250,000 acres, to be planted with white pine. As there will be no return for something like fifty years, the task is not one to appeal to private enterprise, but the State can afford to wait. The ultimate profit is sure, as terrestrial certainties go, and meanwhile there will be not a few incidental advantages which the whole population will share, or can if they choose.

According to the association's computation, which is said to have been made with a careful consideration of all costs, including that of interest on both investment and on maintenance expenditures, the average cost of a properly planted acre of this land will be $25, and each acre each year will need 70 cents' worth of oversight. With interest added, the cost of the land and of the trees on it at the end of fifty years will be $868.91, and the value then of the "stumpage" will be $600 if white pine then fetches $20 per 1,000 feet, and nobody imagines that it will be any less.

The profit to be realized, therefore, will be $231.09 per acre, or $57,772,500 in all—enough to make an appreciable hole in a State debt considerably larger than that of Massachusetts is now, or is likely to be half a century hence.

Colonial Ideas Surviving.

Computations of the kind made by the Massachusetts foresters do not appeal very strongly to many minds, and benefits to be so long deferred are not alluring. This one, however, evidently has been made with caution not to prophesy too much, and it deserves attention outside of Massachusetts as well as in it.

The people of the United States are just beginning to realize from severe pains in their pocketbooks the extravagant uses and wastes they have made of their forests, and to replace with seedlings a few of the trees that once seemed to have no end. Of scientific forestry they are doing pitifully little as yet, but at least they are talking about making a serious start, and that is something.

Not all tree crops are as slow to mature as is white pine, and though that timber is for many and important purposes the best in the world, other kinds are in several respects more interesting, and promises more likely to fix popular attention could be made honestly in regard to them. The difference is one demanding attention from the forestry propagandists, for they must convince a race who have not entirely outlived the feeling of the early colonists that the best thing to do with a tree is to cut it down and get it out of the way, by burning if necessary. The colonists were justified in their day, but their plan long since became a desperately bad one, and unfortunately its now admirable opposite is still waiting general and hearty adoption by the American people.

Public or Private Business?

There is something rather startling in the proposal of Dr. COPELAND to deal with housing as a public utility instead of as the distinctly private property it always and everywhere has been held to be, and, as in the case of other public utilities, to treat the holder of title less as owner than as agent or trustee. That is, the doctor would require the man going into or in the landlord business to take out a license, and make retention of the license depend on the fidelity with which he observes the conditions imposed upon him.

It is only the present existence in the housing situation of conditions without a precedent, here at least, that suggests such action. Hitherto New York has usually been overbuilt, from the landlord's point of view, and the tenants, having the upper hand, or conferring favors instead of receiving them, have been able in some degree to impose the terms that suited them. It is not surprising that the landlords remember those days much more clearly than the tenants do, or that the former are resentful of the denunciations they are receiving for conduct that is the common rule of all business.

But it also is not surprising that the landlords' protests are heard coldly or indignantly, for a good many of them are utilising an opportunity ruthlessly to exploit the necessities of their fellowmen, and that is something which is never pardoned except under compulsion. It is not easy to imagine just how the licenses suggested by the head of the Health Department would read. It would be hardly worth while to bind the landlord anew to observe the laws and ordinances that apply to his property. He is so bound already, and as it is can be put out of business if he misbehaves.

So Many Share Her Woes.

That somebody in Russia is living in a box car, ill-dressed and poorly fed, is a fact that would not seem of importance enough in an individual case, nowadays, to be the subject of a long cable dispatch if the somebody did not happen to be a surviving sister of the dead Czar. Yet merely because the Grand Duchess OLGA formerly had a particularly easy and comfortable life at the expense of the Russian people—for whom she did nothing at all—her present state seems strangely pathetic to all of us who are not distinctly "Red," and her misfortunes stand out prominently, though they are surrounded by the worse misfortunes of millions of other Russians.

The logic is bad, or rather it is not logic at all, but the feeling remains—probably because feelings and logic have little in common. A cynic might say, and probably would, that to accord a special commiseration to this Duchess is a revelation of snobbishness. It hardly can be that, unless everybody is a snob, and that, of course, is inadmissible.

Appeal from Austrian Teachers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I would like to ask you to publish this desperate letter of some Austrian gentlewomen. LIA DE MAURIAC.

New York, March 17, 1920.

Vienna, February 21, 1920.

Dear Madam: The union of the Austrian female academical teachers, Maedchen-Mittelschule, beg to address to their American fellow-teachers an urgent appeal for help.

You know the desperate situation of our country and especially of Vienna, where the female academical teachers, being very badly paid, suffer great distress.

The American people having in so very generous a manner declared their readiness to help the people here with provisions, we beg you heartily to be so very kind as to forward the cards following under separate cover as printed matter to different addresses of organizations. We suppose that you in America also have unions of female academical teachers, similar to our union Maedchen-Mittelschule, and that these organizations might be willing to help us by sending parcels with food.

The President of the union Maedchen-Mittelschule begs to present in the name of all her fellow-teachers their very best thanks for any trouble you may have in helping us.

Believe me to be, dear madam,

Yours sincerely,

DIREKTOR HILDEGARD MEISSNER,
Ausschussmitglied des Verbandes Maedchen-Mittelschule.
Pensiongerstr. 113, Vienna.

Where America Should Be First.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Let me thank you for the letter of Mr. Marburg and for your fine editorial article in today's TIMES.

With amazed grief and humiliation we have beheld the blindness and hardness of our Senate in the face of the appalling misery of countless thousands of men, women and children among our allies and in the Near East.

With indignation and shame we behold America fallen from her position of leadership among the nations and misled by voices of cowardice and selfishness.

We do not want to play the part of cowards. We want our share in the great adventure, the League of Nations. "America First" ought to mean America first (not last), as now, to redeem her pledge; America first, not last, to pay her debt of honor; America first, not last, to make a willing sacrifice. GENEVIEVE COWLES.

New York, March 15, 1920.

Pleasing Everybody.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A few days ago one of your correspondents took exception to the candidacy of General Wood because of his appealing to pretty much everybody.

Most of us don't want a President elected by and for any class but our own, and in our soberer moments admit that a man elected by and for one class is not in keeping with Americanism.

Very many of us believe that the fact that Leonard Wood does appeal to representatives of every class of good Americans is his strongest point. And we further believe in the sincerity of his platform and his ability to carry out all his promises after election. L. M. BLACKFORD.

University of Virginia, March 15, 1920.

For Fairer School Histories.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Under the caption "Lingering Reasons for Friction," you have condensed in a few paragraphs what writers on "Anglo-American relations have often dwelt upon in long essays. What you say about American school histories ought to be repeated over and over again. A fairer presentation of our War of Independence and the War of 1812 would help much to put better foundations under the new Anglo-Saxon solidarity which is so necessary for the well-being of the coming generation.

HERBERT ADAMS GIBBONS.

Princeton, March 18, 1920.

The Rand School and the Regents.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your news columns today, reporting the bills introduced in the State Legislature in connection with the Lusk committee's preliminary report, you make the statement that the Rand School of Social Science has sought in vain to get the approval of the State Board of Regents for the courses which it gives. In the interest of accuracy, I hope you will permit me to say that the Rand School has at no time asked for recognition by the Board of Regents.

ALGERNON LEE,
Educational Director, Rand School.

New York, March 18, 1920.

KEEP SPARRING.

There's trouble in the U. S. A.,
Unrest is not abating;
Let Congress now get under way
Some more investigating!

Our financiers and profiteers
Still have the same old nature;
The Bolshevik his head uprears,
The H. C. L. is H-er!

The burden on the public falls,
The trust still overreaches;
I'm sure the situation calls
For more and louder speeches!

The matter of the L. of N.
Not settled is or near it,
Why don't our politicians, then,
Whoop up the party spirit?

Let Government its head anoint:
It is a thousand pities
It cannot rally and appoint
A dozen new committees!

JAMES W. OWEN.

ASTOR ENGLISH WILL FILED.

Late Viscount Leaves £421,963 Divided Between His Two Sons.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 19.—The will of the late Viscount Astor, dated Jan. 3, 1919, leaves property in England valued at £421,963 gross, with a net personalty of £359,067.

The testator declares his intention of making separate wills disposing of his American and Italian property. He directed that all English death duties should be paid primarily out of moneys available from a deed made between himself and the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, New York, and if that be not sufficient, then from his residuary estate, as all legacies given by his will are to be free of duty.

He left to the British Museum an antique bronze recovered from Lake Nemi, supposed to be a portrait of Drusilla, acquired by him from Messrs. Shink.

Various bequests are made to his servants and employes. He left to his second son, John Jacob Astor, the sapphire ram's head usually worn on his watch charm, his cat's eye ring and the writing desk at his London office; a ruby ring usually worn by him, his ruby links and buttons, his pearl links and studs to his granddaughter, Nancy P. L. Astor; a gold ring, engraved with a Greek inscription signifying "honor avenged," worn by his mother in commemoration of the recapture of Fort Sumter in 1865, and the balance of his jewelry and plate, &c., not otherwise disposed of, to his children in equal shares.

The contents of Hever Castle and his outdoor effects here are left to his son John Jacob; his western house and estate at Brighton and effects there to the eldest son of the present Lord Astor on attaining his majority; the effects at his London office to his two sons, jointly, with the remainder to the survivor, and the residue of his property is equally divided between his sons John Jacob and the present Lord Astor.

The late Viscount directed that the executors of his American will should pay to the trustees of his English will any sums which they might decide on in righting requests within two years of his death for the purpose of his will.

A TER MEULEN FOR $1,050.

"Return of Flock" Leads Estates Sale—197 Pictures, $24,737.

Good prices, good bidding and good attendance marked the closing sale of paintings from different estates and owners at the American Art Galleries last evening with returns of $17,867, making a grand total of $24,737 for the lot of 197 pictures. A very charming sheep picture, No. 187, "Return of the Flock," by the Dutch artist Ter Meulen, brought the highest price of the evening, going to the Holland Galleries for $1,050. To the Holland Galleries went also No. 141, Blommers's "Children Playing at the Seashore," for $825, and Nos. 188 and 189, by the French artist Lesrel, "The Musicians," for $310, and "Admirers of Beauty," for $510.

There were several paintings by Inness. One of these, a large, deep green landscape, No. 160, property of E. W. Paige, on mill board, said to have been purchased direct from the artist, "Milton on Hudson," went to Seaman, agent, for $925. Two paintings, presented many years ago by the artist to his friend and benefactor, Dr. Ferdinand L. Wiley, who lived at 588 Houston Street, New York, were sold under the direction of a nephew of Dr. Wiley. One, No. 154, a "Landscape with Figure," brought $375, and No. 163, "Roman Ruins," one of Inness's Italian pictures, $460. An Inness, "Near Medfield, Massachusetts," No. 117, went to T. Berg for $350, and No. 137, "Monte Lucia, Italy," to George H. Ainslee for $550.

ART OBJECTS BRING $12,022.

A Rock Crystal Coffret, 16th Century Italian, Sold for $1,225.

A remarkable rock crystal coffret, sixteenth century Italian style, brought the highest price at the sale of the art collection of a private collector at the American Art Galleries yesterday afternoon, going to F. Baumeister for $1,225. It was a beautiful piece of workmanship, having, in addition to the fifty-nine carved rock-crystal panels and ninety-four lapis lazuli insects, silver moldings enriched with gilding and figure and flower designs in beautifully colored enamels.

To Baumeister went a lapis lazuli and jeweled enamel horn for $425, a pair of lapis lazuli and enamel vases went to Leo Elwyn for $920 and a gold-mounted moss agate jewel coffret, the agate inset in mosaics, was purchased by Elwyn for $1,170. A small jeweled filigree 18-karat gold coffret, encrusted with rose diamonds and supported on domed baroque pearls, went to J. Z. Noorian for $400, and Bernet, agent, paid $410 for a diamond-studded gold cigarette box, a bleu de roi panel having a Turkish inscription in diamonds, it having been made for a Turkish official.

Returns for the ninety-four pieces of the sale were $18,022.

Y. W. C. A. STAGES PAGEANT.

Depicts Scope of Its Work Preliminary to $1,500,000 Campaign.

Preliminary to launching its $1,500,000 campaign today the Young Women's Christian Association staged a pageant last evening in the grand ballroom of the Waldorf showing the scope of its activities. "By Their Fruits" was the title of the pageant, and 200 girls from the Ballard School classes of the association appeared in the swiftly moving scenes. There were also moving pictures of the outdoor vacation life at the Y. W. C. A. recreation camp.

Among those in the boxes were Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr.; Mrs. August Belmont, Mrs. James H. Cushman, Cleveland H. Dodge, ex-Justice Charles E. Hughes and Mrs. Hughes, Mrs. James Arthur Curtis, Mrs. William K. Draper, Mrs. Dwight W. Morrow, Mr. and Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr.; Mrs. Douglas Robinson, Mrs. Elihu Root, Jr.; Mrs. G. A. Johnston Ross, Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, Jr.; Mrs. John R. Mott, Mrs. Willard Straight, Mrs. George Whitney, Mrs. Robert E. Speer, Mrs. John T. Pratt, Mrs. Frederick B. Pratt, Mrs. George W. Perkins, Michael Friedsam, Frank Munsey, Hunter S. Marston, Harvey D. Gibson, Raymond Fosdick, the Rev. Henry Sloan Coffin, Mrs. Wm. W. Rossiter, Mrs. Harvey Gibson, Mrs. Lewis H. Lapham, Mrs. Albert Milbank, Miss Katherine Lambert, Mrs. Herbert Lee Pratt. The Junior League girls acted as ushers.

The campaign will be officially opened at a luncheon at the Hotel Commodore. There will be a mass meeting at the Lexington Theatre 3:30 o'clock Sunday afternoon. At this meeting Mme. Homer will sing. The speakers will be John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Dr. Wilton Merle Smith and Mrs. Robert E. Speer. Admission is by tickets, which may be obtained from any Y. W. C. A. branch, or at the campaign headquarters, 2 West Thirty-ninth Street.

WOULD KEEP MORTGAGE TAX

New York State Conference Opposes Mayor Hylan's Proposal.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, N. Y., March 19.—The New York State Tax Conference closed here this afternoon. Ogden L. Mills of New York was re-elected President for a fourth term. The Vice Presidents are Edwin A. R. Seligman of Columbia University, Charles J. Tobin of New York, M. J. Walsh of Yonkers and Kingman Nott, Robins of Rochester. Leo Day Woodworth of New York was re-elected Secretary and Treasurer.

In a resolution the association expressed disapproval of the plan of Mayor Hylan of New York to abolish the mortgage tax. The resolution recites that the State exemption of income from public obligations other than those of the United States Government should be discontinued, and urges elimination of the exemption of income from further issues of bonds of this State and its municipalities.

CABINET MEN APPEAL FOR SUFFRAGE CAUSE

Four of President's Advisers Urge Delaware Democrats to Ratify the Amendment.

LABOR LEADER JOINS PLEA

Prediction Made in Dover That the Legislature Will Act Favorably Early Next Week.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Appeals for ratification of the woman suffrage amendment when the Delaware Legislature meets next Monday, have been made to Democrats of that State by Attorney General Palmer, a Presidential candidate; Secretary of the Navy Daniels, Secretary of the Treasury Houston and Secretary of Agriculture Meredith.

Attorney General Palmer's letter read in part:

"The National Democratic Committee has taken a strong stand for ratification of suffrage. The fact that we have a considerable representation from our party in your Legislature gives us an excellent opportunity to be of help to the suffrage cause. Now that the suffrage campaign is approaching its conclusion and the battle against ratification is becoming more vigorous than ever before, our help is needed and we must not fail to give it."

Secretary Daniels's letter concluded:

"The fact that Delaware's ratification is necessary to enable women to vote in the November elections makes it particularly important that our party give undivided support to ratification in the Delaware Legislature."

Secretary Meredith expressed in his letter the "earnest hope that the Democratic Party in Delaware will do everything possible to see that the suffrage amendment is ratified."

Secretary Houston urged favorable action as a matter of "party duty and good faith."

Frank Morrison, National Secretary of the American Federation of Labor, telegraphed Daniel M. Layton, Jr., Chairman of the Republican State Committee, and the Governor of Delaware, urging them "to do everything possible to secure ratification by Delaware Legislature."

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., March 19.—Notwithstanding the inclement weather this afternoon full 400 persons attended the meeting of the Women's Equal Suffrage Association, at which Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt was the speaker.

Mrs. Catt argued that the question of suffrage was not a State question but a national question. She pleaded for suffrage on the ground that many foreign countries already had extended the right of suffrage to women, and asked if the State of Delaware would decline the same privilege to its women. As for the statement that many women do not want the ballot, Mrs. Catt replied that neither do all men exercise the ballot.

The prediction was made that Delaware would ratify the amendment in the early days of next week's special session.

Miss Mary G. Kilbreth, National President of the Anti-Suffragist Association, declared at a meeting here tonight that the Chairmen and leaders of both political parties were trying to "sandbag" the Delaware legislators into ratifying the suffrage amendment. Miss Catherine Rowe declared Chairman Hays's methods in behalf of suffrage had disrupted the Republican Party in several States.

EXPORTS FELL IN FEBRUARY.

Foreign Trade Was Less Than in Any Month Since October.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Decided decrease in exports is shown by the February foreign trade statement issued today by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, exports for the month amounting to $646,000,000, the smallest monthly total since October. Imports also decreased from $474,000,000 in January to $467,000,000.

Exports during the eight months ending March 1 amounted to $5,231,000,000, against $4,383,000,000 during the corresponding period of 1918-19. Imports for the eight months exceeded by $140,000,000 the imports during the entire fiscal year ending June 30, 1919.

Imports of gold during February were unusually small

MISS STEAD TO WED DR. LEWIS M. BOOTH

Junior League Member's Fiance Was the Chief Anesthetist of the A. E. F.

MISS POUNDS BETROTHED

Elder Daughter of Former Borough President of Brooklyn Engaged to George Morrisey.

The engagement is announced of Miss Elizabeth Willard Stead, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Stead of this city and Washington, to Dr. Lewis M. Booth, who is connected with Roosevelt Hospital. Dr. Booth was graduated from Yale in 1908 and the Yale Medical School in 1911 and went overseas with the Mackay-Roosevelt Unit Base Hospital No. 15. He served, with the rank of Captain, for twenty months. While there he was appointed chief anesthetist of the A. E. F.

Miss Stead is a niece of L. B. Howland Brown and Paul Revere Reynolds of New York and is a member of the Junior League. Early in the war she did social service work and later took the nurse's surgical aid course at Roosevelt Hospital and served in Debarkation Hospital No. 5 in this city. After joining her parents in Washington last spring she spent her spare time in work with the wounded soldiers at the Walter Reed Hospital. The wedding will take place within a few months.

Pounds—Morrisey.

Former Borough President of Brooklyn Lewis H. Pounds and Mrs. Pounds have announced the engagement of their elder daughter, Miss Elizabeth Pounds, to George Morrisey, a son of Mr. and Mrs. N. H. Morrisey, also of Brooklyn. Miss Pounds is one of a family of five brothers and sisters. No date has been named for the wedding.

Heffner—Rossett.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Heffner announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Rhoda Katherine Heffner, to Leo L. Rosett, a lawyer, of this city. Mr. Rosett was formerly an Assistant District Attorney of Bronx County, resigning in December, 1917, to join the army, going to France with the 305th Field Artillery. He was cited for bravery under heavy shell fire by Colonel F. C. Doyle in the Argonne advance.

Ross—Williams.

Richard R. Ross of Mount Vernon, N. Y., has announced the engagement of his daughter, Miss Florence Elizabeth Ross, to Roger Williams of this city and Mount Vernon. Miss Ross was identified with war work and is a graduate of Miss Hazen's School at Pelham. Mr. Williams is a graduate of Syracuse University and was Captain in the 163d Infantry, 26th Division.

Fairbairn—Throp.

The engagement is announced of Miss Agnes L. Fairbairn to Charles Clifford Throp. Miss Fairbairn is a daughter of Dr. Henry A. Fairbairn of 249 McDonough Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Throp was educated at the University of Pennsylvania and is a nephew of Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Brown of East Orange, N. J.

F. M. WARBURG'S CELEBRATE.

Married 25 Years, They Give a Reception, Dinner and Dance.

Mr. and Mrs. Felix M. Warburg celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of their marriage yesterday with a reception followed by a dinner and dance at their home, 1109 Fifth Avenue. Mrs. Warburg is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff.

The entertainment commenced with a history, in verse form, of the courtship and married life of Mr. and Mrs. Warburg, by Miss Anne Morgan and Miss Marcia Van Dresser sang and Paul Warburg and Jesse Straus spoke.

Boyd-McCook Wedding April 20.

The wedding of Miss Harriet McCook, daughter of Mrs. John J. McCook of Tuxedo Park, and Jackson H. Boyd of Harrisburg, Pa., whose engagement was announced recently, will take place on Tuesday, April 20. Miss McCook is the youngest daughter of Mrs. McCook and the late Colonel John J. McCook, and is a sister of Mrs. Augustus Jay. Mrs. John Junius Morgan and Miss Martha McCook. Mr. Boyd is the son of Mrs. Boyd and the late John Y. Boyd of Harrisburg.

PUTS GOV. COX ON 'WET' LIST

Anti-Saloon League Will Fight Nominating Him for President.

WESTERVILLE, Ohio, March 19.—Following the announcement by the Anti-Saloon League of America that it would oppose Presidential candidates not thoroughly proven "dry," the Rev. P. A. Baker, General Superintendent of the league, today issued a statement characterizing Governor James M. Cox of Ohio, as "thoroughly wet."

"Governor Cox will receive no 'dry' votes except the votes of the 'drys' who also are standpatters," said the statement. The Rev. Mr. Baker said he was advised that Eastern "wet" Democrats were for Governor Cox and not for Governor Edwards of New Jersey because the latter was not big enough and was too open a foe of prohibition.

Friends of Governor Cox were pleased with the assault made on him by the Rev. Mr. Baker. Baker has always opposed him, having supported former Governor Willis, whom Cox twice defeated. In view of the growth of sentiment against the Volstead act in Ohio the attack was welcomed.

Women Democrats to Meet.

A meeting of the Democratic Women's National Campaign Committee of One Thousand will be held at the Hotel Astor this afternoon at half past 2 o'clock. The speakers will be Miss Elisabeth Marbury, who has been chosen for delegate at large to the Democratic National Convention; Judge Abram I. Elkus of the Court of Appeals, Jeremiah T. Mahoney and James A. Hamilton, Commissioner of Correction.

SOCIAL NOTES.

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Mason Day of 70 East Seventy-seventh Street, accompanied by Miss Louise G. Witherbee, who has just returned from Palm Beach, will sail on the Adriatic today for France and the Levant.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Forbes McCreery of 22 East Forty-seventh Street are leaving for California and Honolulu and will be absent several months.

Miss Helena Fish is seriously ill with pneumonia at her residence, 26 East Sixty-second Street.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Snowden Redfield of 903 Park Avenue and family are leaving for White Sulphur Springs to remain about a fortnight, visiting in Washington on their way to the Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. Donald Sage Mackay of 22 East Forty-eighth Street are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son. Mrs. Mackay was formerly Miss Helen Thorndike.

Mrs. Gustavus T. Kirby will return shortly from California and plans to sail with Mr. Kirby, who is President of the American Olympic Games Committee, for France in June.

Mrs. Payne Whitney will entertain a party of young people tonight for her daughter, Miss Joan Whitney.

Mrs. Lee Delafield entertained at dinner last night at the Ritz-Carlton.

General and Mrs. Charles H. Sherrill are sailing today for Paris where they will occupy their apartment at 5 Rue Beaujon.

Mrs. Pierpont Morgan is giving a dinner tonight for her granddaughter, Miss Mabel Satterlee.

Miss Betty Pierson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Fred Pierson, has joined Mr. and Mrs. Vincent Astor's party in Bermuda.

Miss Edith Whitehead is giving a reception this afternoon at her home, 582 Lexington Avenue, for Alyn Williams, President of the Royal Society of Miniature Painters of England.

Lady Herbert and her son, Sidney Herbert, are sailing today on the Adriatic. Lady Herbert will open her house at 7 Carlton House Terrace, London, for the coming season there. Lord and Lady Glenconner, Mrs. Howard St. George and Miss St. George, and Dr. and Mrs. George Dixon are also sailing.

Washington.

The Prince and Princess Boncompani, who are just back from Florida, entertained a large dinner company last evening in compliment to the Italian Ambassador and Baroness Ramono. The occasion was particularly interesting as it marked the reopening of the girlhood home of the Princess Boncompani to society as well as the first appearance of the former Miss Draper as an official hostess in Washington. The Prince and Princess will pass the Spring season in Washington. The Prince arrived recently from Italy.

The Argentine Ambassador and Mme. Le Breton were hosts to a company of eighteen last evening, having among their friends the newly arrived Ambassador from Brazil, Augusto Cochran de Alencar.

The Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, Dr. Charles D. Wolcott, and Mrs. Wolcott were hosts last evening at a dinner for sixteen. The guests were invited to meet the Ambassador from Peru and Mme. Pezet.

The Prince and Princess Lubomirski, the former the new Minister from Poland, entertained at breakfast yesterday at their legation following the religious celebration of the "name day" of General Joseph Pilsudski, Chief of State of the new republic. A Polish church has been established near the legation where the Prince and Princess are regular attendants.

The former Ambassador to Russia and Mrs. Marye have issued invitations to a dinner on March 25 in honor of the Prince and Princess Cantacuzene who will return from New York on that date. The latter will also spend a part of the post Lenten season in Washington.

Mrs. John Jay White entertained at luncheon yesterday, when among her guests were the Mme. Payne Whitney, wife of the Minister from the Netherlands, and Mrs. Newton E. Baker, wife of the Secretary of War.

Palm Beach.

Colonel William B. Thompson of New York, who has been in Havana for a month, arrived yesterday to spend a few days with his daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Shulze, Jr., before going North.

Mr. and Mrs. David Wagstaff of Tuxedo gave a luncheon yesterday at the Beach Club for the Robert Goelets. Lawrence Waterbury and J. S. Coaden of New York left yesterday on a short fishing trip.

Mr. and Mrs. William Thaw, 2d, of Pittsburgh have leased one of the Huston houses on Sunset Avenue for next season.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Roberts of Philadelphia were among yesterday's newcomers.

Mr. and Mrs. Morgan Belmont, Mrs. David R. Calhoun, Mrs. George L. Kingsland, Mrs. Pierre L. Barbey and Mrs. Paul D. Millis were among those on the courts yesterday morning.

St Augustine.

Prince and Princess Albert Radziwill of New York arrived yesterday. They expect to go to Cuba later.

Mrs. George M. Fletcher gave a bridge party yesterday for Mrs. Edson Bradley of Washington.

Mr. and Mrs. John G. Winston are here from Richmond.

Hot Springs, Va.

Brigadier General and Mrs. Vanderbilt, with Miss Grace Vanderbilt, arrived yesterday from New York, and will remain until April 18.

Colonel James T. Loree of New York arrived last night to join Mrs. Loree, who is here with her mother, Mrs. John Leary of New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Carroll Ladd of Minneapolis, also among the newcomers, are to stay until March 26.

Mrs. A. Howard Hinkle of Cincinnati, with her daughter, Miss Marie Hinkle, will be here until March 31.

Mr. and Mrs. George E. Kerwin arrived yesterday from Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. William A. Prime came from New York yesterday.

White Sulphur Springs.

Mrs. Edward Arnold of Tuxedo, who will spend several weeks here, is entertaining a house party in one of the cottages on Baltimore Row.

Mrs. Lawrence C. Phipps, wife of the United States Senator from Colorado, came over from Hot Springs yesterday with Mrs. Francis Emrow Warren of Washington. They have taken one of the Florida Row cottages for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Elton Parks of New York arrived last night.

Mr. and Mrs. James D. Brown of Cleveland reached here from Palm Beach yesterday morning.

SOCIETY BLOSSOMS AT ANNUAL BALL

Costumed Guests See Debutants and Professionals in Dance of the Flowers.

MAYOR HYLAN A VISITOR

Inspects Exhibits with His Daughter, Mrs. Sinnott — Honor Belgium and Serbia Today.

Quite new as a feature of the Flower Show at the Grand Central Palace was a flower ball with a dance of the flowers, held in the tea room last evening, in which society débutantes as well as professional dancers took part. Many of the guests were in costume, wearing flower hats and carrying wands. The judges awarding the prizes for costumes were Mrs. John W. Alexander, Miss Elsie Ferguson and James S. Metcalfe. The stage furnished the judges for the best dancing couple in Miss Blanche Bates, Willie Collier, Jack Hazzard and Miss Ada Lewis. Mrs. Jameson Lee Finney, a member of the Women's Campaign Committee of the Navy Club, contributed the prizes. The Allied Loyalty League co-operated with the Navy Club in giving the ball.

Mrs. Edwin B. Grossman, Mrs. Walden Pell, Mrs. John R. Drexel, Jr., Mrs. Casimir de Rham, Mrs. Richard S. Emmet, Mrs. Edward McVicker and Miss Margaret Hamilton were among the members of the Dance Committee on which the patronesses, Mrs. Edward M. Breitung, Mrs. Charles Astor Bristed, Mrs. Frederic R. Coudert, Miss Maude Wetmore, Mrs. Newbold Leroy Edgar, Mrs. E. H. Harriman, Mrs. William H. Hamilton, Mrs. Frederick Vanderbilt, Mrs. Price Post, Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, Mrs. John H. Iselin and Mrs. Elbert H. Gary, served.

Mayor Hylan and his daughter, Mrs. John Sinnott, visited the tea room in the afternoon. Mrs. T. Oakley Rhinelander, hostess of the day, was assisted by the Princess Cantacuzene, who spoke, and Mmes. William Rockhill, Edward Shearson, Arthur Ryle, Charles Boynton and Serge Ignitt. Maria Barrientos of the Metropolitan Opera House was the guest of Mrs. LeRoy Newbold Edgar. Tea was served by society débutantes and matrons dressed in Russian costume and members of the Russian labs company sang.

Yesterday was the second and biggest rose day of the show and thousands of new blossoms were added. There were five exhibitors of table decorations, Adolph Lewisohn carrying off the first prize, Spencer Eddy of Manhasset the second, while the third went to Mrs. Payne Whitney.

Mr. Lewisohn combined blue larkspur effectively with pink roses and maidenhair fern, while pansies, ferns and forget-me-nots were in the smaller and corsage bouquets. A pretty combination was found by Mrs. Eddy, who showed lilies-of-the-valley with baby pink primroses. Mrs. Whitney's table was delightful, with only one variety of flower, the freesia, but in many different delicate shades of color. An interesting table was that of Mrs. Sidney Rosenfeld, which in addition to Easter lilies and jonquils contained little chickens, garden tools, golf sticks and other symbols of Spring.

For sweet pea displays covering twenty-five square feet, Mrs. F. E. Lewis of Ridgefield, Conn., won first prize, and Mrs. Payne Whitney, Mrs. Paul Moore and Mrs. William Guthrie of Locust Valley, N. Y., were other winners. Sweet pea commercial first prize winners were M. Matherson, M. Graf and the Atlee Burpee Company, the latter having an exhibit of 100 square feet. A prize of $150 was received by the Springfield Floral Company of Springfield, N. J., for carnations. Their exhibit covered 150 square feet and contained 1,500 blooms.

Today will be Belgian and Serbian day, with Mrs. Pierre Mali and Mrs. William J. Schieffelin acting as hostesses. The Belgian Ambassador, Baron and Mme. Cartier, and other prominent Belgians and Serbians will be guests of honor.

POLES CAPTURE STAFF OF RUSSIAN BRIGADE

Shatter Concentration Planned for the Conquest of the Podolian Capital.

WARSAW, March 18 (Associated Press).—The Bolsheviki had planned the capture of Kamenetz-Podolsk, capital of Podolia and a city of about 50,000 inhabitants, according to a Polish communique issued today, which tells of the capture of the 2d Brigade staff of the Bolshevist 60th Division on the Volhynian front.

The Bolsheviki, says the communique, began a concentration which was shattered by the Poles, who captured the staff and all the plans, maps and documents of brigade headquarters.

In Opole and other Upper Silesian towns the Germans are greatly excited over news of the revolution in Germany. They endeavored to destroy the Polish emblems on the Consulate at Opole.

LAW STUDENTS GAIN A YEAR.

Court of Appeals Modifies Rules for Admission to New York Bar.

ALBANY, March 19.—The Court of Appeals rules governing the admission of attorneys to the practice of law were amended today so as to enable a law student to try his examination and be admitted to the bar after two years' preliminary study in a college or university and four years' professional study in a law school.

The present requirements call for another year to be spent in a law clerkship in the office of a practicity attorney. Until now this clerkship requirement was only dispensed with in the case of a college graduate who had taken three years in a law school.

JAY A. WEBER IS ACQUITTED.

Pictorial Review Official Charged with Attempting Income Tax Bribe.

Jay A. Weber, Secretary of the Pictorial Review Company, was acquitted yesterday by a Federal District Court jury of the charge of attempted bribery growing out of an inquiry by internal revenue agents into the income tax returns of the company. The verdict was returned in forty-five minutes after Judge E. E. Cushman in his charge declared that if it was shown that Weber believed that the returns were properly made out it would go a long way toward removing any motive on Weber's part to offer a bribe.

MONTMARTRE WAITERS RAID RIVAL CAFES

Insist That Others Shall Obey Police Order That Closed Their Resorts.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 19.—Paris at night is just now the scene of comic opera warfare. Montmartre as the champion of public morality is carrying out a series of nightly raids on other parts of the city to suppress cafés where one may dance and drink champagne at 100 francs a bottle after the hours decreed by the police.

Morality, however, is only one-half of the raiders' reason for this action. Up in Montmartre three days ago the café proprietors closed their establishments altogether rather than submit to the police order to close at 10 P. M. The result was that hundreds of waiters, cooks and attendants were thrown out of work. It is they who are organizing the raids. They are determined that if there is no night life in Montmartre, and no work for them, neither shall there be work and gayety in other parts of the city.

On Thursday night they carried out their first raid, with the aid of the police, and, emboldened by their success, last night they tried several more raids on their own account. After a council of war up on their mountain, they descended in ten groups upon the city by different routes and surrounded their objectives. Their leaders thundered at doors and demanded admittance in the name of the law and the Syndicated Café Workers of Montmartre. Once inside, they behaved with perfect decorum, but they were firm. Every one must leave at once.

Managers, waiters and dancers, male and female, protested, but their protests were of no avail. Out they had to go, and when all the offending houses were cleared and the "blackleg" waiters were packed off home, like their guests, the raiders returned triumphant to the fastnesses on the Mountain of Montmartre, which is itself a model of decorous dullness.

As the coal strike in the north of France which was the cause of the early closing order has been practically settled, it is now expected that the order will soon be rescinded and that life will resume its more ordinary forms of excitement.

C. F. U. TO SUPPORT LABOR CANDIDATES

Rejects Gompers Plan to "Reward Friends and Punish Enemies."

Following the lead of the Chicago Federation of Labor, the Central Federated Union in the Labor Temple, in East Eighty-fourth Street, last night manifested its defiance to Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, through the adoption of a letter recommended by the Reconstruction or Political Committee, in which it was asserted that the central body had "decided to support only friends of labor running on the Labor Party ticket" in the forthcoming election.

Mr. Gompers's program calls for the appointment of a non-partisan committee to meet March 22 to make plans for a campaign to "reward friends and punish enemies" of labor. The union will comply with the request for the appointment of a committee, but that committee will not be one to carry out the wishes of Mr. Gompers, who would select the candidates from the two old parties.

The American Labor Party, through this letter makes known its intention to raise a campaign fund here of $100,000 to elect its candidates, and Mr. Gompers is politely asked to contribute $10,000 from the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor.

RENOUNCES DE VALERA.

Naturalization Petitioner Abjures Allegiance to "Irish Republic."

CHICAGO, March 19.—Patrick King, appearing in naturalization court this morning, not only renounced allegiance to the British Empire and King George, but also, by order of Judge Kavanaugh, to the "Republic of Ireland" and Eamonn de Valera, its "President."

This is the first case on record, attorneys say where the "Irish republic" has been officially recognized by an American court.

Judge Kavanaugh declared later that his action was official recognition of the Irish Republic and its executives. "It is a de facto government which exists with the consent of nine-tenths of Ireland's people," he said, "although it has not been recognized by foreign Governments. The same situation existed in the United States in the years intervening from 1776 to 1783."

Obituary Notes.

GEORGE F. REIFSCHNEIDER, a retired Lieutenant of the New York Police Department and who served with Buffalo Bill in several campaigns against the Indians on the Western plains, died on Thursday at his home, 3,516 Avenue L, Brooklyn. He was 71 years old.

Mrs. ANNIE VAN VALKENBURGH ROBINSON, widow of John Robinson, a lumber merchant of Stotch Plains, N. J., died on Thursday at her home, 1,039 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, aged 80 years.

MATTHEW STRIPP, retired contractor and builder of this city, died at his home, 926 President Street, Brooklyn, on Thursday, aged 68 years.

CHARLES ROBERT FASS, 50 years old, a tool and die manufacturer in Brooklyn, died of apoplexy on Wednesday at his home, 1,284 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn.

JAMES FLEMING, Jr., chief clerk of the Hall of Records, died Wednesday at his home, 521 West 112th Street.

DANIEL DALY, lawyer, died Thursday in St. Vincent Hospital, in his sixty-ninth year. He lived at the Hotel Willard.

LOUIS B. MAY, a druggist, of Verona, N. J., died Thursday in a Brooklyn hospital, aged 41 years.

Mrs. REBECCA TRAPP, wife of Dr. C. W. Trapp and sister of Mrs. E. J. Nally of New York, died Thursday in Lexington, Ky.

HENRY W. ANGLEMAN, 78 years old, a pastor, who was active for twenty-eight years of the Crescent Avenue Presbyterian Church in Plainfield, N. J., died there Thursday.

JAMES SCOTT RUSSELL, one of the oldest members of the Church of the Strangers, 309 West Fifty-seventh Street, died yesterday at his home, 406 West 124th Street.

WOULD AID EVICTED; HIS TENANTS JEER

Borough Park Landlord Offers to Pay Rent for Family Put Out by Another.

IS DENOUNCED AT HEARING

Would Tack Rise on Them to Make Up for Gift, Say Objectors, Who Help Woman.

An uproar among 180 tenants from the Borough Park section of Brooklyn, who yesterday brought a complaint of profiteering against their landlord before the Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering in the Municipal Building, followed their landlord's offer to contribute six months' rent to a woman who had been evicted and whose case had come to the attention of the committee. The tenants, who had contributed to a fund for the woman, denounced their landlord when he proposed a donation on the ground that if he were permitted to do so he would immediately raise their rent to make up the amount.

The tenants came from the eight twenty-family houses in Forty-second Street, Borough Park, Brooklyn, which are owned by David Becker of 978 Forty-second Street, who, they complained, is trying to raise rents on an average of 30 per cent., after having increased their rent since 1918 from 100 to 120 per cent. It was their contention that Becker had no right to make the latest increases, as they understood that they had signed a lease last Fall for the term of a year.

The existence of this lease is a matter of dispute. The tenants said they brought charges against their landlord last year before the Committee on Rent Profiteering, and that an adjudication was made when they signed an agreement on a piece of yellow paper which entitled them to ocupancy of their homes for another year at the rates mentioned in this document. The Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering, which underwent a change following the resignation of its first chairman, Nathan Hirsch, has been unable to find a trace of the original agreement or a copy of it, and efforts to substantiate the existence of such a document with the help of the former members have failed.

Lewinsohn Urges Compromise.

The matter was thrashed out at a hearing yesterday before Acting Chairman S. A. Lewinsohn. When Mr. Lewinsohn was unable to establish the existence of the alleged lease to the satisfaction of all contending parties, he tried to effect a compromise between tenants and landlord. Efforts were made to induce Becker to concede to the 180 tenants the rights which they would have enjoyed under such a lease, and the hearing was suspended to give him time to consider the proposal.

Mrs. Fannie Rosenberg of 448 Georgia Avenue, East New York, appeared before the Committee on Rent Profiteering with a plea for help to save herself and family of nine children from eviction. While the committee was considering the appeal Mrs. Rosenberg learned that all the family's belongings had been put out on the street in the slush. She said she didn't know what would become of herself and her nine children, as she and her husband had been unable to find another place to live.

"Judge" Lewinsohn and Deputy Tenement House Commissioner John P. Finnerty, whose good offices at many of the hearings have helped to settle disputes between landlords and their tenants, started a fund to help Mrs. Rosenberg. A hat was placed on the table in front of the acting chairman. Mr. Finnerty made contributions. The tenants who had come to press their complaints against landlord Becker dug deep into their handbags and almost upset the table in their rush to donate. Nickels and dimes and quarters showered into the hat, with a bill now and then, and when all had contributed to the limit of their means a count was made and it was found that $75 had been raised.

Would Pay Six Months' Rent.

At this point landlord Becker said he would pay six months' rent for Mrs. Rosenberg as soon as she could find a place, and that it made no difference whether she had to pay $30 or $60 a month.

"Don't let him do it, Judge," shouted one of his tenants. "If he does he'll try to raise our rents again and make up for the amount he wants to give."

This plea was taken up in chorus, and some of the tenants even went so far as to say that every time a landlord had announced a generous contribution to his house of worship they had felt the effects of a raise in rent. No ruling was made by Acting Chairman Lewinsohn as to the eligibility of the landlord as a contributor to the fund for Mrs. Rosenberg. She was advised to continue her search for a place to live and to report the result to Mr. Lewinsohn today.

The Committee on Rent Profiteering has been so swamped with tenants bringing complaints against their landlords that the Mayor has decided to establish branch offices in the Borough of Brooklyn and the Bronx. As a result of a communication from the Mayor Walter C. Martin, Superintendent of Tenement Houses in the Bronx, had a conference yesterday afternoon with the Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering as to the most practical methods of hearing and disposing of such disagreements. Deputy Commissioner Thomas R. Farrell, in Brooklyn, is to have charge of similar work in Brooklyn and Queens. The aid of the Tenement House Department is to be enlisted because a great number of the complaints of tenants against their landlords of defective heating and plumbing have been referred in the first place to those departments for investigation.

Regarding a report that seventy families are to be evicted on April 1 from six houses at Broadway and Eighty-third Street, which are to be torn down to make way for a big motion picture theatre, it was explained that nothing could be done by the committee on behalf of these tenants. The houses are 223, 225, 227, 229 and 231 West Eighty-third Street and 2,304 Broadway.

Mayor Seeks Labor Truce.

Mayor Hylan, in an effort to hasten his building construction program, will try to effect a settlement of the disputes between building contractors and unions at a conference this afternoon in the Board of Estimate Chamber. When the labor problem is disposed of, the Mayor will turn his efforts to a solution of other difficulties standing in the way of stabilization of the prices of building material, the investment of money in mortgages on homes and the transportation of building materials.

Borough President Henry H. Curran yesterday committed himself to a proposal for the city to make an immediate appropriation of $10,000,000 for the construction and maintenance of apartments and dwellings, and suggested that such an investment could be made self-sustaining on the basis of a rental which would return 7½ per cent. on the investment. His resolution was not permitted to reach the calendar, following the objection of members of the board, and Mr. Curran complained that the board "attempted to block everything he proposed." Mr. Curran will bring the resolution up for consideration at the meeting of the Board of Estimate next week.

A committee representing building contractors of Bay Ridge, who are said to be making developments of approximately $20,000,000, called on the Mayor yesterday to complain that their projects were being held up as a result of the attitude of the Kings County Lighting Company in refusing to accept contracts for new gas mains. The spokesman for the delegation, John J. Muller, 7,825 Fifth Avenue, asserted that the order of the Public Service Commission, requiring that gas be supplied to houses within 100 feet of existing mains was still ignored by the lighting company. The contractors will lay their complaint before Public Service Commissioner Lewis Nixon.

The Tenants' Rights League of the Greater City, which was formed about two weeks ago for the purpose of urging passage by the Legislature of remedial laws controlling the rent situation, will hold a mass meeting tonight at 8 o'clock at Washington Irving High School, Sixteenth Street and Irving Place, to consider plans for its campaign. The call for the meeting has been issued by Homer Gray, President of the league, who said that Fiorello LaGuardia, President of the Board of Aldermen, and Secretary of State Francis M. Hugo are expected to speak. The league seeks 1,000,000 members and has opened headquarters at 922 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn. Headquarters will be established later in Manhattan and the other boroughs.

Realty Men Warn Legislators.

Building operations in New York City will be stopped altogether if the Legislative program to stamp out rent profiteers is carried out, according to a warning by members of the Real Estate Board at a dinner last night at the Hotel Astor, to which were invited members of the Legislative Committees on Taxes, Retrenchment and Cities and leaders of the Senate and Assembly. The dinner was given by the Legislative Committee of the Real Estate Board, of which Robert E. Dowling is Chairman, and the conference following it was private.

The legislators explained their position by describing the house shortage conditions, particularly in New York City, and the demands made from all sides for a remedy of the situation. They said they were committed to the program which already has been inaugurated, and gave the real estate men little hope that their plans could be changed. It was asserted by some of the speakers that if relief was not found immediately New York City might expect to have riots and bloodshed.

In objecting to the present legislative program the real estate men said it was proposed in this way to put in the hands of Municipal Judges a power which meant practical control of real estate operations, because these Judges would be able to determine what were the rights of tenants as against landlords.

Speeches were made by Senator John A. Dunnigan, Assemblyman Simon L. Adler, Republican leader of the House; Senator James J. Walker, Democratic leader of the Senate; Senator Charles D. Lockwood, Chairman of the Housing Committee of the Senate, and Assemblyman Donohue.

RALPH BEARDSLEY DROWNED

Amateur Auto Racer and Two Companions Perish in Norfolk Bay.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., March 19.—Word was received here today of the tragic death of Ralph E. Beardsley, amateur automobile racer, whose body was found cast up on Craney Island, Norfolk Bay, Va., Thursday afternoon.

By Beardsley's side was found the framed license for the operation of a motor boat. The body and the license are the only things of the motor boat in which Beardsley, Samuel S. Elwell, a diver for the United States Government, and Arthur Scholl of the Britt Motor Company left Pine Beach, Va., on Monday night for Newport News, where they were going on business for Britt. It was when they reached Hampton Roads they were caught in the terrific gale that raged and the boat capsized.

MORIZ BENEDIKT DEAD.

Vienna Editor Was the Greatest Journalist of Central Europe.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, March 19.—The publisher of the Neue Freie Presse, Vienna, Moriz Benedikt, the greatest journalist of Central Europe, for half a century power in public life in Austria, died this morning from pneumonia, aged 72.

For many years this indefatigable worker wrote daily all the leading articles of the morning and evening editions of his paper. A great figure of the old political system of Austria disappeared with Benedikt.

Edward Roullier, Artist.

CHICAGO, March 19.—Edward Roullier, well-known artist, died today after an acute attack of heart disease. The French Government recently made him an officer "instruction publique" for his efforts toward promoting friendly relations between the United States and France.

He was born in Paris in 1858 and educated at the Paris Lycée. He was one of the best-known collectors and experts on prints in the country.

William Frederick Kuhr.

William Frederick Kuhr, one of the pioneer merchants of Brooklyn, who retired several years ago, died suddenly yesterday morning of acute indigestion at his home, 390 Stuyvesant Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 80 years. He came to this country from Germany as a boy of 14, and before the Civil War established a dry goods business on Fulton Street, near Tillary, later moving to 479 Fulton, where he remained until his retirement.

Dr. Frederick J. Leviseur.

Dr. Frederick J. Leviseur, a specialist in dermatology of 40 East Eighty-third Street, died yesterday in a local hospital. He was graduated from Gottingen in 1884, was chief clinician in dermatology at Mt. Sinai Hospital and a consulting physician in his specialty to the Montefiore and Hebrew Orphan Asylums.

John Lockwood Romer.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 19.—John Lockwood Romer, a lawyer of Buffalo, died here today in his 75th year, of diabetes, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. H. F. Baker. In recent years he had been gradually withdrawing from active practice, but formerly he appeared in many important cases as junior partner of the firm of Day & Romer.

Rev. W. W. Battershall.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 19.—The Rev. Walton W. Battershall, Rector Emeritus of St. Peter's Episcopal Church, and rector for thirty years, died tonight of pneumonia. He was born in Troy eighty years ago, and had been pastor of Christ Church, Rochester. He was a trustee of Colgate College for twenty years.

Born.

LAMPORT—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph M. Lamport (nee Estelle Hurewitz), 1 West 85th St., announce the birth of a son March 18.

Engaged.

BRICKMAN—SCHWARTZ—Mr. and Mrs. M. Schwartz of 1307 Clinton Av., Bronx, N. Y., announce the engagement of their daughter Anna to Mr. Herman Brickman.

ROTHSTEIN—ALEXANDER—Mr. and Mrs. James A. Alexander of 536 West 111th St., announce the engagement of their daughter, Irma Estelle, to Edgar Rothstein, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Rothstein.

Married.

DAVIS—RYLAND—Mr. Harry Ryland announces the marriage of his sister, Ethel, to David Davis, son of Mr. Edward Davis, by Dr. Nathan Krass, on March 17, 1920.

Died.

ALLEN—At 26 Gay St., Elmhurst, N. Y., on March 19, 1920, Harriette Etta, beloved wife of Lester L. and mother of Lester L., aged 28 years. Funeral service at the Elmhurst M. E. Church on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

ANDERSON—Archibald J. C., at his residence, Wednesday, March 17, 1920. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral Saturday, March 20, at 2 P. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

ANDREWS—On Friday, March 19, 1920, William Loring, son of the late Loring Andrews and beloved husband of Jane E. Crane, in the 83d year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BALTZ—Suddenly, on March 18, Louise Baltz, beloved wife of Frank A. Baltz of 297 Arlington Av., Brooklyn. Funeral services from 3704 Bainbridge Av., Bronx, on Monday, March 22, at 8 P. M. Interment Cypress Hill Cemetery on Tuesday morning.

Died.

BARKANN—Leona, nee Friedland, dearly beloved wife Dr. Milton D. Barkann of Jersey City, N. J., at their home in Bloomfield, N. J., March 18, 1920.

BARKMAN—Lillian C., "Experience" company season 1919-20, in Shenandoah Iowa, Tuesday, after brief illness of pneumonia. Services Saturday, 3 P. M., Fresh Pond Crematory, Fresh Pond, L. I.

BARKER—In Coronado, Cal., March 13, 1920, Frances S. Tillinghast, widow of Stephen W. Barker. Funeral from her late residence, 82 1st St., Troy, N. Y., Monday, March 22, 2 o'clock.

BENTON—At Milwaukee, Wis., on Wednesday, March 17, 1920, Mary Ethel, wife of Morris F. Benton of 107 Crescent Av., Plainfield, N. J. Notice of service later.

BERNSTEIN—Irving, on March 19, beloved son of Maurice and Rose Bernstein, brother of Jack, Anna and William, in the 30th year of his age. Funeral from his late residence, 1,051 Boston Road, at 10 A. M. Sunday, March 21. Denver papers please copy.

BROKAW—Edward Voorhees, on Thursday, March 18. Funeral service Saturday, March 20, at 3:30, at the Funeral Rooms, 14 East 30th St. Interment Sunday, March 21, at 2:30, at Bound Brook, N. J.

BRUCE—On Friday, March 19, 1920, William, beloved husband of the late Rose Blank Bruce, aged 58 years. Services at his late residence, 535 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn, Sunday, March 21, at 5 P. M. Interment private.

BUCKLEY—On March 17, Catherine (nee Taylor), beloved wife of the late Michael Buckley and mother of John J., Margaret and Daniel Buckley. Funeral from her late residence, 407 10th Av., on Saturday, March 20. Requiem mass at St. Michael's Church at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers. Washington (D. C.) papers please copy.

COHEN—Suddenly, on March 18, 1920, at his residence, 571 West 138th St., Benton, in his 64th year, husband of the late Rachel Tim and beloved father of Albert B. Cohen. Funeral service Sunday morning, 10:30.

CONNELL—George W., on March 18, at his late residence, 140 West 71st St., George W. Connell, beloved husband of Sarah E. Connell, in his 54th year. Requiem mass at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, 71st St., near Broadway, on Saturday at 9 o'clock. Interment private.

CONNELL—Members of the Catholic Club of the City of New York are requested to attend the funeral services of the late Geo. W. Connell at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, 71st St., near Broadway, on Saturday morning at 9 o'clock.

Thomas F. Farrell, President.
Edward A. Arnold, Secretary.

CORCORAN—At his residence, 1,529 West 8th St., Brooklyn, John, beloved husband of Elizabeth Corcoran. Funeral Sunday at 11 A. M. from the Funeral Parlors of James A. Casey, 234 Rogers Av., Brooklyn. Interment Hewlett's, L. I.

DALY—On March 18, at Saint Vincent's Hospital, Daniel Daly, beloved husband of the late Anna Loughran and beloved father of Paul Gerard Daly and Daniel Loughran Daly, in the 46th year of his age. Funeral from 163 West 71st St., followed by a requiem mass at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, at 10 A. M. Saturday, March 20.

DALY—Members of the Catholic Club of the City of New York are requested to attend the funeral of Daniel Daly at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, 71st St., near Broadway, on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

Thomas F. Farrell, President.
Edward A. Arnold, Secretary.

DEIS—Otto, husband of Carrie Deis, at his late residence, 59 Morningside Avenue, on March 19. Services the Funeral Church (Campbell Bldg.), Broadway at 66th Street, on Sunday, March 21, at 3 P. M.

DENNERLEIN—On Thursday, March 18, 1920, George H., brother of Pauline and son of the late Peter and Rosina Dennerlein. Funeral services at his late residence, 2,013 Anthony Av., Bronx on Sunday, March 21, at 2 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

ENGELMANN—August G., suddenly, on March 19. Services The Funeral Church (Campbell Building), Broadway at 66th St., on Sunday, March 21, at 12:30 noon. Interment private.

FALLIS—Robert H., beloved husband of Mary E

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FOR YOUNG MEN AND BOYS

BUSINESS

These Saturday morning talks about Skolny Clothes are not inspired by vanity. We know the value of Skolny Clothes, and we are not a bit too modest to make our knowledge yours.

Therefore, the advertising—to tell you about Skolny quality and style—to stimulate your interest in them, be you dealer or retail buyer.

For twenty years we worked along definite lines to create Clothes - reputation before saying a word to the general public. *Fame!* You know how elusive it is. It flutters at the top of the hill like a piece of shining gold-leaf. Our great problem was to make the best Ready-for-Service Clothing for young men and boys—not to claim to do it, but to really do it.

Success in this direction attached Fame to Clothes bearing the Skolny name, and it is good business for all concerned that we do not keep the facts about our tailoring achievements confidential.

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This is no time for anybody to take chances when buying Clothes. It is so easy for manufacturers of ordinary Clothes to justify themselves in asking prices that are out of all proportion to the worth of their products.

Then, why not regulate your purchases by prudence?

Skolny Clothes have deserved your confidence for twenty years—and were never more deserving of it than today. You know that not a dollar is added to the price of a garment unless it has been enhanced by some quality in cloth or tailoring to balance the increase.

We have no wish to indulge in talk about **honesty being the best policy,** but our practice of maintaining perfect equality between "value" and "price" is good business.

This is no new discovery of ours. It's an old principle. We shall keep on applying it.

Sold by Leading Retailers in the United States.

JOS. SKOLNY & CO.
906 Broadway
New York City

TWO NEW YORK PAIRS SURVIVE IN WOMEN'S TENNIS TITLE TOURNEY

NEW YORK PLAYERS IN DOUBLES FINAL

Misses Winn and Della Torre and Mrs. Morris and Miss Pollak Tennis Victors.

BOSTON PAIR IS DEFEATED

Misses Bancroft and Sigourney Yield Hard-Fought Match in National Indoor Title Tourney.

The indoor tennis courts of the Seventh Regiment Armory were given up chiefly to doubles play yesterday in the women's national championship, the surviving teams being Miss Caroma Winn and Miss Gertrude Della Torre and Mrs. L. Gouverneur Morris anad Miss Helene Pollak. They will meet in the final round this afternoon immediately after the completion of the singles final, which is scheduled for 1 o'clock. In this the contestants are Miss Pollak and Miss Edith Sigourney of Boston, and the New York girl is generally favored to win.

Miss Pollak had a chance to test her rival's game yesterday, for the singles finalists were on opposite sides of the net in one semi-final match of the doubles, and it was the Boston team that came out on the losing end. It required three sets of hard and heady playing to return the local combination winners over Miss Bancroft and Miss Sigourney at 6—4, 3—6, 6—2. On the other side of the draw, Miss Margaret Grove and Mrs. R. Victor lost to Miss Winn and Miss Della Torre in straight sets, 6—2, 6—3.

The consolation singles were also completed yesterday, resulting in a victory for Mrs. F. Nesham over Miss Adele Cragin by scores of 6—4, 6—3.

The elimination of the Hub combination was largely due to the spectacular volleying of Mrs. Morris. She was the only one of the quartet to make a practice of crowding the barrier, and the ball came to her waiting racquet in a manner that almost suggested hypnotism. Miss Pollak was content to play altogether in deep court, driving very steadily and with consistent speed, and making many of her partner's more sensational shots possible. Neither of the Boston girls had the ability to go to the net and volley, and this shortcoming was their undoing.

Mrs. Morris on the Alert.

Miss Sigourney in particular found it difficult to keep the ball away from Mrs. Morris, and many of her drives traveled right at the waiting racquet, with Miss Bancroft up near the net, powerless to intercept the sharply angled return. Some of these kills were distinctly lucky, but in a majority of cases Mrs. Morris knew swhere she wanted to put the ball, and put it there.

Of the Boston team, Miss Bancroft was a trifle more effective yesterday, hitting with more confidence at all times, and placing with more accuracy than her partner. Miss Sigourney's form was consistently good, but her strokes lacked the power to make them effective against good net play, and too often she was completely outguessed in the exchange of drives.

The Bostonians began like easy winners, taking the first two games with the loss of only one point, and winning the third from a lead of 30—40 after deuce had been called twice. Then Mrs. Morris began to get in some of her deadly volleying and her persistent closing in soon had the effect of upsetting the visitors' sense of direction completely. They dropped three deuce games in a row, then took one in similar fashion for a brief lead of 4—3. Miss Pollak and Mrs. Morris, however, were now thoroughly aware of the most useful plan of attack and they tied it up again and went into the lead in turn with still another deuce session. A love game gave the New Yorkers the set, 6—4.

Hub Pair Stages a Rally.

The demoralization of the Boston team continued for the first two games of the second set, which they lost in one-sided fashion. Then they finally evolved a system which for a time proved a winner, drawing Miss Pollak in close with short shots and then lobbing over the head of Mrs. Morris for the points. These tactics quickly accounted for the tying games, but soon the New Yorkers were in the lead again by two games to two. Miss Bancroft and Miss Sogourney, however, stuck to their work and in the end their judgment was vindicated, the remaining games of the set all going in their favor for a 6—3 decision, which squared the match.

The rubber proved a revelation of the real ability of the local team. They crowded on all speed and never let up for an instant until the victory was theirs at 6—2. The first four successive game went to Mrs. Morris and Miss Pollak in the most impressive fashion, and although the Boston partners picked up the next two and still looked threatening, the final pair netted them only one point. It was an overwhelming display of speed and accuracy on the part of the winners.

Mrs. Morris began the service in this set and lost only one point, through a placement ace by Miss Bancroft. The latter then dropped her service, after deuce had been called, and Miss Pollak put the affair on ice by serving a love game. Miss Sigourney also lost her delivery, making it 4—love against her side, but secured partial revenge by breaking through the service of Mrs. Morris for the first count of the set. Miss Bancroft gave her team its last score of the match by her fast, left-handed serves, and then the end came quickly.

Two Final Games One-sided.

Mrs. Morris accounted for five of the last eight points with her remarkable volleying and it was all over in two games in which the losers totaled a single point.

The point score follows:

FIRST SET.

		T.P.G.
Miss Pollak and Mrs. Morris	1 0 4 5 5 5 3 4 5 4	36—6
Miss Bancroft and Miss Sigourney	4 4 6 3 3 5 2 3 0 0	33—4

SECOND SET.

Miss Bancroft and Miss Sigourney	1 2 4 4 4 5 4 5 4 4	33—6
Miss Pollak and Mrs. Morris	4 4 0 2 6 3 2 3 2 2	26—3

THIRD SET.

Miss Pollak and Mrs. Morris	4 5 4 4 0 1 4 4	26—6
Miss Bancroft and Miss Sigourney	1 3 0 1 4 4 0 1	14—2

In the victory of Miss Winn and Miss Della Torre over Miss Grove and Mrs. Victor the ability to play the net was again the deciding factor. Both of the winners were able to do their share of volleying, and many of the rallies ended with the ball angled sharply off to the sides or killed completely overhead. Miss Grove also played the net skilfully, but received little help in this respect from her partner. The latter was steady in the deep court, hitting the ball with a chopping stroke that proved baffling off the ground, but had few terrors for a volleyer.

The losers started well, winning the first three games of the match, but after Miss Winn and Miss Della Torre got their aggressive game under way they had little difficulty in taking six in a row for the set, 6—3. In the second set, also, Miss Grove and her partner kept the lead most of the way, and for a time it looked as though the match might go to three sets. But when the pinch came the more experienced team once more asserted its class, and the victory was completed at 7—5.

The summaries follow:

Women's Doubles — Semi-final Round—Miss Caroma Winn and Miss Gertrude Della Torre defeated Miss Margaret Grove and Mrs. R. Victor, 6—3, 7—5; Mrs. L. G. Morris and Miss Helene Pollak defeated Miss Leslie Bancroft, and Miss Edith Sigourney, 6—4, 3—6, 6—2.

Consolation Singles—Semi-final Round—Miss Adele Cragin defeated Mrs. F. Damrau, 6—4, 6—4; Mrs. F. Nesham defeated Miss Florence Pond, 6—3, 6—2.

Final Round—Mrs. Nesham defeated Miss Cragin, 6—4, 6—3.

Western Conference Feels High Cost of Athletics

CHICAGO, March 19.—Athletic directors of the Western Conference Universities met today to consider the advisability of raising prices of admission to football games and all other athletic contests. The advance was necessary, they said, because of the increased cost of athletic equipment and the high salaries paid to heads of athletic departments. Action was deferred.

M'NAMARA HAS A 70 IN ASHEVILLE OPEN

Leads Jim Barnes by One Stroke—Rain Shortens Tourney to Three Rounds.

Special to The New York Times.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., March 19.—Tom McNamara of Siwanoy led the field here today in the Annual Open Golf Tourney at the Country Club. His net score at the end of the first round was 70, as against 71 for Jim Barnes of St. Louis, holder of the Western and Southern open titles. McNamara played sterling golf throughout, only missing two fairly easy putts, which would have lowered his score two strokes.

Pat Doyle of Deal, with a score of 73, played the best game of the day with the exception of two holes, where his tee shots were almost buried. Charles Hoffner of Philadelphia tied with five others at 79.

Owing to the heavy rain this morning, the tournament had to be cut from 72 holes to 54, in order to complete it by Saturday afternoon. Jock Hutchison of Glen View, holder of the club record of 276 for 72 holes, could not get started today. He took 43 for the first nine holes and picked up. The scores:

Tom McNamara, 70; Jim Barnes, 71; Pat Doyle, 73; Leo Deigel, 74; E. Sarasen, 77; Eddie Ross, 77; Tom Kerrigan, 77; Fred Brand, 78; Wilfred Reid, 78; Jack Dowling, 79; J. Law, 79; Charles Hoffner, 79; C. F. Nelson, 79; Clarence Hackney, 79; Bob Peebles, 80; Jim McKenzie, 80; Mahmet Hunter, 80; Jack Burgess, 82; W. W. Nelson, 84; Fred Miley, 88; R. Beattie, 90.

AUGUSTUS TO PLAY MORSE.

Cleveland Golfer to Meet Rutland Player in Final at Belleair.

Special to The New York Times.

BELLEAIR HEIGHTS, Fla., March 19.—Ellsworth Augustus of Cleveland will play George E. Morse of Rutland, Vt., for the Belleair championship tomorrow. Augustus, moving along at a fair clip today, eliminated C. M. Ransom in the semi-final by 7 and 6.

A better match in the semi-finals was played between R. Wistar Harvey of Philadelphia and Morse. The latter managed to win by 1 up, but there was never more than one hole's difference between them.

In the second sixteen W. A. Smith, Jr., of Grand Rapids, defeated R. A. Porter of Baltusrol by 1 up. N. B. Beecher of Pittsboro, Ohio, won from Phil Corbin of New Britain by 7 up.

MISS BROWN IS WINNER.

Captures Class A Medal Round in Silver Foils Golf Tournament.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., March 19.—The first golf fixture to be staged on the No. 4 course was played at Pinehurst today, when the silver foils, held their March handicap medal round on the new course. Miss Dorothy Brown of Montclair and Mrs. A. B. Higgins of St. Andrews won the class A and class B prizes, respectively.

WINSTON IN SQUASH FINAL.

Defeats Rushmore in Harvard Club Match in Straight Games.

Eric S. Winston, who won the amateur squash tennis championship of the United States three times in the past, yesterday approached one step nearer the Harvard Club title by defeating George M. Rushmore in a straight game semi-final by scores of 15—7, 15—6, 15—4. He will meet Filmore Van S. Hyde, another former national champion, who defeated him in 1916, in the final round next Monday afternoon.

Rushmore put up a better battle yesterday than scores show. He made Winston work for every point, and lost only because of less experience in court tactics. While his strength lasted he exchanged drive for drive and showed almost as much speed as the former champion. In the last game, however, he tired perceptibly and succeeded in scoring only four points while his opponent was running out the match.

There will be a professional match at the Harvard Club this afternoon between Robert Cahill, assistant to Walter Kinsella at the Squash Club, and John Jacobs, who acts in a similar capacity for William D. Ganley on the home courts. Both of these men have been coached by their preceptors, who will themselves cross racquets one week from today at the Yale Club, Kinsella allowing Ganley seven aces per game handicap.

The final round of the Yale Club tournament is scheduled for next Tuesday afternoon, National Champion Auguste J. Cordier meeting Stuyvesant Wainwright, a semi-finalist in this year's Class B tournament.

INTERCITY TENNIS TODAY.

New York and Boston Teams to Meet on Longwood Indoor Courts.

The first intercity tennis match of the season for New York players begins today on the covered courts of the Longwood Cricket Club, Boston, with six singles and three doubles matches to be decided over the week-end. New York's team has been named as follows: Singles, Ichiya Kumagae, New York State champion, and America's third ranking player; Dean Mathey, Leonard Beekman, S. Howard Voshell, Henry S. Parker, Samuel Hardy; doubles, Mathey and Beekman, Voshell and Hardy and Beals Wright and Kumagae.

The Boston team will be headed by the former national champion, Richard Norris Williams, 2d., and will include also Richard Harte, the Harvard all-around athlete; Nathaniel W. Niles; Harry C. Johnson, the Massachusetts State champion; Irving C. Wright, a brother of the former national title holder, and Alfred S. Dabney.

N. Y. U. RETAINS ED THORP.

Basket Ball Coach Will Have Three Veteran Players Next Year.

Prospects of New York University having another championship basket ball team next season are bright. The first move toward a repetition of this year's success on the court came with the announcement yesterday that Coach Ed Thorp had signed a contract to direct the quintet again next year. Max Baker, Ed Delaney and Frank Goeller will be available from this year's team.

The N. Y. U. five, which won the championship title at Atlanta, will once again invade the South. The proposed trip will take place next Winter, when the Violet five will play two invitation games against the University of Georgia and the Atlanta Athletic Club.

Griffith Gets Cuban Catcher.

TAMPA, Fla., March 19.—Torres, catcher of the Cuban Stars, the Havana team playing an exhibition series with the Washington Americans here, has been signed by President Griffith of the Washington Club.

MISS WELD SHOWS SKILL IN SKATING

Miss Brown and Mrs. Cramer Also Impress in Championship —Decisions Are Withheld.

First of the senior events to be completed in the International Figure Skating Championship of America, in progress at the Iceland Rink, Broadway and Fifty-second Street, under the auspices of the New York Skating Club, was that for women in school figures, in which three of the country's leading experts participated. Decision in the event was withheld until after the conclusion of the free skating championships tonight, as it had been earlier in the day in the men's and women's junior championships at school figures. But there was particular admiration expressed among the many experts in the gallery for the remarkable poise and grace displayed by Miss Theresa Weld of the Boston Skating Club.

Miss Weld's opponents for the women's senior international title were Miss Martha Brown, also of the Boston Skating Club, and Mrs. D. Cramer of the New York Skating Club. The competition was keen. Every conceivable variety of the figure eight was executed by these three models of perfection in equipoise. There were the back inside, double movement; the change of edge, rocker; counters, change of edge in the form of an eight; change of edge, loop; brackets and three-change-three, and every one of the difficult figures was performed with beautiful precision. It was all a fascinating exposition of figure skating as a fine art.

Poetry of Motion.

If the poetry of motion was perhaps exemplified in Miss Weld's case with a particularly close approach to perfection, Mrs. Cramer and Miss Brown were not at any time far behind her. But Miss Weld's, freedom and strength of stroke seemed to be a trifle greater and her every movement was well-nigh the perfection of form.

The judges in last night's competition were Irving Brokaw, one of the most famous of New York's experts in figure skating; George H. Browne of Boston, Lieut. Col. A. E. Kirkpatrick of the Toronto Skating Club, Gorham Lynes, and Paul Armitage of New York.

No winners were announced, the conditions of the competition prescribing that the point score cannot be given out until the total results have been compiled, including both prescribed figures and free skating, after the final free skating contest tonight for the men's championship, starting at 8 o'clock.

Women Show Skill and Grace.

This most beautiful of ice sports provided an engaging spectacle in the morning competition for the junior women's championship. Skill and grace governed every movement of the eight contestants, and few envied the judges, Paul Armitage of the New York Skating Club, Gorham Lynes of New York and George H. Browne of Cambridge, Mass., their difficult task in awarding prescribed figures points scores.

The entry list included names familiar to figure skaters throughout the country. They were: Miss Rosaline E. Dunn, New York Skating Club; Miss Guinevere Knott, Cohasset, Mass.; Miss Beatrice Loughran, New York Skating Club; Miss Rosalie Knapp, New York; Miss Sonia Wilson, New York Skating Club; Miss Pauline Cabot, Boston Skating Club; Miss Gertrude Dutton, Boston Skating Club, and Mrs. Nat W. Niles, Boston Skating Club.

In the men's junior championship in the afternoon there were three contestants, Charles B. Wyman of Boston, Oscar L. Richard, New York Skating Club, and Emil Fuchs of the same organization. The judges in this event were George H. Brown of Boston, and Gorham Lynes and J. B. Liberman of New York.

BOXERS ARE A. W. O. L.

Arena Program Spoiled by Absentees and 4,000 Are Disappointed.

The program of boxing bouts scheduled for the Arena, in Jersey City last night proved a disappointment to about 4,000 spectators who gathered at the Fourth Regiment Armory. Seven bouts of varying distances were listed, but only two were held that had any merit. Three exhibitions were staged in the ring and another was abandoned after forty seconds of make-believe boxing.

Harvey Crosby of Bayonne and Kid Troubles of West New York were the principals in the best bout of the night. This contest went four rounds and provided plenty of action. Crosby won, with considerable to spare. The other competitive bout brought together Young Eddy, a Connecticut lightweight, and Banty Sharp of Steubenville, Ohio. Both missed, but Eddy missed less frequently and was notified of whatever honors there were. Eddie Fitzsimmons went on for a scheduled eight-round bout with Danny Bright of Brooklyn. Referee Phil Erhart separated the pair after forty seconds and declared the affair no contest.

The disappointments were announced as follows: Eddie Fitzsimmons was scheduled to box Eddie Dorsey, but Dorsey failed to appear; Gene Tunney was scheduled to box Jim Tully, but Tully was mysteriously absent; Frankie Burns was carded for a bout against Dutch Brandt, but Brandt was conspicuously missing; Willie Kohler appeared decked out in ring togs for a bout with Johnny Dundee, but there was no Dundee—it was announced Dundee was sick; Joe Jeannette was booked for carnage with Battling Levinsky, but the Battler was among those reported A. W. O. L.

ELI FOOTBALL MEN REPORT.

Veterans Instruct New Candidates —Work Outdoors Is Delayed.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 19.—Yale's football players, who will be candidates for the team next Fall, reported for work this afternoon in the baseball cage and received some verbal instructions on the fine points of their positions. Members of last year's team handled the various squads this afternoon to the extent of giving them short talks.

Reinhardt took care of the ends, Dickens and Munger the tackles, Acosta and Galt the guards, Galvin the centres, Kempton and Laroche the quarter backs and Lay and Webb the half backs.

There will be no out-of-door work until the weather gets better. Just as Yale Field began to take on a normal appearance a heavy storm set in tonight and the field is now under a blanket of snow.

CITY A. C. WINS, 5 TO 1.

Defeats Columbia Alumni Team in Handball in Decisive Fashion.

The City Athletic Club handball team entertained a squad playing under the name of Columbia Alumni last night on the club courts at 50 West Fifty-fourth Street, defeating the collegians five matches out of six. The City A. C. players captured three of the four singles tussels and both matches in doubles.

Singles—H. Manes, Columbia Alumni, defeated H. Sosa, City A. C., 12—21, 21—12, 21—19; A. Waldman, City A. C., defeated H. Holtz, Columbia Alumni, 21—8, 21—6; S. Pastera, City A. C., defeated H. Colombo, Columbia Alumni, 21—6, 21—8; P. Dworesky, City A. C., defeated Dr. C. A. Henriques, Columbia Alumni, 10—21, 21—12, 21—16.

Doubles—Dr. H. A. Goldberg and H. Harris, City A. C., defeated Manes and Dr. C. Toff, Columbia Alumni, 21—13, 21—16; Waldman and Sosa, City A. C., defeated Colombo and Holtz, Columbia Alumni, 21—12, 21—20.

Think Ross May Have Another Sir Barton in Irish Dancer

Commander J. K. L. Ross, the Canadian sportsman, has decided to make a try for the Kentucky Derby this year with a colt which has never raced, and horsemen are wondering if he is preparing to put over another surprise such as he did last year when Sir Barton, then little known, won the rich prize. The colt on which Ross is putting his faith this time is Irish Dancer, which is by Celt-Ballet Girl. Irish Dancer was among the most highly regarded of the Ross two-year-olds at the beginning of last season, but never went to the post as he developed leg trouble and had to be taken out of training. He has since entirely recovered and has developed into a strong and powerful racer, and it is the opinion of trainer Guy Bedwell that the very fact that he did not race as a two-year-old may help to make him a great three-year-old. Irish Dancer is a half brother to The Porter, but is a larger and more powerful animal.

FAMOUS GRAVESEND RACE TRACK IS SOLD

Course Which Played Big Part in Local Turf History to be Cut Into Lots.

Another of the historic landmarks of racing is soon to pass out of existence with the cutting up into building lots of the famous Gravesend course, which a decade or more ago was one of the most popular race tracks on Long Island. Taking advantage of the present boom in real estate, the Brooklyn Jockey Club has sold the Gravesend property for a price reported to be $675,000, and a new colony of homes will soon flourish where turf records were once made.

The Gravesend track was built thirty-five years ago by the Brooklyn Jockey Club, in which the Dwyer brothers, Philip J. and Michael F., were the largest stockholders. This is the last of the three courses in Kings County which were closed when the ban was put on racing during the administration of Governor Hughes. The Brighton track has already been turned into a real-estate development and the Sheepshead Bay track has for several years been used for a motor-car speedway, which is now being torn down.

The Gravesend track was the scene of many thrilling races and provided some of the biggest stake events then run. Chief among these was the Brooklyn Handicap, and many famous horses competed and made records there. Among these were Tenny, Fitz Herbert, Irish Lad and The Picket. It was there also that Mike Dwyer became famous as one of the heaviest plungers on the turf. That was in the days when open betting was legal and the big blackboards were seen in the ring. With the return of racing to Kings County tracks were replaced by those which now comprise the metropolitan circuit, though for years Gravesend has been used as a training track.

SUPPORT FOR BURKE BILL.

Maryland Racing Measure Meets with Favor in Amended Form.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., March 19.—The House of Delegates today acted favorably upon the original Burke bill, with the referendum eliminated. It was substituted for the Andrews Anti-Gambling bill, which had been reported unfavorably. The substitute bill was then passed to the third reading file with the following changes:

The racing period in the State was reduced from 112 to 100 days each year. Establishment of new tracks or revival of old ones is prohibited.

All of the receipts from the taxes on the tracks are to be turned into the State Treasury, except $3,000, which as heretofore has been handed over annually from the receipts at the Pimlico track.

The next move will be to pass or defeat the bill in its amended form. Its fate will be decided next week. The vote today, 60 to 38, by which the Burke bill was substituted for the Andrews bill, would indicate that the friends of the bill as it is now framed are sufficiently numerous to pass it.

BID FOR POLO PONIES.

Highest Price Is Paid by S. G. Allen for Jimmy Oliver.

A consignment of polo ponies, many of which have played the game and others which are adaptable to the sport, brought some lively bidding at the sale conducted at Durand's Academy last night. The ponies were a consignment sent here by George W. Oliver, proprietor of the Chester Barr Ranch of Salmon, Idaho.

The highest price of the sale was paid by S. G. Allen for a six-year-old bay gelding, Jimmy Oliver, for which he paid $1,025. Jimmy Oliver is said to be a well-trained polo pony and was regarded as the pick of the entire consignment. Jimmy Oliver has won blue ribbons at the Salmon horse show in the last two years.

Other ponies which brought good prices were Clickitat, which went to C. C. Vernam for $850; Keplar, which was purchased by P. Schlussner for $600; Bucoda, which went to Miss Edith Webb for $575; Kanaska, which sold for $500, and Moquah, which Mr. Allan also bought for $725.

RUTH SMITH SETS WORLD'S SWIM MARK

Clips Two Seconds from Record for 100 Yards Breast Stroke at Pittsburgh Meet.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., March 19.—The Smith sisters—Eleanor and Ruth—late of Columbus, and now members of the Morningside A. C. of New York, featured the swimming meet tonight at the Pittsburgh Athletic Association pool, termed the national and Alleghany Mountain championships. Each of the girls took two firsts and a second, while the Dayton (Ohio) girl, Ruby Butler, took a first, a second and a third. Ruth Smith broke the world's record of 1:29 1-5 in the 100-yard breast-stroke handicap for women, doing the distance in 1:27 1-5, while in the fifty-yard free-style handicap for women Eleanor Smith equaled the national record of Olga Dorfner of 0:29.

In the 100-yard junior championship for men, the title-holder, Leo Handy of Detroit, did not appear, and this was won by Jack Love of the P. A. A. in the time of 0:60 4-5. Ruby Butler won the 100-yard senior breast stroke championship for women, with Miss Nevol Taylor second and Frances Taylor third. Miss Mella Freeman of the Civic A. C. won the championship plunge for women, the distance being 45 feet 3 inches.

In the 50-yard free style handicap for women the two Smith girls were on scratch, and Eleanor was first with Ruth second. Time, 0:29. Then came the 100-yard breast stroke championship which Ruth Smith won and broke the record, with Ruby Butler second. Eleanor Smith did not compete. In the championship plunge for men R. Hephenstall, a Peabody High School boy, won in the distance of 61 feet. Eleanor Smith won the 50-yard back stroke handicap for women, with Elizabeth Vance of Greensburg second. In the fancy diving Ruth Smith was awarded first prize. Eleanor Smith second, and Ruby Butler third.

SWIMMING RECORDS MADE.

Miss Boyle Sets World's Mark and Miss Bleibtrey American Figures.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, March 19.—One world's record and one American record were set by Charlotte Boyle and Ethelda Breibtrey in the invitation swimming meet in the Detroit Athletic Club's tank tonight. Miss Boyle shattered the international mark of 65 feet 10 inches, formerly held by Melitta Nolan of Detroit, by plunging 66 feet. As the event was characterized as an exhibition, the new mark may not be allowed.

In the 440-yard invitation Ethelda Breibtrey of New York smashed her own American record of 6:30 1-5 by trimming Mrs. Frances Scroth, the much-heralded San Francisco star, in 6:19 4-5, with Charlotte Boyle a close third.

Mrs. Schroth gave the two Manhattan mermaids a hard fight in the 200-yard relay, but saw the pair pass her, Miss Breibtrey beating her teammate in a close finish.

The summaries:

Plunge for Distance—Charlotte Boyle, New York, 66 feet, first; Helen Nolan, Detroit, 60 feet 8 inches, second; Dorothy McWood, Detroit, 62 feet, third. (New world's record.)

440-Yard Invitation—Ethelda Bleibtrey, New York, first; Mrs. Frances Schroth, San Francisco, second; Charlotte Boyle, New York, third. Time—6:19 4-5. (New American record.)

200-Yard Relay—Miss Bleibtrey, New York, first; Miss Boyle, New York, second; Mrs. Schroth, San Francisco, third. Time—2:14.

BEAT CONFERENCE RECORDS

Chicago Swimmers Set Up New Marks—Northwestern Wins Meet.

CHICAGO, March 19.—Northwestern University won the Western Conference swimming championship tonight with 37 points, nosing out the University of Chicago by two points. Illinois was third with 15 points, and other scores were Purdue 9, Wisconsin 9, Iowa 2, Minnesota 1.

The conference records for the plunge for distance and the 150-yard dash, free style, were broken. Meagher of Chicago broke the record for the former and Reis of Chicago won the latter in 58 2-5 seconds.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Four furlongs, for two-year-olds; purse $800. Katherina Beal, 103 pounds; Dorothy, 107; Rosaita, 107; Action, 107; Mr. Munoz, 110; George C., Jr., 110; Spugs, 113.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs, for four-year-olds, claiming; purse $600. *Honest George, 105 pounds; Dusting Thomas, 106; *Jill, 107; *Baby Bonds, 107; El Coronel, 110; *Top Rung, 112; Himiltrude, 112; Gilder, 114.

THIRD RACE—Five and a half furlongs, for three-year-olds and upwards; claiming; purse $600. Small Stone, 95 pounds; *Director James, 95; *Unwise Child, 104; *The Snob, 106; *Marty Lou, 107; *Twenty-seven, 109; *Lowell, 109; *Railbird, 109; Roundel, 111; Eddie Tenter, 111; Old Elyers, 114.

FOURTH RACE—Five and a half furlongs, for three-year-olds, claiming; purse $600. *Hot Foot, 98 pounds; *Miss Larue M., 101; *Incinerator, 101; *Little One, 105; *Major Bradley, 103; *Punctual, 104; Husa, 106; Raven Sea, 108; Hat Rack, 108; *Riomed, 109; *Norfolk Belle, 110.

FIFTH RACE—Five and a half furlongs, for three-year-olds and upwards, claiming; purse $600. *Plain Heather, 93 pounds; *Hello Pardner, 98; *Precious Jewel, 104; *Lillian G., 104; *Iron Boy, 106; *Prince Easy, 106; *Willie Woods, 106; *Shasta, 112; King Worth, 114; Frascunto, 117.

SIXTH RACE—American Handicap, six furlongs, for three-year-olds and upward; purse $800. The Trump, 103 pounds; Basil, 104; Marse John, 104; Kiku, 109; Different Eyes, 109; Sirocco, 116.

SEVENTH RACE—Mile and a sixteenth, for three-year-olds and upward, claiming; purse $800. Drusilla, 88 pounds; *The Gleamer, 103; *Slippery Silver, 103; Wartax, 108; Legacy, 108; *Lithollick, 109; *Chillum, 109; *Manokin, 112; Great Gull, 114.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

More Than 300 Colleges and Schools Enter Penn Relays

PHILADELPHIA, March 19.—The University of Pennsylvania's annual relay carnival, which this year will be held on April 30 and May 1, promises to eclipse all previous meets in the number of entries. Already more than 300 schools and colleges have entered teams or individuals in the various events. Redlands University and the University of Southern California both expect to send men from the Pacific slope. Colleges of the Middle West have entered the games more numerously than ever, while virtually all the Eastern colleges will be represented.

PRELIMINARY DERBY IS WON BY HERRON

$10,000 Colt Shows Fine Speed in Feature at Havana, Covering Mile in 1:38 4-5.

HAVANA, Cuba, March 19.—Herron, which was sold a few days ago for $10,000, to E. L. Alveraz, was returned the winner of the Preliminary Derby at Oriental Park today. His victory was so impressive that he is conceded to be the logical choice for the rich Cuban derby which will be run on the closing day of the meeting, March 28. Herron ran the distance in the fast time of 1:38 4-5, which is three-fifths of a second slower than the track record. The Thraves and Spence entry, Mile. Dazie and Miss Patty, finished second and third respectively.

Included in the purchase of Herron was the stipulation that in the event of his being successful in winning the derby, E. T. Baxter, his former owner, was to receive an additional $5,000.

Marty Lou led home a big field in the opening event, but after assuming a long lead in the early part she tired badly in the last sixteenth and had to be hard ridden at the end to last it out. Delay L. was second and Will Soon was third. Burlingame sprang a surprise when he galloped off with the second race. The field that he was meeting was not a high class one, but he was never far from the pace and when called on in the stretch he moved up fast and won by two lengths. Jack Healy was a neck in front of Magic Mirror.

Presumption won the fourth event in a drive by three-quarters of a length with First Pullet second a length ahead of Pierrot.

The track was fast and a large crowd turned out to see the races.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—Purse, $600; for four-year-olds and upward; claiming; six furlongs. Marty Lou, 108 (Wilson), 4 to 1, 2 to 1 and even, first; Daisy L., 105 (Tryon), 5 to 1, 2 to 1 and even, second; Will Soon, 110 (Brown), 5 to 2, even and 1 to 2, third. Time—1:13 1-5. Acclamation, Blanche Donalton, Jack Dawson, Twenty Seven, Prince Bonero, Jutland and King Tuscan also ran.

SECOND RACE—Purse, $600; for four-year-olds and upward; claiming; six furlongs. Burlingame, 110 (Jarrell), 8 to 1, 3 to 1 and 8 to 5, first; Jack Healy, 107 (Hunt), 6 to 1, 5 to 2 and 6 to 5, second; Magic Mirror, 113 (McCrann), 7 to 2, 7 to 5 and 7 to 10, third. Time—1:13 2-5. Unwise Child, Homam, Leoma, Bill Simmons, Lady Langden, Frank Burke and Beverly James also ran.

THIRD RACE—Purse, $800; for four-year-olds and upward; claiming; six furlongs. Snow Queen, 105 (Chiavetta), 8 to 2, even and 1 to 2, first; Lowell, 110 (Wilson), 3 to 1, 2 to 1 and even, second; King Worth, 115 (Taylor), 10 to 1, 4 to 1 and 2 to 1, third. Time—1:13 4-5. Lama, Kernan, Stiletto, Lamp Post and Clip also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Purse, $800; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; six furlongs. Presumption, 109 (Tryon), 4 to 1, 8 to 5 and 4 to 5, first; First Pullet, 106 (Pickens), 3 to 1, 6 to 5 and 3 to 5, second; Pierrot, 106 (Brown), 7 to 2, 7 to 5 and 7 to 10, third. Time—1:12 3-5. Bagdadine, Count Boris, Timothy J., Began, Bonitis and Helen Atkins also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Purse, $800; the Preliminary Derby; for three-year-olds; one mile. Herron, 105 (Garner), 6 to 5, 3 to 5 and out, first; Mlle. Dazie, 108 (Murray), 4 to 5, 1 to 5 and out, second; Miss Patty, 96 (Wilson), 4 to 5, 1 to 5 and out, third. Time—1:38 4-5. Orleans Girl and Horace Lerch also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Purse, $600; for four-year-olds and upward; claiming; one and one-sixteenth miles. High Gear, 97 (Wilson), 5 to 2, even and 1 to 2, first; Monomy, 108 (Mountain), 4 to 5, 8 to 5 and 4 to 5, second; Salvatelle, 112 (Atkinson), 4 to 5, 1 to 5 and 2 to 5, third. Time—1:43 4-5. Silver Sandals, Dainty Lady, Parable and Koran also ran.

Weather clear; track fast.

Westchester Title Play July 12.

The Westchester County Golf Association has selected July 12 as the date for the Westchester open championship. It has already been awarded to the Gedney Farms course.

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AUSTRIA'S PEACE OFFER IN 1917.

March CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE publishes heretofore unpublished details of the sensational peace offer of Austria in 1917. This is one of forty big features in the March issue; 208 pages; on news stands, 25 cents.—Advt.

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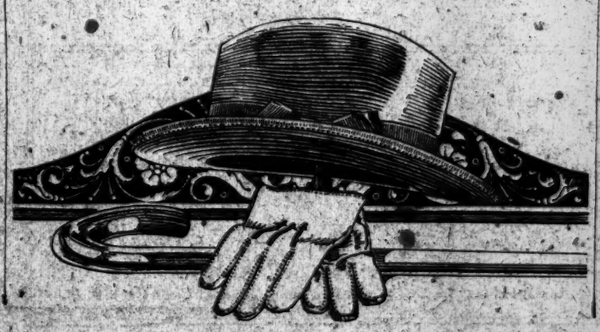

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BABE RUTH AT LAST GETS HIS CLUB ON THE BALL AND STARTS IT ON A LONG, LONG JOURNEY

RUTH FINALLY HITS HOME-RUN STRIDE

Yanks' Demon Slugger Clears Fence at Jacksonville with Drive of 478 Feet.

HIS SECOND HARDEST BLOW

Babe's First Four-Base Contribution of 1920 Delivered in Practice Game —To Meet Robins Today.

Special to The New York Times.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 19.—Babe Ruth finally has lifted one over the fence. There was no game this afternoon, but the club was put through a stiff batting practice, with the pitchers putting all they had on the balls. Ruth caught one of De Vitali's shoots on the nose and knocked it over the centre field fence. It was 428 feet from the home plate to the fence, and it was estimated that the drive went over by about 50 feet, thus measuring 478 feet. It is the first time a ball has ever been driven over the centrefield fence.

Ruth figures the ball was the second hardest he ever hit. His banner wallop was made off George Smith, the former Giant pitcher, in the Giant-Red Sox series of last Spring, when he knocked the ball over a race track fence in Tampa. The drive was measured afterward and was 550 feet. McGraw called it the longest home run of his experience.

Ruth made his homer off a fast ball. De Vitalis was not lobbing them over, and appeared to be in good form. Babe just got hold of one and sent it for a ride. It was a low liner somewhat similar to the home run in Tampa. That is the ball never went any higher than twenty-five feet in the air, but just kept on sailing. The Big Babe seems to be on his way.

Huggins Holds Skull Practice.

A strong wind blew up in the afternoon, so Huggins decided not to put on a tilt between the first and second squads. Instead the club went through the same course of training that was the feature of its first week's work here. First there was batting practice, with De Vitalis, Collins, Mogridge, and Mays doing the pitching, followed by fielding practice. Huggins kept Fewster at second and Ward on third on his regular team. Pratt worked out in a sweater. He took part in batting practice but not in fielding.

In addition Huggins got the men out on the grass and held a long skull practice. Miller insisted he wanted smarter baseball and more of the infield variety the coming season. He pointed out flaws in the team's style of play last season and showed the men how they could be remedied. He said he wanted the outfielders to make a better study of batsmen, and to be able to shift around for batsmen, as does Speaker and the Cleveland outfielders. Huggins pointed out that much of Speaker's great success was due to the fact that he knows just where to play for batters and usually is in the right place to make a catch.

The manager also lectured his team on its mode of offense, and said that the Yankees would try out a greater variety of plays this season. The players have been invited to think out plays for themselves and to present them to Huggins for his judgment. He informed the men that the material was there and that it was up to them as well as to himself to see that it produced its maximum of effectiveness.

Will Try New Plays.

Some of the new plays will be tried out against Brooklyn tomorrow. The Yanks have been rather chagrined at their two defeats at the hands of the Dodgers, for, after beating Brooklyn in ten out of thirteen games last Spring, they were inclined to hold the Flatbush team cheaply. But the Dodgers have shown the Yanks that they will have to be on their toes if they want to make any kind of a showing.

Bob Shawkey and probably Thormahlen will work against the Dodgers tomorrow, and, with Ruth finally started, they hope to record their first victory over the Robins before another sundown.

Huggins says the Brooklyn defeats need not be taken seriously. He has veteran players, who will round into shape in proper time with a long training period, and is willing to let such men as Peck Pipp and others round themselves gradually into condition.

The Yanks also lost the golf championship to Brooklyn. Robbie and Ernie Krueger, his catcher, beat Bob Shawkey and Del Pratt in a Scotch foursome by eleven points. Krueger and Robbie played well, though the catcher made the better showing. Shawkey was the strong man on the Yankee team.

CRIMSON NINE AT WORK.

Coach Slattery Puts Squad of 18 Through Fast Drill.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 19.—Eighteen Harvard base ball players, including a tentative first and second infield, worked for two hours in the large Middlesex School baseball cage at Concord this afternoon. Coach Slattery, after an hour of batting practice during which Carl Harrison and Everett Hazdell were used as pitchers, formed a 'Varsity infield consisting of Captain Emmons at second base, Arthur Conlon at short, Eddie Lincoln at third, and Austen Blair at first.

He kept this combination busily engaged in fielding and throwing for half an hour with Bob Lancaster doing the catching. The second infield was composed of Mason at second, Roos at short, Shaw at third, and Ned Bigelow, the hockey star, at first. The practice will be repeated tomorrow. The remainder of the team practiced in the local cage under Claude Davidson.

WALK ENDS IN DISPUTE.

Officials Unable to Decide Winner of Yonkers Event.

An endeavor to make a feature event of the one-mile walk last night on the program of the Hollywood Inn Club's athletic games in Yonkers resulted in a dismal failure when officials became confused at the finish and ultimately threw out the race. Fifteen starters toed the mark in the armory of Company G of the 1st Regiment, N. Y. G., including Joseph Pearman of the New York A. C., who started from scratch. Willie Plant of the Morningside A. C. was entered but did not appear.

Half a dozen of the walkers claimed the victory, with the protests of J. Aronson of the Pastime A. C. and James H. Hocking of the Morningside A. C. being heard the loudest. Pearman argued with the officials that he deserved second place, whereas they listed him far down on the chart. After several minutes of wrangling, the judges voted to abandon any hope of arriving at a decision.

The summaries:

One-Mile Run (Handicap)—Won by A. L. Hulsebosch, Paulist A. C., (scratch); A. Richards, Yonkers Y. M. C. A., (55 seconds), second; Ray Fox, Paulist A. C. (45 seconds), third.

Two-Mile Run (Handicap, Closed to Athletes of Westchester County)—Won by M. G. Mass, Yonkers Y. M. C. A., (60 yards); Thomas F. Barden, unattached, (scratch), second; Charlie Russell, Yonkers Y. M. C. A., (75 yards), third. Time—8:35.

One-Mile Run (Novice)—Won by A. J. Mesenstein, Loughlin Lyceum; R. B. Patterson, Yonkers Y. M. C. A., second; C. Cloonan, Loughlin Lyceum, third. Time—4:59.

440-Yard Dash, (Handicap)—Won by W. A. Farley, Loughlin Lyceum, (scratch); Frank Conway, Morningside A. C. (scratch); second; J. Valentine, Hollywood Inn Club, (7 feet), third. Time—0:56 1-5.

880-Yard Run, in Heavy Marching Order—Won by Corporal N. P. Linehan; Corporal E. N. Burns, second; Private M. D. Doyle, third.

Leads Blind Fan From Park, Player Sent to a Hospital

MACON, Ga., March 19.—Chick Shorten, outfielder of the Detroit Americans, is in a hospital here today as the result of stepping on a rusty nail. Shorten was leading a blind baseball fan from Detroit out of the ball park. It will be three weeks before he can play, doctors state, if no complications set in.

GIANTS LEAVE CAMP TO TACKLE RED SOX

McGraw Gives Men Light Work and Leads Them to Fort Worth for Today's Battle.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, March 19.—The Giants' training camp here was rent asunder today, and tonight the regulars left for Dallas. From Dallas the players will go to Fort Worth tomorrow to open the exhibition series with the Red Sox.

Twenty-one players are in the squad which McGraw took out of this city tonight. They are Pitchers Barnes, Benton, Nehf, Douglas, Toney, Ryan, Hubbell and Winters; Outfielders Burns, Young, Kauff and Statz; Infielders Kelly, Doyle, Fletcher, Frisch, Sicking and Thomas, and Catchers McCarty, Snyder and Smith. Matty also is in the squad. The recruits will be left here under command of Mike Gonzales, who will put them through their paces until the return of Manager McGraw and the regulars next Thursday.

On the eve of the opening of the series with the Red Sox the Giants are in pretty good condition. Arthur Fletcher still is a little bit stiff and sore, and his throwing arm is not yet free from kinks, and Larry Doyle has not loosened up as yet; but aside from these two veterans the players are practically all ready for the clash with Ed Barrow's team. The regular pitchers have demonstrated in their recent performances that they are very nearly on edge, and McGraw expects them to do well against the red-hosed batters.

The last day of the Giant regulars in camp here was marked by a single workout, and a light one at that. Umpire Bill Klem, who is touring the National League training camps for the purpose of explaining the amendments to the playing rules, reached here in the morning and rendered his discourse out at the ball park shortly after his arrival. Many of the points elucidated by Klem had been touched upon by McGraw and Bill Brennan at previous practice sessions, and Klem found the Giants better informed on the correct interpretations of the rules than are most of the clubs.

"I don't think the umpires will have a great deal of trouble in enforcing the new rules," said Klem, "for the reason that, as far as I can hear and observe, there is a sincere willingness on the part of the managers and players to co-operate with the arbiters in this matter. They all seem to realize that these rules were enacted with the idea in view of bettering the game.

"A number of pitchers have said that it will work a real hardship on them if they are prevented from using a bit of resin with which to dry their fingers now and then in the course of a game, and I have taken this phase of the matter up with Mr. Heydler by telegraph. He seems reluctant to permit the use of resin even for this purpose, but I shall get in touch with him again tonight and he may take a different view of the case in point."

Klem will leave here tomorrow for Pasadena, where he will lecture to the Cubs. The visit to the Chicago Club's camp will complete his tour, and it is probable that he will join the Giants and Red Sox in New Orleans and work with Bill Brennan in the series to be played by these clubs.

BROOKLYN REGULARS WIN.

Trounce Yanigans by 8 to 2 in Short Practice Game.

Special to The New York Times.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 19.—A high wind blew across the field this afternoon and Manager Robinson limited the practice game between the regulars and Yanigans to five and a half frames. At the end of the abbreviated contest the regulars were on the right side of an 8 to 2 count. Heitman and Krueger formed the battery for the Yanigans and Conlon and Beyers were in the points for the regulars. At the end of the game the regulars appeared ready for the third game of their series with the Yankees, which will be played here tomorrow afternoon.

Joe Conlon, the Chicago southpaw, pitched in splendid style and had only one bad session. It was the fifth, and in that round the youngsters made their four hits off him. Cadore started the round with a single, and scored when Krueger hit to left field for three bases. Heitman doubled, scoring Krueger.

The score by innings:

Regulars	1	3	1	0	3				—8
Yanigans	0	0	0	0	2	0			—2

Batteries—Conlon and Beyers; Heitman and Krueger.

BLUMENTHAL IS WINNER.

Defeats Van Arsdale by 50 to 24 in Three-Cushion Tourney.

NATIONAL THREE-CUSHION BILLIARD STANDING.

Player.	W.	L.	H.R.	P.C.
J. Primakow	5	0	5	1000
W. Blumenthal	4	1	7	.800
J. Cosgrove	3	1	5	.725
H. Frisch	2	2	6	.500
H. Frantzen	2	3	8	.400
F. G. Owles	2	3	7	.400
C. Maxwell	1	3	4	.250
G. E. Van Arsdale	0	6	5	.000

William Blumenthal advanced a notch in the standing of the three-cushion tournament for the national championship of the American Amateur Billiard Association at Joe Thum's Academy last night. Blumenthal was at his best and it was George E. Van Arsdale's misfortune to be the victim. The final score was 50 to 24, a thoroughly decisive victory for the veteran. Being in excellent stroke, Blumenthal discarded much of the safety play—deliberate or veiled—which so often plays a prominent part in his victories.

The elimination of safety play by both men speeded up the game to an appreciable extent. It was the third shortest match that has yet been played in the tournament, consuming only eighty-eight innings. Incidentally Blumenthal was able to equal the high run record for the tourney when he clicked off a cluster of seven buttons. The previous mark had been held alone by Fred G. Owles. Now he has to share the honor with the "old war horse."

SPEAR WINS AT BALKLINE.

Defeats Steinbugler in Poggenberg Cup Tourney.

Four Class C players met in the two matches played yesterday afternoon and last evening at the Rational Recreation Academy, Brooklyn, in the annual 18.2 balkline billiard handicap tournament for the J. F. Poggenberg Cup being staged under the auspices of the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players. George Spear defeated Charles Steinbugler by a score of 115 to 54, and Robert Steinbugler defeated C. R. Lewis 115 to 54. The men played on even terms and, as the scores indicate, the victories were easily scored.

SHOEMAKER SCORES VICTORY AT POOL

Gains Clear Lead in Title Tourney by Defeating Earl Patterson by 125 to 78.

NATIONAL POCKET BILLIARD STANDING.

Player.	W.	L.	P.C.
J. H. Shoemaker	2	0	1000
L. B. Holbrook	1	0	1000
G. Gardner	3	1	.725
S. B. Burdett	3	1	.725
J. Moriarty	2	1	.667
E. Patterson	1	3	.250
C. E. Shongood, Jr.	1	3	.250
W. A. Tilt	0	4	.000

J. Howard Shoemaker, who has won the title seven times, last night scored his second victory in the pocket billiard tournament being played for the national championship of the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players at the New York Athletic Club, and gained a clear lead in the race for the coveted crown. L. B. Holbrook of Hartford is the only other player who has not yet been defeated. He scored a victory in his only start thus far.

Three games were played yesterday, two in the afternoon and one in the evening. They resulted as follows: Schuyler B. Burdett defeated Charles E. Shongood, Jr., 125 to 94; Gus Gardner defeated William A. Tilt, 125 to 51, and J. Howard Shoemaker defeated Earl Patterson, 125 to 78.

Patterson, who is the champion of the Illinois Athletic Club, was generally expected to make the holder of the national title play all the pocket billiards he knows to win, and for a time he succeeded, but Shoemaker came with a rush in the closing frames and scored an impressive victory.

In the eleventh frame Patterson was in the lead. It wasn't a full-grown lead, but he was setting the pace by a one-point margin. The score was 76 to 75. In the next five frames, however, Shoemaker made a total of 53 balls, scratching three times, while his opponent was able to pocket only two. During this mad dash to victory Shoemaker made his high run of 25.

In making this run Shoemaker played some of the best pocket billiards that has been seen in the current event. It was Shoemaker at his best, and when the champion is stroking according to the high standard set by him in the past it means billiards de luxe. His execution was deadly accurate and his position play could scarcely have been improved upon. Several times he was called upon to make extremely difficult long cut shots, but he cued them into the pocket as if they had been "hangers."

In his match Schuyler Burdett was able to establish a good lead soon after the start of the game, and always held Charley Shongood safe. The latter did not get many breaks, and the frowns of Dame Fortune caused him quite a little trouble.

In the second afternoon game Gus Gardner, the New York State champion, advanced a notch in the standing by taking the measure of William A. Tilt. There was not much to this game. Gardner had things virtually his own way always from the beginning and Tilt was never dangerous.

Holbrook has elected an extremely difficult task for himself today. When asked if he would be able to play two matches he replied that he would like to play three. It was so arranged and he will meet Gardner, Shongood and Tilt in the order named.

The scores by frames of yesterday's matches follow:

AFTERNOON GAME.

S. B. Burdett—10 1 12 5 11 11 13 3 7 1 14 1 10 7 2 7 7. Total—125. High run, 12; scratches, 10.

C. E. Shongood—4 13 2 9 3 3 1 11 7 13 0 13 4 5 10 7. Total—94. High run, 13; scratches, 7.

G. Gardner—6 14 6 0 7 14 14 14 10 9 6 13 14 2. Total—125. High run, 21; scratches 3.

W. A. Tilt—8 0 8 14 7 0 0 0 4 5 8 1 0. Total—51. High run, 17; scratches, 3.

EVENING GAME.

J. H. Shoemaker—7 4 7 11 8 7 0 4 13 11 4 13 11 14 14 1. Total, 125; high run, 25; scratches, 5.

E. Patterson—7 10 7 3 6 7 14 9 1 3 10 1 3 0 0. Total, 78; high run, 14; scratches, 4.

Cutler Wins Another Match.

Albert Cutler won another 18.2 balkline billiard exhibition match at Maurice Daly's last night. He defeated the veteran Thomas Gallagher by a score of 300 to 44. Cutler made a high run of 95 and averaged 27 3-11.

The score by innings:

A. Cutler—0 11 41 95 0 11 51 0 23 33 35. Total, 300; high run, 95; average, 27 3-11.

Gallagher—3 9 21 0 3 3 0 0 1 3. Total, 44; high run, 21; average, 4 4-10.

Shepherd Ties for Cue Lead.

Charles Shepherd advanced to a tie for first place in the Class B English billiard tournament at John Doyle's Academy last night when he defeated Edward Driscoll by a score of 200 to 180 in thirty innings. The winner made a high break of 14 and the loser 23.

Spring Weight

Topcoats—just received from the other side of the pond—designed especially to wear while motoring or walking.

JOHN LURIE INC.

Broadway & 58th St.

ESTABLISHED 1899

Everything for Sportsman and Motorist

Kennedy 12 Cortlandt St.

NEW SPRING MODELS OF MEN'S FOOTWEAR

Cordovan Norwegian Grain low cut Shoes $10, $11 & $12

Russet & Black

Several Hundred Pairs of Cordovan High & Low Shoes at $9 Values to $13—Not all sizes.

COLUMBIA FENCERS DEFEAT QUAKERS

Capture Eight of Nine Bouts with Foils in Meet with Pennsylvania.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 19.—Columbia University fencers, led by Captain Williard J. Bloomer, Jr., intercollegiate champion foilsman, won eight of nine matches with fencers of the University of Pennsylvania today in Weightman Hall. In sabres the red and blue swordsmen won three out of four matches.

The Penn freshmen fencers won six of nine matches from the Columbia yearlings preceding the 'Varsity duel.

Captain Bloomer of Columbia was invincible with the foils. He is regarded as a likely winner of the intercollegiate foils championship again this year.

The summaries:

Foils.

Forster, Columbia, defeated Rambo, Pennsylvania, 4 to 1; Bencoe, Columbia, defeated Rhodes, Pennsylvania, 10 to 8; Bloomer, Columbia, defeated Charnock, Pennsylvania, 8 to 4; Forster, Columbia, defeated Rhodes, Pennsylvania, 7 to 3; Charnock, Pennsylvania, defeated Bencoe, Columbia, 6 to 5; Bloomer, Columbia, defeated Rambo, Pennsylvania, 7 to 4; Forster, Columbia, defeated Charnock, Pennsylvania, 8 to 4; Bencoe, Columbia, defeated Rambo, Pennsylvania, 6 to 5; Bloomer, Columbia, defeated Rhodes, Pennsylvania, 7 to 4.

Sabres.

Reaves, Columbia, defeated Hess, Pennsylvania, 7 to 4; J. C. Seabright, Pennsylvania, defeated Stelle, Columbia, 7 to 4; J. C. Seabright, Pennsylvania, defeated Reaves, Columbia, 7 to 5; Hess, Pennsylvania, defeated Stelle, Columbia, 10 to 8.

FIVE CREWS ON CHARLES.

Harvard Oarsmen Find Navigable Stretch—'Varsity Still at Lynn.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 19.—Five Harvard crews, including the third 'Varsity eight, rowed on the Charles this afternoon, a stretch of nearly a half mile being navigable at a point below the upper Union boathouse. Coach Edward Brown was in charge, but unable to get a launch on the river.

Though a snow storm was in progress tonight, the feeling was that by the middle of next week all ice in the river would have disappeared.

The 'Varsity crews rowed at Lynn today. Dave Morris returned unexpectedly to his position in the second crew following an operation. The Harvard launch arrived at Lynn and was used for the first time by Coach Haines.

To Arrange Wrestling Tourney.

The Metropolitan A. A. U. Wrestling Championship Committee, of which Joseph O'Brien, Boys' Club, is Chairman, will hold a meeting at the Boys' Club next Tuesday night.

PENN STATE MATMEN WIN.

Conquer Princeton's Wrestling Team by Score of 24 to 8.

Special to The New York Times.

STATE COLLEGE, Pa., March 19.—Penn State added another to her string of mat victories here tonight, defeating the Princeton wrestlers 24 to 8. State won four falls and one decision to Princeton's two decisions.

Shirk, Mills and Brown, making their last appearances on the local mats, each won their bouts in record time. Mills defeating Scarff in one minute. Garber, also seen here in his final bout, lost to Jacobs, the Princeton captain, in two extra periods.

As a result of tonight's victory State's chances in the intercollegiates next Saturday took a skyward leap.

While all the bouts were exceptionally well contested, the heavyweight class and Farley, a State find, went fifteen and Farley, a State find, went fifteen minutes before Carpenter won. Detar brought the crowd to its feet by throwing Hutchinson in 53 seconds.

Boxing at Brooklyn College.

Encouraged by the success of its initial tournament held last month, officials of the Brooklyn College Club have arranged another amateur boxing tournament for Loyola Hall, Rogers Avenue and Carroll Street, Brooklyn, to be held April 7 and 9. Competition is scheduled in four classes, at 115, 125, 135 and 158 pounds. The preliminary bouts will be conducted April 7 and the semi-finals and final April 9. Entries for the tournament will close March 31 with Benny Levine, local A. A. U. boxing official.

DARTMOUTH RALLIES TOO LATE TO WIN

Princeton Gains Basket Ball Victory, 35 to 31, Despite Green's Strong Finish.

INTERCOLLEGIATE BASKET BALL LEAGUE.
Final Standing.

College.	Games.	W.	L.	P.C.
Pennsylvania	10	10	0	1000
Princeton	10	6	4	.600
Yale	10	6	4	.600
Cornell	10	4	6	.400
Columbia	10	3	7	.300
Dartmouth	10	1	9	.100

Special to The New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., March 19.—A wonderful rally staged by Dartmouth in the last five minutes of play just failed to overcome the Tigers' overwhelming lead rolled up earlier in the game, and Princeton came out on the long end of a 35 to 31 score in the final intercollegiate basket ball game here tonight.

Beginning the middle of the second period, the Dartmouth team took on a new lease of life and its attack led by Yuill and Browne fairly swept through the Tigers' defense. But it was all Princeton in the first half, Legendre's uncanny ability in shooting fouls helping to roll up an early lead. At no time during the season has Dartmouth put up such a wonderful fight and, especially in the closing few minutes, its team play was remarkable. Captain Browne was the individual star for the Green, while Hynson, Dickinson and Legendre put up fast exhibitions for the visitors.

The line-up:

PRINCETON (35).		DARTMOUTH (31).
Netts	L.F.	Browne
Hynson	R.F.	Yuill
Dickinson	C.	Sample
Legendre	L.G.	Schulting
Wiltner	R.G.	McDermott

Substitutions—Princeton, Wadleigh for Hynson, Margetts for Legendre; Dartmouth, Akey for Browne, Chamberlain for Sample, Moore for Schulting.

Goals from floor—Dickinson (5), Metts (4), Hynson (3), Yuill (5), Browne (2), Chamberlain (2), Sample, McDermott, Moore. Goals from foul—Legendre (10), Hynson, Browne (7).

Referee—Kelly. Umpire—Tower. Time of halves—20 minutes.

De Palma Breaks Speed Record.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 19.—Ralph De Palma, who yesterday broke all Los Angeles speedway records by traveling around the mine and a quarter track in 89 seconds flat, today made another ecord by traversing the circuit in 38 4-5 seconds, or at a speed of 115.98 miles an hour.

To Raise $75,000 for Ball Park.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., March 19.—The Syracuse Athletic Park was incorporated today and will raise $75,000 for the construction of a new baseball park for the Syracuse team of the International League. The park project is entirely separate from the baseball team, the grounds being leased from year to year.

Who Discovered RICORO?

Told by a Merchant

"...Economy is getting the most of the best for the least. In other words—Ricoro!"

"The Steward of the Rotary Club is the man you are looking for!" declared the Merchant.

"We were having an 'Economy Luncheon' at the Club one day—paper napkins and various scientific foods doped up by experts to beat the H. C. L. Well, afterward, they brought around some cigars that didn't *look* economical—and, *by George,* when we lighted up, they *tasted* like a million dollars!

"The Chairman, who had prepared a paper on Economy, seemed a bit uneasy when he overheard remarks about the 'expensive looking cigars.'

"'Steward!' he called. 'Steward! There's a mistake! This was supposed to be an *Economy* lunch—and here you've dealt out high-priced cigars.'

"'Yes, Sir,' replied the Steward, 'But those Ricoros only cost two for 25c at the United, and—'

"'Two for 25 *cents!*' exclaimed the Chairman, 'Great guns! I guess that answers the calamity howlers who wail about the dwindling purchasing power of the dollar. Boy, run over to the United and get another box of Ricoros!'"

Sooner or later you'll discover Ricoro. You'll discover Ricoro's bland and balmy tropic fragrance—and you'll settle down to it for life. You'll buy Ricoro by the box, just like thousands of other satisfied Ricoro discoverers. And you'll buy it at the price of ordinary domestic cigars, because it comes from Porto Rico *duty free!*

A dozen shapes and sizes—8c to 3 for 50c. *Sold only in United Cigar Stores. "Thank You!"*

Cabinet Size 2 for 25c.

Buy them by the Box of 50—$6.00

11 other sizes 8c to 3 for 50c

Imported from PortoRico

CIGARS UNITED

UNITED CIGAR STORES

Ricoro the "Self-Made" Cigar

3

BRAIN WORKERS OF PARIS ORGANIZE

Unite to Protect Themselves Against the Exactions of Capital and Labor.

WIDE SUPPORT PROMISED

Better Conditions and Pay and Recognition for Intellect in Industry Are Sought.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 19.—A new union which has been mooted for some time in Paris was launched last night at a great meeting. It calls itself La Confederation des Travailleurs Intellectuels, or, for short, C. T. I. Its aim is to group into one organization the great body of mental workers, who at present are crushed between capital and manual labor, or, as one French journalist expresses it, between Croesus and Caliban.

Delegates from two hundred associations of brainworkers attended the meeting to draft a constitution for the new confederation. In a manifesto they declare their intention "to represent, coordinate and defend the interests of all those men and women who derive their principal livelihood from the work of their brains and not from manual labor or invested capital."

Clerks, inventors, managers, directors, writers, artists, teachers, lawyers and scientists are all eligible for membership. By a union of interests it is hoped not only to secure better conditions of work, better remuneration and wider prospects, but also to secure a larger measure of recognition by the world at large of the immense services done to the world by the brainworkers of all denominations.

The drafters of the manifesto complain that intellect has lost its pride of place in the world and that it is used by capital without respect and despised by labor. They contend that in the world's work it is the most important of all contributing factors, and as such deserves clear and uncompromised recognition.

"In developing in this way in national life the rôle and part of intelligence," the manifesto says, "it is certain that it will fulfill its aim and secure for the workers' organization and betterment, and for mankind organization, production and a guarantee of justice."

At the present, when the brainworker, the middle classes in France are severely hit by the high cost of livng caused by profiteers on the one hand and the workers' demands on the other, the project has received enthusiastic support from all sides, and its success seems assured.

THRONG HEARS "PARSIFAL."

Its Fourth Performance Greeted with Enthusiasm.

"Parsifal" drew a full house at its fourth performance, which also was a third time in the regular opera subscription, at the Metropolitan last evening. Both the subscribers, hitherto often accounted averse to serious music drama, and the enthusiastic galleries and standing crowd, many of whom had waited in the storm for 7:30 o'clock, the advanced hour of starting, remained to the close of the last impressive "temple scene," a few minutes before midnight. Messrs. Harrold, Whitehill, Ananian, Bettier, Didur; Mmes. Matzenauer, Gordon, Sundelius, Romaine and others appeared as before, and Mr. Bodanzky conducted. The English used by several of the foreign artists has improved. As to the performance, its moments of mystic beauty seized the imagination of the crowd, which again showed a desire to express its approval even at those points where applause has always been denied.

Another hearing of "Parsifal", and this time a matinée out of the regular series, is understood to be planned for April 3, Good Friday.

Oliver Denton's Recital.

Oliver Denton, who gave a piano recital earlier in the season, appeared again yesterday afternoon in Aeolian Hall in a pleasing program, comprising Beethoven's early sonata, Op. 10, No. 2, "Songs Without Words" and the F sharp minor scherzo a capriccio by Mendelssohn, Schumann's "Etudes Symphoniques," and pieces by Hutcheson, Scriabine and Albeniz.

Mr. Denton has facility and power, a vigorous style that does not yield to sentimentality. Nor is his facility always marked by complete accuracy. He gave a strong and straightforward performance of Beethoven's sonata, and in the "Songs Without Words," by Mendelssohn, found expression for sincere sentiment.

Helen Zagat, Dancer, Applauded.

Helen Zagat, a new name among solo dancers, appeared at the Little Theatre yesterday afternoon, assisted at the piano by Hans Barth. Her audience demanded encores to Miss Zagat's program, which ranged from Chopin's "Funeral March" to his "Revolutionary Etude." There were an "Impromptu" of Schubert and one musical novelty, a manuscript "Prelude" by Isabel Swift.

Violinist and Pianist in Recital.

Adolph Schmidt, violin, and N. Val Peavey, piano, reappeared last evening at Aeolian Hall, where they were heard in solo numbers and jointly in sonatas, as they had been last year. Sylvio Lazzari's sonata, Op. 24, recalled the Parisian composer's visit here to produce his opera, "Le Sauteriot." The players concluded with the sonata, Op. 75, of Saint-Saëns.

Otto Kruger Secretly Married.

Otto Kruger and Sue MacManamy, it was learned yesterday, were secretly married last August. Mr. Kruger is playing the leading rôle in "Adam and Eva," at the Longacre, and Miss MacManamy is appearing on the road in "Stand From Under." She was seen here earlier in the season in "The Five Million."

MUSIC NOTES.

Jascha Heifetz and the orchestra of the Symphony Society, under Walter Damrosch, will appear at Carnegie Hall tonight in a special concert, the gross proceeds of which have been offered by President H. M. Flagler to be used in the rehabilitation of the Music School of Rheims.

Gertrude Casriel, pianist, is to give her first public recital this evening at the Sixty-third Street Music Hall.

Heinrich Meyn's playlet, "At the Inn of the Tired Donkey," will be presented this evening at the MacDowell Club.

Jacques Gordon gives his second violin recital tomorrow evening at the Educational Alliance.

Penelope Davies, mezzo soprano, is to appear on Tuesday afternoon at the Princess Theatre.

Yvonne Gall of the Chicago Opera will sing next Friday with the People's Liberty Chorus in Carnegie Hall.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Wedding Bells" will end its engagement at the Harris Theatre in another week. The succeeding attraction at the Harris is as yet unannounced.

"Tick-Tack-Toe" will withdraw from the Princess tonight, and the house will be dark for a week prior to the opening of "Mrs. Jimmie Thompson."

Mrs. Alfred E. Smith and members of the Governor's staff occupied a box at the performance of "Ruddigore" at the Park Theatre last night.

THE PLAY

By Alexander Woollcott

John Murray Anderson's Revue.

The ascendant star of John Murray Anderson shines exceedingly bright after the production last night (and this morning) of the successor to his Greenwich Village Follies. It befell at the Maxine Elliott Theatre and is called "What's In a Name?" It is scant in its supply of humor, and it is musically ordinary, but it is full of a striving for new things, marked in every episode with a determination not to imitate, but rather to differ from, the preceding twenty-five musical shows of the season. And it is often surpassingly lovely to look upon. A stagecraft of considerable cunning, good taste and real imagination ruled over its preparation. Indeed, in a half dozen of its scenes, "What's In a Name" marks the most beautiful staging of musical comedy New York has known.

It is really a Summer show which arrived with the sleet and snow—like an importunate crocus. And unlike so many of its kind, it avoids the opulent and almost tropical splendor which has been the midsummer fashion, but achieves its beauty dutifully, achieves a cool and airy loveliness, with silks of delicate yellow and green, sudden, startling adventures into black and white, and silver screens across which the lights play wonderfully. When masters of revue have learned how to appeal to the ear and the risibles as surely as they appeal to the eye—but then that will probably be the celebrated millennium.

The human elements involved are various. There is the attenuated Olin Howland, producing, among other things, a brief version of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," in which he plays all the parts; most comically Williams and Woolfus, a vaudeville team which consists largely of a trick pianist named Williams, one of those tried and true comics of the varieties, who can play engagement after engagement at the Palace and yet be greeted as a welcome stranger and a treasure trove when he puts in his first appearance at what is sometimes facetiously described as a legitimate theatre; a pretty singer named Rosalind Fuller, and a husky and rampageous dancer named Gloria Foy, frequently abetted by the equally nimble Allyn Kearns, who keeps Mr. Anderson's revue from getting too unorthodox by inserting, just in time, an imitation of George M. Cohan.

And then there is Beatrice Herford, who is among those present with two of her monologues. Surely there should be a separate paragraph for this great lady, for a single Beatrice Herford monologue has more art, more life and more fun in it than three-quarters of the plays along Broadway. It is one of the few perfect institutions in an imperfect world.

It is Miss Herford and Mr. Anderson who emerge with the chief honors from this entertainment. It is too bad that Mr. Anderson's talent for management has not yet included such details as opening on the date announced and being all in readiness when at last his curtain does rise. The postponed first performance did not begin until 9 o'clock and may be still running yet. What happened after 12:10 this morning, deponent sayeth not, deponent having torn himself away at that juncture.

Mrs. Marks's Play Revived.

THE PIPER, by Josephine Preston Peabody. At the Fulton Theatre.

The Piper	A. E. Anson
Michael Sword Eater	William Williams
Cheat the Devil	Joseph Allenton
Jacobus	Reginald Barlow
Kurt the Syndic	Elmer Buffham
Peter the Cobbler	Henry Handon
Hans the Butcher	Forrest Woods
Axel the Smith	W. J. Clark
Martin the Watch	John Talbot
The Sacristan	Allen McAteer
Anselm the Priest	William Vaughan
Old Klaus the Miser	Leigh Lovell
Town Crier	Paul Hayes
Veronika	Olive Oliver
Barbara	Mabel Taliaferro
Wife of Hans	Elinor Hutcheson
Wife of Axel	Gina Grey
Wife of Martin	Marie Booth
Old Ursula	Elisabeth Patterson
Jan	George Walcott
Hansel	Raymond Guion
Ilse	Etna Ross
Trude	Dorothea James
Rudi	Chester Herman

"The Piper," Josephine Preston Peabody's fantastic and wistful comedy based upon the Hamelin legend, was revived here yesterday afternoon at the Fulton Theatre for the first time since its intermittent production at the struggling New Theatre a decade ago. This is the play which won the prize at Stratford, and which, together with a finer achievement called "Marlowe," is responsible for her unrivaled eminence as an American writer of poetic drama—a field, it is true, in which she has had precious little competition.

The present revival, backed by the same Shakespeare Playhouse which had Walter Hampden's "Hamlet" to its credit, is scheduled for a series of special matinees, of which yesterday's, the first, began only a half hour late and was over and done with shortly before 6 o'clock. There was a good deal that was charming to hear and see in the first and fourth acts, but the second and third, which are of loose and uncertain dramatic material at best, were intolerably dull. This may have been due in some measure to the insensitive direction, but is more clearly attributable to the casting of A. E. Anson for the rôle of the piper, the part played in Central Park West by Edith Wynne Matthison. Mr. Anson was quite inaudible much of the time, on several occasions swallowing whole some passages of genuine beauty. Then he played throughout without the elfin and fantastic touch which really belongs in this somewhat pretentious "Peter Pan."

The Drama League has bestowed its benign smile on this revival, and for some reason (possibly because the company is brimful of children) has decreed that it should be set aside for a series of nursery performances. Large numbers of herded youngsters attended yesterday afternoon in jubilant anticipation. After the unbelievable tedium of the third act it would be small wonder if many of the town's younger set entertained low opinions of their parents and the Drama League.

EDWARD VROOM AS CYRANO.

His Revival of Rostand's Play His First of a Series of Matinees.

In spite of rumors of injunction Edward Vroom and a numerous company appeared yesterday afternoon at the Selwyn Theatre in a revival of Edmond Rostand's "Cyrano de Bergerac." The performance marked the first of a number of matinées which Mr. Vroom, for many years well known as a player, promises to give at the Selwyn. Thus, on April 9 he will be seen as Shylock, a week later as Hamlet and on the 23d in "The Devil's Holiday" and "Don Caesar's Wedding."

Cyrano is a part which he has played before, although not in New York. Here, of course, the play is known chiefly through the performance of Richard Mansfield; to a lesser degree through that of Charles Richman in the Daly production. London has recently been having a revival of it with Robert Loraine in the rôle, but in these parts, thanks about equally to lawsuits and changing times, the play has been unexhibited for some twenty years.

The audience at the Selwyn yesterday waited until 5:45 o'clock for the death of the great-hearted Cyrano, and there was evidence aplenty that the old play still has considerable vitality, despite the difficulties of adjusting one's mood to the old-style romantic play and the license which it demands. Mr. Vroom has telescoped the first two acts into one, but otherwise it remains about the same. It is not helped vastly by Mr. Vroom's performance in the principal rôle, but there were indications yesterday that he was bearing a manifold burden—that of the production, of the principal rôle and of the lines which his supporting players forgot.

His voice is resonant and varied, but he is hardly a sufficiently compelling figure for the wonderful Cyrano. He is the wit and the poet, but there is hardly enough of the swashbuckler about him. Something is lacking romantically, and you have but little confidence in his military prowess when he leads the Cadets of Gascony against the foe at Arras. Nor, to discuss purely physical matters, is the great nose quite what it should be. It is not "the comfortable seat, the roomy perch" which the text calls for.

Elsie De Kearns is a sweet Roxane, and Charles Webster and Walter Kingsford do good work as Christian and the Count de Guiche. "Cyrano" will be repeated on April 30.

Jane Cowl Gives a Luncheon.

Jane Cowl gave a luncheon yesterday at her home, taking her guests afterward to see Blanche Yurka in "Music." Her guests included Eleanor Gates, Clare Kummer, Elizabeth Jordan, Anne C. Flexner, Jane Murfin, and Mrs. Walter Knapp.

Happy Days AT THE HIPPODROME
MATINEES DAILY. HAPPY PRICES. Seats on Sale for 8 Weeks.

New York's Great Annual Event
FLOWER SHOW
GRAND CENTRAL PALACE
MARCH 15 TO 21
Flower of Beauty and Fragrance
Closes Sunday Night.
Sunday Includes
10 A. M. to 10:30 P. M.
Visit Allied Loyalty League Tea Garden.

MUSIC FESTIVAL
April 6th to 11th, 71st Reg't Armory, 34th St. and Park Ave,
By the Oratorio Society of N.Y., Walter Damrosch, Musical Director
Tues. 8:15 ELIJAH—Mendelssohn—With Frieda Hempel, Merle Alcock, Edward Johnson, and Louis Graveure. Chorus of 1,000. N.Y. Symphony Orchestra of 150
Wed. 8:15 RACHMANINOFF EVENING
Rachmaninoff's last appearance as Pianist, and only appearance as Conductor. He will play one of his piano concertos, and conduct one of his important choral and symphonic works.
Soloists:
SOPHIE BRASLAU, GEORGE BAKLANOFF and RACHMANINOFF
Fri. 8:15—Pilgrim's Progress. By Edgar Stillman Kelley. (1st performance in New York.) Chorus of 1,000, Children's Chorus of 600. Orchestra of 150. Mabel Garrison, Marie Sundelius, Julia Claussen, Lambert Murphy, Reinald Werrenrath, Chas. T. Tittman, Royal Dadmun, and Frederick Patton.
Sat. 2:30—Bach, Beethoven, Brahms, with Jascha Heifetz, Pablo Casals, The Bach Choir of Bethlehem and Orchestra.
Sat. 8:15—Damnation of Faust—Berlioz. With Florence Easton, Orville Harrold, Leon Rothier, Frederick Patton, Chorus, Orchestra.
Sun. 8:00—Programme for TETRAZZINI. Chorus and N. Y. Symphony Orch. of 150.
Subscription Tickets and Seats for Single Concerts now on Sale at Room 606, 1 West 34th Street, and Room 1205, Aeolian Building

J.M. Gidding & Co.
PARIS
FIFTH AVENUE AT 46TH ST
NEW YORK
Now showing
many youthful conceptions
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MANNISH TAILORED SUITS.
ETON—PONY JACKETS—
SEMI-BOX MODELS — AND
COSTUME SUITS
FOR IMMEDIATE SELECTION
IN UNLIMITED VARIETY.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS. DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT
THESE THEATRES GIVE CONCERTS SUNDAY NIGHT.
LYRIC 42d St. West of Broadway. Phone Bryant 8316. Toney & Norman FRANKIE HEATH, MILO, 10 Other Acts.
CENTRAL 47th and Broadway. Bryant 10. Clark & Verdi, NINA PAYNE, HARRY DELF, 10 Other Acts.

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th. Evs. 8:00 MAT. TODAY. THE PASSING SHOW OF 1919
Sunday Night Concert—All Star Bill.
BOOTH Thes., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinee Today & Wed., 2:30. MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN in "THE PURPLE MASK."
39TH ST. Theatre, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:40. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. Charles Cherry and Francine Larrimore in the famous comedy SCANDAL
FROM A HIT TO A SENSATION
CENTRAL Thes., 47th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. SAM BERNARD & IRENE BORDONI in "AS YOU WERE."
PLYMOUTH W. 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:15. JOHN BARRYMORE IN RICHARD III.
Evs. Performances Starts at 8:15 & Ends at 11:30
48TH ST. Thes., near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2:30. THE STORM With HELEN MacKELLAR
PRINCESS 39th E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinee Today, 2:30. Tick-Tack-Toe Book, Music and Lyrics By Herman Timberg.
GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Mats. Today & Sat. Evs. 8:30. THE THEATRE GUILD Presents "JANE CLEGG"
By St. John Ervine, author of "John Ferguson."
LYRIC 42d, West of Broadway. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:15 Sharp. WALTER HAMPDEN in "HAMLET"
"Greatest living Hamlet."—Theatre Magazine.
COMEDY Thes., 41st, E. of B'y. Evs. 8:25. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30. MY LADY FRIENDS America's Greatest Comedy With CLIFTON CRAWFORD
SUCCESS OF TWO SEASONS
EAST IS WEST with FAY BAINTER.
MATS.—Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
BELMONT 48th, East of B'y. Bry. 42. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Today & Thurs., 2:30. NANCY O'NEIL In The Passion Flower
FULTON THEATRE. This Morning, 10:30 SPECIAL MATS. THURS. & FRI. AFT. AT 3. Shakespeare Playhouse Frank McEntee, Dir. Presents A. E. ANSON MABEL TALIAFERRO OLIVER OLIVER REGINALD BARLOW IN THE PIPER
By JOSEPHINE PRESTON PEABODY.
VANDERBILT E. of B'way. Phone 134 Bryant. Curtain, 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. The Musical Comedy Hit "IRENE" with ADELE ROWLAND
LITTLE THEATRE 44 St. W. of B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. EUGENE G. O'NEILL'S GREAT DRAMA BEYOND THE HORIZON with RICHARD BENNETT
BROADHURST, W. 44th St. Evs. 8:30. JANE COWL in "Smilin' Through." Mats. THURS. and Sat., 2:30.
SHUBERT-RIVIERA. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Today. Next Week: John Drew in The Cat-Bird. SUNDAY CONCERT 1:30 TO 11:30 P. M. MAYTIME

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES
EMPIRE Broadway & 40th St. Evs. at 8:30. Matinees TODAY & Wed., 2:30. "Certain to fascinate women."—Evs. World. ETHEL BARRYMORE in Déclassée
CRITERION B'y, 44 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. LIONEL BARRYMORE "More admirable than his Ibbetson or Neri in 'The Jest.'"—TIMES. THE LETTER OF THE LAW (LA ROBE ROUGE)
BELASCO WEST 44th St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30. Lenore Ulric in "THE SON-DAUGHTER" By George Scarborough & David Belasco
HUDSON WEST 44 ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Booth Tarkington's "CLARENCE"
Knickerbocker B'y & 38th St. Evs., 8:30. Mts. TODAY & Wed., 2:30. The Sunshiny Cape Cod Comedy SHAVINGS
"Like Going on a Summer Vacation."—World. Best Seats at Box Office. Regular Prices.
JOHN DRINKWATER'S ABRAHAM LINCOLN
CORT. Mats. Wed. & Sat. Evs. 8:15.
PUNCH & JUDY Thes., W. 49 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30. "MUSK" with BLANCHE YURKA
HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE 124 W. 43d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Thurs., 2:30. HENRY MILLER in "THE FAMOUS MRS. FAIR" by James Forbes. BLANCHE BATES SPECIAL MAT. EASTER MONDAY, APR. 5
STANDARD B'way, 90th St. POP. PRICES MATINEES TODAY. LAURETTE TAYLOR in "One Night in Rome." Next Wk., "Boly-Boly Eyes." with Eddie Leonard

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thes., 39th St. E. of B'way. EVES. 8:30. FIRST MATINEE TODAY 2:30. JOHN MURRAY ANDERSON, Inc Presents The New Revusical Comedy "WHAT'S IN A NAME"
44TH ST. Theatre, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. CECIL LEAN in "LOOK WHO'S HERE" with CLEO MAYFIELD. A Musical Comedy Triumph.
SHUBERT Theatre, 44th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. A. H. WOODS Presents THEDABARA in "THE BLUE FLAME"
REPUBLIC Theatre, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) and Sat., 2:30. Marjorie Rambeau in Channing Pollock's Play. THE SIGN ON THE DOOR
ELTINGE 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30. FLORENCE MOORE IN BREAKFAST IN BED
BIJOU West 45th Street. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30. BARNEY BERNARD "HIS HONOR ABE POTASH"
AMERICAN SINGERS OPERA CO. in Gilbert and Sullivan's Comic Opera Burlesque RUDDIGORE
"The best show I ever saw in my life." Alexander Woollcott, of The N. Y. Times.
PARK THEATRE, Columbus Circle. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Today, 2:30. 8:15
PLAYHOUSE W. 48th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. THE WONDERFUL THING
LONGACRE 48th, W of B'y Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest present 7TH MONTH ADAM and EVA "Thoroughly amusing, capitally acted"—Trib.
CENTURY LAST 3 WEEKS Tonight at 8:15. MATINEE TODAY, 50c to $2. F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present The Sensation of Paris and New York APHRODITE COMPANY OF 300 PEOPLE—8 SCENES.
CASINO 39th and Broadway. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Today & Wed., 2:30. MUSICAL COMEDY EXQUISITE THE LITTLE WHOPPER With VIVIENNE SEGAL.
HARRIS, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. WEDDING BELLS MARGARET LAWRENCE and WALLACE EDDINGER. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
SELWYN, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. DONALD BRIAN PEGGY WOOD RALPH MORGAN IN THE MUSICAL HIT "BUDDIES" Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
MOROSCO'S GREAT COMEDY HIT MAMMA'S AFFAIR WITH AN ALL STAR CAST
AT THE FULTON W. 46TH ST. EVS. 8:30 Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30
MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. at 2:30. A SENSATIONAL TRIUMPH! ELSIE FERGUSON in ARNOLD BENNETT'S New Play SACRED AND PROFANE LOVE

NEW AMSTERDAM Thes., W. 42 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. 2:15. MAT. TODAY 50c to $2.00 NO HIGHER. THE SEASON'S MUSICAL SENSATION MONSIEUR BEAUCAIRE The Messager-Tarkington Melodic Gem
NEW AMSTERDAM ROOF at 8:30 You Can Dance, Dine and Smoke. ZIEGFELD "Girls of 1920" AND NEW MIDNIGHT FROLIC If Desired, Dinner at 7. Supper at 11.
LYCEUM Theatre, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Thurs., 2:30. DAVID BELASCO Presents INA CLAIRE in "THE GOLD DIGGERS" By Avery Hopwood
GEO. COHAN B'way, 43d St. Evs. 8:30. M. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30. SAM H. HARRIS Presents WILLIAM COLLIER A Racing Riot Over Laughing Hurdles. in "THE HOTTENTOT." "It's a Scream."
Globe—"Apple Blossoms" Kreisler-Jacobi-Le Baron Operetta with John Charles Thomas. Wilda Bennett. Star Cast. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
Greenwich Village 4th St. & 7th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thu. 2:30. EMILY STEVENS in Phillip Moeller's SOPHIE with G. P. HEGGIE. "Like an improper story whispered behind a Valenciennes fan."—Times.
COHAN & HARRIS Thes., W. 42 St. at 8:30. Mts. Today & Wed. THE ABSOLUTE DRAMATIC TRIUMPH. The ACQUITTAL A Masterpiece in Play Construction. By RITA WEIMAN.
LIBERTY THEATRE, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S Latest Musical Comedy Joy Ride. "THE NIGHT BOAT" By Anne Caldwell. JEROME KERN'S BEST TUNES. MATINEES TODAY & Wed. 2:30.
JOHN L. GOLDEN Presents FRANK BACON LIGHTNIN
GAIETY, B'y, 46 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Today, Mat. at 2. Farza del Destino. Gordon; Caruso, Amato, Chalmers, Mardones. Popular Evs. 8:15 ($1-$3.50). Rigoletto. Barrientos, Perini; Hackett, De Luca, Segurola, Bada, Cd. Moranzoni.
Sun. Eve. (10c to $1.) Italian Operatic Concert. Barrientos, Rappold, Gordon; Harrold, Kingston, Picco, Zanelli. Orch. Cond. Bamboschek.
Mon. Mat. at 2. Prophete. Music. Matzenauer, Galli; Caruso, Mardones, Bodanzky. Cond. Bodanzky.
Wed. at 2. First Time. Eugene Onegin. Music. Peralt; Martinelli, De Luca, Didur. Cond. Bodanzky.
Thurs. Sp'l Mat. at 2 ($1 to $5.) Last Time. Easter. Farrar, Howard, Egener; Crimi, Amato, Bada, Malatesta. Cond. Moranzoni.
Thurs. Eve. 8:15. Marta. Barrientos, Perini; Caruso, De Luca, Malatesta. Cond. Bodanzky.
Fri. at 8, Last Time, Blue Bird. Easton, Gordon, Delaunois, Ellis, Perini; Rothier, Chalmers, Wolff.
Sat. at 2. Last Time. Farrar, Ferrar, Romaine, Galli; Martinelli, Whitehill, Rothier. Cond., Wolff.
Sat. Eve. 8:15 ($2 to $3.50). Manon Lescaut. Music. Marsh; Crimi, Scotti, Segurola, Bada. Cond., Papi.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

DUO ART RECITAL
This Afternoon at 3
ELEANOR SHAW, Pianist
and
THE DUO ART PIANO
Admission without charge.
The Aeolian Company,
29 West 42nd St., Fourth Floor.

Carnegie Hall, Tomorrow Aft., at 3. MOISEIWITSCH LAST PIANO RECITAL. (Mason & Hamlin.)
GERMAINE SCHNITZER Aeolian Hall, TODAY AT 3. 2d & Last Piano Recital. (Chickering Piano.)
Aeolian Hall, Tonight at 8:15. MR. & MRS. ALEXANDER BLOCH SONATA RECITAL (Steinway Piano).
HIPPODROME, Tomorrow Night, 8:15. The Season's Sensation. MISCHA LEVITZKI LEO ORNSTEIN ARTHUR RUBENSTEIN —AND— LEOPOLD GODOWSKY. Pianist-Composer, with the Amplico. Pop. Prices, $1, $1.50 & $2. Now at Box Office.
Carnegie Hall, WED. EVE., Mar. 24, 8:15. SCHOLA CANTORUM. KURT SCHINDLER, Conductor. Soloist: RAFAELO DIAZ, Tenor. NEW SPANISH MUSIC. First Presentation in America of works by modern Catalonian composers and Basque and Catalonian Folksongs. Also songs of Asturia, Spanish Galicia, Andalucia and Old Castile. SEATS AT BOX OFFICE. (Knabe Piano.)

NEW YORK SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA. WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor. Carnegie Hall, Tonight at 8:15. Soloist JASCHA HEIFETZ. Tickets at Box Office. GEO. ENGLES, Mgr.
Metropolitan Museum of Art. Free Concert Tonight at 8 o'Clock. Symphony Orchestra under David Mannes. No tickets required. Museum open 10 A. M. to 10:45 P. M. Restaurant Until 8 P. M.
SPECIAL MATINEES. GARRICK Thes., 35th, Nr. B'way. Mon., Tues., Wed. & Fri. BEGINNING MARCH 22, MEDEA. SEATS NOW ON SALE.
Carnegie Hall, Next Tues. Eve., 8:15. VIOLIN RECITAL by RUDOLPH POLK. At the Piano, EMIL NEWMAN. Prices 50c to $2 (Plus War Tax). Now at Box Office. Mason & Hamlin Piano.—Mgt. M. H. Hanson.
63D ST. MUSIC HALL TONIGHT, 8 Piano Recital GERTRUDE CASRIEL
TICKETS AT BOX OFFICE. STEINWAY PIANO.
AEOLIAN HALL, Next Mon. Eve., Mar. 22, 8:15. 'CELLO RECITAL BY MILDRED WELLERSON
2 year old 'CELLO VIRTUOSO. Tickets 50c to $2.00. Now at Box Office.
Aeolian Hall, Friday Aft., Mar. 26, at 3. SONG RECITAL BY RACHEL MORTON-HARRIS SOPRANO. Mgt. Haensel & Jones. Mason & Hamlin Piano.
AEOLIAN HALL. SUNDAY AFTERNOON, MARCH 28th, at 3. CONCERT BY THE TOLLEFSEN TRIO. Works by Zanella, Orrico, Smetana. Steinway Piano. Mgt. Wilson & Livingston.
OPERA TICKETS Phone Bryant 7878. Seats CARUSO Mat. Today. SUBSCRIPTIONS BOUGHT, SOLD EXCHANGED AND RESOLD WITHOUT CHARGE. BROADWAY (40th-41st Sts.) 1433
Aeolian Hall, Fri. Eve., Mar. 26, at 8:15. SECOND PIANO RECTAL. ANIS FULEIHAN. Mgt. Daniel Mayer. Steinway Piano.
Princess Theatre, Tues. Aft., Mar. 23, at 3. SONG RECITAL. Penelope Davies. COENRAAD V. BOS at the Piano. Mgt. Antonia Sawyer, Inc. Steinway Piano.
TOMORROW AT 3 P. M. RECITAL OF RUSSIAN SONGS. MARIE SUNAYA. Assisted by Philip Gordon, Pianist. Steinway—Piano Used.
PRINCESS THEATRE, 39th St., nr. B'way. Carnegie Hall, THIS AFTERNOON at 2:30. Boston Symphony Orchestra. PIERRE MONTEUX, Conductor. Tickets at Box Office.
OPERA TICKETS Phone Greeley 4189. Seats All Parts of House. Subscriptions bought, sold or exchanged, for season. Jacobs' Ticket Office, Normandie Hotel, B'way, 38 St.

MOTION PICTURES
RIVOLI B'way 49th St. CHARLES RAY "Alarm Clock Andy" RIVOLI ORCHESTRA
RIALTO Times Square HUCKLEBERRY FINN
B. & H. 2083 BROADWAY AT 41st St. BLANCHE SWEET In "THE HEADLESS SEX" 27th BIG WEEK Powder-Puff Follies
PLAZA Madison Av. at 58th St. "POLLYANNA" BY ELEANOR H. PORTER. WITH MARY PICKFORD. PLAZA ORCH.—COMEDY—NEWS
DALY'S B'way at 30th St. "THE MIRACLE OF LOVE." By COSMO HAMILTON. ORCHESTRA—COMEDY—NEWS
MARK STRAND B'way, 47 St. "DANGEROUS DAYS" by Mary Roberts Rinehart. Harold Lloyd Comedy. STRAND ORCHESTRA.

WARNING
In fairness to those who come on time, positively no person will be seated during the prologue to D. W. Griffith's "The Idol Dancer," at STRAND Theatre tomorrow.
PROGRAMS BEGIN PROMPTLY
12:45 5:55
2:20 7:45
4:20 9:45
TOMORROW AND ALL WEEK
Native singers, native music, Hawaiian orchestra, in addition to augmented Strand Theatre orchestra. Entire program under the personal direction of Mr. Griffith.

CAPITOL BROADWAY AT 51st ST.
Last Times Today Maurice Tourneur's "MY LADY'S GARTER"
GAELIC FEIS IRISH MUSICAL FESTIVAL
BEGINNING TOMORROW
ETHEL CLAYTON "YOUNG MRS. WINTHROP"
GRAND OPERA "PAOLETTA" By PIETRO FLORIDIA.

SEEING NEW YORK

Uptown, downtown, Chinatown. It's a glorious, enclosed, glass-roof, heated CARS. Distinctive Lecture Service. Trips Daily. Our Free Map and Guide at hotels.
Starting Point, Hotel McAlpin.
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Phone Pennsylvania 169.

WHY FIFTY CENTS?
WHEN New York outgrew its small-city self fifty years ago its play-goers demanded a convenient central clearing-point where they could buy the best seats.
McBride's came into existence in 1873 to supply their demands. Ever since then the demand has outrun the supply.
The city has passed through one orgy of outrageous ticket premiums after another.
But McBride's is charging today the same fee—fifty cents over the box-office price—that it charged then.
Because there is always someone who will pay twice the fair price is not a sufficient reason to us to betray our strict principle that we can furnish you the best seats swiftly and courteously at the standard fee.
New York's play-goers today apparently realize this. They know that our fifty-cent fee is time-honored, time-approved; that it is not hastily constructed expediency; that it buys seats *where* you want them *when* you want them.
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THEATRE TICKET OFFICES INC.
1497 BROADWAY (TIMES SQUARE WEST)
HOTELS McALPIN, THE WALDORF-ASTORIA
71 BROADWAY and 165 BROADWAY

The "Bascom Way"
Removing The Difficulties Of Theatre Ticket Reservation
If you find it hard to secure seats for the play you want to see—try the "BASCOM WAY" of Theatre Ticket Reservation.
Why not avail yourself of this distinctive service, the cost of which is only 50 cents over the box office price—an established service charge.
BASCOM Service Branches at these conveniently located hotels:
BASCOM THEATRE TICKET SERVICE
The Biltmore
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Hotel Manhattan
The Plaza
The Ansonia
Or—Telephone
Vanderbilt 5900

Jewish Art Theatre, Mad. Ave. & 27th St. Phone Mad. Sq. 579. Today Mat. & Evening. LAST WEEK of "Bronx Express"
"Cleverest Comedy on Our Stage Today."
LOEW'S New York Theatre & Roof. Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. "WHAT'S YOUR HUSBAND DOING?"
Loew's American Roof 42 St. W. of B'y. Every Eve. at 8:15. Maxine Dancers, Harry Lee, Hugh Norton & Co., Hal & Francis and five other acts. All Seats Reserved
The Smartest of Restaurant Revues. "SAUCY BITS OF 1920"
A fantastic and bizarre production with a cast of star principals and a chorus of most beautiful girlies.
Myriads of Sensational Features
Twice Nightly, at 7:30 & 11:30 P. M.
Reisenweber's Columbus Circle and 58th Street.
COLUMBIA, B'way & 47th St. Twice Daily. Evs. at 8:45. HASTINGS' BIG SHOW.

Exceptional Business People's Luncheons
SERVED IN OUR NEW GRILL 11 to 3 P. M.
At the Famous Hofbrau
Jansen want to see you
2 Entrances—Broadway & 30th Street
QUAINTEST PLACE IN AMERICA.
Old-Fashioned Beefsteak Dinner $2.00
PRIVATE DINING ROOM GRILL AND BANQUET HALL
EXQUISITE SOUTHERN CHICKEN DINNER, $1.75
Music DANCING Miss Nellie Hayes, Hostess

BELLAK SYSTEM OF SELECT HOTELS
ASHTON HOTEL Magnificent View of Park. 1, 2, 3 Rooms and Bath. $60 monthly up per room & bath. Mad. Av. at 59th.
NOTED FOR SUNSHINE. 2 and 3 Rooms & Bath. NOBLETON HOTEL 126 W. 72nd St. $1125 monthly, $265 weekly and up per 2 rooms and bath.
Convenient 81st "L" at entrance. 1, 2 and 3 Rooms, Bath. COLONIAL HOTEL 81st St., Cor. Av. $60 monthly up per room & bath.
RESIDENCE FOR WOMEN. Room & Meals $16 weekly up. RUTLED

COURT ORDERS SUIT AGAINST BUS LINES

U. S. Judge Mayer Directs Receiver Hedges to Test Legality of Competitors.

CITY SERVICE NOT INVOLVED

Loss on Williamsburg Bridge Route Would Be $34,000 a Month, It Is Estimated.

The legality of privately owned buses operating in the streets in opposition to car lines is to be tested in the courts in an injunction proceeding to be begun by counsel for Job E. Hedges, Receiver of the New York Railways Company, by direction of Federal Judge Mayer. Papers in the proceedings are being prepared and will be presented to the courts early next week. It was stated on high authority yesterday that there was no question but that the buses were operating illegally because they were without franchises or certificates of necessity and convenience from the Public Service Commission.

Announcement of the beginning of the legal proceedings was made yesterday afternoon by Judge Mayer in a hearing relating to the railways company. Bronson Withrop, of counsel for Receiver Hedges, had reported that the finances of the company would be $198,000 worse off on June 3 than formerly estimated because of bad weather. Concerning resuming the operation of the Eighth and Fourteenth Street and the Seventh Avenue car lines over the Williamsburgh Bridge, he said that it would be impossible to start this service again because of the great loss it would cause.

He called attention to the buses operating along the abandoned routes and estimated the loss this competition would entail at about $34,000 a month. Reference was made to a letter from Deputy Public Service Commissioner Donnelly, which told of hearings being held by him to the end that some arrangements might be made to have the cars returned to the bridge service, and asking that suggestions be made by Mr. Hedges. Judge Mayer directed Mr. Winthrop to attend the next hearing on the subject, but not to offer any suggestions. The Court explained that there was a contract between the city and the company for the bridge operation which could be terminated at any time, and that its termination by the company was due to the fact that the losses incurred could no longer be sustained.

It was said that reduced tolls or an increased fare would probably have the effect of starting the cars to running again over the bridge. It was pointed out that it would be idle to resume operation of the cars in competition with the bus lines, which pay no charges whatever except a small license fee.

The receiver was instructed to further delay the payment of the $200,000 interest due March 7 on bonds. The court adjourned further proceedings in the matter until April 15.

Argument was heard yesterday by the Appellate Division in Brooklyn on the appeal taken by the city on the action of Supreme Court Justice Callaghan, who threw out the amended answer made by the city to the suit of the Brooklyn City Railroad Company to restrain the use of buses in opposition to its lines. Assistant Corporation Counsel William B. Carswell denied statements to the effect that the city was merely trying to delay a decision in the proceedings.

William N. Dykman, counsel for the company, said: "The city's action in running these buses was a lawless attack on the railroad company in defiance of the rights accorded the company under its charter, and was in violation of the law."

In the various proceedings yesterday it was said the fight on the bus lines applied only to those run by private persons, and that it would not be extended to the buses which the city contemplates operating.

MOTT HEIRESS PETITIONS.

Mrs. MacLean Seeks Appointment of Trustee.

Mrs. Marie MacLean, wife of former Supreme Court Justice Charles F. MacLean, applied in the Surrogates' Court yesterday for the appointment of a new trustee under the will of her father, Jordan L. Mott, head of the Jordan L. Mott Iron Works, who died in 1915, leaving a large estate. She and her brother Augustus, who has since died, each got a third of the estate and the remaining third went to her brother Jordan, and to his son, Jordan L. Mott, 3d.

John Reid, Max Goebel and Jordan L. Mott, Jr., were appointed trustees, but Mr. Reid died in 1916 and Mr. Goebel has been ill of pneumonia all Winter. Mrs. MacLean said that, because of differences between her brother and Mr. Goebel over the management of the business and because her brother intended to leave soon for a long sojourn on the Pacific Coast, her interests require that a third trustee to succeed Mr. Reid be appointed at once.

TOLEDO CAR LINES FOR SALE

Doherty Offers System to City for $11,000,000 Cash and Bonds.

TOLEDO, Ohio, March 19.—In a telegram from New York today Henry L. Doherty, head of the Toledo Railways and Light Company, offers to sell the street car system to the municipality for $11,000,000, 20 per cent. cash down, and the remainder to be paid in bonds secured by first mortgage on the lines.

Doherty intimated he would take less if the city decided to pay all in cash. The price quoted is nearly $4,000,000 higher than the valuation made by the city experts. The offer will be laid before the Civic Municipal Ownership Commission Friday.

Carmody Receiver of His Law Firm.

Thomas Carmody, former Attorney General, was appointed yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Gavegan receiver of the law firm of Carmody & Riegel pending a suit to dissolve the firm and for an accounting. Mr. Carmody stated that he sold an interest in the firm to Guy Hughes Riegel, a young Pennsylvania lawyer, but that Mr. Riegel failed to carry out the purchase agreement. Joseph A. Kellogg, former counsel to Governor Smith, and now a member of the up-State Public Service Commission, has been a law associate of Mr. Carmody.

Service Board's Appeal Denied.

The Court of Appeals denied yesterday the appeal by the Public Service Commission from the decision of the Supreme Court, which granted an alternative writ of prohibition preventing the commission from hearing an application of the receivers of the Manhattan and Queens Traction Corporation for an increased fare. The court stated that the order of the lower court was not appealable as a right and that the permission granted by the Appellate Division to appeal had been revoked.

Lectures for Women Democrats.

A course of four lectures for $1 at the Ritz-Carlton as a continuation of the educational program of the Democratic Women of the Seventeenth Senatorial District, which will be started at their dinner at the Hotel Commodore Friday evening, March 26, was announced yesterday by Mrs. Montgomery Hare, Chairman of the Dinner Committee.

CAR SHORTAGE BARS CANADIAN EXPORTS

Manufacturers Unable to Get Transportation for Goods to United States.

OTTAWA, Ontario, March 19.—Hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of merchandise consigned for export to the United States is being held up here, owing to a shortage of foreign railroad cars in which to ship the goods to the United States. The situation, embarrassing for some weeks, has been rendered more serious, it is stated, by an embargo placed by the New York Central Monday against shipments from Canada, east of Buffalo, which prevents loading here on New York Central cars of anything except news print paper, pulp wood, wood pulp, perishable goods for human or live stock consumption, supplies for American railroads and shipments consigned to the United States Government. There is said to be a great scarcity of cars even for news print paper and pulp.

Canadian roads are said to be unwilling to let cars go across the border, as there are already 60,000 Canadian cars on United States rails and only 40,000 foreign cars on Canadian roads. Railroad offices state that the shortage will continue for at least ten days.

MONTREAL, March 19.—Jason Rogers, publisher of the New York Globe, who has come to Montreal to investigate the causes of the serious news print shortage in the United States, said today it was due in large part to the fact that empty freight cars for the movement of the paper were not being returned to Canada from the United States.

"The situation is desperate," said Mr. Rogers. "Unless the empty cars are returned the mills must stop making paper, as they are getting badly choked and cannot store further supplies.

"One lumber shipper has 1,000 carloads of material, and he cannot get the equipment to ship it. The number of Canadian cars in the United States on March 1 was 50,716. The number of cars from the United States in Canada on that date was 40,632. The balance of 19,084 cars, of which 18,198 were box cars, apparently were lost on American railroads. The assurance from Washington to the Canadian roads that twenty cars a day would be supplied means merely a drop in the bucket, and thus far even these cars have not been furnished."

The New York Central's embargo against shipments from Canada east of Buffalo is temporary, and only to relieve congestion at terminal points brought on by recent storms in the Middle West, it was announced here yesterday. Shortage of freight cars or other related conditions have nothing to do with it, it was stated, and expectations are that the embargo will be lifted within a few days.

CHARGES AGAINST JERSEY BOARD AIRED

Eighteen Specifications Allege State Utility Commission Neglected Public.

Charges of neglect of duty and misconduct in office, on which the Mayor and Aldermen of Jersey City have requested Governor Edwards to remove members of the New Jersey Public Utilities Commission, were made public yesterday. Eighteen specifications in the document seek to show the board has failed to serve the public, has been unduly dilatory and formal and has favored the Public Service Railway Company.

The Public Service rate case is cited in the first specification as an example of the contention that instead of acting as an administrative body to serve the public, the commission has acted as a court, and its proceedings have been formal, prolonged and unduly expensive. The case in point has been pending since July 10, 1918, 10,000 pages of testimony have been taken and the municipalities involved have borne an expense of about $100,000 which the complaint says should have been borne by the board.

The charges allege that in the Public Service zone fare case and other hearings the Commissioners employed, as experts, men who have been employed extensively by public service corporations in various parts of the country.

According to the third and fourth counts the Commissioners allowed the Public Service Railway Company to divert $500,000 from the depreciation reserve fund to pay dividends and the Public Service Gas Company to divert $600,000 in the same way and failed to compel the companies to restore the money "when advised of this wrongful diversion."

JESS WILLARD ARRESTED.

Pugilist Accused by Negro of Disturbing the Peace in Kansas.

LAWRENCE, Kan., March 19.—A warrant for the arrest of Jess Willard, former heavyweight pugilistic champion, for disturbance of the peace was sworn out today by Fred Logan, a negro policeman. Logan was driving a wagon along a narrow road when Willard tried to pass in a motor car. Logan charges Willard called him names for not giving up the road and challenged him to fight.

NEWBERRY JURY RETIRE AFTER ALL-DAY DEBATE

Resume Deliberations Again This Morning and May Need Two More Days.

Special to The New York Times.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., March 19.—The Newberry jury retired for the night without reaching an agreement. After debating the testimony for seven hours Judge Sessions ordered the jurors taken to their hotel, with further consideration of the case to be taken up in the morning.

Beginning at 9 o'clock this morning the jury labored hard all day. At noon the twelve men were taken to luncheon and resumed their deliberations again behind closed doors at 2 o'clock.

As the jury passed through the corridor at night Juror No. 3 smiled at a crowd of newspapermen and looked over the crowd as if looking for an acquaintance. Juror No. 12 shouted, with a wave of his hand:

"We will see you tomorrow, boys."

The hopes of some of the respondents faded when a quick verdict was not returned. Others held a quick verdict, no matter what the decision is, was an impossibility under the Court's charge that each case must be considered individually, if conspiracy was first decided upon.

It was generally conceded that with the mass of testimony before the jury it would probably take two days to decide if there was or was not a conspiracy. In case conspiracy was made out it was held that not less than two days would be consumed in deciding on the individual cases.

It is quite generally conceded that from forty to sixty of the minor respondents will be acquitted. That fact in itself, it was pointed out, would take much time. It is not believed that even the prosecution expects the whole eighty-five to be convicted. The defense claims that if there are any acquittals all will be set free.

ARREST FIRST OF 125 COAL MEN INDICTED

Secretary for Knox County Operators Is Arraigned and Freed Under Bail.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 19.—The arrest of the first of 125 coal operators or miners indicted by a Special Federal Grand Jury here for alleged violation of the Lever Fuel Control act and conspiracy sections of the Federal Criminal Code was effected today when Carl J. Fletcher of Indianapolis, Secretary of the Knox County (Ind.) Coal Operators' Association, surrendered to the United States Marshal here.

Mr. Fletcher was released immediately, when he furnished bond of $10,000 for his appearance in court May 4. Others of the men indicted are expected to surrender within the next few days.

It became known tonight that all the Indiana operators under indictment are aware of the fact, although the names have not been given out for publication by Federal officials.

The Indiana operators held a meeting at Terre Haute Wednesday night, it was said, at which definite information as to what Indiana operators were indicted was given out. This information, said to have been authorized by Federal officials, did not contain anything in connection with the specific charges against those indicted.

It was stated here tonight by operators that the list of men indicted by the Grand Jury included virtually the entire joint wage scale committee which met at Washington Sept. 25 to Oct. 6, 1917. This was the first meeting of a scale committee after the passage of the Lever act.

Operators also ventured the opinion that the charges against them include publication of coal quotations as a means of regulating coal prices, and use of the "check-off" system in the mines, whereby dues of members of the miners' union are withheld from their pay and turned over to the union locals.

The "check-off" system was mentioned specifically in the instructions to the special Grand Jury by Judge A. B. Anderson when the jury was called, following the strike of bituminous coal miners, to investigate the coal industry.

EDISON CO. WINS TEST SUIT.

Not Compelled to Sell Its Current to a Competitor.

A decision of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court yesterday relieves the New York Edison Company from furnishing service in case of necessity to any concern that is manufacturing current for its own use and for sale. An order by the Public Service Commission directed the Edison Company to supply an emergency service to the Acker, Merrall & Condit Company. It declined and went to the courts on a proceedings to ascertain its status.

The opinion, written by Justice Walter Lloyd Smith, said, in part:

"Inasmuch as Acker, Merrall & Condit was a competing concern the Edison Company cannot be compelled, in the absence of express statutory requirement, to furnish it this breakdown service for the purpose of sale to outside customers. While Acker, Merrall & Condit is engaged in selling electricity to outsiders other than its own tenants it has not the rights of the public to demand service from another concern upon payment of the legal rates."

LEAVES DECISION TO COAL CONFEREES

President Will Submit Both Wage Reports to Miners and Operators.

BOTH ARE DISSATISFIED

They Had Expected Mr. Wilson Would Adjust the Differences Between the Two Views.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—President Wilson will submit the majority and minority reports of the commission appointed to settle the difficulties which caused the soft coal strike to the operators and miners, with the expectation that the new contracts to become effective April 1 will be based on the majority report, which recommends a wage increase of 25 per cent. with no change in working hours and the reference to a special commission of the check-off question relative to collection of union dues. The minority report of John P. White recommended a 31.6 per cent. wage increase and a thirty-hour week.

Attorney General Palmer announced the President's decision after a conference at the White House with Director General Hines and Secretary Tumulty.

It had been expected that the President would be able to bring about an agreement resulting in the submission of a unanimous report, and dissatisfaction was expressed tonight by both operators and miners over the present situation. Some predicted "It will be just the same old muddle over again." Operators complain that they cannot arrange for any increase to the miners so long as the price fixed by the Government remains. They also object to references of the "check-off" system which, they contend, forces them to pay a huge strike fund into the coffers of the unions. The miners object to the majority report because it does not award to them the increase in wages and decrease in working hours they have been demanding.

Since no date for the conference of operators and miners has been announced, it is expected that the two reports will be officially made public within a day or two.

It was to confer with Mr. Tumulty on the form to be followed by the President in making the reports public that Mr. Palmer and Mr. Hines visited the White House.

Fire Record.

A. M.		Loss.
12:01	329 E. 37 St.; Thomas McDermott	Slight
4:05	232 W. 142 St.; Mary Justin	Slight
5:50	33 St. and 11 Av. (freight car); N. Y. C. R. R.	Slight
8:15	70 Duane St.; Lowery & Michael	Slight
8:50	341 E. 3 St.; Aaron Schwartz	Not given
9:15	46 E. 12 St.; Sam Appleston	Not given
9:50	208 1 Av.; Spiesid & Bonna	Not given
12:30	240 W. 18 St.	Not given
P. M.		
1:45	307 Stanton St.; P. Agostino	Slight
2:00	172 W. 82 St.; James Hogan	Slight
5:10	99 St. and 3 Av.; Interborough Rapid Transit Co.	Slight
5:30	214 E. 5 St.; Harry Satarino	Slight
5:40	142 West End Av.; Sadie Flamowitz	Slight
6:00	2,491 Webster Av., Bronx; Jacob Davis	Slight
7:15	135 Front St.; John Clark & Co.	Slight
7:35	10 W. 18 St.; Rubin Klinger & Co.	Not given
8:00	1759 Varick St.; Geo. Ruderson	Slight
8:40	411 E. 12 St.; Joseph Barto	Slight
8:45	12 Monroe St.; Int. Doll Co.	Not given
8:50	133 Av. C.; Rose Finkel	Slight
9:55	58 E. 8 St.; Knelsler Dress Co.	Not given
10:00	605 W. 181 St.; Lawrence Hat Co.	Slight
10:55	55 Bond St.; Astykov Fur Band Manufacturing Co.	Not given
11:10	172 W. 81 St.; Elizabeth Herman	Slight

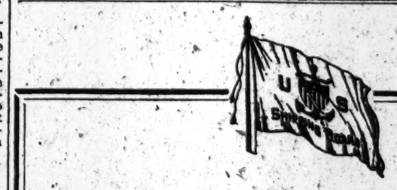
The Civil Service.

City.

The following non-competitive lists are announced: Physician (clinic), Department of Health, at $400, Joseph C. Blauber; inspector of masonry, Bureau of Buildings, Manhattan, at $1,440, James A. Grilley; probation officer, City Magistrates' Courts, at $1,350, Charles Sprenger; steel draftsman, Department of Plant and Structures, at $1,320, Frank J. Handecker; first grade clerk, Department of Health, at $560, Rose L. Brando, Dorothy Beader, William J. Ennis; Board of Education, at $520, Celia F. Landau; Department of Health, at $460, Esther Cohen, Florence M. Heim; Fire Department, $520, Cecil F. Hynes.

United States.

The commission announces for April 7, May 19 and July 7 examinations, open to either sex, above 18 years of age, for autographic register operator, Grade 1, $1,200 to $1,200 a year; automatic 3-A addressograph operator, Grade 1, $1,200 to $1,500 a year, and automatic 3-A addressograph operator, Grade 2, $1,500 to $1,800 a year. Vacancies in the Bureau of War Risk Insurance, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., will be filled from these examinations. The entrance salary will depend upon the qualifications of appointees as shown in the examination. Appointees may be given the additional compensation of $10 a month authorized by Congress. Competitors will be examined in spelling, 5; arithmetic, 5; letter writing, 5; penmanship, 10; copying from plain copy, 5; experience, 70.



SHIPBUILDING PLANT
Sollers Point
On Patapsco River below Baltimore, Md.
FOR SALE

The United States Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation is about to close negotiations for the sale of the shipbuilding plant and real estate at Sollers Point, Md.

This four-way shipyard, designed and equipped for the construction of thirty-five hundred (3500) ton wooden vessels, is located on the east side of Patapsco Bay on Sollers Point, just east of the Baltimore & Sparrows Point Railroad; has a water frontage of about twenty-eight hundred (2800) feet, railroad frontage of about twenty-five hundred (2500) feet, with branch tracks laid into the yard.

The property includes an area of fifty-one (51) acres, about nine (9) miles from the city of Baltimore, with good trolley service and housing facilities.

Further offers will be received by the United States Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation at Washington, D. C., and all proposals must be accompanied by a certified check on a National Bank, payable to the United States Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation, for ten per cent (10%) of the amount of the proposal.

Additional information may be procured by addressing

Manager, Supply and Sales Division
United States Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation
6TH AND B STS., S. W.,
Washington, D. C.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The Western disturbance of the last few days has developed into a storm of irregular definition, with a principal centre tonight over Eastern Lake Erie and secondary centres over Southwestern Virginia and Eastern Maryland. At the same time pressure continues very low over Newfoundland, quite low over the lake region, the Ohio Valley and the South. It is moderately high in the West.

There were general snows and rains over the northern and rains over the southern districts from the Mississippi Valley eastward, while to the westward fair weather prevailed.

It is considerably colder in the Gulf States and West Tennessee, but elsewhere temperatures changed but little and are nearly normal, except in the extreme Northwest.

There will be snow or rain Saturday in the Middle Atlantic States and New England and snow in the lower lake region and the Upper Ohio Valley followed by generally fair weather Sunday, except in Eastern Maine. In the upper lake region, the Lower Ohio Valley and the South the weather will be fair Saturday and Sunday.

FORECAST.

Western New York—Snow Saturday; Sunday fair, slightly warmer.

Eastern New York—Snow or rain Saturday; Sunday probably fair and slightly warmer.

Southern New England—Rain or snow Saturday; Sunday probably fair, warmer on the mainland.

Delaware and New Jersey—Rain or snow Saturday; Sunday fair and warmer.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Snow or rain Saturday; Sunday fair and warmer.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1920.		1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M.	30	39	4 P. M.	30	42
6 A. M.	30	36	6 P. M.	32	42
9 A. M.	30	39	8 P. M.	34	44
12 M.	32	40	11 P. M.	35	44

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 31; for the corresponding date last year it was 40; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 38.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 31; at 8 P. M. it was 34; maximum temperature 34 degrees at 10 P. M.; minimum 28 degrees at 6:30 A. M. Humidity 50 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 95 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.08 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.59 inches.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

Merriam, Capt. J. H., to Navy Yard, Boston.
Tennent, Lt. Cmdr. E. H., to Guantanamo Bay.
Tichy, Lt. Cmdr. F. S., to home, await orders.
Larkin, Lt. E. W., to Reserve Destroyer 7 Atl. Fleet.
Moore, Lt. L. R., to Aide on Staff, Vice Adm. H. P. Jones, Cmdr. Squad 2, and Squad. Radio Offr., U. S. Atl. Fleet.
Stalley, Lt. H. D., to the Olympia.
Wilkinson, Lt. M. J., to Navy Yard, Boston.
Archambeault, Lt. C. P., to Naval Hosp., Pearl Harbor.
Lange, Lt. K. L., to Air Sta., Coco Solo, C. Z.
Terrell, Lt. J. F., to Quantico, Va.

FIRE EXTINGUISHERS FOR SALE
By the United States Navy
Wholesalers, Retailers, Jobbers, Theatres, Moving Picture Houses, Hotels, Architects, Builders—
A Chance to Buy:
10,000 "Guardene"
Extinguishers (2½ gals.) in ½ doz. lots.....at $10.00 each
This price is about
1-3 LESS
than the market price.
These extinguishers (made by the Pyrene Co.) are new, in original packages, and inspected and accepted by U. S. Government Inspectors, and
Approved by the National Board of FIRE UNDERWRITERS.
Immediate Delivery.
TERMS: 10% with order, balance 30 days. Thirty days allowed for femoval.
For further particulars call, telephone or write
U. S. NAVY STORE
(Wholesale Dept.)
29th St. and 3d Av.
Brooklyn, N. Y.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises.....6:00 | Sun sets.....6:08

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	6:25	7:50	1:35	1:42
Governors Island	7:45	8:08	1:56	2:12
Hell Gate	9:32	9:50	3:41	3:50

Arrived—Friday, March 19.

SS Allianca, Colon, March 12.
SS Carrillo, Kingston, March 13.
SS Lake Galewood, Halifax, March 16.
SS Ocmulgee, Calmanera, March 15.
SS West Ekonk, Liverpool, March 4.
SS Isla de Panay, Cadiz, March 3.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Iroquois.....Turks Island.Mar. 14
Italia.....Gibraltar.....Mar. 3
Samland.....Antwerp.....Mar. 6
Mexico.....Havre.....Mar. 1
St. Bede.....Para.....Mar. 9
Lake Fromet.....Lisbon.....Mar. 2
Dayton.....Port Eads.....Mar. 12
Pesaro.....Naples.....Mar. 4

DUE TOMORROW.

Manchuria.....Southampton.Mar. 10
Dante Alighieri.....Palermo.....Mar. 5
Venice.....Havre.....Mar. 13
Lancastrian.....Antwerp.....Mar. 9
Glenaffric.....Victoria.....Mar. 3

DUE MONDAY.

New York.....Southampton.Mar. 13
Brazos.....San Juan.....Mar. 17
Calamares.....Port Limon.Mar. 18
Monterey.....Havana.....Mar. 17
Roma.....Marseilles.....Mar. 5
Fort Hamilton.....Bermuda.....Mar. 20

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Adriatic, Southampton	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Kronprinz, Hamburg	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Chinese Prince, Cape Town	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Abangarez, Limon	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Port Victoria, Bermuda	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Ebro, Colon	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.

When You Go Abroad
IMM CO.

AMERICAN LINE
U. S. MAIL STEAMERS
NEW YORK—PLYMOUTH
CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON
One Class Cabin Service and Third Class

New York	Mar. 27	Apr. 24	May 22
St. Paul	Apr. 3	May 1	May 29
Philadelphia	Apr. 10	May 8	June 5

RED STAR LINE
SPLENDID LARGE STEAMERS
NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON
ANTWERP
First, Second and Third Classes

Kroonland	Mar. 24	May 1	June 5
Lapland	Apr. 3	May 8	June 12
Finland	Apr. 7	May 15	June 19
Zeeland			June 26

and regularly thereafter
International Mercantile Marine Co.
9 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

CUNARD-ANCHOR
Passenger and Freight Services

Mauretania	New York	To Cherbourg and Southampton	Mar. 23
Italia	New York	Genoa	Mar. 31
Pannonia	New York	Patras, Dubrovnik and Trieste	Apr. 10
Saxonia	New York	Plymouth, Hamburg and London	Apr. 10
Carmania	New York	Plymouth, Cherbourg and Liverpool	Apr. 10
Royal George	New York	Plymouth, Cherbourg and Southampton	Apr. 14
Columbia	New York	Londonderry and Glasgow	Apr. 17
Mauretania	New York	Cherbourg and Southampton	Apr. 24
K. A. Victoria	New York	Liverpool	Apr. 24
Imperator	New York	Cherbourg and Southampton	May 8
Carmania	New York	Liverpool	May 15
Vauban	New York	Liverpool	May 15
Saxonia	New York	Plymouth, Havre and London	May 19
Royal George	New York	Plymouth, Cherbourg and Southampton	May 19
Mauretania	New York	Cherbourg and Southampton	May 22
Caronia	New York	Plymouth, Cherbourg and Liverpool	May 22
Columbia	New York	Londonderry and Glasgow	May 22

For later Sailings Apply to
21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

I·M·M·Lines
AMERICAN LINE
Fast Mail Steamers
NEW YORK—PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON

New York	12 Noon, Mar. 27	Apr. 24	May 22	
St. Paul	12 Noon, Apr. 3	May 1	May 29	
Philadelphia	12 Noon Apr. 10	May 8	June 5	

NEW YORK—HAMBURG

Manch.	4 p.m Mar. 27	May 8	June 19	July 31
Mongolia	Apr. 10	May 22	July 3	Aug. 14

PHILADELPHIA—LIVERPOOL
Haverford.....Apr. 10

RED STAR LINE
NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON—ANTWERP

Kroonland	1 P. M., Mar. 24	May 1	June 5	
Lapland	5 P. M., Apr. 3	May 8	June 12	
Finland	1 P. M., Apr. 7	May 15	June 19	
Zeeland			June 26	

WHITE STAR LINE
N. Y.—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON

Adriatic	4PM Mar. 20	Apr. 24	May 29	July 3

And Regularly Thereafter
OLYMPIC 46,359 Tons July 8 | Aug. 4 | Aug. 28
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL

Cedric	3 P. M., Apr. 10			
Baltic	3 P. M., Apr. 17	May 22	June 26	
Megantic			April 21	
Oriana	End April			
Celtic	3 P. M., May 15	June 19	July 24	

NEW YORK—AZORES—GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA

Cretic	3 P. M., Mar. 31	May 27	July 21	
Canopic	3 P. M., May 12	July 6		

International Mercantile Marine Company,
9 Broadway, New York.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—HAVRE

LA SAVOIE	Mar. 27	May 22
	June 19	July 17
LA LORRAINE	Apr. 3	May 1
	May 29	June 26
LAFAYETTE	Apr. 10	May 8
	June 5	July 3
FRANCE	Apr. 14	May 13
	June 9	July 7
ROCHAMBEAU	Apr. 22	May 27
	July 1	
LA TOURAINE	Apr. 24	June 2
	July 6	July 21

NEW YORK—BORDEAUX
NIAGARA.....March 25
COMPANY'S OFFICE, 19 STATE ST., N. Y.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
via Plymouth & Boulogne-sur-Mer
On account of strike in Holland, sailings up to and including April 3 have been cancelled.
New sailing schedule will be announced as soon as possible.
General Passenger Office, 24 State St., N.Y.

NORTH & SOUTH LINE
To Rio de Janeiro, Santos and Buenos Aires
FIRST-CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE
S. S. THORVALD HALVORSEN
14,600 Tons Displacement
Sailing from New York April 10th
For rates and further information apply to
P. KLEPPE & CO., Inc.
11 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

AGWI LINES Steamship service—Florida, the Carolinas, Cuba, Texas, California, Mexico, Porto Rico, Santo Domingo. Apply 289 8th Av.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Sabine, Port Natal, March 14.
SS Lake Grogan, Queenstown, March 18.
SS Sagua, Antwerp, March 15.
SS Imperator, Southampton, March 18.
SS Patria, Marseilles, March 13.
SS Mongolia, Hamburg, March 10.
SS Rembrandt, Liverpool, March 17.

Sailed.

SS Eten, from Cape Town.
SS Western Hope, from Barry, March 17.
SS Aymeric, from Colombo, March 15.
SS Argentina, from Fayal, March 14.
SS Madonna, from Fayal, March 14.

Passed.

SS Lackawanna, New York for Grangemouth, passed Dunnet Head.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Station at 6 P. M., as follows:
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.—SS Niagara.....March 24
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, Cochin China, Netherlands East Indies and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco—SS Korea Maru.....March 25
Philippine Islands and specially addressed mail to Japan, Korea and China, via Seattle—SS Professiaus.March 29

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.08 TO $3.24.
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 39 North River, Daily and Sunday at 5 P. M.
Phone Spring 9491.
CENTRAL HUDSON LINE
Service will be resumed late in March.

RECEIVERS' SALES.

ONE 20-INCH HYDRAULIC DREDGE,
equipped with Hawkes return tube boilers, 6,000 sq. ft. heating surface, with oil burners; main engine built by Cramp & Sons, 17 in. x 24 in. x 40 in. x 22 in.; also vacuum pumps, circulating pumps, feed pumps and service pumps; dimensions of the hull, 110 ft. x 32 ft. x 11 ft.; fitted with quarters for 22 men; ladder, steel; capable of digging 40 feet deep.

ALSO
ONE 18-INCH HYDRAULIC DREDGE,
equipped with Erie City return tube boiler, Mass. standard, 3,600 sq. ft. heating surface; main engine special dredging Brown & Miller 16 in. x 34 in. x 18 in.; steel pump, feed water heater, vacuum pumps, circulating pumps, feed pumps, service pumps; dimensions of hull, 94 ft. x 28 ft. x 8½ ft.; steel ladder; capable of digging 21 feet deep.

ALSO
12 barrel pontoons;
1 coal scow, 30 ft. x 30 ft. x 5 ft.;
1 gasolene tender.

The above dredges (together with the accessories, viz.: 12 barrel pontoons, 1 coal scow, 1 gasolene tender) will be exposed to sale at public vendue in pursuance of an order of the Court of Chancery of New Jersey, made and dated on the twentieth day of January, 1920, in the cause therein depending, wherein HOWARD K. STOKES is complainant, and STANDARD ENGINEERING COMPANY is defendant, by me, BENJAMIN F. JONES, the receiver heretofore appointed by said court in said cause for the said Standard Engineering Company, at the COURT HOUSE, SHERIFF'S SALES ROOM, in the city of Newark, New Jersey, on Wednesday, March 31, 1920, at 11 A. M.

These dredges and accessories above named are located in the Passaic River, Newark, and will be open for inspection daily. Permit for inspection may be obtained by applying to the receiver.

Ten per cent. (10%) of the purchase money will be required to be paid by the successful bidder or bidders when the property is struck off, and the balance must be paid in accordance with the further conditions of sale. Further conditions will be made known on the day of sale.

Dated March 9, 1920.

BENJAMIN F. JONES, Receiver,
784 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
RIKER & RIKER,
Counsel with Receiver,
164 Market St., Newark, N. J.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the District of Connecticut.—THE INTERNATIONAL TEXTILE, INC. VS. ALB. & E. HENKELS, ET AL.

ORDER OF NOTICE

Upon the complaint of The International Textile, Inc., praying for reasons therein set forth, for judgment in an action now pending this Court.

It appearing and being found by the subscribing authority that one of the defendants, to wit, ALBERT HENKELS, is without the jurisdiction of the United States, and that his last known address is Langerfeld, Westphalia, Germany, and that the plaintiff is unable to make personal service on said defendant:

THEREFORE ORDERED, That notice of the pendency of said complaint be given by publishing this order of notice in the New York Times, a newspaper printed in the City, County and State of New York, once a week for six weeks successively, commencing on or before the 20th day of March, A. D. 1920, by depositing a copy of said complaint and this order of notice on or before the 20th day of March, 1920, in the Post Office at Stamford, Connecticut, directed to said defendant, at Langerfeld, Westphalia, Germany, by registered letter, and by leaving a copy of said complaint and this order of notice with MAX HENKELS in Bridgeport, Connecticut, brother of said defendant, who is also a defendant herein, addressed to ALBERT HENKELS, Langerfeld, Westphalia, Germany, on or before March 20th, 1920, and

FURTHER ORDERED that the said defendant shall appear, plead, answer or demur in this action before the 1st day of May, 1920.

EDWIN S. THOMAS,
A true copy. U. S. Dist. Judge.
Attest: C. E. PICKETT, Clerk.
CUMMINGS & LOCKWOOD,
Stamford, Conn.,
Solicitors for Complainant.

RESORTS.
NEW YORK.

SPEND YOUR EASTER AT
VALHALLA MOUNTAIN HOUSE
45 minutes from the N. Y. Grand Central Station. Open all the year around. Now booking for the Summer season.
Under New Management.
Excellent table, special weekly rates. Write or phone for booklet. VALHALLA MOUNTAIN H

476 Communities in Fifteen States

are now served by

Middle West Utilities Co.

Through Its Subsidiaries

Of this number 465 communities are furnished with electric light and power, 47 with gas, 28 with water, 46 with ice, 18 with heat.

Other interesting information on this company is contained in a booklet by Mr. Martin J. Insull, Vice-President of the company, entitled "The Passing of the Small Town Plant." Sent upon request.

Ask for Booklet T-325

A. H. Bickmore & Co.
11 BROADWAY, N.Y.

Reserve Oil Lands

are as important to a producing oil company as

Reserve Troops

are to an Army

Through vast reserve acreage in United States, Mexico and South America,

Cities Service Co.

has made certain its future position in the oil industry of the world.

Ask for Circular 35

Henry L. Doherty & Company
Bond Department
60 Wall Street, New York

NEW ENGLAND

today offers greater opportunities than ever before to discriminating purchasers of safe and profitable investments.

Shall we send you our current Booklet T-307, describing seven Selected New England Preferred Stocks?

Hollister, White & Co.
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Members New York Stock Exchange

Foreign Government Bonds

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We offer a

7% Cumulative Sinking Fund Preferred Stock

With a 10% Common Stock bonus

To Yield 7%

Earnings after taxes year ending June 30, 1919, six times Preferred Dividend and about $18.00 per share on Common.

Application will be made to list on New York Stock Exchange.

Write for Descriptive Circular E-4

McClure, Jones & Reed
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway New York
Telephone Rector 7662

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Individual Stocks Record Sharp Advances — Sterling Exchange Up to $3.80¼.

A few industrial stocks advanced with much strength yesterday and the trend of the general list, excepting the railroad shares, was upward until the late afternoon. The last two hours of business saw a heavy flow of realising sales and the array of prices at the close was highly irregular. Still, the impetus of steel, oil, motor and miscellaneous issues was sufficient in the morning to leave room for a substantial reaction from the top without recording net declines for the day, and a half dozen boisterous issues were from 3 to 16 points above Thursday's last quotations when the market closed. The manner in which such new issues as Vanadium Steel and Replogle Steel were bid upward suggested pool operations and speculative activity was evidently concentrated in other stocks.

Call money ruled at 7 per cent. and there were adequate offerings at this figure, a fact which emphasized the easement of temporary loans. This week the quotations of the active shares have scored a substantial increase, necessitating an expansion of the amount of bank credit needed to carry stocks on margin. Brokers are able to get little more time money now than a month ago, so it would seem that demand loans are bearing more of the load caused by increased stock dealings and a rising price level than was the case last October and September before a real credit stringency developed. The question may well be raised whether easy—relatively easy—call money may be expected during the next few weeks. Next month the agricultural communities will, if the procedure of other years is followed, call upon their banks for currency as the crop planting season comes on. Assuming that interior banks are much engaged in the financing of commercial undertakings, as reports show to be the case, it may easily happen that withdrawals of balances from the major centres will have an appreciable effect in cutting down supplies of loanable funds for stock market use.

Bankers are not altogether convinced, however, that the flow away from New York during the Spring weeks will be as large as would be the case if the pressure of the Federal Reserve Board had not caused commercial banks all over the country to present a conservative front to borrowers since Jan. 1. Transportation conditions have been growing somewhat better of late, and backed-up goods, being carried on credit, have been going to market. That the freer movement of goods entails the liquidation of loans need not be said, and, provided that while many standing loans have been liquidated the demand for new loans or extensions has been controlled by the bankers, there may be evidence of a generally improved credit situation before the Spring is advanced far. The outlook is not yet clear enough to afford a basis for judgment. Today's bank statements should supply some interesting items, reflecting events at this centre in days immediately following an income tax payment date.

The February foreign trade figures appeared yesterday, showing a falling off of $54,000,000 in exports as compared with the record of January. Presumably, evidence of the adverse effect of depreciated allied exchanges was disclosed in the decline, making allowance for a short month. The outflow of American goods was, however, more than $60,000,000 in excess of the preceding February's total. The stated export balance for February was $179,000,000; imports declined about $7,000,000. It is difficult to draw comparisons between export and import records from month to month in view of the frequent changes since last September in the method used by the Department of Commerce in valuing imports, changes from the "proclaimed" or par value of foreign currencies to current values in terms of the dollar, and vice versa.

Sterling exchange continued its strong rise, with a sharp reaction. At the best quotation the demand rate was 10 cents higher than Thursday's final rate, topping the year's record up to yesterday by 5 cents to the pound. The final price was $3.80¼, a new high record for 1920 by itself. Francs were inclined to ease off and other rates were firm.

Foreign Exchanges.

LONDON, March 19. — Bar silver strong, 70¼d per ounce. Bar gold 108s 4d; money, 3½ per cent. Discount rates, short bills 5⅝@5⅝ per cent.; three months' bills, 5⅝@5¾ per cent. Gold premiums at Lisbon 140.00.

PARIS, March 19.—Prices were steady on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 57 francs, 20 centimes. Exchange on London, 52 francs, 95 centimes; cheques per cent. loan, 58 francs, 15 centimes. The dollar was quoted at 13 francs 68 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

FRIDAY, MARCH 19.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

High.	Low.	Renewal.	Last.
7	7	7	7

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances.....5½@5¾

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLATERAL.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days.....	8	Sixty days.....	8½
Ninety days.....	8	Ninety days.....	8½
Four months.....	7½	Four months.....	8
Five months.....	7½	Five months.....	8
Six months.....	7½	Six months.....	8

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days, 6

Liberty Bonds, Victory Notes—
15 days, 5½; 16 to 90 days, 5½

U. S. Treas. ctfs. of indebtedness—

Bankers' acceptances, 90 days, 6

Open Market Rates, Bankers' Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Banks 60 to 90 days.....6@5⅞

Nonmember and private bankers, eligible 60 to 90 days.....6¼@6

Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....6½@6¼

Commercial Paper.

3 to 6 months.....7

Other Names.

3 to 6 months.....7

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Demand	$3.84¼	$3.78¼	$3.80¼	+.06
Cables	3.85¾	3.79¼	3.81	+.06¾
Francs—				
Demand	13.59	13.44	13.64	—.06
Cables	13.57	13.62	13.62	—.06

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Demand or Cheeks.	Cables.
London	$3.80¼	$3.81
Paris	13.64	13.62
Belgium	13.10	13.08
China—		
Hongkong	93.00	93.10
Shanghai	130.00	130.50
Peking	131.00	131.50
	36.00	36.75
Holland	36.625	36.75
Greece	11.15	11.25
Italy	18.04	18.02
Switzerland	5.80	5.78
India—		
Bombay	45.75	45.90
Calcutta	47.75	48.00
Straits Settlements	45.00	45.25
Japan—		
Kobe	47.00	47.25
Yokohama	47.00	47.25
Spain	17.75	17.85
Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.25	49.50
Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	20.50	20.65
Christiania	18.00	18.10
Copenhagen	17.75	17.70
South America—		
Buenos Aires	43.375	43.625
Rio	36.75	37.00

Russia (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
100 rubles	2.75	3.00
500 rubles	2.15	2.25

The following exchange rates are quoted in the open market:

	Cents per Kroner. Checks.	Cables.
Germany	*1.35	1.34
Poland	.04	.05
Austria	.02	.03
Jugoslavia	.74	.75
Czechoslovakia	1.25	1.24
Belgrade	5.10	5.15
Finland	19.85	19.90
Roumania	1.60	1.65

*Cents per mark. †Finmarks, 21.01. ‡Dinar.

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers'	Commercial.
30 Days. 60 Days. 90 Days.	4 Months.
Sterling—	
Nominal.	$3.76 $3.75

Clearing House Statements.

Exchanges, $812,572,609; balances, $69,777,012. Sub-Treasury debit balances, $871,826. Federal Reserve credit balances, $87,768,496.

Domestic Exchange.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par. Chicago, par. St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par.

Canadian Exchange.

New York funds in Montreal, $116.25 premium per $1,000; Montreal funds in New York, $104 discount per $1,000.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 70¼d. In New York, $1.24; Mexican dollars, 89½.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
25 railroads	90.93	90.27	90.32	—.08
25 industrials	129.68	120.45	121.15	+.15
50 stocks	91.36	90.36	90.73	+.00

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
Mar. 18	91.08	89.12	90.18	+1.50
Mar. 17	89.36	87.50	89.39	+.70
Mar. 16	89.53	87.77	88.31	—.49
Mar. 15	89.59	87.74	88.61	+.56
Mar. 13	88.30	86.68	88.05	+1.15
Mar. 12	88.52	86.61	86.90	—1.35

MONTHLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
1920.	91.08	Mar. 19	79.54	Mar. 3	90.23
1919.	78.12	Mar. 11	71.56	May 6	76.57
1918.	90.78	Mar. 11	66.40	Mar. 23	87.90
1917.	86.17	Mar. 21	79.42	Mar. 1	84.95
1916.	90.73	Mar. 14	83.49	Mar. 1	87.84

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1920.	92.18	Mar. 5	75.45	Feb. 12	90.23
†1919.	78.12	Mar. 11	69.73	Jan. 21	76.72

Full Years.

1919.	90.50	Nov. 8	69.73	Jan. 21	83.69
1918.	90.16	Nov. 19	64.12	Jan. 15	73.89
1917.	90.44	Jan. 4	67.47	Dec. 19	82.51
1916.	101.51	Nov. 25	80.31	Apr. 22	89.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change. Day.	Month Year.
40 issues	76.90	+.04 +.50 —2.25

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Mar. 18	76.86	76.97	Mar. 10	71.06	+.01
Mar. 17	90.79	91.00	Mar. 9	71.00	+.10
Mar. 16	76.04	+.04	Mar. 8	70.96	...
Mar. 15	76.90	—.15	Mar. 6	70.95	+.04
Mar. 13	71.06	—.07	Mar. 5	70.91	+.14
Mar. 12	71.13	—.09	Mar. 4	70.77	+.17
Mar. 11	71.14	+.08	Mar. 3	70.60	—.20

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920.	76.51	Jan. 10	66.20	Feb. 13	76.90
†1919.	79.01	Jan. 3	77.15	Mar. 21	77.15

Full Years.

1919.	79.01	Jan. 3	71.06	Dec. 8	72.00
1918.	82.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 5	75.76
1917.	89.48	Jan. 30	74.24	Dec. 20	76.40

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

Pneumatic Tool Surplus $489,051.

The Chicago Pneumatic Tool Company for last year shows a surplus after all charges and Federal taxes of $489,051, which was equivalent to $7.58 a share on the capital stock. In the preceding year the surplus was $535,883, or $8.30 a share. After payment of dividends last year there was a balance of $69,889, as compared with $148,905 in 1918. A deduction of $1,095,271 was made from net profits, this representing a loss from the sale of the motor truck department.

CUT INTEREST RATE ON LOANS TO ALLIES

Houston Submits Plan for a Reduction from 5 to 4.75 Per Cent.

HOUSE COMMITTEE BACKS IT

Charge for Use of Money Limited to the Actual Cost to This Country.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The interest rate on American loans of $8,500,000,000 to allied Governments has been reduced from 5 per cent. to 4.75 per cent. in a plan submitted to the Ways and Means Committee today by Secretary Houston. The plan provides for deferring the interest for three years, and covers into the twelve-year bonds into which the notes at hand are to be refunded, the deferred interest, compounded, at the rate of 4.75 per cent.

After May, 1923, the foreign Governments will resume the payments of interest on the principal and deferred interest, at the rate of 5 per cent. for a period of twelve years. The actuaries have worked out a table which shows that the payment of interest at 5 per cent. for a twelve-year period will actually represent interest at 4.75 for the entire transaction, including the deferred payments.

In his letter, not made public, Mr. Houston contends that it is not desirable to forego interest on the deferred interest, and says that the foreign Governments will be unable to pay any interest until May, 1923, when they are to resume payments on the principal and deferred interest at the rate of 5 per cent. If this Government adopts the plan outlined, Mr. Houston says, Great Britain will follow the same plan in regard to loans to smaller Governments in Europe.

Secretary Houston said that the new plan gave the money to the foreign Governments at actual cost to us. The actual cost of the money, exclusive of advertising and the necessary machinery for negotiating the loans, is 4.26 per cent., his letter says, but the entire cost is 4.75 per cent.

Secretary Houston points out that the act authorizing the war loans gives the Treasury ample power to defer the payments and reduce the interest rate. He says that the Treasury Department is prepared to assume full responsibility for the move, and requests the committee, if it is not opposed to the plan, to inform the Treasury. The solicitors for the Treasury Department, he says, have come to this conclusion as to the law, and he desires to go forward with the plan, in the hope that it will help to stabilize foreign exchange and aid foreign Governments in their loan problems.

The Ways and Means Committee, it was said tonight, was in full agreement with the plan. It will meet tomorrow, and probably notify Secretary Houston to go ahead.

A majority of the members said that no enabling legislation was needed, and, now that interest is to be charged on the deferred interest, they are willing that the plan should be carried out, so as to return 4.75 per cent. rather than 5 per cent., the rate which the notes at hand bear.

GENERAL ELECTRIC PROFITS.

Nets $25,379,505 on Record Volume of Business.

The General Electric Company in a listing statement submitted to the Boston Stock Exchange reports a gross business of $235,980,930 for last year, an increase of $14,509,838 over the preceding year and the greatest volume ever recorded in the history of the company. After charges and Federal taxes, the net profits available for dividends were $25,379,505, or the equivalent of $21.05 a share on the outstanding capital stock. In the preceding year the balance for dividends was $17,104,961, or the equal of $14.76 a share on the stock outstanding at that time. After the payment of 061,118, which, added to previous surplus, makes the total surplus $04,-$11,789. The surplus after dividends in 1918 was only $3,851,961.

The amount set aside to cover Federal taxes in the current report is $11,000,000, whereas there was an appropriation of $13,800,000 for the same purpose in 1918.

Asks Better Railroad Service.

C. L. Bardo, General Manager of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, has issued a general letter to all employes of the company expressing confidence in the efforts which will be made to provide better service for the public. He said in part:

"Your working conditions and rates of pay under Federal control have been very materially improved at a cost in excess of $700,000,000 to the American public. The cost of railroad service to the public must be justified by improvements in service."

GENERAL CHEMICAL STOCK DIVIDEND

Issue of 20 Per Cent. on Common Shares, Payable May 1, Is Announced.

FOLLOWS COURT DECISION

Company Waited for Favorable Opinion—Largest Dividend Yet Paid.

The General Chemical Company yesterday announced that a 20 per cent. stock dividend had been declared on the common shares, payable May 1 to stock of record March 31. The declaration of this dividend means the issuance of $3,803,840 additional common stock, as there is $16,519,200 stock now outstanding out of a total authorized issue of $20,000,000. Certificates representing the dividend will be mailed to stockholders on May 1 or as soon thereafter as the stock can be listed. Scrip will be issued for fractional shares of common stock which can be exchanged for full shares when combined and presented in proper form.

A hint of forthcoming stock dividends was contained in an announcement made by the company last November when it was stated that it had been decided to postpone action on an extra dividend in view of the pending decision of the Supreme Court on the status of stock dividends.

The last stock dividend paid by the company was one of 5 per cent. in February, 1918. The present is the largest single stock dividend ever paid on the common. On Feb. 1, 1916, and at the same time in 1917, 15 per cent. stock dividends were paid. In addition to the 5 per cent. stock dividend in 1918, a 2½ per cent. extra cash dividend was paid. Since 1917 the common shares have been on a regular 8 per cent. basis.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

A Bull Market?

With a continued advance in the prices of securities the Street is beginning to ask whether the present upturn can be construed as the beginning of a bull market. There are few to be found who will predict this to be true, yet there may be nothing strange in this since the incipient stages of a real bull market are not easily recognizable. The only recourse, then, is a study of underlying conditions and a determination of their probable effect on the market. There are doubtless many who would argue that it was quite impossible that a big advance extending over a period of weeks could be built up simply on the easier call money rates. Time money is always a big factor in stock market calculations, and for the present, at any rate, there is little evidence to indicate an easing in this quarter. Pool activities of wide scope it would hardly seem could be built up with a tense time money market, as the resort to call money as an alternative provides too great a degree of danger. Still there are times when all signs fail, and no matter how inconsistent it may seem with the financial situation, there was evidence yesterday of pool activity in some of the issues that can be classed with the specialties.

***

Curb Market Quiet.

It has been a cause for comment by some that the curb market has reflected only to a slight degree the buoyancy that has prevailed on the big board. Usually the curb is quick to respond to such an advance as has taken place on the Stock Exchange. Here and there some issues on the Broad Street market have stood out as exceptions, but in the main the curb has been quiet, even such volatile issues as General Asphalt and others of the oil group refusing to show their usual pyrotechnics. No reason is forthcoming for the lack of buoyancy except perhaps that the followers o fthe curb shares are not in the market or have temporarily transferred their attention to the Stock Exchange, as stock dividend possibilities are rather apart from the curb stocks.

***

Stutz Motors.

The feature of the motor stocks was Stutz, a gain of some 14 points being recorded for the day. The issue closed yesterday at 204, the highest price reached. Up to last night's close the gain for the week was 61 points, this topping a rise of 19¾ points last week. It is difficult to determine just what has caused such spirited buying of Stutz unless it is stock dividend possibilities or a very extensive running on of the shorts. In regard to stock dividends the company has not heretofore figured as a highly probable distributor. The earnings statement for last year was not looked upon as particularly remarkable, and certainly did not afford reason to believe that additional shares put out as a stock dividend could command better than half of the present dividend on the present shares. The chief advantage to be derived from a stock dividend is the advance in dividend rate that usually accrues and where earnings are not sufficient for this the stock dividend would hardly be a valid reason for such an advance as has taken place in Stutz Motors.

***

The Brussels Conference.

Reports from abroad spoke of the probability of an economic conference being held at Brussels during May. The object, it was said, was to consider the foreign exchange situation and, by inference, to arrive at ways and means for correcting it. Whether the United States will be represented was not known in Wall Street, but it was generally doubted that any official American mission would be sent over, or for that matter, that any unofficial mission would go. After what Mr. Glass had to say about the proposed conference some weeks ago most financial interests here have abandoned the idea of American representation at any of these suggested meetings.

***

February's Trade.

The February trade figures failed to establish any records, but most of the items were close enough to their respective records to be gratifying to those advocates of smaller exports and expanded imports. Exports fell off $76,000,000 from January's total, while imports were only $7,000,000 below the previous month's figures. Averaging the imports on a per-day basis, the February total really was in excess of that for January, for the reason that for February there were 29 days as against $15,300,000 for January. The excess of exports over imports was $179,-000,000, the smallest excess with the exception of that for September last, when it was $157,862,000, in many months.

***

Sterling Strong.

Notwithstanding denials of all kinds ahent gold shipments, real or fancied, as the case may be, sterling exchange was sensationally strong, moving up ten cents on the day and touching the highest price recorded since the second week of last December. No very definite explanation of the strength was forthcoming, but there were rumors of "Canadian buying" and of buying by some of the local agents of British trade banks. Whatever may be the reason, it is evident that somebody, and probably a good many somebodies, thinks sterling a good buy and is willing to take bills in exchange for good American dollars. Even when the market was reacting from its high point late yesterday afternoon there was no overpluss of offerings and no paucity of demand.

***

The Director General's Denial.

Director General Hines's denial of figures published under the auspices of the Association of Railway Executives showing the percentage of unserviceable freight cars as of Jan. 1 this year, compared with the unserviceable cars of other years, was read with interest by local railroad managers yesterday. At the same time there were some who would not agree with Mr. Hines's assertion that the condition of equipment at the close of Federal control compared favorably with the condition when the roads were taken over by the President at the close of 1917. Several railroad heads assert that there has been an enormous depreciation in equipment in the two years of Federal control. In reply to Mr. Hines's statement that many of the roads objected strenuously to the allocation of the equipment purchased by the Railroad Administration, some executives drew attention to the fact that in several instances the types of equipment allocated could not be used.

***

$4,450,000 Compensation Ruling.

Dispatches from Washington received in the financial district yesterday regarding the report of the Board of Referees on the standard return for the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad Company, to the effect that $4,450,000 was a just and reasonable compensation to be paid for the use of the property, were read with interest. The road had failed to agree with the Director General regarding compensation and had asked for $9,943,179.

***

Disagreement Predicted.

In some quarters it is predicted that the testimony which will be given at the Interstate Commerce Commission hearing early next week will vary widely, not only because shippers will have different recommendations to make than railroad Presidents will offer but because there may be some decided disagreement as to the views of some of the railroad men. In conservative quarters such predictions are taken lightly on the ground that the Transportation act directs the Interstate Commerce Commission to initiate rates so that there shall be a return of 5½ per cent. on the aggregate value of railroad property, and testimony before the commission can have but little effect on the actual fixation of rates.

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

FRIDAY, MARCH 19, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.		1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	1,561,936	1,231,904	313,260	Year to date	59,399,229	39,933,114	30,785,440

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
42⅝	44¼	700	Advance Rumely	42½	43¼	42¼	42⅝	+⅝
67½	69½	300	Advance Rumely pf	70	70	68	68	...
77¼	79½	2,100	Ajax Rubber	76¼	80	75¼	78½	+2¾
1¾	2	200	Alaska Gold Mines	1¾	2	1¾	2	...
2¼	2¾	200	Alaska Juneau	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼	...
43½	44½	3,000	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	45	45	43⅜	43⅝	—1
83½	84	100	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	83½	83½	83½	83½	...
93¼	93½	100	Am. Agricul. Chem	93¼	93½	93¼	93¼	—¼
86	88½	3,500	Am. Beet Sugar	87½	89⅝	87½	88½	+1
118	118½	3,900	Am. Bosch Magneto	118¼	121	118	118¼	+1¼
210	230	200	Am.B.S. & F.pf.x d	222½	222½	222	222	...
51	53¼	7,500	Am. Can	52¾	52¾	51	51¾	¾
143	145¼	4,100	Am. Can & Fdry	144¾	144¾	142½	143	+¾
47	48	900	Am. Cotton Oil	47	47	47	47⅜	+⅛
13	13½	2,600	Am. Druggists	13¼	13½	13	13¼	+¼
28½	28¾	3,000	Am. H. & Leather	28½	28¾	27¾	28¾	+1
117¾	118¾	4,700	Am. H. & L. pf	118	118¾	116¾	118	+1½
51	52¼	2,100	Am. Ice	53¼	53¾	51¾	51¾	—¾
65	66¾	200	Am. Ice pf	66¾	66¾	66¾	66¾	...
103½	103¾	25,500	Am. International	105	106¼	103¾	103¾	—¾
86¼	87	10,100	Am. Linseed	84	87⅝	84	86¾	+2¾
95¼	96¼	100	Am. Linseed pf	96¼	96¼	96¼	96¼	+½
105	105½	9,000	Am. Locomotive	108	108	104½	105⅞	—1¼
24⅜	24⅝	5,000	Am. Ship & Com	24⅜	25½	24⅜	24⅝	+⅜
88½	89	5,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref	89¾	90	88¾	89	+¾
95	95½	300	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	95½	95½	95½	95½	...
...	...	100	Am. Smelt. S. pf. A	81½	81½	81½	81½	...
48¾	48⅞	7,600	Am. Steel F'dries	48¾	49¼	48¾	48¾	—¼
132½	133	6,200	Am. Sugar Ref	131½	134½	131½	132	+¾
102¾	103	18,100	Am. Sumatra Tob	102½	103¾	101½	103	+1¾
86½	91	100	Am. Sumatra T. pf	89½	89½	89½	89½	+5½
98¾	99¾	1,500	Am. Tel. & Tel. x d	98¾	99⅝	98¾	99⅝	+⅝
66¾	66¾	10,300	Am. Tob. Securities	67	67¾	66	66½	—½
133¾	134	15,300	Am. Woolen	137	137¾	133¼	133⅞	—2¾
101¾	102	100	Am. Woolen pf	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	+¾
51	52	200	Am. Writing P. pf	52	52	51¾	51¾	+¾
18	18½	1,900	Am. Zinc, L. & S	19¾	20	19	19¼	+⅛
83	85½	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf	86	86	86	86	...
62¼	62⅜	15,300	Anaconda Copper	62¾	63¼	62¼	62⅜	+¼
45	46	400	Assoc. Dry Goods	46¼	46⅛	45¾	46⅛	...
65	67	100	Assoc. Dry Gds. 1st pf	65¼	65¼	65¼	65¼	—1½
84¾	85	1,500	Atch., Top. & S. F.	85¾	85¾	84¾	84¾	+⅛
78¾	79	200	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	79	79	78¾	78¾	...
90	90½	4,000	Atlantic Coast Line	90¾	90¾	90¼	90¼	—⅝
164	165	1,700	Atl. Gulf & West I.	165½	167	164	165	+1¾
1530	1580	1	Atlantic Refining	1540	1540	1540	1540	...
134½	135	62,200	Baldwin Loco	135¾	137½	133¾	135	+1¾
37	37¾	1,100	Baltimore & Ohio	37½	37¾	37	37	—¼
47¾	48	300	Balt. & Ohio pf	48	48	47¾	47¾	—¾
125½	126	600	Barrett Co.	126	126	125½	126	...
29½	29¾	8,800	Bethlehem Steel	30¼	30¾	28¾	30¼	+2½
88	91	200	Bethlehem Steel	89½	89	88½	89	—1
95¾	96¼	24,300	Do Class B	96½	97¾	95¾	96¼	+¾
112	113½	200	Do 8% pf	112¼	112¾	112¼	113½	+¾
11¾	12	200	Booth Fisheries	12¼	12¼	12	12	—¾
15¾	15¾	300	B'klyn Rapid Tran	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾	+⅛
11¾	12	100	Do ctfs. of dep	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	+⅛
7	7¼	100	Bruns. Ter. & E. S	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	...
107¾	108	1,500	Burns Brothers	107¾	108	107¾	108	+¼
9¾	9¾	100	Butte Cop. & Zinc	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	...
26¾	26⅞	1,500	Butte & Superior	26⅞	27½	26⅞	27	+⅛
18	20	400	Butterick Co	21	21	20	20	+⅛
23¾	23¾	1,500	Caddo Cent. O. & R.	24½	24½	23¼	23¾	+⅝
82	84	200	California Packing	83¾	84	81¾	83¾	...
41	41¾	3,100	Cal. Petroleum	41¾	42	41	41	...
64½	64¾	100	Calumet & Arizona	64½	64¾	64¼	64¾	+¾
124½	125	2,600	Canadian Pacific	124½	126¾	124¼	124¾	+¾
94	98	100	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾	+¼
90¾	91	18,200	Central Leather Co	90½	92¾	90	90¾	+1
52¾	52½	5,700	Cerro de Pasco Cop	53	53½	52	52½	...
151	151¼	4,500	Chandler Motor	150	153	150	151	+1½
57½	58	300	Chesapeake & Ohio	58	58	58	58	...
10¾	11¼	1,000	C. & E. I. Eq. T. r	10¾	11¼	10¾	10¾	—¼
11	11¾	900	Do pf. Eq. T. r	10¾	10¾	10¼	10¼	—¾
8¾	9	900	Chi. Gt. Western	9¼	9¼	9	9	—¼
25½	26	100	Do pf	27¾	27¾	25¾	25¾	+¾
40	40¾	25,600	Chi., Mil. & St. P	40	41¼	40	40¾	+¾
58½	59	800	Do pf	58½	59⅝	58½	58½	—¼
88	90	500	Chicago & N. W	90	90	88	88	—1¼
117	118	200	Do pf	117	117	117	117	+½
101¾	102	8,700	Chi. Pneu. Tool	100	102	99¾	102	+2
37½	38¼	9,200	Chi., R. I. &

GOOD PROFIT MADE ON BALTIMORE GAS

Consolidated Company Reports $2,517,089 Net Income During Past Year.

$7.23 PER CENT. DIVIDEND

Corporation Has Sufficient Funds for Any Needed Betterments and Can Supply Demand.

The annual report of the Consolidated Gas, Electric Light and Power Company of Baltimore for last year shows net income of $2,517,089, after the deduction of interest, charges and preferred dividends on subsidiary companies' issues, as compared with $2,132,565 in the twelve months ended with June 30, 1918. Net income last year was equal to 17.23 per cent. on $14,607,300 common stock, as compared with 14.50 per cent. in the year ended June 30, 1918. The company has changed its fiscal year to correspond with the calendar year.

Gross income last year was $12,813,617, as compared with $10,610,589 in the preceding year. Reserves for depreciation, amortization and other contingencies increased to $1,319,000 from $975,000, and total current assets were $5,801,298. Total current liabilities amounted to $3,477,732, and total working capital was therefore $2,413,566. Herbert A. Wagner, President of the company, in his remarks to stockholders says, in part:

"The amount set aside for reserve for contingencies shown in the operating statement covers the aggregate amount credited to this reserve during the eighteen months ended Dec. 31, 1919, and was considered a reasonable amount for the purposes of this reserve. One of the contingencies resulting from war conditions for which this reserve provides is the abnormal cost of financing and the consequent issues of short-term capital obligations. Out of the accumulated reserves for contingencies and as of Dec. 31, 1919, there was written off the sum of $448,107.19, being the entire cost of the discount and expenses incident to the two note issues, namely, $8,500,000 5 per cent. notes issued on Nov. 15, 1916, and $5,000,000 7 per cent. notes issued on Feb. 1, 1919. The amount set aside for reserves for depreciation, amortization, &c., covers only the amount set aside for the twelve months ended Dec. 31, 1919, there having been set aside a proportionate amount based on gross income for the six months ended Dec. 31, 1918. In apportioning the amount set aside out of gross surplus for this reserve the Directors have increased the amount in direct ratio to the increase in the company's total gross income, in order to meet the increased cost of replacements.

"It is gratifying that at the end of this fiscal year the company finds that it will have sufficient funds to provide for all necessary extensions and betterments which may be required for its increase in business during the year 1920. This will make unnecessary any new capital financing during the ensuing year. The company has sufficient generating and distribution capacity to meet any demands which the rapid industrial growth of Baltimore is likely to bring about during this period. In fact, from information at the disposal of the management, your company appears to have greater reserve capacity for the production of electric power than that at present available in any city along the Atlantic seaboard."

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate	Bid.	Ask.
Baltimore & Ohio	1920-'27	4½	7.00	6.50
Buff., Roch. & P.	1920-'33	4½@5-6	6.25	5.85
Canadian North.	1920-'30	4½@5-6	7.25	6.50
Canadian Pac.	1920-'23	4½	6.50	6.00
Chesapeake & Ohio	1920-'23	4½	6.25	6.25
Chi. & Northwest	1920-'28	4½	6.25	5.87
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1920-'27	4½@5	7.50	6.50
C. St. L. & N. O.	1920-'24	5	6.50	6.00
Chickasaw Refin.	1920-'21	6	9.00	8.00
C., C., C. & St. L.	1920-'29	5 @6	6.50	5.90
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	6.25	5.75
Erie Railroad	1920-'27	4½@5	7.50	6.50
Illinois Central	1920-'27	4½@5	6.25	5.87
Louis. & Nash.	1920-'23		6.20	5.85
Michigan Central	1920-'32	5 @6	6.50	6.00
Mpls. & St. L.	1920-'27	5 @6	7.00	6.50
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1920-'24	5	7.50	6.50
Missouri Pacific	1920-'24	5	7.50	6.50
Mobile & Ohio	1920-'26	4½@5	7.00	6.25
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1920-'28	4½@5	6.00	6.00
N. Y. Cent. R. R.	1920-'32	4½	7.00	6.00
Norfolk & Western	1920-'24	4½	6.25	5.87
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1920-'29	4½@5-6	7.25	6.25
Penns. Gen. Frgt.	1920-'23	4 @4½	6.25	5.87
Reading Co.	1920-'27	4½	6.37	6.00
Seaboard Air Line	1920-'27	4½@5-6	7.50	6.50
Sinclair Refining	1920-'21	6	8.00	7.00
Southern Pacific	1920-'24	4½	6.37	6.00
Southern Railway	1920-'26	4½@5	7.00	6.25

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 19.—Revenue receipts and expenditures:

	This month.	Fiscal year.
Customs	$19,104,950	$216,281,202
Internal revenue.		
Income and profits tax	520,153,963	2,619,480,274
Miscellaneous	81,736,661	1,080,329,820
Miscel. revenue	14,871,172	431,600,308
Total	$635,866,408	$4,347,491,665
Excess of receipts over disbursements, exclusive of principal of public debt.	391,092,607	
Excess of disbursements over receipts, exclusive of principal of public debt.	384,615,170	
Expenditures	234,703,370	4,342,436,121

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Aris Exten.	11	15	Mex Met.	15	18
Ariz Silver.	1⅛	1⅜	Midway M.	50	65
Black H.	75	85	Mojave T.	10	14
Bohemia	1⅛	1⅜	Monarch	15	20
Bost Mon.	74	75	Nat L & Z.	4	6
Calaveras		1⅛	New Doug.	16	18
Chief Cons.	4½	4⅝	New Baltic.	3	4
Cons Cop.	4¼	4⅜	Nixon	14	17
Crown R.	30	40	Onondaga	15	40
Crystal, n.	32	34	Orpheum	31½	31½
Denbigh	32	34	Pilgrim	14	17
Eagle B. B.	2¼	2¾	Pioneer	80	1
Fortuna	4	9	Ranger P.		25
Gadsden	1	1⅛	Rainier	1⅛	1⅝
Homa Oil.	10	11	Seven Met.	10	21
Houghton.	50	65	S W M. p f	5	6
Iron Blos.	30	40	Silver Reef	17	18
Iron Cap.	11	12	Texana	25	27
Jerome V.	40	45	U V Exten.	37½	39
La Rose	40	45	Yukon	1⅛	1¾
Majestic	17	20			

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCKS.

Alta	.17	Hamilton	.45
Andes	.30	Hasbrouck	.18
Best & Belcher	.17	High Divide	.02
Caledonia	.30	Horsehoe	.02
Challar	.12	Hull City	.02
Com. Silver	.32	Jim	.02
Concordia	.12	Kennick	.05
Con. Imperial	.50	Keystone	.02
Con. Virginia	1.95	Myra	.04
Gould & Curry	.07	Pay	.03
Hale & Norcross	.20	Revert	.15
Jacket	.25	Rogetta	.02
Mexican	.22	Royal	.02
Ophir	.63	Silver	.03
Overman	.30	Silver King	.05
Potosi	.12	Smuggler	.02
Seg. Belcher	.03	Sutherland	.04
Scorpion	.06	Thomson	.03
Sierra Nevada	.13	Togery	.03
Silver Hill	.08	Victory	.07
Union	.17	West	.05
		Zone	.28

TONOPAH.

Belmont	2.10	Atlanta	.02
Cash Boy	.09	Booth	.05
Halifax	.03	C. O. D.	4.00
Jim Butler	.29	Consolidated	.12
MacNamara	.50	Crackerjack	.07
MacNam. Cres.	.22	Daisy	.02
Midway	.03	Development	.07
Mizpah	.14	Florence	.03
Monarch	.09	Fraction	.03
Montana	.12	Grandma	.02
North Star	.01	Jumbo Ext.	.01
Rescue	.23	Kewanaa	.02
Tonopah Ext.	2.12½	Lone Star	.08
Tonopah, 76	.10	Merger	.02
West End	1.95	Red Hills	.03
West. Tono.	.06	Silver Pick	.03
		Spearhead	.04

GOLDFIELD.

Alto	.09	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Annex	.02	Argo	.17
Belcher	.10	Arrowhead	.17
Belcher Ext.	.12	Climax	.30
Ben Hur	.03	Cazzie	.10
Brougher	.13	Oompa	.57
Butte	.06	Eureka Croesus	1.70
Chariot	.02	Eureka Holly	1.13½
Consolidated	.02	Manhatt Cons.	.02
Divide City	.02	Morrington	.60
Divide Ext.	.09	Packard	.12
Divide Tono.	2.12½	Rochester	.17
Dividend	.11	Round Mountain	.30
West Divide	.02	Simon	1.65¼
Gold Reef	.04	Simon Ext.	.01
Grimes	.04	White Caps	.13

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	1⅜	2	Isabella	7⅜	8⅜
Doctor	3	4	M. McKinley	4	6
Elkton	2⅛	2⅜	Portland	75	79½
El Paso	10	14	U. Gold Min.	10	13
Golden C.	133½	135	Vindicator	30	32
Granite	10	10⅜	Rose Nicol	6	7⅛

J. I. CASE SALES INCREASE.

Threshing Machine Company's Gross Last Year $32,342,653.

The J. I. Case Threshing Machine Company in its annual report for last year shows gross sales of $32,342,653, as compared with $25,162,769 in the preceding year. The net profit available for dividends was $2,909,482, which was equivalent, after preferred requirements, to $22.29 a share on the 91,000 shares of common outstanding at the close of the year. In the preceding year the net profit for dividends was $2,353,235, which was equivalent, after preferred distributions, to $36.11 a share on the 33,000 shares of common then outstanding.

The balance sheet shows current assets of $24,534,828 and current liabilities of $2,990,663. The provision for Federal taxes in the current report is $675,000, a reduction of $175,000 from the same items in the preceding year. The report states that the debt of the company was decreased $10,424,835 in the period between Dec. 31, 1918, and Dec. 31, 1919. The capital stock of the company was increased during last year by $800,000 preferred and $800,000 common. This stock was issued in connection with the merger of the Grand Detour Plow Company into the J. I. Case Company.

Bank of France Statement.

PARIS, Thursday, March 18.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Gold in hand increased	502,001
Silver in hand decreased	1,420,443
Notes in circulation decreased	304,814,335
Treasury deposits increased	67,585,130
General deposits increased	232,392,077
Bills discounted decreased	4,838,315
Advances increased	4,730,587

There were no fresh advances to the State during the week.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
March	1.61	1.57¼	1.57½	1.61	
May	1.57¼	1.52⅝	1.52⅝	1.56⅝	1.45¾
July	1.51	1.45¾	1.46⅝	1.49⅞	1.37⅛
Sept.	1.47¼	1.42	1.42⅝	1.46	1.31½

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	87⅜	86	85¾	87⅛	68¼
July	80¼	77¼	77¼	79½	66¼
Sept.	70	68½	68⅝	69¾	62¾

RYE.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	1.73½	1.70¾	1.70¾	1.72⅞	1.76½
July	1.68½	1.65¼	1.65¼	1.68	

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	22.10	21.80	21.82	21.82	28.05
July	22.00	22.60	22.60	22.62	27.35
Ribs—					
May	19.47	19.05	19.15	19.07	25.15
July	20.00	19.62	19.62	19.62	23.97
Pork—					
May	38.30	37.50	37.50	37.50	45.15
July	38.00	37.30	37.50	37.20	42.25

COTTONSEED OIL.

	High	Low.	Close.	Closing Bid.
Spot				19.25
March	19.50	19.50	19.50	19.40
April	19.60	19.50	19.50	19.45
May	20.40	20.11	20.11	20.10
June				20.19
July	20.63	20.33	20.33	20.35
August				20.40
September	20.55	20.55	20.55	20.35
October	19.00	19.00	19.00	18.25

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Prev. Close.
May	14.95	14.75	14.75	14.70
July	15.15	15.05	14.96	14.95
September	14.80	14.74	14.72	14.70
December	14.70	14.70	14.60	14.68

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—The receipts yesterday were 5,124 packages. The market was very firm, with demand active and stock cleaning up closely. Western advices are considerably stronger. All grades of creamery showed strength, but ladles and packing stock were no more than steady. Creamery, higher than extras, 1b, 60@61c; extras, 92 score, 68½c; firsts, 90 to 91 score, 66½@68c; firsts, 88 to 89 score, 64@66c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 59@63c; lower grades, 55@58c; held, extras, 63@64c; firsts, 59@62c; seconds, 55@58c; unsalted, higher than extras, 71½@72c; extras, 71@72c; firsts, 65@69c; seconds, 60@64c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 66@68c; good to prime, 60@65c; common to fair, 55@58c; renovated, extras, 55c; firsts, 52@54c; imitation creamery, firsts, 46@47c; ladles, current make, firsts, 44@45c; seconds, 40@41c; lower grades, 38@39½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 40½@41c; No. 2, 39@39½c; lower grades, 36@38½c.

EGGS—The receipts yesterday were 22,583 cases. Receipts continued moderate. The buying was rather more cautious. Prices were sustained, but the tone is less firm. White eggs also moved less freely; some receivers report an accumulation. Outside quotations were more extreme. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 51@52c; extra firsts, 49½@50c; firsts, 48½@49c; seconds, 46@48c; dirties, No. 1, 44@45c; No. 2 and poorer, 41@43c; checks, good to choice, dry, 38@40c; goose eggs, prime, $1.25@$1.30; duck eggs, nearby, Indian Runner, 75c; Baltimore, 74c; Western and prime Southern, 70@72c; far Southern, 66@68c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western gathered whites, extras, 59@60c; firsts to extra firsts, 55@58c; gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 55@58c; Western whites, under grades, 52@54c; Pacific Coast whites, extra firsts to extras, 56@58c; firsts, 54@55c; small Petaluma, 47@48c; other sections, 45@47c; other Western and Southern gathered whites, 49@57c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby henmery browns, extras, 54@56c; gathered brown and mixed colors, extras, 51@52c; firsts to extra firsts, 48½@50c.

PROTEST SALES OF GERMAN ASSETS

United States Opposes Forced Action by Allies in Neutral Countries.

HELD CONTRARY TO TREATY

Further Remonstrances Being Prepared Against Indemnity Rulings of Reparations Commission.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—"Strong remonstrances" have been made by the American Government against rulings of the Allied Reparations Commission that under the Peace Treaty the sale of certain German property in neutral countries can be forced, if necessary, to satisfy the initial payment of the German indemnity.

Under Secretary Polk of the State Department, writing today to Senator Henderson, Democrat, Nevada, said "a further protest" was in preparation, as such a construction of the treaty was contrary to an official interpretation exchanged between Germany and the allied powers.

Senator Henderson had asked about reports that Great Britain had requested that Germany property and all the rights of German citizens in electrical enterprises in South America be taken over by the commission and subsequently transferred to Great Britain as part of the indemnity due it from Germany.

Mr. Polk replied that the State Department had no information as to this, but added:

"There has been received, however, certain information having relation to your inquiry to the effect that the allied Governments represented on the Reparations Commission have advanced and provisionally adopted a construction of Article 235, which would empower the Reparations Commission to demand payment by Germany of the initial 20,000,000,000 gold marks in any commodities, gold, ships or otherwise which the the Reparations Commission may desire, and in the exercise of such power the commission may require the sale of Germany property in neutral countries, at least if in the form of credits or securities. Under such power it is possible that the sale to the Reparations Commission of the securities controlled by German corporate enterprises in South America might be required of Germany.

"The department is endeavoring unofficially to keep in touch with matters coming up for decision before the commission in order that any action of the commission which might be in derogation of American trade opportunities should not pass unchallenged. The department is handicapped, however, in that it has no right to demand such information and this Government not having ratified the treaty cannot exercise the right to veto an interpretation of the commission's powers, such as contained in the construction of Article 235 mentioned above.

"Nevertheless, strong remonstrance has been made and a further protest is in preparation on the ground that the assumption and use of such powers is prejudicial to general economic reconstruction, offers an opportunity to the Governments dominating the Reparations Commission indirectly to exercise a dangerous controlling influence on private trade with Germany, and incidentially is unwarranted by the terms of the treaty and contrary to the spirit, if not the letter, of the official interpretation given Germany by the allied powers before the signing of the treaty.

"The result of such protest is hard to predict, as by the terms of the treaty the influence and power of a large part of the civilized world is concentrated behind a decision of the Reparations Commission and the absolute veto power specially provided to the United States in such matters can be exercised only if and when we ratify the treaty."

Senator Henderson said the official interpretation referred to by Mr. Polk was contained in formal notes exchanged between Germany and the Allies in which the understanding was reached that the property of German citizens in neutral countries could not be taken. The Senator also said that inquiries at the State Department disclosed that no replies to the United States' protest had been received.

Weather in Grain and Cotton States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Forecast:

Ill., Mo. and Wis.—Fair Sat. and Sun; slowly rising temp.

Minn.—Fair Sat. and probably Sun.; warmer Sat.

Iowa, N. Dak. and S. Dak.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; warmer Sat.

Neb., Kan., Mon. and Wyo.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; moderate temp.

N. C.—Clearing, colder Sat. Sun. fair.

S. C. and Ga.—Fair Sat.; somewhat colder in int. Sun. fair.

Fla.—Fair Sat.; somewhat colder in n. Sun. fair.

Extreme N. W. Fla.—Fair, somewhat colder Sat. Sun. fair.

Ala.—Fair, somewhat older Sat. Sun. fair, warmer.

Miss.—Fair Sat. Sun. fair, warmer.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-French 5s	97½	97¼
Argentnie 5s	72⅝	73
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	97½	97⅝
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1921	97⅝	98
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	92	92½
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	93⅜	94
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	91¼	91½
Chinese Government 5s	45	45½
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	91	91½
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	84	84½
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	73¼	74
Dominican Republic 5s	80	81
City of Bordeaux 6s	80¼	80¾
City of Lyons 6s	80¼	80¾
City of Marseilles 6s	80¼	80¾
City of Paris 6s	80¼	80¾
City of Copenhagen 5½s	70¾	70½
Japanese 4½s	76⅞	77
Japanese 4½s, second series	75¾	76¼
Japanese 4s	61¼	61¾
City of Tokio 5s	69¾	69¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	95⅞	96
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1922	92¼	92¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1929	90¾	90½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	88¾	88½
United States of Mexico 5s	30	30½
United States of Mexico 4s	21	29

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930-1060½	101	
2s, c, 1930-1060½	101	
4s, r, 1925-106	106¾	
4s, c, 1925-106	106¾	
Pan 2s, r. 1936—100	101	
Pan 2s, c. 1936—100	101	
Pan 2s, r. 1938—100	101	
Pan 2s, c. 1938—100	101	
Pan 3s, r. 1961—88	91	
P I 4s, '34, 90	95	
P I 4s, '35, 90	95	
P I 4s, '38, 90	95	
Dist. of C 3-65s	97	

STOCKS.

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	33	34
Alb & Sus.		160
Am Ag Ch pf.	93	94
Am B Sug pf.	82	91
Am B S & F pfd. ex cd 98	101	
Am C pf.	96	97½
Am C & F		65
Am Cot Oil pf.	114	116
Am Exp.	108	113
Am La F		80
Fire Engr.	12½	13
Am Lo. pf.	105	106
Am M & G.	33	50
Am Shipb.		125
Am Snuff.	110	112
Do pf.	85	90
Am Stl Fds 90 pf.	94	92½
Am S Ref. pf.	114	116
Am T & C.	50	55
Am Tob.	260	266
Do pf.	95½	96¾
Ann Arbor.	13½	15
Do pf.	23	25
Assets Rs.	4	4¾
Asso D G		
2d pf.	60	70
Assoc Oil.	117¾	118
A. B & A.		83½
A. G & W.		
1 pf.	66	67
Atl Ref. pf.	112	114
Auto Sales.	12¾	14
Do pf.	25¾	30
Bald L pf.	100	100½
Bar Leath.	72	75
Do pf.	85	93
Barrett Co.		
pf.	100	106
Batop M.	1	1⅜
Beth S 7% pf.	97	102
B'klyn Ed.	93½	97
B U Gas.	53	58
Brown Sh.	95	100
Do pf.	97	
B. R & P.	50	
Buff & S.	60	
Do pf.	53	54
Burns Bros pf.	102	100
Bush Term.		100
Cal Pet pf.	70	72
Can So.	41	60
Cent L pf.	102¾	104
C R R of N.	100	205
C & A.	110	114½
C'fain-feed.	53	54¾
Do 1st pf.		
ex div.	82¾	
Chi & Alt.	9	10¾
Do pf.	15	16½
Chi. St. P, M & Om.	65	70
Do pf.	90	105
C. C. & St. L. pf.	65	67¾
Ci & Pitts.		80
Col & So.	25	28
Do 1st pf	51	53
Do 2d pf.	42	50
Comp T R.	52	55
Con Cig pf.	82	83
Cont C pf. ex div.	100	
Cont Ins.	76	80
Cres Carp.	62	70
Crue S pf.	97	98¼
C-Am Sug.	428	445
D & Co pf.	99¾	101
D, L & W.	180	192
D. R G.	7¼	7¾
Det Ed.	107	110
Det U Ry.		100¾

	Bid.	Asked.
Dia Match.	120	130
D, S S & A.	4½	5½
Do pf.	7	16
Dur Hos'y, ex div.	55	60
Do pf.	90¼	101
Elk H Coal pf.	40	45
Erie 2d pf.	16½	17
Erie & P.	55	
Fam P pf.	88	90
F M & S.	13	15
Gen Cig pf.	98	100
Do d pf.	85	92
G'drich pf.	94	96
Gray & D.	33	35
Gulf S S 1st pf.	90¼	97
Hartman.	88½	90½
Homestake.	58	60
Int Ag pf.	81	82
Int Pa. pf.	85	100
Int Salt.	67¼	70
Iowa Cent. pf.	5	6
Jewel Tea pf.	40	41
Jones B T.	24	27½
Kan C So pf.	46	49
Kayser (J.).	105	115
Do 1st pf.	107	118
Kelly S T pf.	91	99½
Kelsey Wh.	71	76
Do pf.	95	97
K & D M.	4	6
Do pf.	20	30
Kress (S H) pf. ex div.	98¼	
Lacl. Gas.	40	48
L S & W.	103¾	104
Do pf.	16¼	22½
Ligg & M.	170	175
Do. B.	160	175
Do pf.	103	110
L-W Elec.	57	60
Do 1st pf.	97½	103
Do 2d pf.	111	127
Lorill'd Co pf.	104	107
McKey Con.	67¾	70
Do pf.	63	74
Man B'clin.	20	24
Man Trust.	30	31½
Man Sugar pf.	95	101½
Marlin R.	58	60¾
Marlin-R pf.	75½	78
Math Alk.	25	29
Max M 1st pf.	57¾	66
M Dep Sts pf.	101½	110
Mex P pf.	88	100
Mich Cent.	85	
M. St P & S S M.	78	82
Do pf.	93	97
Do 1	53	59
Mon P pf.	98	100
Mor & Ess.		165
Mul B pf.	97	
N C & St L.	103	113
Nat Bisc.	116	120
Nat C & S.	69	72
Do pf.	97	100
Nat L pf.	105	108
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	15	25
N O T & M pf.	46	47
N Y C & H.	32	35
St L.	32	35
Do 1st pf.	60	65
Do 2d pf.	47	50
N Y Dock.	35	37
N. Y. Ed.		225
Nor Pipe.	85	90
Nor Ry Cal.	90	95
N & W pf.	83	71¾
North Am.	84	85
Ohio F & L.	51½	53
Ont Mfg.	8¾	8½

	Bid.	Asked.
Otis El pf.	89	92
Otis Stl pf. ex div.		101
Owens B pf.	99½	101
Pacific C.	25	40
Do. 1st pf.	60	100
Do 2d pf.	45	60
Pac Mail.	34	35
Penney pf. ex div.	91	95
Peo Gas.	98½	99¾
Peo & Eq.	13¾	14½
Pere M pf.	66	66¾
Pitts-Mull.	45	60¾
Do 1st pf. ex div.	95	115
Pierce-A prfd.		104½
Pitts C. pf.	88	91
P. Fe W & C. pf.	120	124
Pitts & pf.	88	91
P Va. pf.	73	79
Pr Stl Car pf.	101	103
P. N. J.	67	70½
R & S Sec. 1	80	
C stk c.	52	57
Ry Stl Spr pf.	106	108
Rdg 1st pf.	34½	35
R T 1st pf.	96	98
Do 2d pf.	97	98¾
Rens & S.	102	109
Rep I & S. pf.	32¾	34
St L S W.	16	17
Do pf.	28	29
Seab A L. pf.	17	18
Sears-R pf.	114	118¾
S-S S & I pf.	91½	93
Sin P R S.	200	225
Do pf.	108	112
Stl'd Mill.	135	145
Do pf.	80	90
Studeb Co pf.	100	110
Sup Stl 1st pf.	100½	103
T P L. pf.	290	300
Third Av.	44½	46
Tide W O.	220	235
Tob P pf.	93	96
U St L & T. pf.	97	99
Do ctfs.	11	15
Do pf.	18	25
Do pf c.	18	23
U C R T.	30	35
Do pf.	65	85
Und Type.	170	185
Do pf.	80	120
U B & P.	85	90
U Pac pf.	96	97
U Cig Sts.	130	215
Do pf.	100	140
U Drug, ex div.	134	137
Do 1st pf.	52½	53½
U Rys Inv pf.	26½	27½
U S Exp.	30	31½
U S Ind A. pf.	97	100
U S R 1st pf.	114	113
U S Smelt pf.	37	37¼
Va R & P.	47	48
Wab pf.	18	20
W P Exp.	54	56½
West Un.	97	
ex div.	86½	88
W & L E pf.	20½	21¼
Wheel & L E pf.	86	88¾
Wis Cent.	27	28
Woolworth.	124¼	125
Wor Pump pf. ex div.	87	89

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, MARCH 19, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	$13,665,500	$11,879,500	$3,808,500
Year to date	867,854,050	693,387,350	256,457,500

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty 3½s 1932-47
42 97.00
24 96.90
2 96.80
3 96.70
10 96.80
10 96.74
10 96.80
4 96.72
18 96.80
28 96.70
10 96.80
20 96.90
10 96.90
4 96.72
15 96.80
1 96.80
1 96.88
58 96.80
12 96.80
35 96.84
1 96.82
10 96.84
10 96.78
5 96.72
35 96.70
30 96.68
5 96.70
60 96.66
15 96.70
10 96.68
1 96.68
2 96.70
95 96.74
5 96.70
8 96.68
50 96.60
27 96.58
5 96.58
20 96.60
$231,000 1st conv 4s 1932-47
30 90.50
10 90.40
5 90.50
4 90.40
10 90.50
$53,000 2d 4s 1927-42
6 89.40
15 89.48
10 89.48
14 89.46
17 89.46
8 89.30
15 89.30
10 89.36
5 89.40
15 89.46
10 89.34
1 89.32
9 89.32
17 89.40
$187,500 1st conv 4½s 1932-47
52 91.00
10 90.90
10 90.80
18 90.90
10 90.70
3 90.80
5 90.70
9 90.66
$100,000 2d conv 4½s 1927-42
10 89.88
2 89.90
12 89.88
13 89.88
44 89.90
5 89.82
1 89.80
4 89.88
1 89.80
1 89.86
1 89.88
1 89.84
4 89.88
9 89.78
2 89.74
10 89.78
10 89.74
5 89.72
10 89.70
5 89.72
10 89.74
10 89.72
10 89.70
10 89.68
10 89.66
10 89.70
10 89.68
1 89.66
2 89.70
10 89.72
45 89.74
49 89.70
10 89.72
5 89.70
8 89.68
50 89.60
62 89.76
230 89.74
8 89.72
20 89.70
1 89.68
2 89.70
1 89.72
1 89.74
2 89.76
1 89.74
1 89.72
1 89.74
1 89.76
1 89.74
1 89.76
1 89.74
1 89.76

COTTON PRICES DROP AFTER EARLY RISE

Sterling's Advance, with Unfavorable Planting Weather, Sends Market Up.

MORNING GAINS SOLD OFF

Break at New Orleans and Local Profit-Taking Cause Late Weakness.

The sharp advance in sterling exchange and some private reports of further unfavorable weather in many parts of the cotton belt aided yesterday's cotton market in making new high records for the present upward movement. The rise in future prices was so brisk that many of the shorts who had been waiting for a reaction to allow them to cover were driven in during the morning, and their buying, along with some by the trade and some fresh purchases for Japanese account, helped materially. May sold close to 28½ cents, July got up to about 25¢ and the new crop months rose correspondingly.

Then, in the afternoon, the market turned heavy and the near months lost all and more of their morning gains, while the distant months sold off to points which represented considerably more than half of their early advances. At the close there was a half-hearted rally, but by that time the speculative interest was little more than nominal. A break at New Orleans and a considerable amount of local profit-taking accounted for the late weakness.

The advance heard around the ring here substantially the same that had been advanced earlier in the week. There is still talk of the big foreign demand, and notwithstanding that the current week's exports have fallen far below those of other recent weeks, the steady pile of the foreign exchange market more than offset the relatively unfavorable statistics. It is also contended that this demand, together with the reported increase in domestic consumption, will tend to raise the present crop months to the basis of the spot cotton, or above 40 cents, which is to say that the ring and the trade both look for substantial advances in May and July.

As for the months after July, they are being bulled just now on the belief that the current demand cannot be filled out of cotton already grown. The argument, it may be said, has not made the appeal that the bull argument on near months has, but the distant options have been holding their own in the advance thus far, probably out of sympathy, and the speculative interests are giving some attention to them.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open	High	Low	Close	Previous Day
March	40.25	40.39	40.20	40.23	40.28
May	28.12	28.13	27.90	27.92@28.00	28.01
July	25.35	25.72	25.20	25.30@25.35	25.23
Oct.	32.25	32.63	32.20	32.34@32.37	32.00
Dec.	31.32	31.73	31.32	31.44@31.47	31.30
Jan.	30.82	31.16	30.82	30.92@30.94	30.80

The local market for spot cotton was steady, unchanged, at 41c for middling uplands.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 43c; New Orleans, 41c; Savannah, 40.75c; Augusta, 40.38c; Memphis, 40.50c; Houston, 42c; Little Rock, 40.75c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts..	32,344	32,105	50,566
Exports	9,140	45,312	45,312
Exports, season	4,800,176	4,682,820	3,308,152
N Y stocks..	50,144	52,761	52,882
Port stocks ..	1,322,230	1,315,505	1,100,855
N. Y. arrivals..	2,709	9,329	

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quiet, at 23.80d. for middling. Sales: 4,000 bales, of which American 2,000. Imports 46,000 bales, of which American 32,000. Future opened quiet, unchanged to 7 points up, and closed steady, 13 points up to 15 points off on the day. Prices: March, 20.97d.; May, 25.87d.; July, 24.91d.; Oct., 23.06d. Manchester Yarns and cloths were quiet but firm.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
Am. Cot. Oil.	6	Sept. 2, '21	96	96¼	7.00
Am. T. & T.	6	Oct., 1922	98¾	99¼	
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	94½	94¾	
Am. Thread.	6	Dec. 15, '28	99¼	100¼	5.90
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1920	100¼	100¾	5.90
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1921	100¾	101¼	6.35
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1922	100¾	101¼	6.45
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1923	100¾	101¼	6.60
Anaconda Cop.	6	Jan., 1929	94½	95¼	6.63
Armour & Co.	6	June 30, '21	99½	101	
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '22	99½	100	7.00
Beth S. Corp.		July 15, '23	99¾	100	7.00
Can. Pac. R.	8	Mar. 2, '24	94½	94¾	
C. Argen. Ry.	6	Feb., 1921	85	85	
Cuh. Am. Sug.	7	Jan., 1926	99¼	100¼	5.84
Cudahy Pack.	7	July 15, '22	99¾	100¼	6.35
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug. 2, '20	99¼	99¾	6.30
Fed. Sug. R.		Nov., 1924	89	90½	8.00
General Elec.	7	May 15, '20	99¾	100¼	7.00
G. North. Ry.	5	Sept., 1920	98¾	98¾	7.15
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1921	96½	98¼	7.00
Hocking Val.	6	Mar., 1924	92	95	7.45
Int. R. T.	6	Sept., 1921	71	74	
Kan. C. Term.	6	Nov., 1923	97	98	6.40
Laclede Gas.	7	Jan., 1929	95¼	96¼	7.55
Lig. & Myers.	6	Dec., 1921	98	98½	6.35
Moline Plow.	7	Sept., 1920	99¼	100	8.50
N. Y. Cent.	6	Sept., 1921	99	101	6.20
Phila. Co.	6	Feb., 1922	94½	95¼	8.80
Penn. Co.	4½	June 15, '21	99¾	97½	
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	100	100¼	7.00
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	100½	101¼	6.25
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	100½	101¼	6.30
Pub. S. Corp.	7	Mar., 1922	85½	87½	14.40
R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.	6	Aug., 1922	98	98¾	6.70
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1922	93¾	94¾	9.15
Swift & Co.	6	Aug. 15, '21	98¾	99	6.80
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sept. 15, '22	85	87	12.15
War Fr. Corp.		Apr., 1925	89¾	90¾	6.45

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.
Argentine (sterl.)	6	May, 1920	98½	99
Argentine	6	May, 1920	98¾	99¼
Belgium (Rest)	7½	1945	77	78
Bilg'n loan of	20		77	80
*British, funding		1960-1990	262	265
*British, Victory		1920-1922	100	101
*British, War Ln.	5	1929	372½	374½
*British, Nat. W. L.	5	1929	369	372
Canada	5½	Dec., 1922	97	98
Canada	5½	Nov., 1923	97	98
Canada	5½	Dec., 1924	87½	88½
Canada	5½	Dec., 1925	82	86
French Victory	5½	1931	64¾	67¼
†French Loan, 17	4	1943	52½	55
†French Loan, 18	5½	1944	53	55½
†French Loan, 20	5½		52	52.35
Italy, Treas.	5-yr.	1922		56.50
Italy, Treas.	5-yr.	1925		56.50
Russia	5½	Dec., 1921	20	22
Russia, ruble b'ds	5½	Feb., 1926	37	41
Sweden		June, 1939	90¼	91¼
Switzerland	5½	Aug., 1929	86¾	87½

*Per £100. †Per 1,000 francs.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Per riod.	Payable.	Holders of Record.
Air Reduction	$1	Q	Apr. 15	Mar. 31
Brooklyn Trust	3	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 22
City Investing Pf	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 27
D. C. Health Co. pf.	1½	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 25
Consol. Textile	15	Q	Apr. 15	Mar. 31
Gen'l Chemical	2	Stock	May 1	Mar. 31
Ind. Pipe Line	$2	Q	May 15	Apr. 29
Kan. Gas & El. pf.	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 20
Mass. Lighting pf.	$1.50	Q	Apr. 15	Mar. 25
Mortgage Bond	1¾	Q	Mar. 31	Mar. 22
Pacific Tel. & Tel. pf.	2	Q	Apr. 15	Mar. 31
U. S. I. Alcohol pf.	1¾	Q	Apr. 15	Mar. 31

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 19.—Forty-six new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $1,894,500, were chartered today. They include:

Asia Engineering Corp., Manhattan, deal in machines, &c., $15,000; M. Rothman, R. Singer, M. D. Reardon, 149 Broadway.

Orange Smile Syrup Co. of New York, Manhattan; to deal in F. J. Jones, C. B. Green, B. S. Deutsch, 1,013 Falle St., Bronx.

Levy & Levy Jewelry Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; S. Brandes, A. H. Levy, S. Bernstein, 1138 West 112th St.

Wayland Realty Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; I. and I. Strongin, D. Treibitsch, 58 East 3d St.

Van Catering Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; A. M. Robinson, M. H. Royall, W. D. Jones, 253 West 137th St.

Majestic Leather Goods Co., Manhattan, $10,000; J. Lazarow, A. Werstlim, C. Bernstein, 548 Fox St., Bronx.

Ornamental Art Works, Buffalo, $10,000; Pierotti, M. L. Magi, W. R. Daniels, Buffalo.

Fischer Pure Dressing Co., Rochester, $5,000; A. M. and C. E. Rood, W. R. Lynch, Rochester.

1120 West 20th St. Co., Manhattan, $5,000; S. Kaufman, I. Gordon, S. Pearlman, 78 Middleton St., Brooklyn.

Goetzi Theatrical Enterprises, Manhattan, $10,000; J. Bohm, A. Goetzi, M. R. Schneer, 20 Broadway.

Modern Heating Co., Buffalo, $5,000; A. C. Matthews, K. S. Purdy, W. H. Means, Buffalo.

General Incinerator Co., Manhattan, $5,000; J. M. Bullowa, L. E. Brown, A. Begg, 30 Broadway.

Realty Co., Manhattan, $35,000; D. H. Harper, H. W. Gould, H. M. Curtis, 76 Broadway.

Morrissey Trucking Co., Manhattan, $20,000; J. Ward, J. T. Morrissey, A. E. Lister, 303 Broadway.

Casenovia Coal Co., Casenovia, $6,000; W. M. and A. W. Davis, A. H. Declercq, Casenovia.

Manhattan Narrow Fabrics, Manhattan, Brooklyn, $20,000; H. and L. and M. Nalevid, 221 McDougal St., Brooklyn.

Tober Distributing Corp., Manhattan, distributing, 100 shares common stock no par value, active capital $5,000; A. F. Tober, M. Hirson, A. A. Bertini, 44 Cedar St.

Hartz Engineering Corp., Manhattan, mechanical engineers, 500 shares preferred stock $100 each, 500 common no par value, active capital $100,000; J. P. Sartz, W. Klingsley, F. K. Lord, 120 Broadway.

Dixon & Shia, Manhattan, stocks, bonds and grain, 100 shares common stock no par value, active capital $5,000; H. Dixon, P. Schwartz, J. Sala, Hotel Colonial.

Mary Machine and Dye Casting Co., Manhattan, $20,000; A. Hansson, F. M. Cohen, J. L. Rennerts, 4,115 Eighth Av., Brooklyn.

Coyne & Co., Manhattan, public stenographers, $20,000; G. A. and H. Coyne, H. Weinberg, 332 Vermont St., Brooklyn.

Silver Star Farms, Manhattan, $10,000; R. F. Bramley, H. A. Richards, R. Reidy, 641 West End Av.

White Plains Housing Corp., White Plains, $10,000; H. B. Vincent, J. M. Digney, C. C. Webster, White Plains.

K. Scobel Co., Cape Vincent, timber and logging implements, $45,000; J. S. Lowe, A. W. and L. K. Scobell, Cape Vincent.

Zimmerman Realty Co., Brooklyn, $15,000; I. and F. H. Zimmerman, I. Weinstein, 402 Bway.

Willys Light and Power Company of Syracuse, $10,000; C. B. and V. I. Wheeler, C. A. Schneider, Syracuse.

Duplex Steam Motors Co., Manhattan, engines and farm implements, $10,000; J. W. Prosser, E. T. Proctor, A. J. Moran, 216 West 35th St.

Paris-Rite Corp., Manhattan, hotels and restaurants, $10,000; H. W. and H. R. Dorsner, H. Earwaker, 429 4th Av.

1,293 Dean St. Corp., Brooklyn, $15,000; J. A. Gavin, M. R. Wadleigh, G. L. Mills, 97 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn.

1,291 Dean St., Brooklyn, $14,000; same as preceding.

General Auto Body Co., Manhattan, $6,000; H. Isaacson, E. Prince, H. I. Stein, 80 Maiden Lane.

Entre Nous Realty Corp., Brooklyn, $52,000; C. H. Brushaber, R. W. Cunningham, E. B. Hendrickson, 1,130 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

Forenex Realty Co., Manhattan, $100,000; R. A. Richard, M. R. Cooley, A. L. Wright, 1,123 Prairie Av., Brooklyn.

Capital Printing Co., Manhattan, $50,000; M. E. O'Connor, B. D. Depierris, J. Guiney, College Point.

Pipe Line Mfg. Co., Manhattan, novelties, $10,000; B. Blitz, P. H. Meyer, J. B. Cove, 385 Edgecombe Av.

Gas Producer Products, Manhattan, $120,000; E. W. Brown, H. W. Jervey, L. F. Griffin, 49 Wall St.

United Mechanics Sheet Metal Works, Manhattan, $10,000; S. Hornstein, C. Halpern, S. Wurman, 403 Prospect Av.

Blass, Henziger & Co., Manhattan, publishing, $50,000; B. and B. J. Benziger, H. Gay, 119 Cleveland St., Brooklyn.

National Park Real Estate Corp., Manhattan, $500,000; G. H. Figueron, F. and N. Rethblum, 32 Union Sq.

Direct Automotive Service, Manhattan, $10,000; R. J. Cornwell, R. Levy, H. Smerz, 354 Cypress Av., Bronx.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Best Imports and Export Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

Mert-Waterman Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $150,000.

Centuria Mills Paper Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $30,000.

Rich Knitting Mills, Manhattan, $2,500 to $32,500.

Bernstein & Frank, Manhattan, $12,000 to $25,000.

Stein-Doblin Lace Co., Manhattan, $200,000 to $750,000.

Graf Hertzwint Trading Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $300,000.

Defense Mfg. Co., Utica, $50,000 to $125,000.

F. H. Cobb Co., Cortland, $200,000 to $300,000.

Western New York Toy Co., Jamestown, $12,500 to $50,000.

State Bank of Brockton, Brockton, $30,000 to $45,000.

Southern Pine Sale Corp., Waverly, $100,000 to $200,000.

Unit System Laundry Corp., Brooklyn, $100,000 to $300,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTIONS.

Wicke Estates, Queens, $346,000 to $416,000.

CHANGES OF NAME.

134 Water St., Manhattan, to 84 Pine St.

Alpha Neckwear Co., Manhattan, to Alpha Undergarment Co.

B. C. Co., Manhattan, to Baltimore Club Co.

Rochester Tire Works, Rochester, to Grover C. Kingdon.

Rochester Motors Co., Rochester, to Rochester Motors Corp.

Freeport Bank, Freeport, Queens Co., N. Y., to the Freeport Bank of Freeport, N. Y.

AUTHORIZATIONS.

Penick & Ford, Ltd., Del., sugar and corn products, 40,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 300,000 shares common; $1 each; 300,000 common, no par value; Rep. F. T. Bedford, Jr., Equitable Bldg.

Costa Rica Mercantile Co., Costa Rica, $19,400; Rep. W. McN. Murray, 85 Front St.

Asbestos, Ltd., New Jersey.

Asbestos products, $500,000; Rep. N. E. Newman, 8 W. 40th St.

Edison Storage Battery, Garage of N. J.; New Rep., Corporation Trust Co., 247 W. 35th St.

SURRENDER OF AUTHORITY.

Bayer Steam Soot Blower, Mo.

Penick & Ford, Ltd., La.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Dethold Realty Co., Manhattan.

308th Infantry Assn., Manhattan.

Superlative Paper Box Co., Manhattan.

Lorraine Realty Co., Manhattan.

Select Realty Co., Manhattan.

Lafayette Ring Co., Manhattan.

Farmer Construction Co., Manhattan.

H. and F. Trucking Co., Jamaica.

W. F. Shugan Co., Queens.

Equity Trading Co., Brooklyn.

Boston 5, 10 and 19 cent Store, Bronx.

Maple City Land Co., Hornell.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, March 19.—New charters:

Gotfine Realty Co., Hoboken, real estate, $100,000; Louis Gottlieb, Harry Fine, Abraham Dick, Hoboken.

Silver & Steinberg, Newark, photo studio, $50,000; Norman Silver, Ruth Silver, Samuel Steinberg, Newark.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, March 19.—Charters filed today:

United States Terminals and Warehouse, $20,000,000; A. Roy Myers, Harry C. Hand, Robert K. Tinstle, New York.

Norwalk Iron Works Co., refrigerating machinery, $10,500,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Security Co., $10,000,000; A. Roy Myers, Samuel B. Howard, Robert K. Thistle, New York.

General Discount Corp. of Detroit, stocks and bonds, $10,000,000; Henry K. Nan, Jr., R. E. Eroman, Sherman H. Smith, Detroit, Mich.

Aggers Production Co., crude petroleum, &c., $3,500,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Kaplin Petroleum Co., $3,000,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Finance Corp. of America, stocks, bonds, &c., $1,500,000; A. Roy Myers, Harry C. Hand, Robert K. Thistle, New York.

United Sales Corp., import and export, $1,150,000; Frederick Bonns, Brookline, Mass.; Paul S. Vaitses, Melrose, Mass.; Umberto C. Zoccola, Brighton, Mass.

Slavin Picture Play Corp., produce moving picture films, &c., $250,000; Eugene E. Allison, Isaac S. Pratt, H. G. Schulenaus, New York.

Muskegon Finance Co., real estate securities, &c., $500,000; William H. Wilson, Axel M. Larsen, Harry A. Morris, Muskegon, Mich.

Thompson-Clarke Co., manufacture couplings, shafts, &c., $400,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Wilkes-Barre Cocoa-Cola Bottling Co., $300,000; J. E. Grass, H. W. Reechard, G. F. Stuckart, Scranton.

Master Tool Holder and Machine Co., manufacture, $300,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Western Mines Corp., $800,000; Samuel B. Howard, Harry C. Hand, Robert K. Thistle, New York.

Yules-Rieh Sales Agency, $200,000; M. Elliott, Wray C. Arnold, Philadelphia; Frank A. Cabreen, jr., Haverford, Pa.

Rodast Co., acquire oil lands, $1,250,000; Spence S. Carrock, Franklin L. McCarthy, E. Earl Hollowell, Lexington, Ky.

Shipsevilla Oil and Drilling Co., $100,000; W. N. Lofland, Frank Jackson, Mark W. Cole, Dover.

Greenwood-Brewer Service, generfl service, $100,000; W. I. N. Lofland, Frank Jackson, Mark W. Cole, Dover, Del.

Federal Mortgage and Guaranty Corp., $100,000; William F. O'Keefe, George C. Steiger, E. E. Aberle, Wilmington.

Astoria Trading Corp., import and export, $50,000; A. Rosqvyres, Harry C. Hand, Robert K. Thistle, New York.

Keystone Welding Engineering Co., electric light and gas, $50,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

INCREASES IN CAPITAL.

Catharine Curtis Corp., New York, $456,000 to $5,150,000.

Lake Shore Mills, Chicago, $2,500,000 to $3,250,000.

T. B. Metzel Co., Phila., $50,000 to $100,000.

Marine Securities Co., Chicago, $2,100,000 to $2,600,000.

Bonn Jewelry Co., Pittsburgh, $20,000 to $30,000.

Wescott Valve Co., Seneca Falls, N. Y., $300,000 to $1,250,000.

MacArthur Concrete Pile and Foundation Co., New York, $250,000 to $375,000.

CHANGES IN NAME.

Uniform Film Corp., New York, to Photo Products and Chemical Corp.

Dry Goods Trade's Biggest Week.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, March 19.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the dry goods trade, say:

"Current wholesale distribution of dry goods has been of much larger volume than during the corresponding week of last year or any previous year. Orders from out-of-town on the road, both for immediate and future delivery, were also greatly ahead. Customers were in the house in larger numbers. Retail business is reported excellent. Collections are very satisfactory."

Plans 10-Hour Coast-to-Coast Flight

CLEVELAND, March 19.—Major R. W. Schroeder of Dayton, holder of the world's record for airplane altitude, plans a ten-hour flight from San Francisco to New York late this Summer.

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,200 †Acma Qual.	2¾	2¾	2¾
1,200 †Acma Pf.	25	25	25
500 †Alum Mfg.	23	23½	23
100 †Am Candy	9¼	9¼	9¼
100 †A H St W cl.	75½	75½	75½
1,000 Armour Ser.	18¾	18¾	18¾
200 †Am Wind.	18	17¾	18
2,000 Am Zinc	25¾	25¼	25¾
500 †Briscoe Mo.	6¼	6	6
400 †Br-Am C. C.	8	8	8
400 †Br-Am C. pf.	19½	19½	19½
1,000 †Bay Rubber	7¾	7¾	7¾
200 †Do reg rts	7¾	7¾	7¾
200 †Car Lt & P	2¾	2¾	2¾
2,000 †J I Case Pf	102½	102½	102½
200 †Cuban Am.	1¾	1¾	1¾
1,000 †Cleveland	81	78	80
15 † Do ctf.	1500	1400	1500
1,100 †C Am S w i.	47	46	47
10,000 †C Asphalt	106	105	105¾
1,200 Grape-Ola	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,400 Do pf.	2¾	2¾	2¾
500 †Hanes Knit	28½	28½	28½
3,500 †Hercules P.	114¾	113¾	114
200 †Hyd Steel	33½	32	33
2,000 Indian Pack.	10¾	10¾	10¾
2,000 †Kay Co Gas	2	1¾	2
200 †Do pf.	10	10	10
1,000 †Lone Star Gas	85	85	85
300 †Loco	22	20¾	21
1,500 Maroon Am.	5¾	5¾	5¾
1,500 Mont. Ward.	36	34	36
300 †Nat Pr.	46	44	46
600 †Nat Fire pf	15¾	14¾	15
1,000 †Nat Sug.	49	48	48
1,000 †Nat Sug pf	104	104	104
1,000 †Nat Tube	15	15	15
1,000 †Nelson Pen.	15	15	15
1,000 Ohio Body	7¾	7¾	7¾
1,000 Ohio Fuel	41	41	41
1,000 Ohio Pet.	19	18½	18¾
1,000 †Pennok Oil.	7¾	7	7¾
500 †Penn Pet.	41	41	41
(x 100%).			
500 †Prod & Ref.	9¼	9¼	9¼
1,500 †RedRockOil.	1	1	1
100 †Rickard Tex	1¼	1¼	1¼
25,000 †Rio Grande	3¾	3¾	3¾
600 †SaltCrkProd	51	49¾	49¾
200 †Sapulpa Ref	5¼	5¼	5¼
2,500 Sequoyah	3	3	3
1,800 †Simms Pet.	36	35	35¼
2,400 †Skelly Oil.	11¼	11¼	11¼
300 So States Con	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,600 Spencer Pet.	22¼	21¾	22¼
2,500 †Superior Oil	19	17¾	18¾
2,700 †Texon O & L	1	1	1
1,000 †Tropical Oil	21½	20½	20½
1,000 †Trinity Oil.	1	1	1
1,000 †Tulsa Sin.	1¼	1¼	1¼
800 †Valverde Oil	9¼	8½	9¼
800 †Victoria Oil	1¾	1¼	1¼
1,900 †Vulcan Oil.	7	6¼	6½
1,000 †Whelan Oil.	2	2	2
1,000 †Wilcox Oil	7	6¼	6¼
700 †Woburn Oil	7	6¼	6¼

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,500 †Knox Div.	11	10	10
26,000 La Con	¾	¾	¾
6,000 †Mason Val	1¾	1¾	1¾
1,000 †MacN Min	¾	¾	¾
3,200 †Marsh M.	13	11	11
2,600 †Mother L.	6	6	6
200 Nip. Mines	15	15	15
1,000 †Nixon	15	15	15
700 Ophir Sil M.	1	1	1
2,000 Rex Con	10	9	10
14,000 Roper-G M.	4	4	4
300 †Rush Lake	15¾	15¼	15½
600 †Sil Bol Min	2	2	2
3,000 Sil Ke of Ar	2¾	2¾	2¾
5,500 Stan Sil-Ld.	6	6	6
2,700 †Success M.	6¼	6	6¼
5,500 †Suther Div.	6	5	6
300 †Tom Reed	33	33	33
100 †Tonopah Divide.	2¾	2¾	2¾
100 Tob P. Exp.	22	22	22
100 †Todd Ship.	173	173	173
100 †Tramps Pf.	4	4	4
1,000 Un Divide Gold	2¾	2¾	2¾
1,000 †U P Con	11	10	10
2,000 †Un Ret S	14	14	14¼
300 U S Distrib	53	53	54
1,300 U S H & T	81¼	80	81¼
12,000 U S S Co.	3¼	2¾	3
500 U S Trans.	10¾	10¾	10¾
5,500 W. Viv. Inc.	10¾	10¾	10¾
200 Wm Davies	43¼	42½	42½
400 †Willys Corp	19½	18¾	19
100 † Do 1st pf.	65½	65½	65½
200 † Do 2d pf.	72	72	72½
200 †W F 1st pf	1¼	1¼	1¼

BONDS.

$1,000 $Al'd Pk 6s	77	76¼	76½
50,000 †A Tr pf.	92	91½	91½
5,000 † Do 2d.	94¾	94	94
10,000 †Belg 6s, '25	95¾	95¼	95¼

*Odd lot. †Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.
Note—Not reported Thursday, 300 Maracaibo Oil at 19.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Thurs-day. Asked.
4½s July, 1967	96¼	96½
4½s June, 1965	96¾	96¾
4½s Mar., 1963	96¾	96¾
4½s Mar., 1964	96¾	96¾
4½s May, 1957	96¾	96¾
4½s Apr., 1966	90¾	91
4½s Mar., 1964	90¾	91
4½s Mar., 1965	90¾	91
4½s Sept., 1960	90¾	91
4s Sept., 1960-80	90¾	91
4s Mar., 1959	86¾	87¼
4s Nov., 1955	86¾	87¼
4s Nov., 1957	86¾	87¼
4s Nov., 1958	85¾	87¼
4s Nov., 1959	85¾	87¼
4s Nov., 1938	90	92½

Yester-day. Thurs-day.

	Bid.	Asked.
4s Nov., 1953	77	80
3½s May, 1953	77	80
3½s Nov., 1954	77	80
4½s 1925-1932	97	97
4½s 1919-1925	96	97

The following are quoted on a reserve basis:

4½s 1924-1925	4.90	4.60
3½s 1920-1925	4.90	4.60
3½s 1940-1953	4.80	4.60
3½s 1930-1959	4.80	4.60
3½s 1917-1942	4.80	4.60
3½s 1919-1921	4.80	4.60
3½s 1940-1963	4.90	4.60
3½s 1928-1930	4.90	4.60
3½s 1918-1933	4.80	4.60

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PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.	High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
320 Cities Service	393	390	390	395
1,350 Cities Service pf.	70¼	70	70	70¼
1,982 Cities Service pf. B	7¼	7	7	7¼
3,535 Cities Service bk. shares.	40¾	40	40	40¾
$42,300 Cities Service deb. C	102¾	102½	102¾	102¾

	Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Electric Power	15	18
Adiron Elec. Power pf.	75	78
Am Gas & Elec.	124	126
Am Gas & Elec pf.	39	41
Am Light & Trac.	189	192
Am Light & Trac. pf.	89	91
Am Power & Light	65	70
Am Power & Light pf.	70	75
Am Public Utilities	15	20
Am Public Utilities pf.	35	40
Am W W & Elec.	8	8
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	45	51
Am W W & Elec partic	8	10
Appalachian Power	3	3
Appalachian Power pf.	18	21
Carolina Power & Light	15	18
Colorado Power pf.	85	90
Ohio Traction Power pf.		
Columbus Elec pf.	17	21
Com Power, Ry & Lt.	17	20
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf.	33	37
Conn Power Corp.	100	104
Eastern Texas Electric	62	70
Eastern Texas Elec pf	92	97
El Paso Electric	90	92
Electric Bond & Sh.	62	63
Empire Dist Elec pf.	70	78
Empire Gas & Fuel pf.	88	91

Bonds.			
Am W W & El 5s	53	53¼	53½
Appalach Power 1st 5s	66	66	67
Ark Valley 7s, '20	97	90½	90½
Cin Gas & Elec 5s	83	80	80
Col Gas & El deb 5s	77	90	90
Conn Power 5s, '51	100		
Dallas Elec 5s	100		
East Tex Elec 6s	75		
El Paso Elec col 5s	83	80	80
Empire Gas & F 6s	68	91	91
Louisville G & E 5s	95	97½	100
Midwest Util 6s	88		
Miss River Pow 1st 5s	74		
Nor States Pow 5s	85		
Nor States Pow 5s	91	80½	82
Okla Gas & Elec 5s	90	90	90
Pac Gas & Elec 5s	92	70½	80
Seattle Electric 5s	59	81¾	88
Stand Gas & El 7s, '31	94		90
Stand G & E conv 6s	90		90
Utah Securities	39		40
West St G & E 5s, '51	81		85

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Thurs-day. Asked.
Am Brass	220	240
Am Chicle	73	76
Do pf	74	78
Amal Leather	55	70
Do pf	94	96
Am Whole Cp pf.	94½	96¾
Atlas Powder	155	165
Do pf	93	95
Babcock & Wilcox	110	120
Borden & Co	109	110
Do pf	93	96
E W Bliss	470	490
Do pf	93	96
Childs Co.	85	90
Do pf	97	100
Crocker-Wheeler	90	95
Do pf	90	95
Deere & Co p

HAYWOOD OF I.W.W. HERE FOR $1,000,000

Ex-Secretary of Organization, Out on Bail, to Raise Fund for Indicted Members.

BAIL MONEY ONLY A "LOAN"

Opens City Speaking Tour Tomorrow—Uhl Denies Orders for Release of Reds.

William D. ("Big Bill") Haywood, the former I. W. W. Secretary, who is now at liberty from Leavenworth Prison under bond on several charges of conspiring to overthrow the Government by force, has come to this city to start a campaign to raise a fund of more than $1,000,000 to aid I. W. W. members now under indictment in the United States.

The purpose of the fund, Haywood told a NEW YORK TIMES reporter yesterday, is twofold: First, to have every I. W. W. man now under indictment released on bail, and, second, to provide means for engaging counsel for the indicted men when their cases are brought to trial. There are more than 1,000 such persons, Haywood said.

"There has been great public reaction in the attitude toward radicalism," Haywood said. "This has developed all over the country and is a result of the illegal practices which have been employed against radicals. The day of the 'white terrorists' is past, and I believe that the people of the country will rally to the support of those who are being deprived of the right of free speech."

Haywood will address three meetings tomorrow under the auspices of the American Civil Liberties Union of 138 West Thirteenth Street. The former I. W. W. leader said that the union had not brought him here, but that he was making a tour of the country in the interests of the I. W. W. The Manhattan meetings will be held at 8 P. M. at the People's House, at 7 East Fifteenth Street, and later at the Yorkville Casino, at 210 East Eighty-sixth Street. In the afternoon Haywood will speak in Brooklyn.

"We will need at least $1,000,000 to get all the persons under indictment freed on bail," Haywood said. "Of course, that money will merely be borrowed, for no one of our members is afraid of facing trial and there would be no object to jump bail. With regard to the engaging of counsel, of course we need outright contributions for that purpose."

Haywood asserted that the report from Washington that orders were being issued canceling nearly all of the deportation warrants against radicals was a hopeful sign. The report said that many of the agitators had already been freed, and that many others would gain their liberty.

Byron H. Uhl, Acting Commissioner of Immigration at Ellis Island, said that he had received no word from Washington about freeing any of the radicals now detained there. There are about 120 now held there and about 500 others are at liberty under bonds.

"We are giving hearings to eight or ten of the Russian agitators daily," he said, "and we have received no instructions to set any of them free. The prosecutions will be continued at Ellis Island until we have run through the list."

THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

The trade reviews of the last week say that while traffic congestion still delays general business conditions show decided improvement.

Dun's Review says:

Drawbacks to business through transportation congestion and delayed delivery of merchandise, although still conspicuously apparent in some sections, are being gradually modified with the advancing season, and production records are now more favorable. While shortages of goods continue to prevent some transactions that might otherwise be consummated, yet the scarcity is less general and pronounced than previously, with domestic outputs enlarging and the disproportion between exports and imports narrowing steadily, and abatement of consumptive demands serves to relax the pressure for supplies in some quarters. Except in isolated instances, the effect of these tendencies has thus far not been seen in any substantial lowering of commodity prices, but the former buoyancy of some important markets is lacking, and the belief that the crest of prices has been passed is spreading. With such an impression gaining ground, and with opposition to high prices more frequently heard of in retail channels, the present policy of many interests is one of limiting engagements as closely as possible to actual current requirements and of discontinuing commitments against a further rise of prices in the future.

Bradstreet's says:

Business in general is of good proportions for this time of year, and the week's trade advices, indeed, point to some improvement in the conditions reported the week before. Speaking broadly, wholesalers and jobbers are doing a satisfactory business, though there are indications in the dispatches of the persistence of the disposition to limit purchases to nearby needs and to exercise caution as to future requirements. For the satisfaction of immediate requirements consumption is of good volume and in most cases taxes the ability of distributive agencies. There are, of course, differences growing out of local conditions, but these are more noticeable in respect to retail trade.

Syracuse Has 171,647 Population.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Population statistics for 1920 announced today by the Census Bureau included: Syracuse, N. Y., 171,647, an increase of 34,308, or 25.1 per cent. over 1910. Syracuse ranked thirty-fourth among the cities in 1910, with 137,249 people, having increased 26.6 per cent. in the decade. Its nearest rivals then were New Haven, Conn., with 133,605; Birmingham, Ala., with 132,685, and Memphis, Tenn., with 131,105. The population of those cities for 1920 have not yet been announced.

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

BOSTON ELEVATED RAILWAY report for the year ended Dec. 31, 1919, compares as follows:

	1919.	Increase.
Oper. rev.	$29,404,591	$20,976,965 $8,427,626
Net	4,752,741	2,149,090 2,603,661
Deductions	5,730,870	5,135,786 595,084
Deficit	978,129	2,986,706 *2,008,576
Dividends aggregating $1,460,970 were paid under State guarantee on $26,870,400 capital.		

COLUMBIA GAS & ELECTRIC CO. and subsidiary properties for February—

		Increase / Decrease.
Gross earnings	$1,348,503	$247,018
Net operating earnings	739,942	157,978
Total net earnings and other income	940,660	202,999
Surplus	543,482	150,290

Two months ended February, 1920:

Gross earnings	2,750,354	460,991
Net operating earnings	1,511,772	306,701
Total net earnings and other income	1,929,859	395,971
Surplus	1,120,565	282,284

VIRGINIA RAILWAY & POWER CO. for February—

	1920.	Increase.
Gross	$800,415	$688,288 $111,127
Net earnings	321,189	261,956 59,232
Total income	352,056	272,780 79,705
Bal. after chg.	142,476	136,011 6,464
7 mos. gross	6,484,890	5,450,504 1,034,384
Net earnings	2,542,194	1,797,488 745,728
Total income	2,650,388	1,900,038 750,728
Bal. after chg.	1,145,328	1,490,488 *653,160

*Decrease. Surplus after charges is before depreciation.

Miscellaneous.

CHICAGO PNEUMATIC TOOL CO. for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Net profits	$2,271,814	$1,283,213	$2,705,213
Net income	1,175,743	1,283,213	2,705,213
Total inc.	1,204,267	1,283,213	2,066,213
Surplus	69,810	148,805	911,438

After providing for Federal taxes and depreciation. †Before war taxes. ‡After Federal taxes but before depreciation.

WILSON & CO. for the year ended Dec. 27—

*Profits	8,165,886	8,655,011	7,408,472
Net profits	7,111,325	7,651,359	6,484,422
Surplus	1,288,032	6,656,147	6,304,274
Total surplus	21,077,264	21,940,232	15,151,045
P. & L. sur.	21,037,264	19,780,232	15,051,045

*After depreciation, Federal taxes, &c.

CURRAN AND HYLAN IN TILT.

Palm Beach Quip Is Last Word in Argument Over City Bills.

A Board of Estimate meeting yesterday was enlivened by several verbal tilts between Mayor Hylan and Henry H. Curran, Borough President of Manhattan, over the indorsement of legislative bills affecting the city. President Curran wanted the board to approve the bill giving the right of petition to policemen and firemen, a right, he said, denied them by "orders of department heads, forbidding them to appear before legislative committees. The borough President said a similar bill had been approved by former Police and Fire Commissioners, while the Board of Aldermen had favored it in 1916.

"Any effort," concluded President Curran, "that will bring legislative discussion and effort right out into the open is good for the policemen, the firemen and the whole community."

"I want to say to the public," interrupted the Mayor, "that if Mr. Curran and Joseph J. O'Reilly would mind their own business and leave the policemen and firemen alone there would not be so much trouble. It's the cheapest kind of politics you're playing," said the Mayor, turning to the borough President, "and the people will get on to you."

"Oh, they're on to me now," blandly replied the Manhattan President, "that's the reason I'm here."

"You're playing cheap politics," retorted the Mayor, flushing with anger.

"I think if you counted ten before you spoke you wouldn't talk so much," was Mr. Curran's answer, to which the Mayor replied:

"If you would fill the holes in the pavements of Manhattan and wouldn't interfere you would be better off."

"And if you would clean the snow off the streets instead of going to Palm Beach," laughed the Borough President, "I'll try and find the holes in the pavements and fill them."

The audience in the chamber applauded and the Mayor did not return to the attack. President Curran's motion to adopt the resolution was lost and the matter was referred to the Committee of the Whole.

The board approved a bill before the Legislature permitting the family of the late Isaac L. Rice to present to the city a public playground and athletic field to cost $1,000,000. It is proposed to put the playground in Pelham Bay Park, the Bronx, and the plan has been approved by the civic and taxpayers' organizations of the borough over the objections of Park Commissioner Joseph Hennessy and the Playground Association.

"It seems harder to give the City of New York a million dollars than it does to get a drink here," said H. B. Hertz, representing the Rice family, who asked for a public hearing on the matter.

"Why a public hearing?" inquired the Mayor. "Everybody here is in favor of it." Controller Craig also was in favor of the plan. Senator John J. Dunnigan of the Bronx, who introduced the bill, was requested to urge its passage, and said he thought he could get it through by next Monday night. Mr. Hertz then withdrew his application for a public hearing.

COMMODITIES PRICES.

Much Larger Percentage of Advances Was Shown This Week.

Things took a different turn in wholesale commodities prices this week, and Dun's list showed an excess of advances for the second time this year. Thirty-nine upturns were shown in a total of 72 changes, while last week, in 67 revisions there were but 32 advances. Marked features were lacking this week, although among the few shown there was an almost solid rise in the listed hides.

The following list gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted on selected standard commodities this week. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Apples, com., bbl.	$4.00	$4.50	$6.00
Beans, mar., c., 100 lbs.	11.50	11.50	10.00
Butter, cream, qr., lb.	.68	.67	.67½
" S. D., c. to f., lb.	.45	.45	.47
Cabbage, per bbl.	4.00	4.00	4.50
Cheese, n. y., spl., lb.	.29½	.29½	.27
Codfish, Gd. Bks., 100 lb.	13.00	13.00	11.00
Coffee, No. 7 Rio, lb.	.15	†.15½	.16½
" Santos No. 4, lb.	.24	.24	.21½
Eggs, n'by, fancy, doz.	.55	.53	.46
" west., lats., doz.	.48½	.48	.41
Flour, patents, 196 lbs.	12.75	12.75	11.25
Onions, bag.	5.00	5.00	2.50
Peas, Scotch, 100 lbs.	6.00	6.25	7.50
Potatoes, bbl.	10.00	10.00	4.30
Rice, fancy head, lb.	.14½	.14½	.10½
Sugar, f. gran., 100 lbs.	14.00	14.00	*9.00
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb.	.20	.30	.23½
" Japan, med., lb.	.50	.50	.43
Bacon, 14@s down, lb.	.22½	.23	.25½
Beef, live, 100 lbs.	10.00	9.75	10.25
Hams, big., in tcs., lb.	.27	.27	.30
Hogs, live, 100 lbs.	14.85	15.00	19.85
Lard, Mid. W., 100 lbs.	21.50	21.50	28.80
Pork, mess, bbl.	40.00	40.00	50.00
Sheep, live, 100 lbs.	11.75	12.00	13.00
Barley, malting, bu.	1.68	1.70	1.10
Corn, No. 2 yellow, bu.	1.80½	†1.79½	.71½
Hay, prime Tim., 100 lb.	2.35	2.60	1.75
Oats, No. 3 white, bu.	1.05½	†1.02½	.74½
Rye, No. 2, bu.	1.94½	1.93	1.78
Wheat, No. 2 red, bu.	*2.26½	*2.25½	*2.25½
Aluminum, pig, lb.	.31	.31	.31
Copper, electro, lb.	.18½	.18½	.14½
Iron, pig, No. 2X, ton.	45.35	45.35	36.15
Lead, lb.	.09	.09½	.05½
Spelter, lb.	.08½	.08½	.06½
Steel billets, Bess., ton.	60.00	60.00	45.50
Tin, lb.	.41½	.43½	.71
Brown sheet, std., yd.	.29	.30	.17
Cloths, per yd.	.24	.22½	.10
Hides, pack., No. 1, lb.	.37	.35	.28
Hides, cow, hvy., lb.	.35	.30	.26
Leath., h'lock sole, lb.	.54	.54	....
Leath., un. b., str., lb.	.54	.54	.48
Rubber, up-river, fine, lb.	.41½	.42	.56
Plan. 1st Latex Cr., lb.	.48½	.46½	....
Silk, China, s. f. 1st, lb.	16.75	17.50	6.70
Silk, Jp. fil. No. 1, 9@11, lb.	13.80	14.25	....

*Government maximums. †Nominal.

Changes in foodstuffs were evenly divided, between advances and declines. In the local market for provisions the only change was a drop in the price of bacon. At Chicago mess pork did not change, but lower prices were quoted on live hogs and sheep. Live beef, Middle Western lard and short ribs were all higher. A rise of a cent a pound in the best butter was one of the three changes shown in the local dairy products market. The other two were the respective advances of 3 and 5½ cents a dozen that took place in nearby fancy and the best Western eggs, reflecting the effect of the increased demand that followed the declines of last week and the week before.

The domestic vegetables were bare of changes either way for the first time in quite a while, but choice Scotch peas went down. Declines of 50 cents a barrel in common apples and $1.50 in fancy ones featured the week's revisions in fresh fruits. In the dried ones the only change was a rise in California prunes. Teas were unchanged. No. 7 Rio coffee again was nominally lower. The best raw sugar continued to rise, but fine granulated remained steady. A rise in cloves and declines in mace and nutmegs completed the changes in the spices.

Corn, oats and rye were higher in the grains market, but lower prices were asked for malting barley; prime timothy hay and long rye straw, feathers were quotably unchanged this week, but in the hides only three of the ten listed grades failed to advance. Among the advances were calfskins. The metals were bare of advances, and the only declines were shown by antimony, lake copper, spelter and tin. The combined lists for drugs, chemicals, dyestuffs and oils showed 34 changes for the week, of which 14 were advances. Increases in prices of the soda products were again a feature. A further advance in bleaching powder, over 24 per cent. through it to a level twice as high as that which prevailed at this time a year ago.

Resin was cheaper in the naval stores, but turpentine advanced to a nominal new high record. Tallow was cheaper here, Japanese raw silk fell off quite sharply in price, and the Chinese varieties also were lower. Brazilian crude rubber declined, but higher prices were got for plantation stock.

Increased demand and premiums for well-placed merchandise resulted in higher prices for several constructions of gray goods here during the week, including both printcloths and sheetings. In the burlaps there was very little doing, and lack of interest on the part of buyers here coupled with reports of unsatisfactory Calcutta cables resulted in declines on both light and heavy goods. The latter, due to a smaller spot supply, were the stronger of the two varieties.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....7 per cent. for the best names.
Thursday .....7 per cent. for the best names.
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Hard Coal Much in Demand.

The demand for hard coal continues strong in all directions, Seward's Journal will say today, for while retailers in many places are comfortably fixed as regards current needs, they realize that they cannot go wrong by taking in additional tonnage at present prices. Not only is a Spring discount considered beyond the range of possibility, but it is generally believed that the April price will be above the Winter circular—provided there is an April price. Indications of a slightly easier situation are beginning to appear in the bituminous trade.

Foreign Competition Not Feared.

In the dress goods trade there seems to be no fear that foreign lines will offer much in the way of competition for some time to come. One of the leading makers stated yesterday that, even though such competition should appear this year, the domestic manufacturers of fine materials are well able to cope with it on the basis of the qualities they are now offering. It was stated that buyers who have visited Paris and seen the best that is to be obtained in that market have returned to place orders for the materials that are shown here.

Beads and Beaded Goods Wanted.

Judging from reports emanating from local fancy goods and notions houses, there has been little falling off in the demand for popular-priced beaded bags or for the beads for making them. Beads for garment trimming also are in demand. Many shades of beads are in very short supply, among them being cherry red and jade green. In the seed beads rose, reds, pinks and high colors generally are hard to get. In the staple end of the business wholesalers also report a shortage of many kinds of notions, with the demand for them constant. Men now on the road are sending in sizable orders from all accounts.

Not Selling to Jobbers.

A question directed to the sales manager of a leading dress goods house regarding the proportion of sales to jobbers and those made directly to the manufacturers brought the information that no sales were made to jobbers this season. This step was taken, it was explained, to prevent the goods going into speculative hands. Sales to manufacturers are also being made with more care and only those accounts permitted to buy who are known to be actual cutters-up and not jobbers, masquerading under the name of manufacturers. It was explained further that the same policy was applied to quite a proportion of last season's business.

Weather Still Against Sales.

Another snowstorm coming on top of weather that appeared to have changed definitely to a Spring variety did not help the spirit in apparel trade circles yesterday. The majority of first-hand sellers still blame most of their troubles on the state of the weather and are unwilling to believe that prices are proving so much of a drawback to consumer buying. The opinion is heard on all sides that with plenty of work and high wages people will step in and clean out retail stocks in no time, once they get a real opportunity. In the meantime orders continue to come in for only small amounts of merchandise needed for replacement.

Supplementary Woolen Lines.

Some selling agents and direct sellers in the woolen market have announced that supplementary lines will be ready in Fall goods for the men's wear trade in about a week's time. These announcements are regarded by buyers as confirmation of their previously reached conclusions that there will be plenty of goods for the heavyweight season and that prices will be at more attractive levels. While sellers are not prone to admit that cancellations amount to anything serious, nevertheless the preparation of additional lines gives their customers reason for believing that perhaps revisions have been heavier than the mill agents' estimate to them.

Gray Goods Prices Higher.

A broadening demand and higher prices were the keynotes of yesterday's gray goods business here. March lots of 39-inch 68-72s were sold at 25¼ cents, and nearby business was done on 38½-inch 64-60s at 24 cents. Late bids of the latter price did not bring out the goods. Eastern lots of April-May 38½-inch 60-48s were sold at 22½ cents. In the sheetings, buyers paid 17½ cents for 5.50s and 19½ cents for June and July shipments of five-yard goods. Pin-yarn cloths were again non-existent, but the demand for the clothing styles gained considerable impetus. Sales of both twills and sateens were reported at prices showing advances of 1 to 2 cents a yard over the recent low points.

Furs Triumph Over Gold.

High prices paid for raw skins this Winter are causing furs to triumph over gold, for miners at locations in Northwestern Canada are abandoning their jobs to become trappers. Reports to this effect were received here yesterday by the New York Fur Auction Sales Corporation, and gave as their authority for the statement Commissioner R. C. Wallace, official administrator of the Northern Manitoba. Much of the surface development of recognized locations was done, the reports went on, is done during the Winter, when it is possible for the miners to cut away the frozen muskeg and expose rock without interference from surface water. This Winter, however, miners are turning from picks and shovels to traps and snowshoes.

Better Clothing Fairly Firm.

Conditions surrounding the sale of men's clothing of the better grade are regarded in a fairly optimistic light by both buyers and sellers. In the medium and cheaper lines the same spirit does not exist, and there are understood to be quite a few jobs at price concessions to be obtained in the local market. The outlook for the coming heavyweight season is based more or less on the tendency described. Makers of high-grade merchandise see nothing dark ahead, although they realize that it will be harder to sell their accustomed quantities than in the last two seasons. The character of woolens to be put into next season's suits and overcoats is said to show quite some improvement over what the mills have been able to do since the war, and this fact, it is explained, should contribute toward overcoming some of the objections that may be raised to higher prices.

Expect Still Lower Prices.

Despite the sharp declines that have taken place in raw silks here in the last few weeks, the "bear" element among the manufacturers look for still lower quotations. Not only is this because the raw material is going into consumption more slowly now than was the case at this time a year ago, but because the production of Japanese silks—from which the great bulk of American silk goods are made—shows a marked gain during the current crop year over that of 1919. In the present crop year to date shipments from Yokohama have totaled 195,200 bales, of which all but 4,500 have come to this country. Current stocks at Yokohama are placed at 11,000 bales, which, added to shipments, gives a production of 200,200 bales so far. Last year the respective figures were 161,625 bales for total shipments and 28,300 bales for stock at Yokohama, making a total of 174,925 bales. This makes a gain of 31,275 bales for the 1920 crop year to date, or well over 4,000,000 pounds.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The Goodwill Manufacturing Company, makers of soft collar attached shirts, has opened a New York office at 200 Fifth Avenue, in charge of M. G. Whitman.

A meeting of the Corrugated Paper Manufacturers' Association will be held at the Hotel Pennsylvania on Monday evening to take up complaints relating to the delivery of boxes.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

ZENITH CLOAK & SUIT CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel Weinstein and Morris Cooperman, individually and as co-partners, trading as Zenith Cloak & Suit Co., manufacturing cloaks and suits, at 135 West 27th St., by American Novelty Wash Suit Co., Inc., creditor for $1,038. Judge Hand has appointed Elnar L. Crystie receiver in $2,000 bond. The liabilities are said to be about $15,000 and assets about $5,000. The partnership is said to have recently succeeded the Zenith Cloak & Suit Corporation.

MILTEX WOOLEN CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against George H. Rosenbaum and Samuel Rosenbaum, individually and as co-partners, trading as Miltex Woolen Co., jobbers in woolens, at 458 4th Av., by Charles G. Rich, a creditor, for $500.

CHARLES DE BEDTS—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Charles de Bedts, dealer in cotton duck, awning and railroad supplies, at 14 Fulton St., by the following named creditors: Geo. Milne & Co., $2,840; Henry C. Kelly Co., $102, and Ellson & Wood, $1,617. The liabilities are said to be about $20,000 and assets about $10,000. An assignment was recently made.

McMANUS CORP.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against McManus Corporation, producer of moving pictures, at 2 West 47th St., by the following named creditors: Percy G. Honeyman, $1,548; Ludwig Merklein, $1,051, and Goldye Miller, $1,552.

ISIDOR WASSERMAN, a real estate agent at 51 East Ninety-seventh Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $75,777, and no assets. Among the creditors are Burns Bros., $5,175; Bernard Moskowitz, $15,000, and Pearl Manowitz, $2,000.

HAROLD J. CAUL, salesman, at 204 Franklin Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $5,630, and assets of $1,381, of which $1,000 represents an agreement between petitioner and Producers Development Company of Huntington, W. Va., for the development of oil lands. Aaron Lustig is a judgment creditor for $4,572.

COHEN, HINDES & JAFFEE—Judge Hand has appointed Jacob J. Lesser receiver for Cohen, Hindes & Jaffee, manufacturers of children's pants at 14 Wooster Street, in $12,000 bond. The liabilities are said to be about $20,000, and assets about $25,000.

PIAIA WAIST CO.—Judge Hand has appointed Mary G. Potter receiver for Lawrence and Antonio Piaia, copartners, trading as Piaia Waist Company, at 130 Bleecker Street, in $500 bond. The liabilities are said to be about $20,000, and assets about $500.

SIGMUND LEVINSON, men's clothing, at 125 Stanton Street, has effected a composition with creditors on a 25 per cent. basis—10 per cent. in cash and 10 per cent. in notes. The liabilities are $29,658.

TRIUMPH SALES CO., INC.—Judge Hand has issued an order dismissing the petition in bankruptcy filed Dec. 1, 1919, against Triumph Sales Company, Inc., mail order house, at 23 West Thirty-fourth Street, on consent of creditors.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, March 19.—Alexander S. Cameron, a contractor, has filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $15,858, and assets none.

JUDGMENTS

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor.

In New York County.

Apperson, Isaac—S. Wilkin et al. ... $156.38
Arohstein, Walter, Jacob, Isidore and Samuel—M. Brukenfeld. ... 970.95
Albert, Leo, by guardian—Interborough Rapid Transit Co., costs. ... 108.95
Barkley Co.—Buffalo Envelope Co. ... 164.70
Burker, John, and Nat'l Surety Co.—People, &c. ... 500.00
Brodman, Abraham—M. Ratner. ... 283.45
Brumberger, Julius; Louis Levine and Morris Marcus—G. Albert et al. ... 110.38
Blodgett, Leslie—M. I. Davidson. ... 282.82
Burch, Wesson—M. Greenberg. ... 891.50
Cooper, Joseph C.—G. E. Deadwyler et al. ... 1,214.01
Cargils, Marios, and Nat'l Surety Co.—People, &c. ... 500.00
Cristol, Marrie (Andever Crockery Shop)—J. M. Gray. ... 130.11
Daum, Charles—Washington Underwear Co. ... 180.60
Engel, Erich—D. Bros. ... 250.78
Freudenheim, Anna R., and Isidor Freudenheim—Sherman Nat'l Bank of N. Y. ... 180.08
Freeman, Joseph W.—Fairbanks Morse & Co. ... 796.82
Fish, Thomas A.—Gissenner. ... 441.02
Gawrit, William—M. Poland. ... 836.41
Gerard, Rose—Interborough Rapid Transit Co., costs. ... 113.95
Giachna, Maria C.—Perna. ... 380.20
Hamburger Gates—N. Y. French Range Co. ... 187.70
Hedger, Jos. E., receiver—H. Bruder & Co. ... 440.15
Hollander, Solomon, Irving G. and Samuel—Schlesser. ... 1,038.87
Immermann, Joseph—Phillips. ... 228.60
Jardin Co., Inc.—C. T. Willers & Co., Inc. ... 1,782.48
Johnson, Francis E.; Edwin A. Bayles and Francis S. Bayliss—A. Fleischman et al. ... 1,830.12
Jayne, Harold B.—Ntl. Automatic Typewriter Co., costs. ... 161.61
Kolde, Henry W.—C. Fryer. ... 275.41
Kellywood Realty Co. and Mary A. Meehan—Atlantic Terra Cotta Co. ... 367.44
Liberty Box Co., Inc.—Ntl. Cloak & Suit Co. ... 180.32
Lombardo, Joseph, and Thomas Cosese—People, &c. ... 300.00
Levine, Isaac—B. Susser. ... 131.31
Maier, Karl (Max Maier)—Guaranty Trust Co of N. Y. ... 86,829.95
Mankoff, William—H. Starkey. ... 1,142.20
Merian, Susan M.—J. Kasner. ... 532.10
Manikas, Eleftherios—P. G. Porliacos. ... 571.70
Mostow, Philip—Rangeley Construction Co. ... 1,112.20
New Style Laundry Co., Inc.—Peitzer Bros., Inc. ... 291.95
Peets, Clifford S. (Victor Ford Transmission Co.)—Joseph Mayer, Publisher, Inc. ... 169.20
Phillips, John D.—Geo. F. Lamb & Co., Inc. ... 511.11
Reis, Helen (Seventh Avenue Embroidery Co.)—J. Fragale & Co. ... 141.73
Reaney, Michael J.—Hawkins. ... 1,012.70
Rifkin, Samuel—Ntl. Surety Co. ... 250.08
Rosenfield, Solomon—B. Rosenfield, costs ... 120.43
Silva, David—C. Renard. ... 1,048.20
Surridge, John H.—M. Waterman. ... 221.20
Skelly, Elizabeth S.—Interborough Rapid Transit Co., costs. ... 120.45
Sinclair, Peter S. (now Belle Brown)—N. Y. Tribune, Inc., costs. ... 110.18
Seldowitz, Mark—S. Levine et al. ... 130.19
Terry, Philip, and Samuel Greenberg (Terry & Greenberg)—I. Buck. ... 1,273.90
Van Hagen, Arnold C.—C. S. Butler. ... 4,629.00
W. L. Sutphin Realty Co., Inc., and Wm. L. Sutphin—P. Sigele. ... 216.66
Wolff, Maurice M.—A. Serg. ... 174.70
Whitehead, Joseph P.—St. Regis Hotel Co. ... 1,014.92
Walls, William—F. R. Aponte. ... 120.90
Same—Same ... 120.90
Weiss, Samuel—L. Kaufman. ... 262.24
Znd, Harry—Boston Mills, Inc. ... 6,670.54

In Bronx County.

Ceracoli, Aurelio—J. McKibbin. ... $540.72
Dunkleman, Marcus, and Adolph Schwartz and Max Friedberg—A. Kacerow. ... 2,384.24
Ex Magaldi Co., Inc.—Pierce Butler & Pierce Mfg. Corp. ... 77.61
Engel, Erich—D. C. Bros. ... 285.73
Furman, William—Lenox Wall Paper Co. ... 181.18
Goldstein, Samuel—F. Leiser. ... 339.04
Hirshfield, David and Joseph—A. Schulman ... 701.15
Horton, Philip G.—A. Hamilton Institute ... 80.30
Levy, Isaac B.—J. Zeman ... 2,603.63
Monfito, Angelo—Butler Bros. ... 84.04
Roth, Anna—H. Bodenheimer, et al. ... 332.70
Yockel, Philip—M. O'Neill Supply Co. ... 1,381.50

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Harbor City Canning Co. and Stephen Criasafulli—P. Cantens & Co., 6 Jan. March 11, 1920 (vacated). ... $27,965.18
Fantiel, Rose, and Nat Becher—People, &c., December 29, 1919. ... 500.00
Walker, James, and Nat Becher—Same, Feb. 20, 1920. ... 300.00
Burgess, Elizabeth or Mrs. E. G.—J. C. W. Munt, Jan. 24, 1918. ... 1256.90
Nevelson, Harry—R. Drennan, May 20, 1919. ... 101.93
O'Brien, Maria A.—N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. Co. et al., Jan. 22, 1920. ... 506.38
Silvert, Albert—Silvert Business Buildings Corp., Jan. 11, 1917. ... 121.16
McNulty, Patrick J., Maria E. Farell and James Cassidy—M. Raymond, May 22, 1919. ... 9,360.19
Freifeld, Louis—Hardman, Peck & Co., Jan. 8, 1917. ... 189.91
Same—I. Hentel, June 18, 1917. ... 105.90
Norfolk & Western Ry. Co.—H. Bauman, March 12, 1920. ... 50,268.51
North, Ruffin—L. G. Marnus, June 6, 1917. ... 618.48
Lynch, Oscar J.—M. H. Grossman et al., Feb. 24, 1920. ... 880.70
Korn, Moses—R. Fisher, Feb. 2, 1920. ... 188.65
Stanton, Larson Co., Inc.—F. B. Delehanty, Nov. 19, 1916. ... 1,423.50
Samuels, H. & Gant, April 20, 1918. ... 78.16
Same—H. Gant, Dec. 18, 1918. ... 687.18
Same—H. L. Gant, Dec. 6, 1918. ... 100.52
Claremont Park Church, Congregation—E. Clark, Dec. 21, 1917. ... 585.60
McIntyre, Margaret, Mary E. Tone and Ann T. Healy—A. J. Koch, Jan. 23, 1920 (canceled). ... 1023.14
Bernsonburg, Yacht, April 20, 1918. ... 78.16
March 11, 1920. ... 493.30
Kanefsky, Jacob—M. Blumenfeld, May 13, 1911. ... 164.73
Gabriel, Sadie—M. Friedman, Oct. 30, 1915. ... 124.61
Frank P. Wood Co.—K. S. Murphy, Oct. 8, 1919. ... 1,003.20

In Bronx County.

De Lorenzo, Filmore and Frederick De Lorenzo—F. De Lorenzo; July 14, 1919. ... $2,187.28

DO NOT FEAR BIG PACKERS.

Independent Dealer and Wool Growers Oppose Regulation.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Opposing regulatory legislation for the packing industry, Patrick Brennan, President of the Independent Packing Company of Chicago, told the House Agriculture Committee today that he started in business in 1895 "under the shadow of the five big packers" and was now doing a gross annual business of $29,000,000. This, he said, was evidence that the independent packer could compete successfully with the "Big Five."

Dr. J. M. Wilson, President of the Wyoming Wool Growers' Association, said regulations would not only harm meat producers but would injure foreign trade.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALTOONA, Pa.—Kline Bros.: Miss E. Dixon, cloaks, suits, furs; Mrs. A. Mattern, millinery, 23 East 20th St.

BOSTON—Chandler & Co.: Miss K. Padian, gloves; 230 5th Av.

BOSTON—Sullivan Bros.: J. J. Sullivan, woolens; McAlpin.

BUFFALO—Flint & Kent: H. F. Wolbke, dress goods, woolens; 220 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.: L. Bamberger, shoes; 13 West 22d St.

CHICAGO—Chicago Mail Order Co.: M. C. Goldman, women's, misses' coats; 368 6th Av.

CHICAGO—Twelfth St. Store: J. A. Walsh, mdse. manager; 1,133 Broadway, Room 501.

CINCINNATI—Outlet Stores: I. Friedman, jobs velour check suits, shepherd check suits, 1,170 Broadway, Room 506.

CLEVELAND—The May Co.: J. O. Sproul, suits; 37 W. 26th St.

CLEVELAND—Root & McBride: J. S. Littlefield, white goods, hndkfs.; 72 Leonard St.

DETROIT—A. Krolik & Co.: J. Lahey, small wares; 377 B'way.

JACKSON, Mich.—L. H. Field Co.: Miss M. Gardanier, women's, infants' wear, corsets; F. P. Ingram, mdse. mgr.; the Annex.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—Mark Sample Shop: M. Mark, women's ready-to-wear, dresses, coats, suits, skirts; Union Square.

LAMPASAS, Texas—Stokes Bros. & Co.: C. D. Stokes, dry goods, women's ready-to-wear, millinery, men's clothing, shoes; 1,181 B'way, Room 24.

MILWAUKEE—Ed. Schuster & Co.: Chas. Greenblatt, jobs dresses; 364 5th Av.

MONTREAL—H. Morgan & Co.: A. J. Tourangeau, china, art goods; Grand.

PHILADELPHIA—Lit Bros.: M. Feldman, jobs suits; 1,201 B'way.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Rosenberg Bros. & Co.: H. Levi, clothing; 200 5th Av., Room 1428.

SAN FRANCISCO—Barry, Newberg & Co.: J. Newberg, coats, suits, dresses; Pennsylvania.

ST. LOUIS—Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney: R. M. Chamberlin, men's, boys' clothing, boys' furnishings; 225 5th Av.

ST. LOUIS—Lily & Walker & D. G. Co.: E. Super, blankets; 56 Worth St.

ST. LOUIS—Troolicht-Duncker Carpet Co.: C. H. Duncker, carpets, rugs, upholstery; 11 E. 17th.

WATERTOWN, N. Y.—A. Bushnell & Co.: K. George, dry goods, notions, furn. goods; 6 W. 32d St.

WATERTOWN, N. Y.—F. A. Empsall & Co.: F. A. Empsall, dry goods, notions, men's furn. goods; 116 W. 32d St.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

REFINED COUPLE WISH TO ADOPT attractive healthy girl one to three years of age; excellent home and all advantages of education. Write, giving full particulars, all replies confidential. Address "I. C. N.," P. O. Box 922, City Hall Station.

INFORMATION IS DESIRED CONCERNING present whereabouts of Eugene O'Conner, formerly a photographer, with a studio in New York City; we have some important information for Mr. O'Conner, and will appreciate any aid given. W 284 Times.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted by my wife, Mary Bryant, professionally known as Mary Hall, without my written authority.

Frederick (Esmelton) Bryant.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

We are opening a department store on Broadway, Brooklyn's busiest section, and will rent out several departments if interested. Write for terms, &c., B. M., 224 Times.

Large corner store on Lexington Av., corner 100th St., for rent from May 1; subway station at 116th St. Apply Adlers, 1,170 Broadway, Room 310.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

MILL WANTED.
WILL FINANCE OR CONSIDER PARTNERSHIP PROPOSITION WITH KNITTING MILL MAKING MEN'S SILK KNITTED TIES, PRODUCING AROUND A MILLION DOLLARS OR OVER A YEAR; ALL COMMUNICATIONS KEPT STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL AND LETTERS RETURNED UPON REQUEST.

LONG-HELD DUANE STREET REALTY SOLD

L. Blyn Shoe Co. Buys Mercantile Buildings Running Through Block to Thomas Street.

FOR WAREHOUSE USE

Sellers, Members of the Coe Family, Have Had Uninterrupted Ownership of Property Since 1869.

In the Duane Street shoe district, where sales for many years have been few and far between, the L. Blyn Shoe Company acquired yesterday the four five-story store and loft buildings at 105 and 107 Duane Street, running through the block to 14 and 16 Thomas Street, the street frontages being in each case forty feet and the depth of the entire plot being 200 feet. Jacob Bloch negotiated the transactions, including the original sale by the Martha C. Coe estate to the Nyle Realty Corporation and the immediate resale to the Blyn firm, which plans to occupy the buildings as a wholesale warehouse when the existing leases expire. The property has been in the possession of members of the Coe family since 1869. Most of the property in Duane Street from Broadway to West Broadway is strongly held by old estates which have for years kept their holdings out of the market. In spite of the rising market and the great activity in the neighboring butter and egg and provision district, it is known that partially none of the buildings in the shoe centre are available for purchase.

There were several other interesting downtown transactions closed yesterday. The Broadway-John Street Corporation, Elias A. Cohen, President, resold the Manover Building, an eight-story office structure at 130 and 132 Pearl Street, running through the block to 96 and 98 Water Street, on a plot 40 by 112. The buyer is the State Steamship Company, which will occupy the property. The structure is in the heart of the shipping district and was held at $350,000 by the sellers. Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd were the brokers in the deal.

J. S. Maxwell sold for the Thomas McNeil estate 189 Chambers Street, a four-story building, on lot 20 by 100, between Washington and West Streets, carrying possession May 1. The buyer is Isaac Goldferb. The property was held at $50,000 and has not changed hands in forty-nine years. Negotiations are pending for a resale.

Frederick Brown bought from the estate of Newbold Edgar 870 Broadway, with an "L" to 30 East Eighteenth Street, surrounding the southeast corner of those thoroughfares, two four-story buildings, 25 by 99.3 by 34.4 by 25, carrying possession May 1. The property had been in the possession of the selling family for seventy years. Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd and Spotts & Starr were the brokers in the deal.

Joseph P. Day negotiated the resale of the eight-story loft building at 10 and 12 Vandewater Street, held at $90,000, for Frederick Brown to J. Mendlowitch.

The Cruikshank Company has sold for William W. D. Kilpatrick to a client for investment 830 Greenwich Street and 68 Horatio Street, the southwest corner, a three-story brick building with extension, on plot 22.1 on Greenwich Street by 76.10 on Horatio Street.

THE BROOKLYN DEMAND.

Realty Company Buys Three Apartments Held at $250,000.

The Berkshire Realty Company, Inc., Joseph G. Haft, President, purchased from Ka-Land Construction Company, 541-547 Lincoln Place, near Franklin Avenue, three four-story sixteen-family apartment houses on a plot 140 by 430. The property shows a gross annual rental of $36,000 and was held at $250,000. Adolph Berlin was the broker in this transaction.

The Meister Builders, Inc., sold to a client of the Stewart Realty Company, 268 Baltic Street, a three-story brick flat on a plot 19.6 by 70 and resold for occupancy to clients of P. Pisani, 136 and 136A Tenth Street, two two-story frame dwellings on a plot 24 by 100 each.

Emanuel Sommer, builder, sold from the plans to Joseph Reinborn, a one-family house to be erected on the west side of Ocean Parkway, 400 feet south of Ditmas Avenue, for $25,000.

Lee E. Gilard & J. J. Levey sold 1,021 East Third Street, corner Avenue I, Flatbush, a one-family detached frame cottage on plot 40 by 100, to a client for investment.

E. F. Knowles Company resold 271 Lewis Avenue, near Madison Street, a two-story brick dwelling to George Marshall the present tenant.

Charles Partridge sold the three-story brick and stone building, 604 Franklin Avenue, for Louise Borchardt to a client for investment.

F. C. Sauter sold the two-story brick dwelling, 138 Prospect Avenue, for Mildred Del Monte to Samuel Phillips.

The Meister Builders, Inc., purchased from a client of Frank Anderson, 563 to 571 Warren Street, five four-story double flats, on a plot 125 by 100, J. Goldberg was the broker.

Frank A. Beaver & Co. sold the two-story and basement two-family house, 162 Fiftieth Street, for M. A. Ansbro to a client for occupancy.

The Bulkley & Horton Co. sold 222 Troy Avenue, a two-story, two-family dwelling, on a lot 16 by 90, for A. E. Adamson to client for investment.

The Realty Trust sold for the Alco Building Co. the one-family semi-detached brick dwelling, 2,628 Sixty-fifth Street, Mapleton Park, to Esther Horn for occupancy.

The Realty Associates sold on the northeast side of Sixty-third Street, 300 feet northeast of Sixth Avenue, a plot 60 by 100, to M. C. K. Construction Co., Inc.; also 3702 Hewes Street and 403 South Fourth Street, three-story frame corner building, 25 by 35 by 95, to G. Bronig and J. Brodsky. The broker in the transaction was Nat Milrad.

Henry Pierson & Co. sold 141 Berkeley Place, between Sixth and Seventh Avenues, a three-story stone dwelling, for Howard Blackwell, to a client for occupancy; also 364 Park Place, a three-story dwelling on a lot 18 by 131, for Martin Young, to an investor for occupancy.

The one-family dwelling, 1329 East Eighth Street, in the Flatbush section, were sold through Schwartz & Jakobson to Rose M. Greenstone for occupancy.

David Heilbut has purchased the property at 2,223 Bay View Place, from Mr. McLaren.

James B. Fisher sold to the Lithuanian R. C. Alliance of America, for Conrad G. Moller and others, the property at the southeast corner of South Fourth and Havemeyer Streets, to be used as a headquarters for the Lithuanian Society.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Henry Brady.

Fifth St., 182 East, s e, 106.3 ft s of Lexington Av., 18.9x100.11, three-story stone tenement; N.Y. Investors' Corp. against Leo Kohn et al; Harold Swain, attorney; John H. Regan, referee; due on judgment $2,640.78, taxes, &c., $138; sold to Thomas M. Flynn for $9,500.

By Joseph P. Day.

Montauk St., 32, e s, 175.7 ft s of Grand St, 20x100, six-story brick tenement and stores; Martin Marks against Walterer Realty Company et al; S. Earle Levene, attorney; Harold B. Lippincott, referee; due on judgment $4,117.06, taxes, &c., $319; subject to prior mortgage of $23,000; sold to the plaintiff for $24,525.

By James J. Donovan.

Bedford Av., 2, s s, 50 ft w of White Plains Road, 25x100; Albert Anderson against Catharine Burge; Walter Robertson, attorney; Morris Frank, referee; due on judgment $10,167.91, taxes, &c., $400; sold to Peter So O'Hara for $1,500.

BIG APARTMENT DEALS.

Three East Side Buildings Bought Under Co-Operative Plan.

Walter C. Wyckoff, as broker, has sold the three nine-story apartment houses at 118 East Fifty-fourth Street, 115 East 53d Street and 123 East Fifty-third Street, to a group of tenants now living in the buildings and a few others, who will secure occupancy Oct. 1 next. The purchasers will form a stock company for the ownership and management of the property on a co-operative basis. The Fifty-fourth Street building has a frontage of seventy-six feet and the two Fifty-third Street buildings have a frontage of 137 feet. All three buildings surround open courts, planted with sod and shrubbery, extending from Fifty-third Street to the rear of the Fifty-fourth Street building. The 118 East Fifty-fourth Street Company, the seller, acquired title to the land through Walter C. Wyckoff in 1911 and 1912 and erected the three buildings with facades of Indiana limestone and light face brick. They are considered one of the most attractive group of buildings in the Park Avenue section, 115 East Fifty-third Street having been awarded second prize for the finest exterior of any building erected in 1914. The buildings have apartments varying in size from five rooms and two baths to ten rooms and three baths and have every modern convenience. The annual rent roll is approximately $240,000. Among the prominent tenants who have joined in the purchase of the property are W. Kirkpatrick Brice, T. Ferdinand Willcox, H. M. Merriman and H. S. McKee.

Nassoit & Lanning sold for Frederick H. E. Ehlen, the Parthenon, a six-story apartment house at the northeast corner of Amsterdam Avenue and 114th Street, plot 41 by 100. The property was held at $150,000.

C. C. Macray sold for R. L. Pakas to Mendel Presberger the Hollywood apartments at the southwest corner of Madison Avenue and Ninety-fourth Street. The property was held at $250,000. The seller accepted 200 lots at Rockville Centre, N. Y., as part payment.

Dershuich & Co., in conjunction with F. B. Robert, have sold for E. Deshion the seven-story elevator apartment at 521 and 523 West 124th street, near Broadway, on plot 52 by 100. The purchaser will make extensive alterations in modernizing the building at the expiration of present leases.

The 200 Wadsworth Avenue Corporation with P. Rosenthal, B. H. Whitehouse and A. I Spiro was formed at Albany yesterday with a capital of $20,000 to take over the five-story apartment at the northwest corner of Wadsworth Avenue and 183d Street, on plot 74.11 by 50.6. Title is held by V. H. Ellis.

Jules Nehring, Inc., sold for the Estate of George Hiams, 557 and 559 West 140th Street, two five-story walk-up apartment houses on plot 75 by 100 feet. The buyer is Louis Mondschein.

C. C. Hough & Co. sold for the A. Z. Realty Company (Abraham Zauderer, President) to Louis Leffler, 513 West 157th Street, a five-story apartment house, renting for $12,000 and held at $75,000.

William H. Archibald of Dwight, Archibald & Perry, Inc., acting for a client, resold at a substantial profit the four-story tenement, 495 West Forty-ninth Street, which he purchased at the Henry Astor estate auction sale on March 9. The purchaser will hold the property for investment.

Norman Denzer sold for the Lestol Realty Company the Lydia Court, a six-story elevator apartment at 548-547 West 162d Street, on plot 105x100, 100 feet east of Broadway, held at $240,000. Mr. Denzer sold this property about three months ago to the present sellers and has resold it to an investor.

John Peters sold for David Klinger to Miss Adele Mary Erb, associate leader of the Thirteenth Assembly District Republican Club, 353 West 115th Street, a five-story apartment house, on lot 25x100.

Maurice Wertheim sold for William J. Roche the five-story flat 131 East Fiftieth Street to Cora A. Ferguson. John Finck was associated as broker.

Manhattan Dwelling Deals.

Frederick Zittel & Sons, sold for the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, as trustee, the north corner of Riverside Drive and Seventy-eighth Street, a four-story dwelling on lot 25.4 by 80, held at $100,000, to a builder for alteration.

The Haggstrom-Callen Company sold for Hilda Strauss the four-story dwelling at 108 West Eighty-seventh Street to Catherine Walsh, who was the tenant in the building.

Shaw & Co. sold for Rose Frucht to Louis Cohn, a client of William Marks, 64 West 113th Street, a three-story dwelling, 17 by 100.

The Brown, Wheelock Company, Inc., sold for the Clark estate 75 West Eighty-fifth Street, a four-story dwelling, 17.6 by 100, held at $25,000, to Frances V. Sanford, the present tenant. This is the twenty-second sale made by these brokers for the estate since the first of the year.

The estate of T. O. Purdy sold to S. L. Pakas 311 West Eighty-seventh Street, a three-story dwelling, 18 by 100, held at $26,000. Maxwell Moser was the broker.

John H. Pierce sold for the Equitable Life Assurance Society 234 West 138th Street, a three-story dwelling, 21 by 100, to a client for occupancy.

William Wolff & Son sold for Mrs. Irma Schoenberg, to a client, the five-story dwelling at 52 St. Mark's Place; also to Joseph Zimmern, who will occupy the three-story house at 127 East Eighty-first Street and also to Dr. S. J. Tandlich, the house at 245 East Seventy-first Street.

Cruikshank Company sold for Mrs. Edith Rice Jacobson to a client for investment the four-story dwelling, 122 East Seventy-ninth Street, on lot 17 by 102.

Operators in Eight Deals.

Price Brothers, represented by Abraham Leicher, attorney, resold 570 West 172d Street, 62.6 by 100, a five-story apartment, renting for $14,000 and held at $105,000, to H. B. Selvin; also purchased from D. Ullman 2,542 Seventh Avenue, 40 by 100, a five-story apartment, renting for $10,000 and held at $50,000, through Tobias Schwartz, and resold 277 West 150th Street, a five-story apartment, 41.6 by 100, renting for $9,600 and held at $55,000, to Max Wiener. They purchased 241 West 148th Street, a five-story house, 40 by 100, renting for $9,000 and held at $55,000, through Tobias Schwartz, and 69 West 132d Street, a five-story house, 25 by 100, held at $30,000.

In the Bronx Price Brothers purchased from the Murray Holding Company 220 East 176th Street, corner of Eastburn Avenue, 48 by 95, a five-story apartment, renting for $12,000 and held at $80,000; also purchased through Shaw & Co. 810 Elton Avenue, 50 by 100, a five-story apartment, renting for $10,500 and held at $60,000, and have resold 267 East 188th Street, 50 by 103, a five-story twenty-family house, renting for $13,000 and held at $80,000, through M. Pfeiffer.

New City College Building.

E. Neus and D. B. Steinman, architects, have filed plans for the construction of a three-story laboratory building at the southeast corner of Amsterdam Avenue and 140th Street for the College of the City of New York. The building will be fireproof, with a frontage of 193 feet and a depth of 49.5 feet, and will accommodate seventy-five students in the basement and 100 each on the first and second floors. The occupancy will be for engineering and drafting. The cost has been estimated at $200,000.

To Remodel Wendel Building.

Plans have been filed with the Manhattan Bureau of Buildings for making over the six-story office building at 181 Broadway into tea rooms, at an estimated cost of $65,000. The Wendel estate is the owner of record, Frank G. Shattuck Company is the lessee and Charles E. Birge is the architect.

BUYING WESTCHESTER HOMES

High-Class Dwellings in Commuting Zone Find Ready Buyers.

Fish & Marvin sold for Mrs. E. A. Cassidy her residence with over one acre of ground on the corner of Monterey and Witherbee Avenues at Pelham Manor to Mrs. C. A. Eaton of Rochester, N. Y. The property was held at $80,000.

Fish & Marvin also sold for A. Dudley Britton his house at Lawrence Park, Bronxville, held at $35,000, to James Garretson of New York City, and for Mrs. Bartlett her property at the entrance to Cedar Knolls at Bronxville to C. Redfield of the United States Shipping Board. The property was held at $12,000.

Howe & Thompson sold the D. Alice McTernan property at 7 Maple Avenue, White Plains, to George E. Mansfield of Ludwig & Co., New York City.

Howe & Thompson sold the Richard Langie property at 4 Mamaroneck Avenue, White Plains, held at $14,500, to Robert Ellis.

Chauncey B. Griffin & Co. sold a double house situated on Waller Avenue, Scarsdale, for Mrs. Edith L. Just to Stewart T. Smith of Manhattan.

The Robert E. Farley Organization sold for Mrs. Eva Denault her residence on Bellevue Avenue, Yonkers, to Mrs. Adeline B. Myers of Brooklyn.

The suburban residence of Mary R. Young at 97 Summit Driveway, Riverview Manor, Hastings-on-the-Hudson, has been sold to Milton D. Proctor of Manhattan.

Gramercy Park Project.

Charles W. Mix of the Frank L. Fisher Company, representing a syndicate, has obtained an option to purchase the former home of Stanford White, later occupied by the Princeton Club, at the northwest corner of Lexington Avenue and Twenty-first Street, and the adjoining four-story residence at 119 East Twenty-first Street, facing Gramercy Park. The properties are owned by the estate of Henry A. C. Taylor, and form a frontage of 58 feet on the street and 131.6 feet on Lexington Avenue, with a 75-foot "L" on the latter. The syndicate, in which Herbert Lucas is interested, has in view a twelve-story apartment house of the co-operative type, similar to those Mr. Lucas developed on the opposite northeast corner, and at 24 Gramercy Park.

Other Manhattan Sales.

Harris, Vought & Co. have sold for the Beacon Holding Company the two four-story buildings at 134-6 East Sixty-fourth Street on plot 50 by 100.5. Brown Wheelock Company represented the seller. It is understood that improvements are contemplated by the purchasers.

Henry Hof sold for L. Amelia Camp and Lissette Otto the four-story building at 241 East Thirty-sixth Street to Florence A. McConnell, who will alter the premises for his own occupancy.

Pepe & Brother sold for James Hopkins to a client the six-story store and loft building at 289 Bleecker Street, on plot 28.5 by 75.

Dwight, Archibald & Perry sold for Julia I. O'Hara the three-story building at 422 West Twenty-fourth Street, a Moore leasehold.

M. & L. Hess sold for Helene Nunnenkamp the five-story flat at 268 West Fortieth Street. The buyer contemplates altering the building for business use.

The Bronx Market.

Louis Monschein bought through Jules Nehring, Inc., 996 Trinity Avenue, a five-story apartment house, on a plot 37.6 by 100 feet, which was resold to a client of Frank E. Silverman.

William Peters & Co. sold for Henry and August Suhrig the two-family frame dwelling 1,849 Bronxdale Avenue to Vincenzo Del Giudice.

Harry Cahn purchased from A. L. Guodone the vacant plot on the west side of Crotona Avenue, 425 feet north of 183d Street, 75 by 80.

The Eugene J. Busher Company, Inc., sold to a client a two-family house, 3,223 Decatur Avenue, on a lot 25 by 100, for Helen Dickenson.

Sager & Shapiro purchased 1,707 University Avenue, a five-story apartment house, on a plot 53 by 100, which rents for $13,000 and was held at $80,000; Sager & Shapiro also sold to an investor the northwest corner of Crotona Avenue and 175th Street, a six-story apartment house, on a plot 35 by 100, which rents for $11,000 and was held at $60,000.

Alexander Selkin sold for Frieda Steinhauser the three-family dwelling, on a lot 20 by 100, 840 East 156th Street.

George S. Runk sold for the Rocky Crest Realty Company, Inc., the five-story walk-up at 600 East 167th Street, on a plot 45 by 110. The property was held at $70,000 and has a rental of $10,000.

Queens Borough Transactions.

The Rickert-Brown Realty Company sold to Charlotte F. Naughton a two-story dwelling on Ditmars Avenue, between Goodrich Street and Merchant Street, Arleigh, for $10,000.

Biermann Brothers sold to Oakland View Realty Corporation a plot 62 by 112, on the northwest corner of Herald and Liberty Avenues at Woodhaven.

Cubesee Investment Association sold to Corporal John Ruoff Post, American Legion No. 632, a plot 100 by 100, on the east side of Oceanview Avenue at Woodhaven.

J. Cohn sold to H. Block a plot 75 by 100, on the south side of Nelson Avenue, Far Rockaway.

Henry Brady sold for Mrs. Robert B. Currie to Edward T. Cody, Jr., the three-story dwelling, 50 by 100, on Second Street, near Warburton Avenue, Bayside.

The Lewis H. May Company sold for Elisabeth A. McLean to a client the two and one-half story dwelling, on the east side of Roanoke Avenue, Far Rockaway.

Frank J. Magerle sold for Mrs. Elizabeth Roth the two-family house at 8,709 102d Street, Richmond Hill.

Plan Mid-Town Loft.

Herman Arns Company sold for the Forty-eighth Street Company, Henry Claman, President, the Henri Court, at 312 to 316 West Forty-eighth Street, a six-story apartment house, on plot 50 by 100, which was erected by the seller about eight years ago. In part payment the Forty-eighth Street Company took the property at 221 and 223 West Thirty-fifth Street, 42 by 98.9, which they immediately resold to the L. J. G. Realty Company, and which will erect a twelve-story loft building on the site.

Will Pay Big Rental.

The General Motors Export Company, which recently leased the sixth to the thirteenth floor in the new Rudolph Wurlitzer Building at 120 West Forty-second Street, will pay $185,000 a year for this space for a ten-year period, beginning May 1, 1920.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

House Wanted
Wish modern, well located house for rent or sale. Desirable tenant.
S. Osgood Pell & Co., 15-17 W. 44 St., N.Y. Tel. 3510 Vanderbilt.

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392 Audubon Ave.
(184th & 185th Sts.)
2 story and basement, brick dwelling; all modern improvements; fine order; partly furnished. Owner will give possession in 15 days if wanted. Cash required $4,000, balance mortgage.
POSSESSION MAY 1st
868 BROADWAY
4-STORY AND BASEMENT BUILDING
FOR SALE OR LEASE
TERM OF YEARS.
OWNER, 256 WEST 28TH ST.
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MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE
Immediate Possession.
56 Thomas NEAR BROADWAY, 6-STORY STORE AND BASEMENT, ELECTRIC ELEVATOR, 25X100, 17,000 SQ. FEET, OFFICES AND MANUFACTURING.
EXCELLENT CONDITION; SPLENDID LIGHT. SILK AND COTTON GOODS SECTION. ATTRACTIVE TERMS.
J. W. MENGEL, OWNER,
164 MONTAGUE ST., BROOKLYN
TEL. MAIN 7407
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

987 Madison Ave.
S. E. COR. 77TH ST.
Apartment, 8 rooms, 3 baths
FOR RENT
FROM OCT. 1ST, 1920.
APPLY SUPT.

THREE LIGHT FLOORS
In corner building, near City Hall, Southwestern exposure. 2500 square feet each. Long lease given to desirable tenants.
No Manufacturing.
Apply to Mr. Nathan.
BEEKMAN 2410.

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HOME SEEKERS OPPORTUNITY.
3 story 9 room house, near Concourse, 2 blocks from Kingsbridge Road Station (Jerome Ave. subway); plot 20x100. Garage.
BIG BARGAIN TO CLOSE ESTATE
Inquire at 2085 Creston Ave., or Alexander Selkin, 883 Prospect Av.

PRIVATE BRICK HOUSES
7 ROOMS AND BATH.
LOT 22x121. GARAGE SPACE.
4275 to 4279 Vireo Ave.
235th St., block west Webster Ave.
GEO. GOLDSTATT
374 E. 150th St., Corner Melrose Ave., or premises, Sunday, after 1 o'clock.

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TWO-FAMILY
148 Hendrix Street,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.
11 rooms, lot 50x100, every modern convenience, elegantly decorated. Well located.
Agent on premises
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One of the best homes on one of Brooklyn's best blocks—1340 President St., Cor. Brooklyn Av. Semi-detached, 9 rooms, 2 baths; double garage; magnificently finished; every appointment.
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On Premises, or 999 Sterling Place,
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More Than Your Money's Worth In Best Section of Larchmont
Frame house, 11 rooms, 5 master's and 2 servants' bedrooms, 3 baths, 2 open fireplaces, hardwood trim throughout; a very liveable home; grounds 150x200, beautifully laid out and planted; 3-car garage with living quarters; stable, gardener's cottage and tool house; plenty of fruit trees, rose gardens and vegetable gardens. Can be purchased if acted upon quickly for $39,000 with terms to responsible buyer. Address Florida, 104 Times.

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Stucco Colonial 10 large rooms, 3 baths, glass inclosed sun room, servant's dining room, 4 master's bedrooms, garage; in one of Bronxville's finest residence parts, surrounded by magnificent homes. Price $27,500, terms if desired.
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12 East 44th St., N. Y.
Murray Hill—1720.

10 Rooms & 2 Baths.
Oak Floors and trim. Frame construction, 4 master's and 2 servants' bedrooms, all large and roomy; plenty of closets. Plot 81x300 feet. Garage. High ground. 10 minutes to station, close by New York. Possession May 1st. Price $23,000. For inspection address R. J. D., 83 Times.

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ESTATES FARMS COUNTRY HOMES
BUNGALOW COTTAGES PLOTS ACREAGE
ROBERT E. FARLEY ORGANIZATION
12 EAST 44th ST., N.Y.C.

"THE TOWERS," AT GREENACRES
Overlooking Italian Gardens, Fox Meadow and Golf Club, near Hartsdale depot; a rare chateau; 12 rooms, 4 baths, man's room over heated garage, tower library, sleeping porch; the most unique, beautiful and convenient home in the county; sale price only slightly more than value of improvements. Owner's sole agent.
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ROCKVILLE CENTRE.
7 room house, all improvements; 5 minutes from station; corner lot. Price $6,750. Cash $2,500.
7 room well built new house, all improvements, steam heat, separate laundry; 5 minutes from depot. Price $8,000. Cash $4,000.
10 room house, all improvements, hot water heat; garage. Plot 75x181. Price $10,500. Cash $4,500.
HENNINGS,
Opposite Station. Phone 634R.

GREAT HOUSE BARGAIN
Beautiful house, large plot; wide boulevard; near station half hour Manhattan; steam heat, electric lights, parquetry, open fireplace, tile bath, artistic decorations; save advances, save brokerage, forsooms site $2,500 cash, balance easy payments. Liberal discount.
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LONG BEACH
Bargain; all-year-round cottage, six rooms, bath, open fireplace; near ocean and boarding; sewers; electricity, gas, garage privilege; auto roads; $6,250; $500 down, $750 on taking title; balance easy; this cottage furnished rents for $1,000 a season. Call on WALSH & FARRELL, Take bus from station.

RENT $40,000—PRICE $135,000
High-class family hotel, Jamaica; handsome stucco corner, 90x90; about 70 rooms; eighty-per cent. furnished; hardwood floors, electric lights. WALTER SMITH, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.

LONG BEACH.
$250 down buys attractive five-room cottage; balance $2,000, easy terms; electricity, plumbing; ideally located near ocean; wonderful opportunity. Call any day on Walsh & Farrell. Take bus at station.

A Large Corporation
Wants to Buy or Rent
for twenty-one years
a corner plot 50x100
Between 14th and 42d Streets,
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Or will buy or rent a corner building containing not less than 25,000 square feet.
No manufacturing. Building to be used principally for executive offices.
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The New Home Colony
Colonial brick with heated garage and private driveway. Parquet floors, white enamel trim, hot water heat, tile bath and kitchen. Gas, electricity and sewers. Six and seven rooms.
Take Queensboro Subway train from Grand Central Subway Station, direct to property, one block from Ditmars Avenue Station.
Send for photographs, floor plans and particulars. Brokers protected.
Fifteen Minutes from Grand Central Subway Station. Five Cent Fare.
100 Acres Under Development.
Adjoining the New 60 Acre Million Dollar Water Front Park.
100 Houses Now Building. Price $10,000 to $12,000.
Rickert-Brown Realty Co.
Tel. Murray Hill 1190. 32 Vanderbilt Ave.

THIS BEAUTIFUL HOUSE

Containing 6 large rooms and attic; open fireplaces, tiled bath and kitchen; hardwood floors, steam heat, gas, electricity and every modern improvement.
PLOT 40x100
Near station, trolley, school, churches and stores.
PRICE $10,000
TERMS ARRANGED
Ready for immediate occupancy.
J. P. STORMS, Owner, 11 Herriman Ave., Jamaica. Phone Jamaica 2283.

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16 Minutes from Penn. Terminal
Kew Gardens is the most delightful place in all our suburbs to live and the safest investment.
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KEW GARDENS
A REAL HOME
Ready for Occupancy
Unusually attractive, new and well built house of 10 rooms, 2 baths, 2 extra lavatories, sun parlor, nursery or working alcove; splendid heating system; everything modern; large plot.
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Write for particulars, R. E. A., Owner, Room 611, World Building, New York.

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Phone Mur. Hill 7857. Phone Newtown 3361.
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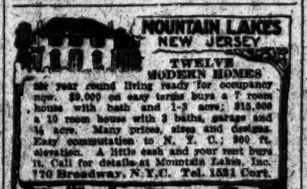
Ideal Home for SUMMER or Suitable for ALL YEAR use.
Beautifully situated on River near Seashore. Easy Commuting—Ready for Immediate Occupancy.
Most beautiful location, New Jersey, on Shrewsbury River, Red Bank. Unobstructed view down river to ocean; 200 feet water front, beach, pier, &c. House in fine condition; 11 rooms, 7 bedrooms, bath, steam heat, gas, electricity; tastefully furnished, new furniture, rugs, &c; garage for 3 cars; 2¼ acres, fruit trees, berries, &c. $27,000 easy terms. Apply owner, Room 26, 116 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. Bowling Green 9045.



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At St. George, Staten Island; modern apartment house, containing 16 apartments; splendid investment.
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PLAINFIELD, N. J.
A home bargain; could not be duplicated for twice the price asked; 12-room, modern house; all improvements; acre plot in lawn and garden; pre-war price, $14,000, is price now; terms. 'Twill not be long unsold. Act now. Thompson, Room 702, 141 Broadway.
ENGLEWOOD Gentleman's country place for sale. $35,000. Upper hill section; finest residence district; 14 rooms, 4 baths; excellent garage with housekeeping apartment, several acres; immediate possession; value $50,000.
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SHEEPSHEAD BAY
Foot of Emmons Ave.
on Waterfront
$475 and up (for the season)
5 rooms, furnished, screened; running water, gas and electricity, shower baths, coal and gas range, wash tubs, etc.
Good bathing and fishing—Boardwalk and recreation pier
Waldorf Bungalow Co., Inc.
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TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

141-5 WEST 17TH ST.
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3d & 4th Lofts
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
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Corner of Greenwich Street & Single or two or more Connecting Offices.
Occupancy at once or May 1st
Apply at building or to
WALTER J. SALMON,
17 West 42d Street.
Telephone Vanderbilt 47.

OFFICES FOR RENT
ON 42D ST.
5th and 6th Avs.
Occupancy at once or May 1st.
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LONG ISLAND CITY.
Three lofts, 7,000 sq. feet each, daylight factory building.
Elevator, steam heat. 15 minutes from Grand Central Station.
Suitable for the cutting-up trade.
GLOBE THREAD CO.,
Pierce Ave., between 6th & 7th Aves.
L. I. City.

LOFT BUILDING
60x100.....FOR SALE.
STORE, BASEMENT AND 5 FLOORS.
Light and well ventilated; Elevator, Steam Heat, Electricity.
IN THE WEST 40'S.
J. EDGAR LEAYCRAFT & CO.,
30 EAST 42D STREET.

STORE AND BASEMENT
And second floor; 20,000 square feet. May 1st. 1220; 42d Street district.
FRANK L. FISHER CO., 50 E. 42d St.

LOFT SPACE TO LET
for term of years.
Modern 16 Story Loft Building,
to be erected on
7th Ave. and 36th Street,
About 8,000 sq. ft. to the floor.
Applications for space should be addressed to
CHAS. H. MORGAN,
663 Sixth Ave.

SPACE FOR RENT
About 3,900 Square Feet
(unusually desirable)
in
ALBEMARLE BUILDING
1107 Broadway (at 24th Street)
APPLY
CHALMERS KNITTING COMPANY
(above address)
Telephone Watkins 4695

ENTIRE FLOOR FOR RENT MAY, 1920
Approximately 6000 Square Feet
Exceptionally desirable as
EXECUTIVE OFFICES
For large corporations who desire to locate in a building of character and prominence in the Midtown section. Unobstructed exceptional light on all sides.
Applications received from principals only.
Box V 779 Times Downtown

For Rent from May 1, 1920
Large and Small
Offices and Showrooms
Broadway, corner 25th Street
Townsend Bldg.
12 story modern fireproof building.
Apply on premises or
BING & BING
119 West 40th St. Bryant 6410
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

READY FOR FALL OCCUPANCY
35,000 Sq. Ft. in new 8-story Fireproof Building.
Cor. Hubert & Greenwich Sts.
Plot 58x82 Ft.
(200 lbs. to sq. ft.)
Will make long term lease to desirable tenant.
Brooks & Mamand
115 Broadway Rector 2287

OFFICES FOR RENT
In The
OSBORNE BUILDING
205 West 57th St.
Corner 7th Avenue
Ideal location for Doctors, Dentists or any profession or business.
Apply at building or to
WALTER J. SALMON,
17 West 42nd St.
Tel. Vanderbilt 47.

STORES FOR RENT
42ND ST., TIMES SQ.
6TH AV., NR. 42ND ST.
Immediate or future occupancy.
Apply to
WALTER J. SALMON,
17 West 42nd St.
Telephone Vanderbilt 47.

57TH ST., NEAR 5TH AVE.
OFFICES AND LOFTS.
2,000 Square Feet.
Entire Floor.
Handsomely Decorated.
Suit any business
Telephone Vand. 1176.

BEST OPPORTUNITY ON 14TH STREET
For rent, large space in good department store on 14th Street, near Hearn's. Wonderful for cotton piece goods, dress goods, jewelry, fancy goods, ladies' underwear, etc. A good, established, well-paying department store. Wonderful stand.
S. W. STEEL—MURRAY'S,
34 West 14th St.

LOFT TO LET.
80x200
Freight Elevator Service and Steam Heat.
For further information inquire
PECHTER BAKING CO.,
468 Cherry St. New York City.
Orchard 600.

OFFICES TO LET
170 5TH AVE., COR. 22D ST.
VACANT—FINE LIGHT.
ADAMS & CO.
On Premises. Phone 1260 Gramercy

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
Brooklyn.

LOFTS
Brooklyn, N. Y.,
129 Patchen Avenue,
Cor. Madison Ave.
42x81. Light and airy. $3,000.
Associated Realty Co.
1133 B'way, N. Y. Watkins 9498

FACTORY PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

FACTORY FOR SALE
30,000 Sq. Ft.
HOBOKEN, N. J.
Possession on or before July 1st.
Ground 100x100
Building 91x83
Four Story, Brick
Heavy mill construction, sprinkled, steam heat, fire alarm, electric elevator, concrete floor in basement.
INDUSTRIAL PLANTS CORP
SOLE AGENTS,
25 Church St. N. Y. City.
Phone 4733 Cortlandt.
Brokers Protected.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

Housekeeping Apartments
56th St., 334 West,
2 rooms & bath,
All light
Apply Supt. on Premises
or
L. & A. PINCUS
34 West 50th St.

Three rooms & bath;
Immediate possession.
117 WEST 58th ST.
Bronx.
OPEN FOR INSPECTION.
Elegant new apartments. All up to date improvements. For tenants who can furnish A1 references and will appreciate living in a properly kept house.
3 rooms, $66.00
4 rooms, $80.00-$86.00
5 rooms, $106.00
Take Jerome Ave. Subway, 6th or 9th Ave. "L" to Burnside Ave. Station and walk 3 blocks east.

MORTGAGE LOANS.
ATTENTION!!
SECOND MORTGAGE MONEY.
$250,000 LOANABLE, VARIOUS AMOUNTS.
S. H. ST

CITY HOUSES—For Sale or To Let.

Brooklyn.

BEST BARGAIN IN REDEMPTORIST PARISH OF BAY RIDGE.
Three fine two-story and basements, 12 large rooms; brick, bay windows, parquet, electric, steam heat; price, $13,000; terms to suit.
Three-story and basement brownstone, 14 rooms, trimmed with bird's-eye maple and mahogany; parquet, hot water heat, electric; cost $34,000 to build; owner leaving city; price, $18,000; cash, $5,000; one block to express subway station, 4th Av. and 59th St., Brooklyn. O'Leary & Hanley, 503 57th St., Brooklyn. Tel. Sunset 8637.

Detached frame, six rooms and bath, steam heat, hardwood trim, good condition and location; Cypress Hills, Brooklyn; $7,500. Telephone Cypress 9572.

House for Sale—Flatbush, restricted section, corner proper; 2007 frontage; 11 rooms and bath, laundry and pantry. Apply Wm. Junghans, 315 4th Av., New York City.

Queens.

Beautiful home in Queens Village; 10 large rooms, modern improvements, gas, electricity, hardwood trim, parquet floors, hot water heat, fine grounds; plot 120x100; fruit, shade trees, garage; near trains, trolleys, stores, schools, churches; $20,000. Phone Hollis 6265-W. D 450 Times.

City Houses Wanted.

House Wanted—Lease 5 to 10 years; May 1; east side, between 48th and 70th Sts., Lexington or Park Aves.; 14 to 16 rooms; $1,500 to $2,000 per year. Pritchard, phone 649 Circle.

Private house wanted for investment, West End Av., 72d to 106th St. Send full particulars to Bauer Millbank & Molloy, 51 East 42d St., Murray Hill 1936.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

A BARGAIN.
WASHINGTON HEIGHTS CORNER.
75x100; two five-story walkups; every modern improvement; rents from May 1, $25,000; mortgages, $98,000, long terms; price $127,000. OPPORTUNITY FOR INVESTORS OR SPECULATORS. Arthur Cutler & Co., 61 Park Row. Telephone 2750 Beekman.

792 Lexington Av., close to 61st St.—20 ft. inside; hardwoor floor and electric lights; possession arranged; can be bought right; terms to suit. Pease & Elliman, 340 Madison Av. Phone Murray Hill 6200.

Buyers, it's worth while to consult me before purchasing; have great number of bargains in all sorts of real estate; act quickly. Levy, 47 West 34th, Room 1109. Greeley 2119.

SPECULATORS, INVESTORS, ATTENTION.
7-story elevator;
Rent $15,250;
Price $82,500;
Easy terms.
JACKSON, 187 Montague St., Brooklyn.

For Sale—21-year lease, five-story building, 8th Av., between 14th and 23d Sts. Manager, Room 36, 1,919 Broadway. Columbus 8280.

Have several lofts and commercial buildings to lease and for sale; very attractive terms. The Finkelstein Co., 301 Canal St. Telephone Canal 4315-1456.

164 East 80th—80x102.2, 4 story and basement apartment building; possession immediately; price $50,000. Pease & Elliman, 340 Madison Av. Phone Murray Hill 6200.

Fifteen-family flat, 238 West 144th St.; $82,500; easy terms. R. B. Franklin, 5th floor, 95 Madison Av.

Will sell contract on apartment house, vicinity Columbia University. Reid, 430 West 118th St. Tel. 3880 Morningside.

Four-story, 6-room flat, 25 ft. lot, central, near 8th Av.; bargain; $13,000; terms. Duross, 155 West 14th St.

Bargain—6-story, near 4th Av., on 28th; terms. Turner, 41 East 29th.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Park Slope—12-family apartments for the price of an 8-family; two 4-story buildings, with 3-4 room apartments on each floor; monthly tenants; will rent readily; $5,200 each; price $30,000 each; first mortgage $18,000 each; look at 752-774 Union St., near 6th Av.

WALTER J. SMITH,
188 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Two bargains in excellent one-family house, Decatur St., near Lewis; stabling; price $14,000; Flatbush, near Prospect Park, easy housekeeping, price $16,000. H. Mendelsohn, Atty., 277 Kingston Av., Brooklyn. Decatur 2634-W.

Owner leaving city will sacrifice beautiful Flatbush home; 2 family; porches, every modern improvement; spacious ground; 2 garages. Seymour, 6 Snyder Av., Flatbush 7555.

For Sale—93 East 2nd Av.; 8-family and basement, $19,500; 177 E. 100th, 2-family, hot water supply, $49,000. For full particulars phone Prospect 6700.

For Sale—Corner brick building, income $3,600; 1st and 2d mortgage $15,000; price $26,000; location, 184 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn. Address Solomon Passy, 145 West 30th St., New York.

Two-family house, Borough Park, 15 rooms, double garage; immediate possession. 5,710 14th Av., Brooklyn. Phone Main 4440.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

In refined, restricted section, modern two-family brick; $12,000; $5,000 cash; principals only. G 339 Times.

Forest Hills Gardens—Seven-room semi-detached house, $15,000. Phone 6216W Forest Hills.

COUNTRY HOUSES—Sale or To Let.

A beautiful suburban home within commuting distance of New York, 9-room house, all modern improvements, garage for two cars, lot 88x212 ft. Phone or write W. O. Perry, 76 William St., New York City; telephone John 8490.

Westchester County.

New stucco home of Elizabethan type; rubblestone chimney; spacious rooms, perfectly appointed; sun parlor; open fireplaces; 3 tiled baths; all improvements; large plot; shade trees; exclusive neighborhood; short walking distance to station; 30 minutes N. Y. City; $30,000; terms arranged. John A. Baldwin, 25 West 43d St., N. Y. Murray Hill 789.

PELHAMWOOD—Garden spot of Westchester County; beautiful houses, $13,000 to $35,000; elaborately furnished house, 14 rooms, 3 baths, two-car garage, about three acres ground; two-year lease from May 15; $350 month; don't write, but call. LAMBERT & LAWRENCE, N. Y. Westchester & Boston R. R. Station, Pelhamwood, N. Y.

Beautiful eleven-room corner house, near New Haven and Westchester station, New Rochelle; just decorated and painted; rented for $150 monthly; possession 60 days; price $18,500. Apply 144 Harmon Av., Pelham. Phone Pelham 1088.

Pelham—House, 10 rooms and bath, not new but in good condition; oak floors, gas, sewers; near station; price $16,500; CASH required $4,000; possession now. J. N. AMUNDSEN, 115 Wolf's Lane. Tel. 1158 Pelham; N. Y.

Corner, 123x141—9 rooms, 2 baths, 3 fireplaces, hot water heat, gas, electricity, hardwood floors, porches, lawns; newly decorated; select district; something choice; $14,000, $7,000 cash required. Brewer, 25 Midland Av., tel. 48-R, White Plains.

HOME SEEKERS.

Send today for our list of Westchester homes. Prices $8,000 to $80,000.
G. & G. DAHLBENDER,
9 Depot Place, Mount Vernon.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.
For Sale—12 rooms, 2 baths; 8 minutes from station; ready May 1. Price $10,000, half cash.
KEHOE & GILLIAR,
1,476 Broadway. Bryant 706.

YONKERS—For sale, to close estate, desirable property; bargain; house 14 rooms, all improvements; healthy location; convenient downtown N. Y. Wm. Kaufman, Attorney, 5 Beekman St., New York.

ARDSLEY HOUSE.
6½ acres; 13 bedrooms, 3 baths; garage; adjoining golf club; wonderful river view. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av.

Furnished 8-room house, April to September; references required. Address 234 North Regent St., Port Chester, Phone P. C. 1573.

Six-room apartment, $75; new five-room bungalow, $7,000; seven-room cottage, $12,000. Davis, 625 South Broadway, Yonkers.

Long Island.

Sea Cliff—Eleven-room house, large garage with chauffeur's room, hot water heat, electric lights, gas; immediate possession; plot 130x130. Apply local agent, or Carstein & Linnekin, Inc., 221 4th Av., New York City.

Most beautiful showplace on Long Island, at Babylon, facing Great South Bay, 28 rooms, 8 baths, magnificently furnished; 12 acres of lawn, flowers, trees, &c.; rent $6,000 for season; for sale, with 108 acres, $260,000. Ernest Tribelhorn, 308 West 97th.

ROCKVILLE CENTRE.
Eight-room house, all improvements, hot-water heat, gas and electricity; price $9,000. L. Greenwald, Telephone 1253, Party R, Rockville Centre.

LONG BEACH HOUSE;
must be sold before April 1;
beautifully furnished; in best section; owner leaving for Europe; exceptional opportunity. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av.

Attractive house at Hollis, 9 rooms, 3 baths, hot water heat, gas, electric lights, 2-car garage. Apply Carstein & Linnekin, Inc., 221 4th Av., New York City.

HEMPSTEAD HOUSE.
Twelve rooms, 4 acres, in best section; garage, kennels, all kinds of fruit. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av.

FOR SALE,
Three-room bungalow, 60 feet from the beach, Plot 25x104; price $2,000.
A. Assistant, Sea Cliff, N. Y.

COUNTRY HOUSES—Sale or To Let.

Long Island.

GREAT NECK.
Stucco and hollow-tile residence, 5 bedrooms, 3 tiled baths; large corner plot; 10 minutes' walk from station; all improvements; ready May 1. Price $18,000.

Frame house, near bathing beach, 6 bedrooms, 2 baths; 2-car garage; one-half acre; all improvements. Price $25,000, terms.

New Colonial residence, 5 bedrooms, 2 tiled baths. Large plot; 5 minutes' walk from station; all improvements; ready April 15. Price $20,000.

Houses to lease, furnished, for the season, $1,800 up.
KEHOE & GILLIAR,
1,476 Broadway. Bryant 706. Great Neck 1.

For Sale—Unusually attractive all-year home, new Colonial brick dwelling, with garage; first floor has large living room, dining room, kitchen; extra toilet and laundry in basement; second floor, 3 bedrooms, tiled bath; interior finished throughout in white enamel woodwork and mahogany-finished doors; parquet floors throughout; hot-water heat, gas, electricity; sewer &c.; restricted section; no assessments; 5 minutes' walk to large park and bathing; one block express station, 15 minutes Grand Central; 5-cent fare; $2,000 cash required, balance on terms. For plan and photo call, write or phone J. S. Withers, 52 Vanderbilt Av., New York, Room 1309. Phone Vanderbilt 7567.

LONG BEACH.
COME OUT TODAY.
Cottages, 6 rooms, bath, gas, electric, heat, open fireplaces, sewers, sidewalks, paved street, large lots, room for garage; 5 minutes from station; ocean bathing, boating, fishing; 45 minutes out; electric service; tennis court, golf course, yacht club; prices $5,000 to $5,500; terms $1,250 cash; Title Guarantee & Trust Co. policy free.
J. CLARENCE DAVIES,
HOMES within the HOUR,
JOHN 6004. 32 Nassau St.
113 West Fulton St., Long Beach, L. I.
Phone Long Beach 222.

NEW GARDEN CITY HOME
ready for immediate occupancy; can now be purchased at a price that represents material saving over present costs; finest construction, equipment and finish throughout; an unusually well-planned and carefully built home; 7 rooms and 3 baths. Write E. H. Means, 185 Madison Av. Phone Vanderbilt 8373.

AT FLORAL PARK.
30 Minutes by Electric Trains.
Eight large rooms, 2 baths, hardwood floors, water, electric light, steam heat, gas in street; substantially built; plot 60x100; on corner road; 5 minutes to station; $7,750; half cash.
A. H. Goldsmith. Phone Floral Park 230.

For sale at Flushing, very comfortable eight-room home, with all improvements; plot 47½x116 feet; one car garage; property in first-class condition; five minutes from Murray Hill Station, Long Island Railroad; twenty minutes to Pennsylvania Station. S. H. Busser, Owner, 294 Barclay St., Flushing. Telephone Flushing 1255W.

Going away, must sell pretty 7-room cottage, electricity, gas range, bath, steam, parquet floors, large garden plot, $7,500; $1,500 cash, balance easy. Owner on premises Saturday, Sunday, 96 Aldemarle Av., Hempstead, or phone Bryant 3105.

New Jersey.

New six rooms and bath; craftsman home; wide verandas, large living room; open fireplace, parquet floors; bedrooms in white enamel; gas, electricity and all improvements; superior neighborhood; near station, schools and churches; 30 minutes New York City; 5c. com.; $1,500 cash, balance on terms. John A. Baldwin, 25 West 43d St., New York. Phone Murray Hill 789.

For sale, $18,000, easy terms, fine country place on Tuxedo Highway, near Allandale, N. J.; 7 acres; house 9 rooms and bath; city water, steam heat, electric light, &c.; two-car garage, heated; can be seen any time; possession Jan. 1. Address Sherwood, Post Office, Hohokus, N. J.

MAYWOOD, N. J.
New hollow tile house, 7 rooms, bath, pantry and sun parlor, all modern improvements, concrete porches; plot 65x125; tile garage; price $5,500; $3,000 cash, balance to suit. Paul M. Thiem, Builder. Room 1212, 105 West 40th St., or by appointment on property.

HIGH-CLASS, DESIRABLE HOMES FOR SALE FROM $10,000 TO $50,000. APPLY TO JAMES A. ROMEYN, 195 MAIN ST., HACKENSACK, N. J.

8-room, all improvements; 2-car garage; lot, 50x150; steam heat. Louis Honeck, Englewood, N. J.

For Sale—Nine-room house at Passiac, N. J., with all improvements; new electric light fixtures just installed; garage on premises. Inquire H. Hillebchmitt, Jr., 96 Meade Av., Passaic, N. J.

FOR SALE AT HACKENSACK, N. J., TO CLOSE ESTATE, 15-ROOM HOUSE, GOOD REPAIR; PLOT 155 FEET FRONT; BEST PART OF TOWN; LARGE SHADE TREES. APPLY L. F. LARENDON, 78 GOLD ST., N. Y. PHONE 710 BEEKMAN.

At Ridgefield Park—Will sell either my beautiful 6 or 7 room homes cheap. Henschel, 142 Overpeck Av., Ridgefield Park, Jersey. Phones 9403 Hackensack; 5758 Rector. Make appointment.

Mountain Lakes, New Jersey—Twelve-room house, two baths, garage; all improvements; large lake frontage; price $15,500; terms to suit. E. F. Callan, 17 Battery Pl.

For sale, high-class elevator apartment house; 54 families, colored; 2 stores; price $210,000; cash required $25,000. Timmus Realty Co., 143 Summit Av., West Hoboken, N. J.

At Mountain Station, South Orange—Eleven-room house, all improvements; price $15,000; terms easy. O. S. Thompson, 257 4th Av. Phone 3163 Gramercy.

Near Morristown, a plain, comfortable home, every improvement; 33 miles out; convenient to station and trains will sell only; cash required $3,000. Rector 8458.

DEAL HOUSE.
Two acres; eight bedrooms, two baths; garage; price $15,000. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av.

$7,000 buys elegant 8-room house, modern. H. K., Box 81, Rutherford, N. J. Phone Rutherford 705.

$6,000, half cash; modern cottage; six rooms; steam, electricity; 100x200; garage; trolley to station. Phone Westfield 528R.

Nice corner property, with saloon and extra two-family house; no agents. 4,694 Hudson Boulevard, Union Hill, N. J.

New York State.

At Chelsea, on east bank of Hudson, 50 miles from New York; 100 acres, 14-room house, barns and outbuildings; beautiful view of Hudson River; to settle estate, $18,000; terms; send for photos and description. Phone 7830 Riverside. Tribelhorn, 308 West 97th.

Connecticut.

Among hills; Colonial farmhouse, with modern improvements; fireplaces; ten acres, with fruit trees and outbuildings; gentleman's Summer home, accessible, charming; $10,000. X 2044 Times Annex.

RIVERSIDE, CONN.
For rent, 12 rooms, 2 baths; 10 acres; 3-year lease; ready May 1; $2,200.
KEHOE & GILLIAR,
1,476 Broadway. Bryant 706.

Shippan Point, Stamford—Nine rooms, two baths; garage; one acre; trees, gardens; easy commuting; season or yearly. Phone Riverside 4918.

Country Houses Wanted.

House with six rooms and bath wanted, unfurnished, to rent for year; within easy commuting distance to Manhattan. Mrs. Roberts, 19 Academy Av., Rockaway Beach. Hammels 1819.

Will buy at once modest country place with possibilities; convenient commuting distance; within 5 miles of station. Artist, Box 70 General Post Office, New York.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale—Choice residence, 71 Willow Drive, New Rochelle, N. Y.; house of 14 rooms and 4 baths; garage for 3 cars; ground about 1 acre, with great many fruit and shade trees and shrubs. For particulars apply owner, 95 Madison Av., 4th floor. Telephone Madison Square 9642.

HOMES WITHIN THE HOUR.

(Sale) everywhere. Phone, call or write, J. Clarence Davies, 32 Nassau St., John 6004.

Factory site or development, cheap; 15 acres; 700 feet railroad frontage; 400 feet station; 18 miles Broadway. Owner, K 950 Times Downtown.

Ten acres, running from ocean to bay, Jersey coast; terms to suit. D. Frazier, 1,218 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

A gentleman's beautiful estate in Clinton, Conn., on Boston Post Road, 72 acres; 14-room mansion, all improvements, 3 baths, artistic interior; garage, barn and numerous outbuildings; $20,000; terms. Ernest Tribelhorn, 308 West 97th.

Shore hotel, furnished, Long Island Sound; one hour out; price and terms. Box 198, Sound Beach, Conn.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Hotel—Want to lease hotel, New England preferred, with option of purchase. Address Thurston, P. O. Box 299, Providence, R. I.

Leasehold property wanted; send particulars. Wolins, 292 Church St. Tel. 4154 Canal.

OUT-OF-TOWN REAL ESTATE.

Eighty-room furnished seashore hotel will be sold cheap. Sea Shore Hotel Co., 605 Bailey Bldg., Philadelphia.

FARMS.

Farms, every description; some wonderful bargains. Ernest Trivelhorn, 308 West 97th.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

FARMS! FARMS! FARMS!
The Cream of Them All!
Pictures and details; state requirements.
E. E. SLOCUM, Inc., 141 Broadway.
Selected Farms in N. Y., N. J. and Conn.

Farms Wanted.

Wanted—To rent or buy small farm within commuting distance of New York; house must have about 10 rooms. J 126 Times.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

Long Island.

For rent, furnished, May 1 to Oct. 1, unusually attractive house on the North Shore of Long Island, 31 minutes from Pennsylvania Station; beautiful suburb, fine view of the Sound, private bathing beach; large sunny living room and dining room; three master's bedrooms and two baths, maid's bedroom and bath; sleeping porch; one-car garage; every comfort and convenience; rent season, five months, $1,500. Telephone Bayside 811.

New Jersey.

Atlantic City cottage, excellent location, completely furnished; A1 condition; fine touring car and garage complete; 30x8 cabin cruiser, ocean-going, excellent lines and appearance, equipped in detail; immediate possession; must sell at once as I am abroad; no less. Communicate P. Hebert, 3,719 North 8th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Miscellaneous.

Furnished bungalows, near ideal beach, 3, 4 and 7 rooms. Lenox 7850.

Summer Homes Wanted—Furnished.

Completely furnished house wanted from June 1 to Sept. 15 or Oct. 1; within one hour's commuting distance of New York; must have four large bedrooms and sleeping porch with two baths on the first sleeping floor; maid's room and bath is also desired; state rent and give references. Z 170 Times Annex.

Wanted, furnished bungalow to rent from May 15 to October 1, 3 or 4 rooms and bath, near water and easy commuting distance to Manhattan. G. O. Roberts, 154 Nassau St. Beekman 1772.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Will sublet approximately 1,300 square feet of desirable office space in Maiden Lane from May 1, 1920, to desirable tenant for short-term lease, with privilege of renewing until four years from date if we do require space; in reply give character of business, number of employes, references. T 228 Times.

ENTIRE FLOOR TO LET.
20,000 square feet; modern, sprinklered office and showroom building; no manufacturing; facing Madison Square; available Feb. 1, 1921; very light and desirable; rental $30,000 yearly; principals address owner. W 186 Times.

TO LET—GARAGE.
Fully equipped, residential section, east of Park Av., showing net profit of 100% on investment; particulars and expenditures furnished upon request. Quick action, V 9 Times.

For sale or to let, 240 West 27th, fur district, 3 steam-heated lofts and store; 5 or 10 year lease, net rental basis considered rental; asking $14,000; sale, asking $50,000; $12,000 cash; brokers invited. Horace S. Ely & Co., or Ely-Rosenberg, 246 Broadway, New York.

Will sublet 4,000 feet of high-class office and showroom space on 5th Av., between 34th and 42d Sts.; long lease; reasonable rent. W 213 Times.

LOFT BUILDING.
six story, 12,000 square feet; 50 cents square foot; $98 1st Av., adjoining northeast corner 23d St.; possession May, 1920. Apply Owner, I. Hirsch, 1,361 Madison Av.

Several stores to let, suitable for cigar, candy, cloak and suit, jewelry and other retail business. Mandl, 337 6th Av., cor. 21st St.

To lease or sublet loft, about 10,000 square feet, between 23d and 34th St and from 5th to 6th Av. (no manufacturing); take possession May 1. 194 Times.

727 7th Av.,
block above Times Square—750 feet for executive office; heat, light, service. Oatman, 1,856 Broadway.

One loft, 25x110, 24th, near 6th Av.; also one loft, store and basement, 50x100; White St., west of Broadway; immediate possession. Owner, Greeley 3907.

NOW VACANT TOP LOFT, LIGHT FROM 2 LARGE SKYLIGHTS AND 4 SIDES; ALSO CONCRETE, MODERN BASEMENT. 233-238 WEST 27TH. PHONE SPRING 5071.

For rent, 280 square feet, Subway Central Building, corner Broadway and 42d St.; telephone equipment. For information call Room 501.

For rent, 140 square feet, Subway Central Building, corner Broadway and 42d St.; telephone equipment. For information call Room 501.

Loft to lease, 37 West 19th St., 6th floor; steam heat, elevator; light manufacturing; immediate possession. Jacobs & Livingston, 120 Broadway, Phone Rector 2444.

Space 1,500 square feet, very light offices, $4,500 yearly; location Broadway corner near Union Square; available April 1. Call Stuyvesant 4000.

Lease for sale or to let, one-story building, 55x100; East Twenties; suitable service station, heavy storage. Lorin, 138 East 25th St.

Store and basement, 25x100, Vesey St., between West Broadway and Greenwich; $5,000. B 432 Times.

Showroom and office, fully equipped, to sublease; splendid opportunity. Marshall Dress Co., 275 6th Av.

2,000 square feet, 3 or 4 private offices; first-class, executive; 2d floor, 520 5th Av. Apply on premises.

Space 1,200 square feet, 4 years' lease; airy and light, including electric light. Inquire Room 62, 128 East 23d.

Lofts to sublet; dress plant, with 16 machines; 34th St. location; immediate possession. Apply 114 West 34th St., 5th floor.

Store and basement, 60x100, 542-47 West 30th St.; floor capacity 200 lbs.; immediate possession. Phone Owner, Greeley 3907.

Modern factory, steam, elevator, fire light, 29,000 sq. ft.; full commission. Attorney, 154 Nassau St. Beekman 2085.

Store to let, Barclay St., between Church and West Broadway. Empire Co., 71 Barclay St. Call Barclay 8700.

Complete dress factory to rent or for sale; two years' lease; rent reasonable. Call Chelsea 4364.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

8,000 sq. ft.; top floor, skylights, elevator, sprinkler; new building; $5,600.
8,500 sq. ft.; second floor, very light, elevator, steam heat; $6,000.
12,000 sq. ft.; ground floor, new building, sprinkled, steam heat; 50 cents.
12,375 sq. ft., in two lofts of 7,500 sq. ft. each; sprinkled, elevators; 40 cents.
13,500 sq. ft.; in 3 lofts, 45x100 each; freight and passenger elevators; very light; possession at once; suitable showrooms or storage; on main thoroughfare; $5,400 or will rent separately.
15,000 sq. ft., in two lofts of 7,500 sq. ft. each; sprinkled, elevators; 40 cents.
23,500 sq. ft.; 4-story brick, elevator; rent 30 cents.
26,000 sq. ft.; two lofts of 13,000 square feet, concrete, sprinkled, modern factory; $7,500 each.
45,000 sq. ft.; two lofts, concrete, sprinkled, elevators, R. R. siding; rent 60 cents.
55,000 sq. ft.; six floors, brick, sprinkled, R. R. siding, docking facilities; rent 60 cents.
22,000 sq. ft.; three and basement, brick, mill construction, elevators, heat; price $80,000.
Other factory and business properties for sale and to let; also building plots.

PAFFA & DIXON,
179 Remsen St. 280 Broadway,
Main 148. Brooklyn, N. Y.

15,000 square feet, bargain, quick action; 4-story building and basement, 22x100, with connecting 2-story rear building, 25x50; 153d St., near 8th Av.; wagon-sized elevator, excellent for any woodworking or machinists; second floor equipped with woodworking machinery, steam heat, with or without machinery; occupancy April 1. Phone Kraft, Plaza 4045.

PENNSYLVANIA BUILDING,
Northeast corner of 31st St. and 7th Av., opp. Penn. Station, entrance 165 W. 31st St.
OFFICE AND SHOWROOM TO LET for resident buyers, commercial representatives and professional men; all rooms face 7th Av. or 31st St.; will rent single, in suites or entire floors; possession immediately or April 1. Agent on premises.

GARAGES.
LEASE FOR SALE.
Modern and best-equipped garage; Park Av. residential section; efficient force, experienced men; ample space for shifting cars without danger of scratching bodies or injuring mudguards. Particulars Pritchard, 1,777 Broadway, Suite 336, 649 Circle.

BUILDING TO LET.
Six stories, basement, 70x100, modern fireproof construction, suitable for service station or any business pertaining to automobile accessories or light manufacturing; central west side; possession June 1st; details upon request. Pritchard, 1,777 Broadway, Suite 338. Circle 649 or Greeley 1428.

Brooklyn.

Lease 50,000 feet, brick mill construction; all light floors; steam power plant; ceilings 12 to 18 feet; excellent location; possession soon. Ludden, 373 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

State Department requires office space, either 400 or 1,300 square feet, centrally located, south of Chambers Street or between 23d and 42d Sts., New York. Palisades Park Commission. Tel. Bowling Green 6876.

Lofts and Buildings—Have responsible clients waiting for space; quick action after receipt of particulars by phone or mail. THE FINKELSTEIN CO., 301 Canal St., Telephones Canal 4315-1456.

Wanted, May private connecting office with switchboard service with firm not in chemical or allied business; location below Park Row; references. Box 600 Times, 2 Rector St.

Loft for light manufacturing, about 2,000 square feet; downtown, below 8th St.; immediate possession. H. Steinway, 177 Pearl St. John 203. A. Zapfris Co.

OFFICE WANTED.
Would like to secure desk room, or will share office with responsible parties, J 113 Times.

Office wanted, below Chambers St., by two young American attorneys, high class clientele; state terms and size of offices. K 952 Times Downtown.

Wanted—5,000 square feet or more for light manufacturing purposes, Lexington to 8th Av., 14th St. to 125th St. Tel. Vand. 282, or call or write, 7th floor, 15 W. 44 St., N. Y. C.

Wanted—Office containing about 300 to 400 square feet, location suitable for import and export in downtown, after May 1. Address P. O. Box 625, City Hall Station.

Lawyer's flight hard, need about 700 feet; immediate possession; uptown or downtown. Address Particulars, F 805 Times Downtown.

Wanted, 200 to 300 square feet below Cortlandt Street; occupancy May 1; will consider, if necessary, purchase of contents. M 837 Times Downtown.

Wanted, by May 1, a loft for jobbing ready-to-wear, 25x100 or 30x75, between 27th and 33d Sts. Address mail with full particulars, Room 404, 339 5th Av.

Offices wanted in financial district; one or two private rooms, with share of stenographer's services, for certified public accountant. Box 611 Times, 2 Rector St.

Wanted—Office below Fulton St., 200 to 300 feet, for occupancy May 1. Samuel Berman, 200 Broadway.

400 to 500 square feet required for office and stock room, between Maiden Lane and 33d St. V 881 Times Downtown.

Stable wanted to keep about 50 horses and 25 trucks between 23d and 90th Sts. J. H. Bode, 156 East 52d St.

Office wanted, downtown, lease, approximately 2,000 square feet. Japanese Consulate General. Cortland 314.

Store, not less than 800 square feet, between 79th and 104th, Amsterdam Av., Broadway, or side street. 213 Times.

Wanted—Basement, reasonable rent, about 1,500 square feet. M 932 Times Downtown.

Business Property for Sale.

POSSESSION MAY 1,
five-story, 23,000 square feet; electric elevator; heavy construction; lower Manhattan; price $120,000. Walter Smith, 188 Montague, Brooklyn.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

27TH ST., 39 EAST—Artistic four rooms, kitchen, telephone, elevator; gentlemen or family; $100; 12 to 6 P. M., later, Bryant 3136. Burns.

30TH (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, two rooms, bath, beautifully furnished, $30 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

36TH, 2 EAST—To sublet for balance of lease to Oct. 1, very desirable furnished apartment, parlor, bedroom and bath; southern exposure. Apply the Lorraine, 2 East 45th.

53D, 54 EAST—Three attractively furnished rooms, kitchenette and bath, suitable three people; lease October. Plaza 825. Tonneson.

57TH ST., between Park and Madison—Small, well-furnished apartment, fourth floor front, walk-up, two rooms, large tiled bath; kitchenette arrangements; rent, including light and linen, $140. Plaza 6195.

56TH, 133 EAST—Two outside rooms, bath; $100 monthly; lease. Inquire by janitress.

60TH ST., 20 EAST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; $125. Apply Superintendent.

72D, 162 EAST—Unusually attractive apartment, 2 rooms, bath and large kitchenette, newly furnished; linen, silver, &c.; complete; immediate possession; bonus 1 month for 18 months' lease. Inquire 6 or by appointment; convenient to all transportation; $120 rental. Phone Riverside 5823.

77TH, 70 EAST—Beautiful sunny 6-room apartment, 3 baths. Inquire Supt.

83D ST. (Corner Madison Av.)—Apartments—Beautifully furnished corner suite, 2 rooms, bath, $60 per room bath up. Hotel Ashton.

83D, 172 EAST—Two rooms, kitchenette; very light, cosy; newly decorated; private.

APARTMENTS AT HOTEL ASHTON, MADISON AV. (S. W. cor. 93d St.)—Newly

decorated apartments, one room and bath, $40 up; two rooms, bath, $75 up; hotel service; refurnishing value; block from Park; restaurant. Telephone Lenox 272.

ATTRACTIVELY furnished apartment, two rooms, kitchen, bath, parquet floors, steam, electric light, all modern improvements. Phone 4308 Lenox.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED APARTMENT OF TWO ROOMS AND BATH, 52D ST. AND 5TH AVE. TO RENT UNTIL OCT. 1ST; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; PRICE $350 MONTHLY; ARRANGEMENTS CAN BE MADE TO LEASE UNFURNISHED AFTER OCTOBER. TELEPHONE VANDERBILT 9785 SUNDAY.

Beautifully furnished 4-room apartment to let from March 22; $350 per month. Inquire proprietor at 149 East 40th St. regarding Apartment 62.

Furnished apartment, two sunny rooms, bath and kitchenette, to let from April 1 for three months; $175 a month; also for longer lease at lower rate. Apartment 5-B, 640 Madison Av., near 59th St. Apply from 2 to 3 P. M. or from 7 to 9 P. M.

Furnished apartment, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; possession lease October. Turney, 41 East 29th.

HOTEL REGENT (34 East 32d St.)—Desirable furnished suites, 2 and 3 rooms, newly decorated, $35 up; special rates to permanent guests.

LEXINGTON AVE.—Unusually attractive 3 rooms, kitchenette and bath; immediate possession. Plaza 4521.

MADISON AV. (73d St.)—Beautifully furnished apartment, two rooms, bath, kitchenette; immediate possession; lease to October. Tel. Plaza 10533.

MADISON AV., 1,295 (Apt. 606)—Sublet suite furnished, living room, two bedrooms, two baths; seen evenings, Sunday or by appointment. Phone Lenox 8200. Behrens.

PARK AV. AND 75TH ST., 815—Attractively furnished apartments, seven and eight rooms, for rent; immediate possession; opportunity to renew lease, unfurnished, from Oct. 1. Agent on premises.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; newly, attractively furnished; four months, beginning April. Phone before 11 A. M., Plaza 3462.

Furnished—West Side.

77TH AV., 840—Completely furnished apartment, 3 large rooms, kitchen; immediate occupancy to Oct. 1; seen any morning or apply superintendent. Gottlieb, Apt. 10C.

97TH ST., 19 WEST—Three large rooms, one flight up; French windows; both northern and southern exposures; steam heat, open fireplaces, electricity, gas, hardwood floors, private bath, cooking facilities, telephone, hot and cold water; nicely furnished; $175 per month; possession April 1.

167TH ST., 51 WEST (Old Chelsea)—Single or double rooms; top floor studio; restaurant optional; shown daytime.

43D ST., 36 WEST, APT. 4.
2 ROOMS AND BATH.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
Seen Mornings. Phone Greeley 2295.

45TH, 341 WEST—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath; tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; no questionable applicants; highest references; $60-$125 monthly upward. Tel. Bryant 6255.

50TH ST., 69 WEST—Exceptionally large two, three room, bath, kitchenette apartments, entire floors; newly decorated; handsomely furnished.

50TH, 6 WEST—Three rooms, bath and kitchenette; handsomely furnished, piano, silver, linen, elevator, valet service. Superintendent.

50TH ST., 226 WEST—Double front; running water, elevator. Circle 6411, 7th floor.

51ST ST., 57 WEST—Neatly furnished front hall room; electric light and heat; $9 weekly; gentlemen.

56TH, 208 WEST.
HOTEL THORNDYKE.
SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE 2-ROOM SUITE, WITH PRIVATE BATH, FULL HOTEL SERVICE, SPECIAL WEEKLY AND MONTHLY RATES.

56TH ST., 6 WEST—Three room housekeeping apartment; newly decorated; charmingly furnished; cool; silver, linen; phone.

55TH ST. (corner 7th Av.)—The Regal, modern elevator apartment house, newly furnished, hotel service; two rooms and bath; $125-$175 monthly; references required.

57TH, 340 WEST (the Clintonia)—Modern elevator apartment, newly furnished; hotel service; two, three rooms and bath; $30 up weekly; restaurant. Telephone Columbus 194.

56TH ST., WEST (near private hotel, facing Central Park)—New subway station); new furnished 3-room apartment, with bath, extra toilet, rear kitchen and valet room; restaurant in building; baby grand Steinway; shower; all day and evenings. Tel. 6826 Plaza, Apt. 3S, or tel. 8140 Circle.

67TH ST., 1 WEST,
overlooking Central Park, completely furnished, 7 rooms, 2 baths; can be leased.

70'8—6 rooms, 3 baths; new building; handsomely furnished; $800. Columbus 1278.

71ST, 63 WEST—LARGE LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM; PRIVATE BATH, LAVATORY, SHOWER, ELECTRICITY, TWIN BEDS; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; REASONABLE.

72D, 210 WEST (Cor. Broadway)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; elevator; restaurant; Southern. Columbus 9301. Richards.

72D, 210 WEST (corner Broadway)—Two rooms, foyer hall, kitchenette, bath, elevator, restaurant service. Tel. 6563 Columbus. Smith.

72D, 170 WEST—Three-room furnished apartment, sublet for three months. Superintendent.

72D ST., 328 WEST—Elegant, spacious 2-room and bath apartment for two months; immediate possession.

72D, WEST—Office lease and equipment for sale. Dr. Brahdy, Lenox 4010.

73D ST., 126 WEST (Hotel Nobleton)—Several beautifully furnished two-room suites with bath; moderately weekly and monthly rates; $123 monthly up, $35 weekly up.

74TH, 153 WEST—Large room, bath, kitchenette; very desirable.

74TH, 103 WEST—Beautiful, large room; private bath, kitchenette; all conveniences.

74TH, 104 WEST—Parlor floor, well furnished, housekeeping; responsible party.

75TH, 126 WEST—Unusual new front apartment, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, range; $150 October; lease or sell furnishings reasonable; year half lease; references. Huggins.

76TH, 162 WEST—Newly furnished 2 rooms, kitchenette, apartment; $175 monthly. Reynolds.

76TH, 14 WEST—Large two-three rooms, bath; kitchenette apartment; entire floors.

77TH, 50 WEST—I can arrange to sublet a 4-room and bath suite at Manhattan Square Hotel until Oct. 1, facing the Museum of Natural History; ultra desirable; $2,500 per annum; immediate occupancy; open to inspection at any time. J. A

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened, closed, audited, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly; corporations organized. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7306.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, expert and reliable, city; present employed; desires out of town manufacturing concern, would like position in city any time after April 1, 1920. G 384 Times.

ACCOUNTANT—Books systematized, audited, closed; tax specialist; arrangements firms without bookkeepers; corporation, partnership accountancy; reasonable. Greene, 1457 Hudson Terminal Building. Telephont Cortlandt 1379.

ADVERTISING COPY, editorial, feature, publicity or similar work wanted by experienced writer of ability; part time preferred. E 514 Times.

ASSISTANT TO EXECUTIVE, CORRESPONDENT—Young man, four years' office and general business experience; best credentials. A 590 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant ($3), executive ability, 8 years' business experience, expert stenographer, correspondent, seeks responsible position. L 167 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 37, married, thorough practical knowledge in branch and general accounting; seeks position with reputable corporation; salary $50; available immediately. G 148 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 22; two years' experience; student New York University; double entry bookkeeping, controlling accounts. Wolkowitz, 10 East 114th St.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, 31, ten years' accounting experience; thorough knowledge office routine; credits, collections; sales experience. J 144 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 27; accounting student; 8 years' experience; controls, trial balance; take full charge; $35. W 951 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, 25, advanced accountancy student, desires permanent connection. A 571 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, competent, controlling accounts, $25. D 531 Times.

BUTLER, first class, 15 years' experience, goes out to private luncheons, dinners, receptions, card parties, etc.; reasonable. Frank Werner, 563 9th Av., N. Y.

BOY, 17, American, two years in high school, wants position with automobile firm; no experience; object, work for promotion as salesman. B 25 Times.

CARPENTER.
Superintendent or foreman, expert in wood and fireproof construction; a hustler with good record. A 1020 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 10 years' experience, private and commercial, 12 months army convoy personal references. B. A. Mortensen, 241 Rugby Road, Brooklyn. Phone Flatbush 6210.

CHAUFFEUR—We have several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' references on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR, private, skilled mechanic, thorough knowledge of automobiles; excellent references from former employers; careful driver, trustworthy, neat appearance; city or country. Telephone Lenox 9670.

CHAUFFEUR-mechanic and caretaker, married; Cadillac car specialty; factory experience; A1 reference; country preferred. G 120 Times.

CHAUFFEUR; first-class mechanic, careful driver; obliging; experienced on high-class cars; excellent references. Knople, 205 W. 106th.

CHAUFFEUR, French, age 29, expert, thorough mechanic, with 9 years' experience, wishes position with private party; salary $35 a week; references. B 38 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, trustworthy, young man, experienced high-class cars, desires private position; excellent reference. G 100 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, single, 28, wishes position private family; references; capable; high-class cars. A 1102 Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR, own repairs, careful driver, long experience; references. Lucke, 168 East 81st.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, 9 years mechanic, wants private position. Morningside 5486, J. Carter.

CHAUFFEUR desires change to private position; 8 years' experience; references; salary $50 per week. G 407 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 12 years' experience, best references, desires position private family; state salary. M. Jackson, 60 St. Nicholas Av.

CHAUFFEUR, thoroughly competent, on high-grade cars; unquestionable references; light colored. G 410 Times.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position, private or commercial; 3 years' experience; references given. Box 236, 1,152 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, long experience; can do all repairs. Faust, 1,571 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR, 32, married, city or country; references. Gibo, 506 West 134th.

CHEMIST wishes position as such or as assistant in factory laboratory; experienced at analysis of foods, asphalts, &c. F 465 Times.

COUPLE, French, middle-aged, speaking English, wants position in the country, garden and housework. Address Louis Bosc, Fair Acres Farm, Westfield, N. J.

COUPLE, child 3 years, German, desire country position as all around man; wife general housework. B 50 Times.

COUPLE, respectable, desires to care for house; good references. Ri., 3302 Amsterdam.

CUSTOM SHOE FITTER, specialist on cutting, designing, stitching; expert on all work in custom shoe line; $60. P. Dugan, care S. Rudow, 240 East 9th St.

DRAFTSMAN and machine designer desires additional work; 20 years' experience in general engineering and machine design. Edward D. Roberts, 48 East 41st St., N. Y.

DRAFTSMAN, designer, 8 years' experience on machinery. J 128 Times.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER.
MAN, AMERICAN, COLLEGE TRAINED, 30, 7 YEARS' EXPERIENCE EMPLOYMENT AND EMPLOYMENT WORK, SEEKS NEW CONNECTION; AT PRESENT ENGAGED EMPLOYMENT MANAGER AND WELFARE DIRECTOR OF MANUFACTURING PLANT. G 340 TIMES.

PHYSICIAN—INDUSTRIAL SURGEON, thoroughly experienced in the practice of industrial surgery and medicine, who can show highest credentials, desires position with representative organization requiring first-class medical service for its employes. M. D., 965 Lexington Av., New York City.

PRINTER—All around, first-class; take charge medium plant; experienced. B 458 Times.

SALESMAN with established trade with large oil refineries and producing companies near Houston, Texas, wants to represent manufacturer of some staple oil necessity; commission basis only. E 544 Times.

SALESMAN, live wire, 23, five years' export-import experience, wishes good connection with reliable concern; salary no object. B 46 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced on trucks; best reference; will only consider first-class truck. A 137 Times.

SALESMAN, 25, experienced, wishes position anything; references. A. Mann, 132 Sherman Av.

SALESMAN on floor, Outside buyer cotton goods; young man. W 170 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, competent, young, personality, excellent Wall St. references; overseas service; $40. Green, 334 West 88th St.

SHIPPING CLERK, 28, good marker, packer, all around man. G 382 Times.

STENO-SECRETARY, well educated, knowledge of bookkeeping, working at present, wants to make change for better; references; $35. B 447 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, knowledge Spanish, bookkeeping. Commercial High graduate, desires stenography only as stepping stone for more important work; hard work preferred. B 24 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, young man, 22, experienced, capable; Saturdays excluded; paper box trade preferred; $22. B 48 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 28, experienced, knowledge of Spanish; $25. Kelly, 239 14th St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, 21, experienced, willing; references; Sabbath observer; $22. J 154 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, young man, former court reporter, private secretary; dry goods experience; references. Bel. Main 7816.

STENOGRAPHER, typist; industrious, 25; $18; wishes steady work; reference. G 138 Times.

WINDOW DRESSER, card writer, wants work evenings; experienced. X 2076 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN—I would like to connect with firm offering good future to young man, 22, six years' commercial, banking, brokerage experience; good appearance, initiative and executive ability. G 124 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, well educated, ex-aviator, experienced in oil business, leasing, field work, &c., seeks suitable connection any line; willing to travel or go anywhere. K 880 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 25, educated, four years' experience in electrical supplies, selling end, seeks position with possibilities for future; manufacturer preferred. K 881 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 6 years' business experience, desires to connect with some brokerage or banking firm with opportunities for advancement. J 110 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, high school graduate, knowledge bookkeeping, typewriting, office routine, desires position with chance to learn business. G 439 Times.

YOUNG MAN (21), college education, desires connection with reputable concern offering good opportunities. M 854 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, live wire, desires position with reliable concern; with advancement; willing worker; references. G 150 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, Jewish, conscientious, industrious, desires responsible position. N 317 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, high school graduate; five years commercial business experience, desires responsible position. 1401 7th Av., City.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN, 20, educated, clerical experience, desires position. M 977 Times Downtown.

WHAT CONCERN
WANTS ME MOST?
Just now as specialty salesman; five years' experience insurance, &c.; sensible, reliable, energetic. B 1103 Times Harlem.

HELP WANTED—Female.

GIRLS WANTED.
$15 A WEEK TO START.
Positions open
in several
departments.
ALSO
NIGHT WORK FOR WOMEN
(21 years and over,
married or single),
$18 A WEEK TO START.
No experience required; rapid advancement; permanent work; hours or less a week; earnings of $35 to $100 A MONTH soon reached.
EMPLOYMENT OFFICES:
1,158 BROADWAY, MANHATTAN,
8 A. M. to 8 P. M.
458 EAST TREMONT AV., BRONX,
9 A. M. to 9 P. M.
81 WILLOUGHBY ST., BROOKLYN,
one block from Hoyt St. subway station,
9 A. M. to 8 P. M.
ABOVE OFFICES ALSO OPEN
SATURDAYS TO 4 P. M.
SUNDAYS 1 P. M. TO 5 P. M.
195 BROADWAY, MANHATTAN,
9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
1,236 BROADWAY, BROOKLYN,
near Gates Av., L. I. station,
9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
Or telephone
MADISON SQUARE 12000.
NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

GIRLS AS CLERKS
AND AS TYPISTS.
Girls, age 17 and over,
wanted for permanent positions.
HOURS 9 TO 4:30.
SATURDAY, 9 TO 12.
LUNCHEON SERVED FREE.
Free Medical Attention, Dental Advice,
Insurance, Circulating Library,
Gymnasium.
Classes in Stenography, Typewriting, Dictaphone Operating, French, English, Home Nursing, Millinery and Dressmaking, with competent instructors and without expense.
OPPORTUNITY FOR GIRLS WITH SOME HIGH SCHOOL OR BUSINESS SCHOOL TRAINING IN TYPEWRITING TO QUALIFY AND FILL EARLY VACANCIES.
RAPID ADVANCEMENT TO THOSE WHO MERIT IT.
QUALIFIED APPLICANTS WILL BE STARTED IMMEDIATELY.
Apply any day between 9 and 4:30. (Monday and Wednesday until 6 P. M.) ROOM 5030 METROPOLITAN LIFE BUILDING, 4th Av. and 23d St. Use Madison Avenue elevator to 5th floor.

GIRLS
and
YOUNG
WOMEN
TO
HANDLE
LONG-
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE
CALLS.
$15
PER WEEK
TO START.
PERMANENT POSITIONS,
with the very Best
Working Conditions.
Regular and Frequent
Increases in Salary.
ADDITIONAL MONEY
For Special Hours.
Apply at
Room 530,
24 Lispenard St.
THE AMERICAN
TELEPHONE and TELEGRAPH
COMPANY.

COOK.
Young woman, not over 35, to do plain cooking in employes' luncheon room for girls; salary $18 per week to start.
Apply at:
Manhattan,
1,158 Broadway, corner 27th St.,
8 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Bronx,
453 East Tremont Av.,
12 M. to 9 P. M.

COOK-CHAUFFEUR—Couple wanted, suburban home, 25 miles from New York; woman to do cooking and general housework; man to act as chauffeur and make himself generally useful about the place. Apply Monday, Room 404, Flatiron Building.

CORRESPONDENT and stenographer, experienced; to take charge of correspondence; good position. Apply, Wefer Bros., Inc., 87 & 89 2nd Av., cor 9th St.

DICTAPHONE operator wanted by large corporation; must be appearing young lady who is capable of handling a large volume of work; reply giving age, nationality, education, experience, salary expected. O 26 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR WANTED; MUST HAVE EXPERIENCE AND BE OF NEAT APPEARANCE. APPLY G. R. S. CO., 518 WEST 55TH.

DICTATING machine transcribers; with insurance experience preferred; permanent positions; excellent chance for advancement. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Sta., N. Y.

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATORS, TWO, LIVING IN BROOKLYN PREFERRED. ELLIOTT, 416 ARBUCKLE BUILDING, BROOKLYN.

FILE CLERK—Large N. Y. corporation requires the services of a young lady as file clerk to assume full charge of general files; must be intelligent and have had at least one year's previous experience; Christian firm; entrance salary $100 monthly; when replying, state age and past experience. W 924 Times Downtown.

FILING CLERK, typist and office assistant in law office; $20 a week to start; opportunity for advancement; state education, religion and experience. V 958 Times Downtown.

FILING CLERK wanted for advertising department with uptown publishing house, who has had experience operating typewriter, also filing. W 116 Times.

FILE CLERK—Efficient file clerk desired in law office; must be thorough and painstaking; state age, salary expected and experience. A 740 Times Downtown.

GIRLS.
$13-$25; TO INSERT PAPER PATTERNS; FIVE GIRLS WANTED TO INSERT TISSUE PAPER PATTERNS IN ENVELOPES; $13 TO BEGINNERS; EXPERIENCED WORKERS EARN $25; STEADY YEAR ROUND; NO DULL SEASON.
THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO.,
64 WEST 23D ST.,
THIRD FLOOR, McCREERY BLDG.,
NEW YORK CITY.

GIRLS WANTED.
Office assistants and file clerks wanted by large downtown office; splendid opportunities for girls with some high school or business school training to qualify for higher positions in accounting department. Address TLW, P. O. Box 780 City Hall Station, N. Y.

GIRL for large office; experience unnecessary; must be public school graduate and write good hand; plenty of advancement for bright, intelligent worker. Answer in own handwriting stating age, religion and salary expected. G 378 Times.

GIRLS—Large company requires several girls from 14 to 16 to begin as messengers in the office and qualify for filing or clerical positions later on; excellent chance for advancement. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, N. Y.

GIRLS for sample department of wholesale silk concern; easy work, permanent position, good pay. Apply after 9 A. M., Duplan Silk Corp., 135 Madison Av.

GIRLS wanted by a large New York bank; experience on typewriter or adding machine necessary; good salary to start. V 971 Times Downtown.

GIRL—Christian firm, for law office, over 16; salary $10; state qualifications and references. W 933 Times Downtown.

GIRLS, beginners; large insurance company; excellent opportunity. Call Personnel Dept., 40th floor, 115 Broadway.

GIRL, refined, neat, to assist; references. Dr. Sensheimer, 2,170 Broadway, Schuyler 7267.

GIRL wanted, with office experience; permanent position. Apply in person, Curth Auto Sales Co., 1,810 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

GIRL, tour country, care for baby; permanent. Apply 11 to 2, Apt. 1B, 302 West 121 St.

GIRL, office assistant; beginner. Room 1023, 33 West 42d St.

GIRL for addressograph and clerical work. T 232 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER—A woman of refinement as working housekeeper in family of two adults and three-year-old girl; must be experienced and trustworthy; personal references required; must be willing to go to the mountains the 1st of May; excellent salary for capable woman. Write to 100 Greenway South, Forest Hills, L. I., for an interview, or telephone 6260-W Forest Hills.

HOUSEKEEPER, able to manage restaurant, small hotel; look after supplies and buying; give previous experience and salary expected. J 130 Times.

HOUSEWORKER, general; best wages competent worker; small family, apartment, Winter, country Summer. Telephone 12-2 Riverside 5556.

KITCHEN AND DINING ROOM WORK.
Openings for several women, 35 or under, for general work in employes' lunchrooms; wages $17 to $20, including hot lunch.
Apply at:
Manhattan,
1,158 Broadway, corner 27th St.,
8 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Bronx,
453 East Tremont Av.,
12 M. to 9 P. M.

LARGE FINANCIAL INSTITUTION OF LONG STANDING OFFERS SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO YOUNG WOMEN BETWEEN AGES OF 23 TO 50; PLEASANT WORK AND NO LIMIT TO EARNINGS; NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; COMMISSION ENABLES YOU TO EARN WHILE YOU LEARN. CALL AT ROOM 1017, 225 5TH AV. BETWEEN 10 AND 11 A. M.

MAID—American lady wants experienced lady's maid, best references. French preferred, to accompany in traveling. Call or write, Plaza Hotel, Room 504.

MANAGER FOR HAIR GOODS AND BEAUTY PARLOR; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY; WRITE, SALARY, EXPERIENCE, B., 209 TIMES.

MOTHER'S HELPER for baby girl 14 months; excellent home, attractive salary to suitable person. Phone Audubon 2515.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR — Experienced young lady; good salary. Write "A. L. P.," 20 East 28th St., New York City.

NURSE wanted; an experienced nurse to care for twins 2 years old; good home; good salary; must have reference. Phone Audubon 4580 before 10 A. M. or after 6 P. M. Call or write, M. Stearns, 867 West 161st.

NURSE for girl 3 years old; good wages; reference required. Call Sunday, Mrs. Steinhardt, 215 West 88th.

NURSE, graduate, for day duty in Episcopal Home for Women and Children, 106th St. and Grand Concourse.

NURSE, graduate, general floor; night duty. Union Hospital, 158th St. and Valentine Av.

OFFICE ASSISTANT wanted, with knowledge of typewriting; salary $15-$16. Apply Saturday morning, Reliable Button Co., 24 East 21st St.

PRESSERS ON HOFFMAN MACHINE FOR DYED AND CLEANED WORK. APPLY 534 CANAL ST.

SALESLADY, dresses, waists; steady position; good pay. Pioneer Blouse, 2,632 Broadway (100th).

SALESLADY with some experience in bakery; $18. Cushman, 123 West 10th St.

SALESWOMAN TO TRAVEL
with ladies' neckwear line; experience not essential; must be attractive and fluent, convincing talker; commission. Box 751, 1,777 Broadway.

HELP WANTED—Female.

SALESWOMEN—Wanted immediately, several experienced saleswomen for coats, suits and gowns; those familiar with specialty shops preferred; permanent position and liberal compensation. William Davies & Co., 353 5th Av.

SALESWOMAN, bright, to take orders for nationally advertised office specialty from offices in the city; splendid opportunity for those who qualify; write, stating previous experience and qualification; salary and commission. W 269 Times.

SHORTHAND SPEED CLUB, Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays, 7:30 to 9:30, $10 per year; Merchants and Bankers Business School, 37 East 58th St. Plaza 2993.

SOLICITORS, high-class, capable of successfully carrying the message of a progressive photographer to an exclusive clientele; in this position you regulate your work, spending either whole or part time; we pay an attractive figure for each appointment secured; your earning power in this position is limited only by your own ability; if you are looking for agreeable outside work answer this ad, giving previous business experience, if any; also your earnings for the last year. W 221 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.
HIGH-CLASS REAL ESTATE OFFICE DESIRES SERVICES OF COMPETENT STENOGRAPHER; STATE EXPERIENCE, AGE AND SALARY EXPECTED. V 18 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER.
EXPERT IN ENGLISH AND POLISH, FOR WARSAW OFFICE OF EXPORT-IMPORT FIRM. TO GO TO POLAND WITHIN THREE MONTHS; RECEIVE TRAINING HERE; GOOD SALARY; APPLY BY LETTER ONLY. AMERICA-EUROPE EXCHANGE CORPORATION, 50 EAST 42D ST. VANDERBILT 7390.

STENOGRAPHER—A permanent position in architect's and engineer's office, centrally located, awaits energetic stenographer, capable operating noiseless machine; hours 9 to 5, every Saturday afternoon and all legal holidays given; salary commensurate with ability; kindly make reply as explicit as possible. W 251 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.
Bright young woman, stenographer and typist, Christian firm, advertising business; bright office in modern office building; salary $20 to start; state experience and references. W 201 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Bright, intelligent girl wanted in office of advertising agency to answer telephone, do stenography and general office work; opportunity for advancement; apply by letter, stating age, nationality, salary expected. V 980 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER — Intelligent, ambitious young lady for permanent position; fair salary to start and promotion as soon as merit is shown; preference to those living in Manhattan or Bronx. Davis & Lawrence, 10 and 12 Christopher St.

STENOGRAPHER, EXPERIENCED, ACCURATE, INTELLIGENT, FOR LARGE LACE AND COTTON GOODS HOUSE; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, SALARY EXPECTED, &C. B. M., 291 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER—For importer; must be accurate and quick at dictation; intelligent; salary $22. Reply, stating telephone number, age, experience, F 811 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS—TWO
Downtown insurance company has two good openings for accurate stenographers. Apply M. E. Lowndes, 6th floor, 123 William St.

STENOGRAPHER; must be experienced, rapid and accurate; for purchasing department of large industrial company; state age and salary desired. W 956 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—We have an opening for a competent stenographer; must be neat and accurate; good salary at the start and excellent opportunity for advancement. G 146 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper; must be neat, quick, experienced. Call this afternoon between 2 and 3 P. M., P. Blumethal & Co., Inc., 68 E. 131st St.

STENOGRAPHER, first class, living within convenient reach of Edgewater, N. J. Apply Mr. Hancock, Aluminum Co. of America, Edgewater, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER, age 20 or over, for general office work; $18-$20 weekly, according to ability; permanent position if competent; hours 8:30-5. Write Efficient, 104 East 14th.

STENOGRAPHER, by Christian import and export house; must be well educated and accurate; state age; salary $30 to start. W 937 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Young lady wanted by large manufacturing concern; experience unnecessary; salary to start $20 per week. W 229 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, young girl preferred; salary to start $18. Apply Room 924, Long Acre Building, 42d and Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; good position, with future. 66 Leonard St., Room 703.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid, intelligent; good chance for advancement; Christian house. 159 East 54th.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST, experienced; automobile concern; salary to start $22. D 504 Times.

STENOGRAPHER for law office; salary $25 to $28. F. H. Pease, Room 2822, 120 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, familiar with office details; state age, experience, salary. J 131 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner; good hours; pleasant office; chance for advancement. Apply on write Room 122, 135 William St.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; experienced in banking business; state salary and other particulars. Room 1156, 120 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER in real estate office; good opportunity for bright young lady. Spotts & Starr, Inc., Times Building. Bryant 8681.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; apply in person; salary $20 to start. American Twine Co., Inc., 135 W. 44th St.; 3d floor.

STENOGRAPHER; neat and accurate. Reuben & Zuckerman, 119 W. 24th St.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, with knowledge of bookkeeping. Apply at 828 7th Av.

STOCK GIRLS—TAN, STRONG GIRLS TO DO STOCK WORK. APPLY AT ONCE, J. M. GIDDING & CO., 564 6TH AV.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, experienced; busy law office; $16 to $18, depending on qualifications. Rumsey & Morgan, 20 Exchange Place, New York City.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, white, middle aged preferred; must be thorough. Apply Manager, 143 East 39th.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR Wanted — First class; must be thoroughly experienced, refined and courteous; not under 35; Christian concern; reply, giving age, nationality, experience and salary expected; good pay to right party. W 206 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, small switchboard, wholesale office downtown; salary to start, $14. Call 452 Water St.

TYPISTS.
Young girls, 16 years of age or over, using touch system, for copy work; liberal salary, with advancement.
BELLAS HESS & CO.,
95 Morton St.,
Near Christopher Street Ferry.

TYPISTS.
If you are looking for a position where your earnest efforts will be appreciated by rapid advancements, your surroundings are pleasant, with good salary, then apply to Mr. Petit, 117 West 46th St., 6th floor.

TYPIST—An American girl, high school graduate preferred, one who is a good mathematician, for a position in order and billing department of a manufacturer; state age and salary expected. K 913 Times Downtown.

TYPIST wanted for addressing and circularization work; must be rapid and accurate; salary $15-$16 to start. Apply Saturday morning between 10-11 A. M., Gordon Fine & Co., 226 West 42d.

TYPIST; $75 month; good opening in reinsurance division of downtown insurance company. Apply M. E. Lowndes, 6th Floor, 123 William St.

TYPIST and Bookkeeper—Young woman as typist with experience as assistant in bookkeeping department. Apply Room 11, ninth floor, 229 West 43d St.

TYPIST—Bright beginner considered; good hours, pleasant office; chance for advancement. Apply or write, Room 123, 135 William St.

TYPIST and switchboard operator for Long Island City office; state particulars. W 242 Times.

TYPIST, $75 month; good opening in reinsurance division; lunch room on premises. V 753 Times Downtown.

TYPIST—Also operate small switchboard, Bronx Furniture Store; state age, salary and experience. R 1200 Times Bronx.

TYPIST for temporary position; must be rapid and accurate operator. Apply H. J. Walsh, Chevrolet Motor Co., 224 West 57th.

TYPIST, billing, with some experience; excellent working conditions; state age and salary. W 212 Times.

WOMAN wanted for light sewing in doll department; $18 per week. Address in own handwriting, giving age and experience, V 865 Times Downtown.

WOMAN wanted with advertising experience by a well-established Western weekly, opening offices in the East; acquaintance among manufacturers of women's apparel in the city of value but not essential; the proposition opens a wide field for the alert; liberal commissions paid. Apply Mr. Rosenthal, 10-4, Room 609, 1,170 Broadway.

HELP WANTED—Female.

WAIST BUYER.
LARGE DEPARTMENT STORE IN GREATER NEW YORK OFFERS A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO A LIVE PROGRESSIVE WAIST BUYER; STATE EXPERIENCE; APPLICATIONS CONFIDENTIAL. W 216 TIMES.

YOUNG LADY experienced in mailing lists, circular letters and trade paper advertising, machinery work; to act as assistant to advertising manager; good opportunity for one with executive ability. W 246 Times.

YOUNG LADY to assist in auditing department in a large wholesale house; temporary or maybe permanent position; give references; state age and salary expected. B. R., 357 Times.

YOUNG LADY, familiar with Singer power sewing machines in office of large manufacturing concern; light work on samples; lunch room, vacation, salary $12 to start. M 814 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY with knowledge of stenography to assist in office duties in office of large manufacturing concern; state salary expected. M 809 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY for occasional typewriting and assist in office work in office of large manufacturing company. State salary expected. M 815 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, TO TAKE CHARGE OF STOCK IN DRESSMAKING ESTABLISHMENT; ONE WHO CAN WAIT ON GIRLS. ROWORTH, 14 WEST 50TH ST.

YOUNG LADY TO TAKE CHARGE OF PHONOGRAPH DEPARTMENT. S. BAUMANN & CO., 750 8TH AV.

YOUNG WOMAN to take charge of employes' lunchroom for girls; should have some knowledge of domestic science, or the equivalent in practical experience; resident of New York or Brooklyn; salary $21 to start. Apply by letter to V 967 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN—We require an experienced and capable young woman to take charge of our jewelry and leather goods departments; this is an excellent opportunity for one who can qualify and should meet with immediate response. W. M. Whitney & Co., Albany, New York.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted in filing department of private Christian banking house; need not to have had experience; good opportunity; splendid advancement. Address, stating age, salary expected and personal references, McA., P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station, New York.

YOUNG WOMEN, OR 2 WITH EXPERIENCE IN FACTORY OFFICE OF SHOE MANUFACTURER; THOSE WHO CAN OPERATE TYPEWRITER PREFERRED. T. E. H., 62 SCHENECTADY AV., BROOKLYN.

YOUNG WOMEN, not under 18, for clerical positions in office of large downtown concern; experience unnecessary; good chance for advancement. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, N. Y.

YOUNG LADY for sample department of large cotton goods house; state age, experience, &c. B. L., 290 Times.

YOUNG GIRL, unexperienced, for office work, or school girl for part time. Frank Bros., 588 5th Av., near 48th St.

YOUNG WOMAN for chamber work and assist in doctor's dining room. Presbyterian Hospital, 41 East 70th.

Instruction.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.
Women who can talk effectively to others, singly or in groups, are needed in business. Visit, without obligation, a new class in Public Speaking at Pace Institute, 30 Church St., New York, which will be held on Saturday afternoon, March 20, at 4 o'clock; observe for yourself the methods which have trained others to talk convincingly. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for informative booklet 8. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

COME ANY MINUTE after 5 P. M. for secretarial, bookkeeping, English, accounting courses. Drake Business School, Tribune Bldg.

$25-$150 weekly. Prof. Rohrer's Hairdress, Manicure, Beauty School, 110 West 42d St.

Employment Agencies.

WEAVER EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
574 5th Av.
We are open every day until 6, including Saturday. We have many business positions now for clerks, bookkeepers, stenographers, secretaries, typists, executives. Come in and talk over these opportunities with us. Registration free.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS, SENIORS, REQUIRED BY FIRM OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS FOR PERMANENT STAFF; APPLICANTS MUST BE FULLY QUALIFIED TO CONDUCT AND ASSUME AUDITS AND GENERAL ACCOUNTING ASSIGNMENTS; SALARY $4,000 PER ANNUM; ADDRESS, STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE AND REFERENCES, X 2058 TIMES ANNEX.

ACCOUNTANT—Exceptional opportunity for young man well versed in theory and practice of accounting to take charge of books of growing manufacturing corporation in Bushwick section, Brooklyn; must be competent and energetic; Christian firm; references. Address W 941 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS, two first-class seniors; permanency and opportunities; must have had extended experience in auditing Stock Exchange houses. M 857 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS—Liberal commissions for clients; arrangement. M 848 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MANAGER.
We require at once the services of a thoroughly experienced department store advertising manager, splendid opportunity for one with the necessary qualifications; only those who have shown results need apply.
KATZ & GOLDSMITH,
BRADDOCK, PA.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR for trade paper, largest circulation in its field. See Mr. Clark, Room 306, 17 State St.; salary or commission.

ARTIST—Must be good letterer and able to do color work. Ames & Rollinson, 206 Broadway.

ASSISTANT IN COLLECTION DEPARTMENT; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY WITH LARGE PUBLISHING HOUSE FOR CLEAN-CUT AMERICAN; AGE 20-25; MUST BE EXPERIENCED CORRESPONDENT, CAPABLE OF HANDLING LARGE VOLUME OF DETAIL AND ASSUMING PARTIAL SUPERVISION; SELL US YOUR SERVICES IN YOUR LETTER, WHICH MUST STATE SALARY DESIRED AND FULL DETAILS OF PAST EXPERIENCE. W 2210 TIMES.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER wanted, Christian firm; must be accurate and quick at figures and write a good hand; one experienced in handling cables and telegrams preferred. State age, references and salary expected. K 854 Times Downtown.

ASSEMBLERS on small telephone work; good pay. Dictaphone Products Corp., Rockaway Rd. and Beaufort St., Jamaica, Long Island.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANICS, first class; steady work. E. S. Partridge & Co., Inc., Webster and 24 Avs., Long Island City.

AUTOMOBILE TRIMMERS and top makers wanted. Apply Cadillac, 1345th St. and Broadway.

BILL CLERK, very competent and experienced, for billing, computing and general office routine; good pay; give full particulars. W 946 Times Downtown.

BILL POSTER, steady job, good pay; mostly indoor work. Apply Tunnel Advertising Co., 30 Church St., Room 216, east.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST—Must be thoroughly competent; stenography desirable, but not essential; best references required; give full particulars as to age, experience, etc. Address Q. S., P. O. Box 822 City Hall Station, New York.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, experienced in real estate and insurance; married man preferred; write, advising experience, references and salary expected. T 207 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Ambitious man, about 25 years of age, with practical experience; advancement certain if not afraid of work and can make good. Woodville, W 139 Times.

BOOKKEEPERS wanted by large downtown bank on individual ledgers; Boston system; $1,300 a year to start; experience necessary. V874 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—Experienced in manufacturing accounts; good opportunity; state experience and salary expected. P. O. Box 74, Irvington, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge of typewriting, make himself generally useful in butter and egg business; state salary and experience. W 264 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and office assistant, competent, by Christian firm; must be willing; give full particulars in first letter; salary $30. Box 805 Times, 2 Rector St.

BOOKKEEPER wanted by wholesale dry goods house; state age, experience and salary expected. A. A., 639 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, rapid, accurate, competent; permanent position; good opportunity. Revillon Freres, 26 West 35th.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge stenography, for exporter; thoroughly efficient; state particulars. B 55 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER, accurate and quick; double entry system; state salary expected and experience in own handwriting. B 48 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, for installment house, Gotham Cash Register Co., 151 Bowery.

BOYS.
WE ARE IN NEED OF A NUMBER OF BOYS AS
MESSENGERS,
OFFICE BOYS,
ORDER FILLERS,
STOCK BOYS.
MINIMUM PAY $13 PER WEEK.
THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

BOY WANTED,
MUST WRITE GOOD HAND,
NEAT WITH WORK;
GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT.
ANSWER OWN HANDWRITING
STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE
AND SALARY EXPECTED.
X 2030 TIMES ANNEX.

BOYS,
AGE 18 YEARS AND OVER,
Wanted for positions in mail division OF LARGE INSURANCE COMPANY; PERMANENT POSITION.
HOURS 9 TO 4:30.
HALF DAY SATURDAY.
LUNCHEON SERVED FREE.
Rapid advancement to those who merit it.
SALARY TO START $12.
Call after 9 A. M., Room 5030.
METROPOLITAN LIFE BUILDING,
4th Av. and 23d St., New York.

BOY WANTED, 16-18; AN OLD ESTABLISHED CONCERN OF NATIONAL IMPORTANCE, LOCATED IN THE FINANCIAL DISTRICT, OFFERS AN OPPORTUNITY FOR TRAINING TO A BRIGHT AND AMBITIOUS YOUNG MAN; CHANCES FOR ADVANCEMENT MORE THAN USUAL; PERMANENT; SHORT WORKING DAY ENABLING MORE TIME FOR EVENING SCHOOLING; PREFERENCE GIVEN TO HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES; $15 WEEKLY. V 989 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOYS AND YOUNG MEN ! ! !
EARN $20 TO $25 WEEKLY
DELIVERING AND COLLECTING TELEGRAMS. WE GUARANTEE $15 PER WEEK, SO THAT NO ONE EARNS LESS. VACATIONS WITH PAY. OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT.
WESTERN UNION TEL. CO.,
33 PARK PLACE.

BOYS.
We have an opening for 2 boys who are willing workers and desire to get ahead; good opportunity. Apply at 192 Diamond St., Greenpoint, Bklyn.

BOYS,
FOR OFFICE AND ERRANDS; FINE PROSPECTS FOR THOSE WHO MAKE GOOD.
STEINWAY & SONS,
107 EAST 14TH ST.

BOY, 16-18, in sales office of large concern; clerical work; good handwriting essential; excellent opportunity for advancement to the right party. Mr. Kopelson, Empire Carpet Co., 270 Canal St.

BOY, 15 TO 16, IN ARCHITECT'S OFFICE; OPPORTUNITY TO LEARN DRAWING; CHRISTIAN FIRM. CALL 680 5TH AV., 5TH FLOOR.

BOYS.
We have an opening for 2 bright boys, for clerical and office work; opportunity for advancement; apply after 10 A. M.
TIFFANY STUDIOS,
MADISON AV. AND 45TH ST.

NOON TODAY.

Announcements for the Classified Section of Sunday's New York Times will be omitted unless received in the Times Building by 12 o'clock noon today.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN to carry side line of muslin underwear in conjunction with similar line on commission basis for South and Middle West; good proposition for men with following. W 361 Times.

SALESMEN, experienced, for misses and children's headwear; good following for city and surroundings on salary and commission basis; only first-class men need apply. W 220 Times.

SALESMEN with a following will find an unusual opportunity to connect with a reliable shirt manufacturer; salary or commission; apply by letter; state age and experience. T 311 Times.

SALESMAN wanted on shirts, one who is thoroughly familiar with jobbing office and department store trade; drawing account against commission. W 923 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, to sell educational courses to business men; drawing account, commission; steady daily work. Call 9-12. Amer. Lang. Inst., Inc., 156 5th Av.

SALESMEN TO TRAVEL
with women's neckwear line; opportunity for real salesmen; can earn $5,000 to $10,000 year. Trolin & Simon, 100 5th Av.

SALESMAN wanted, traveling, ladies' goods, to sell fine leather gloves as a sideline; good commission for the right man. X 2047 Times Annex.

SALESMEN, calling on dry goods stores, city and road; full brassieres; sidelines; commission. Frey & Michail, 3,393 3d Av.

SALESMAN, junior, experienced gents' furnishings; references. 10 A. M., Loewys, 2,725 3d Av.

SALESMAN, junior; experienced gents' furnishings; references. 10 A. M., Loewys, 2,725 3d Av.

SET UP MEN.
One or two men for setting up thread millers and gear hobbers. Apply immediately, BIJUR MOTOR APPLIANCE CO., 15th and Garden Sts., Hoboken, N. J.

SHIPPING CLERK, experienced and capable keeping stockroom in order; growing Christian concern; state salary, experience. W 203 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, first class; steady position for the right man. Apply at factory, Cutler Hammer Mfg. Co., 144th St. and Southern Boulevard.

SOLICITORS, high-class, capable of successfully carrying the message of a progressive photographer to an exclusive clientele; in this position you regulate your own work, spending either whole or part time; we pay attractive figure for each appointment secured; your earning power in this position is limited only by your own ability; if you are looking for agreeable outside work, answer this ad., giving previous business experience, if any, also your earnings for the last year. T 221 Times.

SOLICITORS—Catalogue, program, exhibits and concessions; steady; must be experienced; salary and commission; state experience by letter only. Col. Albert Ritchie, Marlborough Hotel.

SOLICITOR, photographic, for home portrait work, near New York; only high-class person need apply; commission. Dawson, 507 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER,

SECRETARIAL WORK; MUST BE EXPERIENCED; ONE FAMILIAR WITH DETAIL WORK PREFERRED. STATE IN DETAIL IN APPLICATION, EXPERIENCE, AGE AND SALARY DESIRED. X 2022 TIMES ANNEX.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper wanted; must be accurate at figures, experienced; references required. Apply W 950 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid, intelligent; good chance for advancement; Christian house. 100 East 54th.

STOCK SALESMAN,
experienced telephone stock salesman, producers only need apply; live leads and splendid co-operation given; salary and commission. Apply Room 802, Mohawk Bldg., 100 5th Av.

STOCKMAN,

THIS ORGANIZATION, HANDLING

A VARIED LINE
OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
HAS A NUMBER
OF VACANCIES FOR
MEN AROUND 40
YEARS OF AGE
TO ASSUME PERMANENT
POSITIONS AS STOCK
KEEPERS AND DO
GENERAL UTILITY WORK.

APPLY BY MAIL

OR IN PERSON.

THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,

25 WASHINGTON ST.,

BROOKLYN, N. Y.

TAILORS ON DYED AND CLEANED WORK. APPLY 334 CANAL ST.

TEACHER, English, to foreigner, evenings; state age, education, experience. G 116 Times.

TOOLMAKERS

FOR FINE AND
HIGH GRADE WORK.

STEADY EMPLOYMENT,
EXCELLENT SURROUNDINGS,
LIVING AND BOARDING CONDITIONS.

Apply only

S. S. WHITE DENTAL MFG. CO.,
PRINCE BAY, STATEN ISLAND.

TOOL DESIGNERS.
Small and medium class of work, jigs, fixtures, punches and dies; come ready for work. Slocum, Avram & Slocum Laboratories, Inc., 120 Pacific St., Newark, N. J.

TYPIST, Hungarian, knowledge of German preferred, but not essential; Lago Bank, 154 West 14th St.

TYPIST—Man to do plain copy work. Apply by letter, stating salary desired. W 910 Times Downtown.

WEIGHMASTER—Must be accurate and quick; state salary and experience in own handwriting. Coal, B 42 Times.

YOUNG BOY, beginner, to learn music business; state age, education, salary expected in own handwriting. B 31 Times.

YOUNG MAN for complete charge of mailing department; high-class investment house; good salary; excellent opportunity to gradually step higher; experience preferable; do not write unless you intend to apply yourself entirely to the work and can enforce discipline on the part of those under you. Write L. F., Post Office Box 372, City Hall Station.

YOUNG MAN wanted; college graduate, mechanical engineer; prefer one who has been out of college two to three years; work in sales department of large and old-established house dealing in iron and steel; reply definitely as to age, education, ambition and salary desired. 986 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN as bank messenger for chain of hotels; must have had bank-runner experience, excellent position for an ambitious and intelligent man, who is seeking a future. Mr. Hawley, Hotel Ashton, 93d St. and Madison Av.

YOUNG MAN, for Christian firm, about 20; must have high school education; opportunity for energetic youth as assistant to office manager; state age, experience and salary expected. Future, 861 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for stenographic and clerical work in large hardware business downtown; previous business experience unnecessary, but must be bright and willing; write education and salary expected. W 930 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, with selling experience, wanted in high-class retail store; salary $15 per week to start and commission; address in own handwriting, giving age and experience. V 984 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN—COTTON GOODS HOUSE HAS OPENING FOR YOUNG MAN IN THEIR CONVERTING DEPARTMENT; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. B N., 292 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, by large manufacturing concern, to keep record of receipts and assist foreman of repair shop; salary $12 to start; chance for advancement. A 775 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in mailing lists, circular letters and trade papers' advertising, machinery work, to act as assistant to advertising manager; good opportunity for one with executive ability. W 344 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18 to 20 years, as junior clerk; excellent opportunity; reply in own handwriting stating experience and salary expected. W 958 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN of neat appearance and gentlemanly address for floor usher in a first-class piano salesroom. Write G. A. S., 104 E. 14th.

YOUNG MAN for general office work, with knowledge of bookkeeping and typewriting; state age, experience and salary expected. W 198 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted to make himself generally useful in department of dry-goods commission house. Address F. C. Box 739.

Instruction.

YOUR LIFE WORK—SETTLE IT NOW
instead of in after years drifting in wrong positions, poor progress, success and satisfaction depend upon selecting the work for which you are best fitted. Before making a change, find out what your life work should be. Thru an analysis of your abilities from a study of the face our trained analysts can determine the right job for you. This study is based on known scientific laws. Call here for full details. Booklet "K" on request. Morton Institute, Inc., 96 5th Av. (at 15th St.), New York. Tel. Chelsea 4064.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.
Men who can talk effectively to others, singly or in groups, are needed in business. Visit, without obligation, a new class in Public Speaking at Pace Institute, 30 Church St., New York, which will be held on Saturday afternoon, March 20, at 4 o'clock; observe for yourself the methods which have trained others to talk convincingly. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for informative booklet 10. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

ACCOUNTANTS-BOOKKEEPERS.
Our intensive, practical training given by C. P. A.'s qualifies you for highest paid positions. Investigate.
International Accountants' Society, Inc.
506 TRIBUNE BUILDING, N. Y. C.

ACCOUNTANCY—New classes are now forming, day or early evening sessions. Write for helpful booklet, "Your Post-War Opportunity" and Bulletin 25. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

AUBURNS, CADILLACS, HUDSONS, DODGES, BUICKS, FRANKLINS, &c.
100 late model cars to select from, all types.
DON'T PAY BROADWAY PRICES.
WE WILL SAVE YOU 25% ON 58TH ST.
AUTOMOBILE WAREHOUSE, INC.,
216 West 58th St., near B'way. Circle 1417.

AUSTRIAN - DAIMLER, absolutely new; 4 pass. sport model; aeroplane motor; disc wheels.

CADILLAC 1917 4 pass. sport.

CADILLAC 1917 7 pass. touring.

DE DION BOUTON 1915 8 cyl.; $1,000.

HUDSON 1919 runabout landau.

ISOTTA-FRASCHINI 24 H. P. 4 pass.

ISOTTA-FRASCHINI 70-90 H. P. sport.

ISOTTA-FRASCHINI 120 H. P. touring.

LANCIA 1918 4 pass. sport.

MERCER 1919 4 pass. sport.

PACKARD twin-six coupe, $2,500.

PHIANNA 1919, special inside drive.

STUDEBAKER 1920 touring, brand new.

STUTZ 1919 special 4 pass.

ULLOCH & WHALEN, 157 West 56th.

BIDDLE 1918 4-PASS. SPORT SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1919 AMESBURY SUB. SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1919 VICTORIA, 4-PASS.
PACKARD 1918 Fleetwood Town Brougham.
PIERCE-ARROW 1918 Suburban Sedan.
PIERCE-ARROW 1920 Dual Valve Touring.
PIECER-ARROW 1919 Dual Valve Touring.
PIERCE-ARROW, Series B-4, Limousine.
ROAMER 1919 Brougham Special.
LANCIA 1917 LOCKE SEDAN.
LOCOMOBILE COUPE, 1919, Custom Built.
PEERLESS 1919 SPORT COUPE.
CUNNINGHAM 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
Cars guaranteed 4 mos. Immediate Delivery.
D. C. BURRELLE,
1,700 Broadway, 5th floor. Phone Circle 183.

BIDDLE 1919 4-passenger Sport.
CADILLAC 1919 touring; almost new.
CADILLAC 1919 Suburban Sedan.
PACKARD 1919, 3-35, Fleetwood Runabout.
PIERCE-ARROW, series 4, 7-passenger, 6-48.
PIERCE-ARROW 1918, 3-38, French Br'gh'm.
STUTZ 1919 Speedster and Runabout.
MERCER 1919 4-pass. Sport and Runabout.
MARMON 1918 French Brougham.
HYGRADE AUTO EXCHANGE, INC.,
602-606 7th Av., Cor. 38d. Tel. Circle 1964.

BUICK, 5-passenger sedan, 1919 model; practically new; fully equipped; cord tires; reason for sale, bought larger car. Phone Greeley 4376, Mr. Bloomfield, for appointment to see car.

BUICK 1919, touring, seven-passenger, less 4,000 miles; sell; gentleman going abroad; new cord tire and tubes; many other extras. G 136 Times.

BUICK, 1918 roadster, almost new; small mileage; $1,150. Schuyler 5417.

BUICK, 1919 5-passenger; like new. "Harris" Marcia Pass; 187 5th Av.

BUICK, 1918 little six roadster; mechanically perfect; cord tires. Smith, Morningside 176.

BUICKS, 1919-1920 TOURING
Roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 5th floor.

BUSES, three, for sale; good condition; immediate delivery. William J. Globensky, 87-89 West End Av., New York City.

CADILLACS,

1918—1919—1920.
ROADSTER,
PHAETON,
TOURING,
SEDAN OR
SUBURBAN,
AMESBURY SEDAN,
LIMOUSINE,
VICTORIA.
ALSO
HUDSON, 1919, "O" 4-PASS.
HUDSON, 1919, "M" Suburban Sedan.
MARMON, 1918, TOWN CAR.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917 Touring, Series 4.
STUTZ, 1919, BEARCAT.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway. Phone Circle 3323-3324.

CADILLAC 1917, sedan and limousine.

CADILLAC 4-pass., new car, immediate delivery.

PACKARD 3-35, Fleetwood runabout; new series; only one obtainable before Aug. del.

PACKARD 3-35, 5-pass., Fleetwood touring.

PACKARD 3-35, 7-pass. touring and salon.

PACKARD 3-35, coupe and chummy roadster.

PACKARD 3-25, touring and phaeton.

PACKARD 3-25, Fleetwood runabout.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 48-h.p. limousine.

FIAT 1915, touring; foreign importation.

FIAT, town car.

HUDSON, model J, 4-pass. sport.
Cars guaranteed as represented.
Louis Bretey Automobile Co., Inc.,
1,806 Broadway. Phone 270-271 Columbus.

CADILLAC SEDAN 1918.
STUTZ 6-PASS. 1919.
STUTZ SPEEDSTER 1918.
PIERCE-ARROW 48 TOUR. 1917.
FRANKLIN SEDAN 1918.
OWEN MAGNETIC TOUR. 1917.
MERCER SPEEDSTER 1917.
CHALMERS ALL TYPES 1919.
LOCO LIMOUSINE LANDAU 1916.
MANY OTHER MAKES.
LOBELL ARBORN, 237 W. 58TH ST.

CADILLAC SUBURBAN SEDAN, 1919, H-H; like new; 12,000 miles; plush lining.

CADILLAC VICTORIA, 1919, K-K; run 2,000 miles; plush lining.

CADILLAC SPORT, 1919, K-K; wire wheels, tonneau, windshield, &c.

CADILLAC AUTO EXCHANGE,
Cor. 56th St. and 7th Av. Circle 5808.

CADILLAC touring; looks like new; 6 cord tires. Ask for
MR. DOMAN,
Holmes Motor Car Corporation, 7 Central Park West, Columbus 2166.

CADILLAC Type 57, 4 passenger, 8 new cord tires; any demonstration; price $2,950. Adelphi Warehouse, 152 W. 90th. Riverside 1773.

CADILLAC Model 55 7-passenger touring, overhauled and painted. Schwarz, 148 West 66th. Columbus 5210.

CADILLAC, Apperson and Singer cars for sale. Robert Smith, 413 West 55th St.

CADILLAC 1918 "57" suburban sedan; bargain. Cook & MacConnell, 630 5th Av.

CADILLAC 1918 "57" touring car; bargain. Cook & MacConnell, 630 5th Av.

CADILLAC "57" 4-passenger; absolutely perfect; bargain. Seen 123 W. 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC 1918 Victoria coupe; perfect; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC 1918 town car; slightly used; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC 1919 suburban sedan; practically new; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC Private Renting Service, 121 West 54th St. Circle 2809; reasonable rates.

CHANDLER, 1918 chummy roadster, recently overhauled; extra Winter top; bargain. Schuyler 5417.

CHANDLER, 1920, 4-passenger, run 1,500 miles; make offer. Adelphi Warehouse, 152 West 90th. Riverside 1773.

CHANDLER CHUMMY ROADSTER.
Almost new. Sacrifice $1350. Circle 1037.

CHEVROLET, ALL 1920 MODELS.
Sedans, touring, roadsters, coupes, taxis, delivery cars, ton trucks; also slightly used cars at big sacrifice; condition guaranteed; small payment down, balance easy terms. 351 East 149th St., Bronx. Melrose 10032.

CHEVROLET SEDAN, LATE 1919; practically new; with all latest equipments; condition guaranteed; free instruction; must sell; cash or easy terms. Fordham 8522.

COLE 1919 8 cylinder touring, wire wheels; run 4,000 miles; absolutely perfect; $2,600. 23 West 62d St., 4th floor.

COLE 1919 touring; guaranteed like new; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

COUPE—State make, model, year and price; no dealers. A 144 Times.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

CUNNINGHAM 4-passenger sport; used 500 miles; immediate delivery. Stark, 23 West 63d. 4936 Columbus.

DODGE Touring 1917; excellent condition.

HUPMOBILE Touring 1917, 7-passenger.

OAKLAND Touring 1916; excellent condition.

Maxwell Cabriolet 1917; excellent condition; many extras.

HUDSON Cabriolet 6-40; repainted.

PAIGE Touring 1917.

BUICK Touring 1918, 5-passenger; like new; Little Six.

PACKARD, 6 cylinder limousine; good tires; excellent paint; fine running order.
MULLER MOTOR CAR CO.,
1,884 Broadway at 62d St.

DODGE 1919 town brougham, special body; must sell to settle estate; make offer. Adelphi Warehouse, 152 W. 90th. Riverside 1773.

ESSEX touring, latest series, special equipment; $1,275; quick sale. Armstrong, Riverside 10307.

FORDS, 1920, sedans, coupelets, touring, commercial; immediate deliveries; small cash payments; balance monthly. Phone Wadsworth 4054, Volmer.

FORD CARS ON EASY TERMS.
$175 down, balance $10 weekly; immediate delivery. R1281 Times Bronx.

FORDS, touring, roadsters, suburban, coupelets; commercial. 20th Century Auto, 250 West 54th.

FORD wanted, 1920, coupelet, second hand; cash for immediate delivery. K 688 Times Downtown.

FORD 1920, ALL MODELS.
Immediate delivery; easy terms arranged; no extra charge. M. Z., 1334 Times Bronx.

FORDS, 1920; pleasure and commercial; immediate delivery; time payment. Feldstone, Franklin 748.

FORDS—$475 down, balance $10 a week; immediate delivery. Wadsworth 5494.

FOR SALE.
1918 PIERCE-ARROW FRENCH SUBURBAN.
1919 PACKARD RUNABOUT.
1918 PACKARD TOURING.
1919 MARMON CHUMMY.
HARROLD'S MOTOR CAR CO.,
1,119 ATLANTIC AV., BROOKLYN.
TELEPHONE PROSPECT 9603.

HAYNES, 1917, Touring; Winter and Summer tops; low mileage; good condition; $1,450. See Mr. Frisbie of Franklin Motor Car Company, corner Branford Place and Halsey St., Newark, N. J. Phone Market 576. Ask for Lauder's car.

HAYNES 1920 4-passenger, like new; make offer. Adelphi Warehouse, 152 W. 90th. Riverside 1773.

HUDSON 1917 7-passenger, mechanically perfect; good paint; make offer. Adelphi Warehouse, 152 W. 90th. Riverside 1773.

HUDSON, 1919 seven passenger touring; general condition like new. Smith, Morningside 176.

HUDSON 8, suburban sedan; perfect condition; reasonable; no dealers. Telephone Prospect 598. D 538 Times

HUDSON TOURING LIMOUSINE
(Suburban sedan); like new; complete equip.; leaving city; sacrifice. Tully, 2720 Circle.

HUPMOBILE sedan, refinished, splendid mechanical condition; must be seen to be appreciated. Ask for
MR. DOMAN,
Holmes Motor Car Corporation,
7 Central Park West, Columbus 2166.

LOCOMOBILE 1916 model touring car; excellent condition; can be seen Berwick Garage, 210 East 57th St.

LOCOMOBILE sedan, 48 h. p.; late model; condition exceptional. Gotham, 1,804 Broadway, Circle 3572.

MacFARLAN brougham, one of the latest models; wire wheels; must be seen to be appreciated. Gotham, 1,804 Broadway, Circle 3572.

MARMON, 1917 landaulet, painted in blue and upholstered in gray cloth; in good condition. Packard Motor Car Co. of New York, 1,861 Broadway, N. Y. City. Telephone Columbus 8900, Used Car Department, third floor.

MARMON 1917 limousine; beautiful condition; bargain. Inspect at 123 W. 64th. Meyer

MARMON, Model 41 touring car; excellent condition. 373 Park Av. 5571 Plaza.

MERCER LIMOUSINE, LATE MODEL; BUILT SPECIALLY FOR PRESIDENT OF MERCER MOTOR CO.; EXCELLENT CONDITION. WHITING MOTOR CO., 352 CENTRAL AV., NEWARK, N. J. MARKET 7876.

MERCEDES sedan, body by Holbrook; splendid condition and appearance; high class car. Telephone during business hours. John 1919.

MERCER—Late 1917 4-passenger touring car, beautifully equipped, mechanically perfect; six wire wheels, extra tires. Riverside 2870.

MERCER 1919 runabout; perfect condition; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

NATIONAL, 1918 touring, condition perfect; make offer. Reilly-Scott, 136 W 52d.

OLDSMOBILE 1919 Coupe, 4-passenger; new tires; good condition; mechanically perfect; reasonable. Mr. Jack. Telephone Prospect 723.

OVERLAND 83 WILLYS-KNIGHTS.
Reconditioned; all models. Open evenings. Willys-Overland, Inc., Broadway and 50th St.

PACKARD 3-35 Twin Six Touring.
PACKARD 3-35 Twin Six Judkins Convertible.
PACKARD 3-35 Twin Six Fleetwood Touring.
PACKARD 3-35 Twin Six Holbrook Brougham.
PACKARD 3-35 Twin Six Derham Limousine.
PACKARD 3-35 Twin Six Fleetwood Sedan.
PACKARD 3-35 Twin Six Imperial Limousine.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Judkins Convertible Sedan.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Judkins Coupe.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Derham Inside Drive Sedan.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Fleetwood Runabout.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Touring.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Fleetwood Brougham.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Derham Brougham.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Coupe.
PACKARD 2-35 Twin Six Limousine and extra touring body.
PACKARD 2-25 Twin Six Touring.
PACKARD 2-25 Twin Six Derham Brougham.
FRANKLIN Brougham and extra touring body.
FIAT Landaulet.
PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO. OF N. Y.,
1,861 Broadway. Phone Col. 8900.
Used Car Department, third floor.

PACKARD twin six, late 1918 model, five passenger touring; just overhauled and repainted; perfect running order; seen any time by appointment. Plaza 8330.

PACKARD 1916 landaulet; beautiful condition; bargain. Inspect at 123 W. 64th. Meyer

PAIGE 1919 4-passenger Larchmont, newly painted; make offer. Adelphi Warehouse, 152 W 90th. Riverside 1773.

PAIGE 1918 7-passenger; good condition; must sell; make offer. Adelphi Warehouse, 152 West 90th. Riverside 1773.

PIERCE-ARROW—Delco Dual 48, 7 Tour.
PIERCE-ARROW—Delco Dual 48, 6 Tour.
PIERCE-ARROW—Delco Dual 48, 4 Tour.
PIERCE-ARROW—Delco Dual 38, 7 Tour.
PIERCE-ARROW—Dual Valve 48, 4 Coupe.
PIERCE-ARROW—1918, 48, French Suburb.
PIERCE-ARROW—1917, 48, Lim. Landau.
PIERCE-ARROW—1918, 48, 3-Pass. Coupe.
PIERCE-ARROW—1917, 66, 7-Pass. Tour.
PIERCE-ARROW—1917, 48, 7-Pass. Tour.
PIERCE-ARROW—1917, 48, Suburban Lim.
PIERCE-ARROW—1917, 38, Town Brougham.
PIERCE-ARROW—1917, 38, 5-Pass. Tour.
PIERCE-ARROW—1917, 38, 6-Pass. Tour.
PIERCE-ARROW USED CAR EXCHANGE
ON BROADWAY, COR. 57TH, CIRCLE 157.
OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 7.

PIERCE-ARROW—Will pay good price for 38 M. P., Model C-4, French brougham (no roof over driver); 1916-1917; car must be correct in appearance and mechanically perfect. Write Box 53, Yale Club, New York City.

PIERCE-ARROW 48, latest model; dual valve roadster; used 1,000 miles. Stark, 23 West 63d. 4936 Columbus.

PIERCE-ARROW limousine, like new; run less than 10,000 miles, for sale; $3,500. Strong, 163 East 53d St.

PIERCE ARROW, 1913—38 landaulet; new tires; overhauled lately; private owner. Telephone, Riverside 9144, any morning.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 "48" touring; will sacrifice. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

REVERE MOTOR CAR CO.,

22 WEST 59TH ST.

USED CAR DEPT. PHONE PLAZA 3103.

BUICK CABULET.

MARMON 5 PASS.

MERCER 4 PASS.

CHANDLER COUPE.

OLDSMOBILE LITTLE SIX ROADSTER.

$3,500. ROLLS ROYCE. $3,500.
ONE OF THE FINEST CARS IN AMERICA; 4 SEATS; SPORT MODEL; LIKE NEW; BODY BY GILL OF LONDON; OPEN FOR EXPERT EXAMINATION; NOT USED SINCE OVERHAULED; OWNER GOING ABROAD. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION APPLY MAURICE RAPOPORT, 225 5TH AV., MADISON SQUARE 1415.

RUNABOUT, coupe or small sedan; must be late model and in good condition; write make, year, price, &c. McGovern's Gymnasium, 5 West 60th St.

STEARNS-KNIGHTS.
1918 4 Cyl. 7-Pass. Sedan; like new.
1920 4 Cyl. 5-Pass. Touring.
1918 Cyl. 5-Pass. Touring; bargain.
Landaulettes and limousines $1,000 to $1,500.
STEARNS COMPANY,
415 West 55th St. Phone Columbus 7800.

STUDEBAKER (by owner) 1918 cabriolet, three seats, six cylinders, run 5,000 miles and in excellent condition; price $1,000 cash. F 23 Times.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

STUDEBAKER, cost $1,750; almost new; sell for $900; will demonstrate. John 1097.

STUTZ 1917 Bearcat speedster; perfect; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

WESTCOTT CARS,
1919-1920 MODELS.
3 5-PASSENGER SEDANS.
1 7-PASSENGER TOURING.
1 3-PASSENGER ROADSTER.
1 5-PASSENGER SEDAN SEDAN.
Can be seen at the Blue Sprocket Garage, 139 East 51st. Sunday, 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Ask for Mr. Friend. No dealers.

WINTON six, 5-passenger, lately overhauled by the Winton Company; perfect condition; complete outfit; price $1,800. Owner. Tel. 2599 Hammels.

WINTON Light Six touring car; very complete equipment; overhauled; repainted; guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway, at 70th St.

ATTRACTIVE limousine for hire hourly, daily, weekly, monthly; owner drives. Schuyler 8528.

ANY make; highest cash prices; immediately; write, ring, 2405 Grand Av.

NEW CARS, all makes; cash discount. Write Harris, 19 Wall St.

Motor Trucks.

AUTOCAR, two-ton; special Babcock body, Overman tires; good as new.
Rainiers, one and a half, panel bodies, specially equipped with Goodyear 35x5 pneumatic cord tires.
Rainier, three-quarter ton, nearly new, with panel body.
All less than one year old.
You can get one of these practically new cars for a second-hand price if you act quickly. Address A 562 Times.

TRUCKS—7-ton Sterling dumper, rebuilt; 8-ton Gramm, 1½-ton Ford. Sterling Motor Truck Co., 132d St. and 12th Av. Morningside 3947.

Automobiles for Rent.

REO, 7-passenger touring car; owner drives by hour, day, week or month. W. Nash, Wadsworth 3350.

For Hire—Cadillac 8 cylinder limousine, late model; Jersey coast preferred. Stanley, 35 West 65d. Tel. Riverside 1496.

PACKARD twin six classy brougham landaulet for hire by the month, theatres parties. Vincent, Circle 4064.

NEW HUDSON limousine, reasonable, by the month. For information call Ollyville 1044.

PACKARD twin six cars for hire. Williamson Service, 208 West 43d. Bryant 3530.

Automobiles Wanted.

Wanted—Lozier seven-passenger touring, six-cylinder, in first class condition, 1917 model. Room 807, 405 Lexington Av.

Wanted—Pierce-Arrow, 38 or 48 touring, not later than 1916 model. Phone Murray Hill 5873.

CADILLAC, or similar make; state details; private buyer. K 977 Times Downtown.

Automobile Instruction.

AUTO SCHOOL FOUNDED 1909.
Always leading because it is the best; 6 or 12 weeks' shop course, $60; weekly payments; send for catalogue 4 before deciding.
STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL,
225 West 57th St., at Broadway.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 225 West 50th—Superior instructors guarantee expert knowledge; inspect equipment or write for booklet; ladies' classes; no increase in rates.

AUTO SCHOOL, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 318 W. 57th St.—Largest and best school in East. Send for booklet and pass. Tel. Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $60.00.
BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.,
1,121 BEDFORD AV., BKLYN. DEPT. C.

FOR SALE.

For Sale—One Cutler double flat top desk; 1 Globe-Wernicke flat top stenographer desk; 1 large four drawer letter file; 1 large oak or sample cupboard; 2 swivel chairs; 2 office chairs; 1 small four drawer 3x5 card filing case. All the above in light oak; used 6 months. 1 No. 10 Remington typewriter. W 286 Times Downtown.

For sale, office space and Edison shaving machine; good condition; wanted 80 feet office, partition ten feet high. Madison Square 4919.

Patent window rollerscreen, weatherproof, latest model, reasonable, for sale. Rolland, 441 4th Av., Long Island City.

Wooden boxes, 23 by 8½ by 8½, 900; must be sold this week; best offer buys. Plaza 645.

Complete manicuring parlor equipment; tables, chairs, vibrator, &c. Phone Academy 1606.

Sell furniture, eight-room apartment; also lease; beautiful location. L 184 Times.

Beautiful power boat, 38 feet, mahogany cabin. H 263 Times.

Furniture and Carpets.

For Sale—Very choice, expensive furniture, suitable for large residence; fifteen-piece Berkey Gay Sheraton dining room set, six-piece Berkey Gay dark oak hall set, three-piece antique French marquetry, five-piece willow breakfast room set, two-tone brown Scotch chenille rugs 12x23; two-tone blue Scotch chenille rug, 12½x18. Telephone New Rochelle 4088 evenings and 2 to 4 afternoons.

Reed, Willow Furniture—REMOVAL SALE. Suits, richly decorated, stunning cretonnes. Hundreds pieces for bungalows, sun parlors, porches, all homes; chairs, $7.45; immediate delivery. Factory to Home. Long Beach Reed and Willow Co., 233 East 41st.

Beautiful modern furniture, Hardman piano, lamps, silverware and complete kitchen utensils, $2,000, with option to rent a 6-room up-to-date apartment; rent reasonable. Phone Melrose 8417.

$1,000—Beautiful, genuine Persian rug, 15x17, value $3,000; can be seen Sunday from 10 to 1, and Monday, 8 to 10 A. M. 678 West End Av., Mr. Sakhnovsky.

Don't sell your household furniture, carpets, rugs, silver, linens, bric-a-brac, &c., before getting my estimate. May, 2,236 Broadway. Phone Schuyler 5503.

Wilson, Axminster, Brussels carpets, $1.25 yard up; large rugs, $30. Stillings, Inc., 624 Madison Av. (59th). Plaza 8835.

Pianos and Organs.

Player piano, latest 88-note style; bench, music; $300. Anguera, 316 West 42d St.

Steinway grand piano wanted, under $600. Cahill, care McGeown, 147 West 66th.

Purchase and Exchange.

Wanted—40 to 45 foot raised deck cruiser, 9½ to 10½ ft. beam, 10 to 12 miles per hour; Must be A1 in every respect; send photo with complete description. Jno. W. Sherwood, 1208 Garrett Bldg., Baltimore, Md.

Highest cash price paid for furniture, contents of houses, hotels, apartments, pianos, books, carpets, works of art. A. Jones, 161 East 125th. Telephone 2787 Harlem.

Highest cash for furniture, contents houses, apartments, pianos, china, rugs, bronzes. Polson, 157 East 47th. Tel. Stuyvesant 5577.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York—In Bankruptcy—In the matter of FREDERICK W. SCHELLING, Bankrupt. Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, March 29, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 3,308 Grand Concourse, Borough of Bronx, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of stock of groceries, canned goods, shelving, counters, with glass draws, coffee bins, scales, large ice box, binding machine, coffee grinder, etc. Also the Receiver's right, title and interest in and to the lease of said premises, which expires May 1, 1920.
BERTHA REMAUGH, Receiver.
ZALKIN & COHEN, Attorneys for Receiver, 49 Chambers Street, New York.

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW.

BROOKLYN

Congregational

CENTRAL CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Hancock St., between Bedford and Franklin Avs. (Take Fulton St. L or surface to Franklin Av.) Pastor, Rev. S. PARKES CADMAN, D. D., preaches at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, Orange Street. Rev. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS, Pastor. 11 A. M.—"Where Are Our Men of Light and Leading?" Sermon by the Rev. Charles H. Parkhurst, D. D.
7:45 P. M.—"Every Man Under the Control of Some Master." Sermon by the Rev. Charles H. Parkhurst, D. D.

Presbyterian

LAFAYETTE AVENUE CHURCH, corner South Oxford St. Services at 11 and 7:45.
11 A. M.—Mr. Scherrer, Holy Communion.
7:45 P. M.—Mr. Gorsell on "The Cloud of Witnesses."
Following the evening service fourth forum address on "Education"; Mr. Scherrer on "Education for Eternity."

Y. M. C. A.

DR. S. PARKES CADMAN.
"Shall Turkey Stay in Europe?"
POLICE RESERVE BAND.
Bedford Br. Y. M. C. A., 1,121 Bedford Av.
Sunday, 3 P. M.—MEN ONLY. FREE.
Greatest Men's Meeting in Greater New York.

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH, West 57th St., bet. 6th and 7th Avs. Rev. JOHN ROACH STRATON, D. D.
10:30—AMERICA, the Hope of the World."
12—Sunday School and Adult Bible Classes.
8—"The Success of the Seeking Touch."

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, S. E. Corner 92d St. and Amsterdam Av. FRANK W. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor. 11—"EACH ONE WIN ONE."
8—LANTERN LECTURE. "BURMA, THE LAND OF TEN THOUSAND PAGODAS." In which Dr. Goodchild will tell the story of his own travels.
BURMESE MUSIC AT 7:30.

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, 4 to 8 West 46th Street.
DR. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN at 11.
Sunday School, 9:30 A. M. Men's Class, 9:40. Leader, Mr. ARTHUR B. BEEKON. Women's Class, 9:45. Leader, Mrs. KATHARINE W. EDDY.
Young People's Meeting at 6:30.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, B'WAY. AND 79TH ST.
PASTOR, I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.
11 A. M.—"A WOMAN'S CURIOSITY MORE THAN SATISFIED; OR, THE HALF NOT TOLD."
8 P. M.—"THE STORK-WINGED WOMEN; OR, BABYLON TO BE BUILT AGAIN IN GREAT SPLENDOR AS COMMERCIAL CENTRE OF THE EAST. EASTERN HEADQUARTERS OF THE PROPHETIC LEAGUE. THE OUTCOMES OF EVENTS NOW TAKING PLACE IN SYRIA. THE KINGDOM FROM WHICH ANTI-CHRIST MAY SOON ARISE."

Preaching by Dr. Haldeman every night next week except Saturday at 8 o'clock.

JUDSON MEMORIAL, Washington Square. 11 A. M., Service for American Legion Post, No. 750, ex-Chaplain F. W. Lawson, associate pastor. "UNCLE SAM IN CIVIES."
8 P. M.—A. RAY PETTY, Pastor. "ACCEPTING THE CHALLENGE OF JESUS."

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, 31st St. and MADISON AV., COR. 31ST ST.
Rev. GEORGE CALEB MOOR, D.D., Pastor.
11 P. M.—"Is Heaven a Fiction"
8 P. M.—"At the Plottings of Mercury."
Servitors of Craft and Cunning."
10 A. M.—Men's Class. Rev. A. T. Brooks.

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH, 5th Av., between 120th and 127th Sts.
CARL WALLACE PETTY, Minister.
11 A. M.—"Incredul

DOHERTY BILL OPPOSED.

Firemen and Patrolmen Against Measure Favoring Inspectors.

Assemblyman Leo V. Doherty, author of the bill which would make permanent the present rank of the police inspectors without civil service examination, met a joint committee representing the Patrolmen's Benevolent Association and the Uniformed Firemen's Association last night. The patrolmen and firemen at the meeting, which was held in the rooms of the two organizations in the Pulitzer Building, told the Assemblymen that they were bitterly opposed to the bill. Some of them were not opposed to permanency in rank, but were against the measure because it did not given all the Captains a chance to compete in an examination.

LOST AND FOUND.

A REWARD OF $300 WILL BE PAID FOR RETURN OF PLATINUM FLEXIBLE BRACELET, PEARLS AND DIAMONDS, DIAMOND CLASP, 2 PEARL TASSELS; LOST MARCH 18, BETWEEN 1 AND 5 P. M., BETWEEN 91ST ST. AND WEST END AV., OR IN THE SHOPPING DISTRICT. COMMUNICATE WITH E. B. HOPWOOD, 55 JOHN ST., NEW YORK CITY. TELEPHONE BEEKMAN 8087.

FOUND—Lady's purse. Owner can have same by calling at 126 East 73d St. and proving property.

LOST—Chesapeake & Ohio Railway Co. common stock certificate No. M21029 for 100 shares, in the name of Morris F. Thomas. Notice is hereby given to show cause to the said company, 61 Broadway, N. Y. C., why said certificate should not be canceled and a new certificate issued.
MORRIS F. THOMAS,
Box 1144, N. Y. C., N. Y.

LOST—Friday evening, in taxi, between Hotel Biltmore and 157 West 57th St., black hand bag, containing money, two diamond pins, one solitaire diamond ring, one pin surrounded with pearls. Very liberal reward and no questions asked if returned to 157 West 57th St., Apartment 12D.

LOST—About 7 o'clock March 18, in McBride's theatre ticket agency, 42d St. and Broadway, or between there and Central Theatre, 47th St., black wallet, containing money, photos and Masonic receipts. Please return to A. L. Beeles, 21 State St., Room 815, City. Reward.

LOST—Green gold handbag, marked Grace Flint, containing gold cloth purse and $15, on Madison Av., between 57th, 75th Sts. Liberal reward and no questions asked if returned to Mrs. T. J.-S. Flint, 981 Park Av. Telephone Lenox 2624.

LOST—Ladies' gold bracelet watch, monogram "C. B. B.," black wristband, in Black and White taxi, to Capitol Theatre Wednesday afternoon; loss discovered at theatre, 5:30. Return 200 West 56th, Apt. 6E. Phone Circle 2811.

LOST—Open-faced gold watch inlaid with blue enamel, with monogram "E. W." in diamonds on back, between Prospect Park West and Underhill Av., Brooklyn. Liberal reward for return to C. L. Gwyer, 64 Broad St., New York City. Broad 2085.

LOST—Diamond bar pin, eleven small, with large diamond on each end; Tuesday evening, between 58th St. and 6th Av. to Cort Theatre and return; finder please return to A. K. Cole, 57 West 58th; reward.

LOST—Three stone diamond ring, oblong platinum setting, with smaller stones on each side, between 6th Av. and the Hotel Collingwood, 35th St. Liberal reward for return to the Hotel Collingwood office.

LOST—Certificate A-23167 in the name of Margaret L. Gaul for two (2) shares of the common stock of the United States Rubber Company. Address M. L. G., 824 Madison Av., Albany, N. Y.

LOST—Flexible gold bracelet, two saphires and one diamond, Thursday evening, March 11, in vicinity of New Amsterdam Theatre or Ritz-Carlton Hotel. Liberal reward if returned to Mrs. Ransdell, Hotel Algonquin.

LOST—Rose colored bag containing pair mother of pearl opera glasses, marked P. H. D.; liberal reward. Address Mrs. Mott, 380 Van Duzer St., Stapleton, Staten Island. Telephone 224 Tompkinsville.

LOST—Umbrella with white ivory handle, in taxicab, between Wanamaker's and Madison Av. and 29th St. Finder will please return to Morse Bros. & Ehrlich, 26 Waverley Place, and receive reward.

LOST—Diamond brooch, bow knot design, set in platinum, Monday evening, March 15, between 41 West 61st St. and 903 Park Av.; valued for sentimental reasons. $200 reward if returned to 41 East 61st St.

LOST—Thursday night in taxi going to Claridge Hotel, a lady's black leather suitcase, with silk lingerie, table covers, shirts, &c.; very liberal reward. Rena Parker, Globe Theatre.

LOST—Lady's black leather toilet case with silver fittings; left in taxi at entrance to the Plaza Thursday afternoon. Liberal reward if returned to cashier, Hotel Plaza, 59th and 5th Av.

LOST—Eyeglasses in case, Wednesday afternoon, 46th St. and 5th Av., across 57th St. to 8th Av. and 69th St.; reward. Schoenig & Co., 8 East 42d St.

LOST—Monday, gold watch, case jeweled, inside silk purse, March 15, Cort Theatre. Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., 475 5th Av. Mrs. Nichols; return there; reward.

LOST—Thursday, a diamond circle pin, in Bay Ridge or Brooklyn; suitable reward, no questions asked. Return to 249 78th St., Brooklyn. Telephone Bay Ridge 18.

LOST—Small black leather case, containing toilet articles, in taxi, between Pennsylvania Hotel and Commodore. Reward if returned to cashier, Hotel Commodore.

LOST—On 5th Av., between 14th and 23d Sts., black loose leaf book, containing photographs, &c., concerning stock; reward. Return to K. B., 24 East 10th St.

LOST—Purse in 34th St. shopping district; I need eyeglasses and keys, finder keep other contents. Vorsanger, 1,195 East 21st St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Between Continental Hotel and 38th St. diamond and enamel bracelet watch. Return to Continental Hotel, Room 325. Reward.

LOST—Diamond marquise ring, 31 stones, inscription, between 40th St. and Grand Central Station, March 18; liberal reward. Telephone Cypress 3587.

LOST—Black velvet bag with gold top; owner's name inside, in Altman's or Maillard's store or vicinity; liberal reward. Cashier, Biltmore.

LOST—Tuesday, black onyx and pearl earring between Biltmore Hotel in taxi to Reed's, 410 West End Av.

LOST—A quarter plate camera, stamped Berghell. Reward if returned to Feldstein, Hotel Majestic, Lakewood, N. J.

LOST—Between Park Place and 42d St., Broadway, tan and white cameo pin; reward. 575 Riverside Drive, Apt. 23.

LOST—Blue silk purse, Saturday last, Strand Theatre; sum of money; reward. Telephone Astoria 2087.

LOST—Wednesday, small gold bowknot pin, diamond set; keepsake; Hotel Pennsylvania to 91st; reward. Englehart, 150 East 91st.

LOST—At Cohan Theatre, Wednesday evening, silver mesh vanity bag; reward. Joseph, 400 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Round diamond pin, 5th Av., between Bonwit Teller and Ovington's, 11 A. M.; reward $100. K 925 Times Downtown.

LOST—Circular pin, diamond round centre emeralds both sides; reward. Mrs. Carter, 420 Riverside Drive.

SUITABLE REWARD
for return of a 52-diamond platinum brooch, lost between Hotel Algonquin, West 44th St., and 35th St. and Park Av.; finder please communicate with Miss Fay Bainter, Hotel Algonquin, Vanderbilt 2500.

$500 REWARD
for return of flexible bracelet, containing 35 diamonds, lost vicinity 39th, 42d, Broadway, March 18. No questions asked. Reed & Barton, Theodore B. Starr, Inc., 578 5th Av.

$500 REWARD.
Return oval-shaped brooch containing three large and numerous small diamonds, lost March 13. I. H. and B. H. Weinberg, 665 5th Av.

$50 REWARD.
return round charm initialed "P. de R.," lost March 2 between 73d and 34th Sts., L. H. & B. H. Weinberg, 665 5th Av.

Furs and Fur Wraps.

LOST—From east side and Park Av., between 39th St. and downtown platform of east side subway, 42d St. and Park Av., blue fox neckpiece, dark gray crepe de chine lining, marked "New York Fur Store, San Francisco, California"; $75 reward; no questions asked. Mrs. Barrett, 89 Park Av., Murray Hill 9884.

LOST—Kolinsky two-animal scarf, between Best & Co., 5th Av., and Waldorf; liberal reward. G. L. H., Room 933, Waldorf-Astoria.

LOST—Black caracul muff, Friday, at 12:30, between 69th St. and Broadway and 67th St. and 10th Av. Reward if returned to 325 West End Av., Apt. 1D.

LOST—Sealskin muff near Macy's Friday afternoon; finder will be rewarded by returning to apartment 72, 158 West 81st St. Tel. 4560 Schuyler.

LOST—Woman's seal coat, in West 68th St., Thursday night; liberal reward, no questions asked. Gallen, 315 West 97th St.

LOST—Single Fisher scarf, between Carnegie Studios and Iceland on 7th Av.; reward. Return to Elinor C. Stewart, 903 Park Av.

LOST—Seal muff, between 86th and 87th, Columbus and Amsterdam Avs.; liberal reward. Leon, 1,200 Madison Av.

LOST—Friday morning between Grand Central station and Biltmore Hotel, fur scarf; reward. Mrs. Allen Parsons, Biltmore Hotel.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs

LOST—Brown brindle dog, near Grand Central; black studded collar; white forepart; male. Reward. 156 East 45th St.

SISTERS DESCRIBE 10 YEARS IN ASYLUM

Phoebe and Ada Brush Happy on First Day of Freedom with Benefactor.

WANT AN AUTOMOBILE RIDE

State Hospital Commission to Investigate Confinement of Sane Women.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., March 19.—The State Hospital Commission today requested the Clerk of the Special Term of the Supreme Court here today to furnish a transcript of the evidence taken in the hearing yesterday when Supreme Court Justice Arthur S. Tompkins ordered two aged sisters, Misses Phoebe and Ada Brush, released from the Kings Park State Hospital for the Insane on the ground that they were illegally detained.

The information of the court officials was that the commission intended to investigate the charge that the two aged women had been held as lunatics for ten years, although the original commitment papers empowered the authorities at the hospital to detain the patients no longer than ten days. Evidence given at the hearing on the writ of habeas corpus was that no other papers had been taken out in the case and that even the original papers were faulty.

Unmindful of the impending legal moves for the dismissal of the committee in control of their estate of about $30,000, the two sisters spent the first day of their freedom at the home of their benefactor, Mrs. Florence Ferguson, at Eastview, near Tarrytown. It was she who engaged the lawyer in efforts to free them on a writ of habeas corpus after she had formed the opinion during her services as nurse at the Kings Park Hospital that the sisters were sane and were illegally detained.

Miss Phoebe Brush retold today the story of her ten years' confinement in the insane asylum.

Supremely happy in her first day of freedom from the restraints imposed upon lunatics, this gray-haired woman of 68 years had no word of criticism even for those whom she suspects of having unworthy motives in causing her commital as an insane person. Happy, too, but still depressed with "asylum shyness," was her sister Ada, 56 years old, who has been Miss Phoebe's constant companion during this decade in "this prison for criminals whose only crime is that of being in somebody's way"—to use the words of Miss Phoebe.

Both sisters say that they intend to spend the rest of their lives as the guests of Mrs. Ferguson, whose husband is an attendant at the Westchester County Hospital at Eastview. Mrs. Ferguson says they are entirely welcome to stay as long as they wish, and she reiterates her opinion that the two aged sisters are not afflicted with paranoia or any other form of insanity.

Miss Phoebe Brush said that as far as she could remember the estate lawfully belonging to her and her sister is about $25,000 or $30,000, including a house near Huntington, L. I., and some other property, part of which has been in the possession of her family since Colonial days. Douglas Conklin of Huntington is the committee of management for the estate, but within a few days the lawyer who obtained the habeas corpus writ for the freedom of the sisters will move in the Supreme Court for the dismissal of the committee and the restoration of control to the women.

Laughing at her own uncouth attire, furnished at the insane asylum, and made even more grotesque by the addition of old articles of her own, Miss Phoebe said that within a few days she and her sister would "go shopping in the city." Until the courts award her possession of the estate, she said, she would be without money of her own, but she added that Mrs. Ferguson had offered to lend her enough to buy new apparel. She said that she and her sister also wanted a ride in an automobile as one of their first experiences.

"We were very lonesome at first," she said, referring to the confinement in the asylum, "but, luckily for me and my sister, we were both declared insane together. We have always been companions, and now the court releases us together. We have often wondered if a lot more of the persons in the insane asylums are not sane and illegally detained as we were. Some of them certainly look and act more sane than some of the persons I've seen who are considered competent and normal. I've learned just today that you call these legally sane 'insane persons' by the term 'nuts.' We never heard the word 'nut' until we were released.

"We were in good health most of the time. I felt my sight gradually getting worse in the hospital, as did my sister. We did some reading, but knitted and sewed most of the time."

MARSHALL WANTS FREE DELEGATES

His Secretary Says He Will Release Those Elected if He Wins Indiana.

MACON, Ga., March 19.—Vice President Marshall believes uninstructed delegates should be sent to the Democratic National Convention, according to a letter from Mark Thistlethwaite, his private secretary, received here today by friends who desired to enter his name in the Georgia preferential primaries.

Declaring Mr. Marshall was not a candidate, the letter said:

"He hopes that the San Francisco convention will be made up largely of uninstructed delegates, so that the party may at the time of the convention do what appears to be best for itself and for the country."

A petition to put Mr. Marshall's name on the ballot in Indiana had been filed, the letter continued, only because another petition had been filed in the Vice President's home State.

"If that petition is withdrawn," the letter said, "the petition for the Vice President likewise will be withdrawn. If a contest is held in that State, and the Vice President is successful, he will promptly release the delegates chosen for him."

ASK ROOSEVELT APPROVAL.

Statue Not to be Erected in Park Against Their Wishes.

Charles F. Winder, Chairman of the Roosevelt Central Park Memorial League and Managing Director of the Sixth Avenue Board of Trade, said yesterday that the league's project for a Roosevelt statue at the proposed Sixth Avenue entrance to Central Park would depend upon the approval of the Roosevelt family, but that in no case would the plan for a roadway and park entrance at the head of the avenue be abandoned.

Mr. Winder explained that correspondence with the present Theodore Roosevelt gave him the impression that the family approved of the memorial. Since the late President's widow has expressed her disapproval, he added, an effort would be made to explain the idea more fully to members of the family and to win their approbation, but nothing would be done contrary to their wishes.

STRIKE CUTS FOOD RECEIPTS

Prices of Fruits and Vegetables Will Go Up if Men Stay Out.

Prolongation of the strike of coastwise longshoremen will cause the city to face a famine in vegetables and fruits from Southern ports, with a consequent rise in prices to almost prohibitive figures, was the opinion expressed yesterday by persons in close touch with market conditions.

Two attempts made yesterday to settle the strike, which today enters its second week, proved futile. The National Adjustment Commission, headed by Professor William Z. Ripley of Harvard, as Chairman, discussed the situation informally, as that body does not now have jurisdiction in the case. Federal and State conciliators met with the longshoremen, and they were likewise unable to bring about an adjustment.

Present at the meeting of the National Adjustment Commission were E. A. Kelly, Assistant General Manager of the Clyde and Mallory Lines; L. W. Hildrum, port agent of the Ocean Steamship Company, representing the steamship companies, and T. V. O'Connor, President, and Joseph Ryan, Vice President, of the International Longshoremen's Association. Professor Ripley represents the public on the commission.

The crux of the strike of the longshoremen, Professor Ripley said, was that the longshoremen had broken loose from their leaders, irritated by the differential between coastwise and deep sea work. He said that the coastwise transporters could not afford to pay an increase, as they were losing as much money as the deep sea lines are making.

T. V. O'Connor denied that the strikers had broken loose from their leaders. Professor Ripley returned to Boston last night.

It was learned from Mr. Kelly that at this season of the year vegetables and fruits from the South constitute a considerable proportion of the cargoes of the coastwise lines from Southern ports, and this has been entirely cut off. Tomatoes, especially, are brought to New York in great quantities at this season of the year. A little later various other kinds of vegetables are handled by the Clyde and Mallory Lines. Strawberries, celery, eggplant, lettuce, beans, cabbage, peanuts and rice are also brought here in large quantites by the coastwise steamers.

Colonel M. J. Reagan and John J. Bealin of the State Board of Mediation and Conciliation and General McWade, Conciliator of the United States Department of Labor, met yesterday morning with Mr. O'Connor and delegates from the longshoremen's locals in Mr. O'Connor's office, in an effort to bring about a settlement. Mr. Bealin said that no progress was made toward a settlement except that the longshoremen agreed to leave to Mr. O'Connor the matter of making settlement.

WANT AMERICAN LABOR IN.

Thomas Denies International Council Tends to Socialism.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 19.—The governing body of international labor set up the peace of Versailles will meet in the House of Lords next week to prepare for its next annual conference and to consider the question of the labor mission to be sent to investigate Russian conditions.

Albert Thomas, President of the governing body, expressed to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent today the great regret of himself and his colleagues that no representative of the United States would be present at the meeting.

"The workers of Europe," he said, have by no means forgotten the practical aid they received during the war both from the American Government and American workers, and they had hoped that they would still be able to count on their co-operation and assistance in solving the numerous social problems with which Europe is now confronted."

Thomas then discussed the resolution recently passed by the New York Republican State Committee in which the fear was expressed that the international labor conferences were likely to draw the United States into international Socialism.

"I think," he said, "that this resolution overlooked the method of appointment of the conference delegates. Half of them are to be the nominees of Governments, a quarter of employers and only a quarter of workers. Surely there is sufficient guarantee in this against any undue socialistic tendencies.

"Moreover, the resolutions adopted at the Washington conference were not socialistic. They recommended generally accepted remedies for social troubles that undoubtedly needed reforms. We earnestly hope that American labor will join our councils before long, for all countries are interested in the international labor movement, but it cannot be a success as long as the United States stays out."

Free Columbia University Boxer.

A charge of homicide, lodged against Andrew Lockett, a Columbia University student, when Milton Sternfeld died suddenly after a recent boxing match between the two young men, was dismissed in Washington Heights Court yesterday upon presentation of a certificate from the Medical Examiner's office that Sternfeld died of a brain hemorrhage, for which Lockett was not responsible.

$4,300 BOND THEFT, TWO YOUTHS HELD

Messenger, 17, and Chauffeur, 20, Said to Have Confessed —$3,000 Recovered.

ONE GIVEN TO MAN TO SELL

Three Securities Extracted from Bundle in Downtown Office Found Under Rug.

Kenneth Dayton Cooper, seventeen years old, of 275 Eighty-sixth Street, Brooklyn, head messenger, for W. J. Wollman & Co., 120 Broadway, and Frank Murphy, twenty years old, chauffeur, of 511 Seventy-second Street, Brooklyn, were locked up in Police Headquarters last night on charges of aiding in the theft of $4,300 worth of Liberty bonds from Cooper's employers.

According to Detectives Maringlo, Brown and Mayer, the youths admitted their connection with the thefts of the Liberty bonds and Murphy gave Detective Maringlo a note to his mother in his home in Brooklyn through which three $1,000 Liberty bonds were found under a rug in his room.

The arrest of the youths followed the appearance yesterday afternoon of Miss Noornie Gladstone of 493 Hegeman Avenue, Brooklyn, in the office of John Muir & Co., brokers, at 65 Broadway. Miss Gladstone told a member of the brokerage firm she had been sent by her employers, the Fifth Avenue Bond Company, 27 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn, to sell a $1,000 Liberty bond, which the firm purchased the day before from a man who described himself as William Penn, of 1,000 Flatbush Avenue.

It is alleged that young Cooper gave Raymond Regan, another messenger, a bundle of bonds to be delivered to Edwin Weisler & Co., 25 Broad Street. After young Regan delivered the bonds it was discovered that four bonds of $1,000 denomination were missing. The detectives decided they disappeared before young Regan started to deliver the bundle of bonds, and they took young Cooper to Police Headquarters where, they say, he confessed and implicated Murphy. The latter is said to have confessed giving one bond to Penn to sell. They will be arraigned in the Tombs Court this morning.

VICTORY FOR OPEN SHOP.

New Jersey Court Refuses to Sanction Union Labor Only.

Organized labor lost another battle in the New Jersey Court of Chancery yesterday when Vice Chancellor Backes, at Newark, decided that he would not enjoin the contractors who are erecting a factory for the Atlantic Smelting and Refining Company of Brooklyn on the Newark meadows, from employing non-union labor.

The suit was brought by the smelting concern to force the Lehigh Structural Steel Company and the Donnell-Zane Company of New York to carry out an alleged agreement to employ none but union labor on the job.

Vice Chancellor Backes said he considered such an agreement or contract contrary to public policy, the same stand taken by Vice Chancellor Foster a few weeks ago in enjoining union chauffeurs and drivers from attempting to have their employers sign a contract to hire only union labor.

ACT TO CUT CLOTHES COSTS

Retailers and Makers Agree on Uniform Production to Check Waste.

CHICAGO, March 19.—Uniform production throughout the year in the manufacture of clothing as a means of stabilizing conditions in the clothing industry and of preventing further price advances was approved today at a joint convention of the National Association of Retail Clothiers and the National Association of Clothing Manufacturers.

Speakers said that uniform production would eliminate losses consequent to seasons of nonproduction in the clothing industry, a condition which was declared a contributing factor to present prices.

The elimination of all possible waste in distribution was urged. A committee representing wholesale and retail clothiers was appointed to study the distribution problem and to recommend a uniform system.

ARMED MEN ROB PAWNSHOP.

Escape with $5,000 in Diamond Jewelry After Daylight Holdup.

Five young men entered the loan and jewelry shop of Edward Berger on the second floor at 747 Sixth Avenue in mid-afternoon yesterday, forced Louis Liss, Berger's clerk, and another man into a workshop in the rear by menacing them with pistols, bound the two men with ropes which they unwound from under their coats, smashed the glass in a showcase and escaped with diamond jewelry valued at about $5,000. Liss saved as much more by slamming shut the safe door. Berger was absent at the time.

Detectives are hunting for the robbers.

TO FRAME TRAINING BILL.

Kahn Names a Sub-Committee Largely Favorable to the Plan.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Chairman Kahn of the House Military Committee today selected a sub-committee to frame legislation providing for compulsory universal military training, a majority of which is considered favorable to the adoption of a training plan.

Representatives Dent of Alabama and Quin of Mississippi, Democrats, are the only selections regarded as unalterably opposed to compulsory training. The other selections were Representatives Kahn of California, Greene of Vermont, Sanford of New York, McKenzie of Illinois, Republicans, and Olney of Massachusetts, Democrat. These committeemen recently approved adoption of a training plan, excepting Mr. McKenzie, who opposed immediate action.

Before framing a training bill, the committee will make an exhaustive investigation, Mr. Kahn announced, and its report is not expected to come before Congress until next session.

F. M. LOWRY FOUND DEAD.

Wife Identifies Body of New Yorker Discovered Near Niagara Falls.

NIAGARA FALLS, March 19.—A body identified by his wife today as that of Frank M. Lowry, of New York, General Manager of the Dominion Gas Company, was found in a pond near Lewiston late yesterday.

A verdict of "suicide while mentally deranged" was rendered by the Coroner's jury tonight. There were no evidences of foul play.

On Tuesday night Lowry telephoned to his wife from Buffalo canceling plans for a visit to New York. At that time, she said, he complained of constant pain in his head. Another message which he sent to his wife from Niagara Falls on Wednesday caused her to begin a search for him.

Lowry, it was said by his business associates, had plenty of money, and they knew of no motive which would lead him to take his life.

At the home of Mr. Lowry, at the Hotel Robert Fulton, 228 West Seventy-first Street, it was learned that Mr. Lowry's family had left the city yesterday morning for Buffalo, and are expected to return to New York today. Mr. Lowry and his family have been residing at the Hotel Robert Fulton for some time.

COLBY'S NOMINATION FAVORABLY REPORTED

Senate Expected to Confirm Him as Secretary of State Early Next Week.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The Senate Foreign Relations Committee reported favorably today the nomination of Bainbridge Colby to be Secretary of State, and it is expected this action will lead to confirmation by the Senate early next week. Chairman Lodge of the committee was understood to have planned to call the nomination up Monday, but it appeared possible action might be delayed by the aftermath of the treaty fight.

The committee, which held extensive hearings before it acted, did not record its vote favoring Mr. Colby's confirmation by the Senate, but some members reserved the right to discuss the nomination when it reached the Senate floor.

In the House Representative Dallinger, Republican, of Massachusetts introduced a bill authorizing the Assistant Secretary of State to sign passports, saying that he had been informed that 700 were held up at the department until a Secretary should take office, he alone having power to issue such identifications. In view of the probable early confirmation of Mr. Colby, however, it was not expected the Dallinger bill would be pressed.

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1—Increase Quality and Quantity of output.
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Drastic Savings in Hart Schaffner & Marx Spring Topcoats

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So priced, merely because we carried them over. They are worth much more.

Conservative types in oxford and black; smart form-fitting models; single and double breasters; many silk lined.

Blue Suit Savings at $55

Expressing every worthwhile notion of the new spring mode; beautiful true-blue unfinished worsteds; tailored as only Hart Schaffner & Marx know how.

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Gimbel Brothers
33rd ST.—BROADWAY—33rd ST.

Children! This Is Brer Rabbit's Own

BUNNYLAND

Haven't you heard of it? It's the wonderful place that Brer Rabbit, the Easter Santa Claus, has planned all for you, and Saturday is the special time he's set aside for seeing all the kiddies and asking them what toys he's to bring them for Easter.

Real Live Rabbits, and Ducks and Chickens, live in Bunnyland, and there's a beautiful Easter Egg Shop that you go into over a bridge—like the children in the picture.

There Are Easter Baskets for Sister in the Easter Egg Shop—such pretty ones. Some of them are filled with cunning dishes—and there are heaps of surprises, too, 50c to $20.00.

Bunnies, nice fluffy cuddly ones—white or brown—whichever you like, $1.25 to $40.00.

And Oh! The Wonderful Toys for Buddy and Little Sister, Scooters, and Automobiles and Velocipedes. Hand cars, and wagons and doll-carriages, just the kind of thing they'll want now that the snow is melting, and playing outdoors is the nicest thing in the world. Specially priced, too, $2.95 to $30.00.

Just Two More Saturdays to See Brer Rabbit in Bunnyland. Be Sure You Come

GIMBELS—BUNNYLAND—Fourth Floor.

McCutcheon's

Little Folks' Clothes
Just Arrived from France

Reg. Trade Mark

From the tiniest bib to the lingerie party frock for "miss-just-turned-fourteen," each of these little garments reveals the exquisite stitchery and daintiness characteristic of the French needleworker, and fineness and pure quality typically McCutcheon.

FOR BABY'S BEST BIB AND TUCKER

Long dresses, very lovely with Val and Irish lace, that are most suitable for christening day. Short dresses with their puff sleeves finished with a bit of real lace or perhaps with yokes embroidered with little sprays of flowers. Wee bonnets with Frenchy bows and tiny tucks. And bibs and Princess slips all made by hand.

CHILDREN'S IMPORTED UNDERWEAR & FROCKS

Very dainty and fine is the hand-made underwear for children from 2 to 10 years. Every garment is hand-embroidered, many of them lace-trimmed and all cut on the generous lines that mothers desire.

And very sheer, hand-made dresses for little folks up to 14 years—of Crepe de Chine, Voile, Nainsook and Dotted Swiss, made with that quaint charm that only France can achieve. Prettily embroidered or lace trimmed, they are most suitable and becoming for afternoon wear and party purposes.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 33d Streets

Five "Quarter-Quality" Cigars for 35¢!

"LISTEN, New Yorkers! I'm going to save you money! If you're paying high prices for your cigars simply because you think real quality doesn't come any cheaper, its time you tried In-B-Tweens.

"In-B-Tweens cost less because they're smaller—that's the only difference. In-B-Tweens are actually 'The Four Best Inches of a 5c Cigar.'

"No matter how hurried you are, you've always time to finish an In-B-Tween. I'm long enough to give you a satisfying smoke, and short enough to prevent waste. That's because I'm rolled from the sweet, tender baby leaves of prime Havana Tobacco."

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Sizes 16 to 44.
Misses' and Ladies' Dresses and Gowns of better grade on par with those sold by the smarter shops, offered to you at
SAVINGS OF 20% TO 40%
Our location (upstairs) and low operating expense permits us to sell at exceedingly low prices.
A visit of inspection will be appreciated.
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CARNEGIE HALL
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DR. WISE
"What Ideals Can Be Retained in Marriage"
ALL ARE WELCOME

CENTRAL SYNAGOGUE
Lexington Ave. at 55th Street.
SUNDAY AT 11, PROMPTLY
DR. KRASS
lectures on
"THE JEW AS HE IS MISUNDERSTOOD BY THE JEW AND THE NON-JEW"
Questions submitted in written form will be answered by Dr. Krass.
Dr. Krass preaches on Saturday at 10 A. M.
ALL WELCOME.

"Freedom"
is a most wonderful and inspiring subject when considered by a harmonious and constructive consciousness, developed under the universal Law of Harmony, as taught by the
Sears Philosophy
which makes folks think.
This will be the subject of Dr. F. W. Sears' Lecture tomorrow at 11 a. m. in the
Princess Theatre 104 W. 39th St.
Admission to non-members, $1.